

Grete Dyb

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5811953/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

20
papers

660
citations

687363

13
h-index

752698

20
g-index

20
all docs

20
docs citations

20
times ranked

581
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Post-traumatic stress reactions in survivors of the 2011 massacre on UtÅya Island, Norway. <i>British Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2014, 204, 361-367.	2.8	141
2	Analgesic overuse among adolescents with headache: The Head-HUNT-Youth Study. <i>Neurology</i> , 2006, 66, 198-201.	1.1	91
3	Social support barriers and mental health in terrorist attack survivors. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2014, 156, 187-193.	4.1	91
4	Broken and guilty since it happened: A population study of trauma-related shame and guilt after violence and sexual abuse. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2016, 204, 16-23.	4.1	77
5	Alleged sexual abuse at a day care center: impact on parents. <i>Child Abuse and Neglect</i> , 2003, 27, 939-950.	2.6	45
6	Early outreach to survivors of the shootings in Norway on the 22nd of July 2011. <i>HÅrre Utbildning</i> , 2014, 5, .	3.0	34
7	Health service utilization after terrorism: a longitudinal study of survivors of the 2011 UtÅya attack in Norway. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2015, 15, 158.	2.2	27
8	Parents of terror victims. A longitudinal study of parental mental health following the 2011 terrorist attack on UtÅya Island. <i>Journal of Anxiety Disorders</i> , 2016, 38, 47-54.	3.2	25
9	Interpersonal violence and overweight in adolescents: The HUNT Study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015, 43, 18-26.	2.3	21
10	The headache of terror. <i>Neurology</i> , 2018, 90, e111-e118.	1.1	21
11	Healthcare Needs, Experiences and Satisfaction after Terrorism: A Longitudinal Study of Survivors from the UtÅya Attack. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2016, 7, 1809.	2.1	19
12	Physical Injury and Somatic Complaints: The Mediating Role of Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms in Young Survivors of a Terror Attack. <i>Journal of Traumatic Stress</i> , 2017, 30, 229-236.	1.8	16
13	Early postdisaster health outreach to modern families: a cross-sectional study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015, 5, e009402.	1.9	14
14	The longitudinal association between symptoms of posttraumatic stress and complicated grief: A random intercepts cross-lag analysis.. <i>Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy</i> , 2022, 14, 386-392.	2.1	14
15	The Nord-TrÅndelag Health Study shows increased prevalence of primary recurrent headaches among adolescents over a four-year period. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Pain</i> , 2011, 2, 148-152.	1.3	9
16	Insomnia in survivors 8.5 years after the UtÅya Island terrorist attack: transition from late adolescence to early adulthood - the UtÅya study. <i>HÅrre Utbildning</i> , 2022, 13, 2020472.	3.0	6
17	Understanding terror and violence in the lives of children and adolescents. <i>HÅrre Utbildning</i> , 2014, 5, 25121.	3.0	3
18	Survivors Report Back. <i>Journalism Studies</i> , 2018, 19, 1652-1668.	2.1	3

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Psychosocial care for hospitalized young survivors after the terror attack on UtÅya Island: A qualitative study of the survivorsâ€™ experiences. <i>Injury</i> , 2019, 50, 197-204.	1.7	2
20	Chronic pain among the hospitalized patients after the 22 July 2011 terror attacks in Oslo and at UtÅya Island. <i>Acta Anaesthesiologica Scandinavica</i> , 2019, 63, 913-922.	1.6	1