

Nagako Okuda

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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116
papers

3,951
citations

172457

29
h-index

133252

59
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118
all docs

118
docs citations

118
times ranked

5838
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cardiovascular Disease and Risk Factors in Asia. <i>Circulation</i> , 2008, 118, 2702-2709.	1.6	604
2	Dietary Sources of Sodium in China, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States, Women and Men Aged 40 to 59 Years: The INTERMAP Study. <i>Journal of the American Dietetic Association</i> , 2010, 110, 736-745.	1.1	440
3	Nutrient intakes of middle-aged men and women in China, Japan, United Kingdom, and United States in the late 1990s: The INTERMAP Study. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2003, 17, 623-630.	2.2	400
4	INTERMAP: the dietary dataâ€™process and quality control. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2003, 17, 609-622.	2.2	163
5	Differences in cardiovascular disease risk factors between Japanese in Japan and Japanese-Americans in Hawaii: the INTERLIPID study. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2003, 17, 631-639.	2.2	108
6	Dietary sodium-to-potassium ratio as a risk factor for stroke, cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in Japan: the NIPPON DATA80 cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e011632.	1.9	104
7	Higher blood pressure in middle-aged American adults with less educationâ€™role of multiple dietary factors: The INTERMAP Study. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2003, 17, 655-664.	2.2	93
8	Having few remaining teeth is associated with a low nutrient intake and low serum albumin levels in middle-aged and older Japanese individuals: findings from the NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine</i> , 2019, 24, 1.	3.4	84
9	Associations of socioeconomic status with prevalence, awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension in a general Japanese population. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2017, 35, 401-408.	0.5	74
10	Relation of long chain n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid intake to serum high density lipoprotein cholesterol among Japanese men in Japan and Japaneseâ€™American men in Hawaii: the INTERLIPID study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2005, 178, 371-379.	0.8	71
11	Salt intake and prevalence of overweight/obesity in Japan, China, the United Kingdom, and the United States: the INTERMAP Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019, 110, 34-40.	4.7	69
12	Food and nutrient intakes and their associations with lower BMI in middle-aged US adults: the International Study of Macro-/Micronutrients and Blood Pressure (INTERMAP). <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 96, 483-491.	4.7	67
13	Low-carbohydrate diets and cardiovascular and total mortality in Japanese: a 29-year follow-up of NIPPON DATA80. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2014, 112, 916-924.	2.3	59
14	Fruit and vegetable intake and mortality from cardiovascular disease in Japan: a 24-year follow-up of the NIPPON DATA80 Study. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 69, 482-488.	2.9	59
15	Enhancing data on nutrient composition of foods eaten by participants in the INTERMAP study in China, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States. <i>Journal of Food Composition and Analysis</i> , 2003, 16, 395-408.	3.9	52
16	Consumption of Dairy Products and Death From Cardiovascular Disease in the Japanese General Population: The NIPPON DATA80. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013, 23, 47-54.	2.4	51
17	Long-chain n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids intake and cardiovascular disease mortality risk in Japanese: A 24-year follow-up of NIPPON DATA80. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2014, 232, 384-389.	0.8	51
18	The Relationship between Very High Levels of Serum High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol and Cause-Specific Mortality in a 20-Year Follow-Up Study of Japanese General Population. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2016, 23, 800-809.	2.0	48

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19	Dietary Salt Intake and Blood Pressure in a Representative Japanese Population: Baseline Analyses of NIPPON DATA80. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, S524-S530.	2.4	45
20	Individual efforts to reduce salt intake in China, Japan, UK, USA. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2014, 32, 2385-2392.	0.5	44
21	Perspective: The Application of A Priori Diet Quality Scores to Cardiovascular Disease Risk—A Critical Evaluation of Current Scoring Systems. <i>Advances in Nutrition</i> , 2020, 11, 10-24.	6.4	43
22	Integration of Data from NIPPON DATA80/90 and National Nutrition Survey in Japan: For Cohort Studies of Representative Japanese on Nutrition. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, S506-S514.	2.4	40
23	Dietary glycine and blood pressure: the International Study on Macro/Micronutrients and Blood Pressure. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 98, 136-145.	4.7	39
24	Secular trends of the impact of overweight and obesity on hypertension in Japan, 1980–2010. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2015, 38, 790-795.	2.7	39
25	Smoking, Smoking Cessation, and Measures of Subclinical Atherosclerosis in Multiple Vascular Beds in Japanese Men. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2016, 5, .	3.7	39
26	Relationship of dietary monounsaturated fatty acids to blood pressure. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 31, 1144-1150.	0.5	38
27	Nutrient and food intakes of middle-aged adults at low risk of cardiovascular disease: the international study of macro-/micronutrients and blood pressure (INTERMAP). <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012, 51, 917-926.	3.9	35
28	Risk of Hypercholesterolemia for Cardiovascular Disease and the Population Attributable Fraction in a 24-year Japanese Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2015, 22, 95-107.	2.0	33
29	Association of raw fruit and fruit juice consumption with blood pressure: the INTERMAP Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013, 97, 1083-1091.	4.7	31
30	Relation of dietary and other lifestyle traits to difference in serum adiponectin concentration of Japanese in Japan and Hawaii: the INTERLIPID Study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2008, 88, 424-430.	4.7	29
31	The National Integrated Project for Prospective Observation of Non-communicable Disease and its Trends in the Aged 2010 (NIPPON DATA2010): Objectives, Design, and Population Characteristics. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 28, S2-S9.	2.4	29
32	Long-Term Outcome of Healthy Participants with Atrial Premature Complex: A 15-Year Follow-Up of the NIPPON DATA 90 Cohort. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e80853.	2.5	29
33	Relationship Between Socioeconomic Status and the Prevalence of Underweight, Overweight or Obesity in a General Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 28, S10-S16.	2.4	26
34	Cigarette smoking in middle age and a long-term risk of impaired activities of daily living: NIPPON DATA80. <i>Nicotine and Tobacco Research</i> , 2010, 12, 944-949.	2.6	23
35	A validation study on food composition tables for the international cooperative INTERMAP study in Japan. <i>Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine</i> , 2005, 10, 150-156.	3.4	21
36	Dietary Factors Related to Higher Plasma Fibrinogen Levels of Japanese-Americans in Hawaii Compared With Japanese in Japan. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2006, 26, 1674-1679.	2.4	21

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37	Re-evaluation of the associations of egg intake with serum total cholesterol and cause-specific and total mortality in Japanese women. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018, 72, 841-847.	2.9	21
38	Fatty Acids Intakes and Serum Lipid Profiles: NIPPON DATA90 and the National Nutrition Monitoring. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, S544-S548.	2.4	20
39	Food sources of dietary sodium in the Japanese adult population: the international study of macro-/micronutrients and blood pressure (INTERMAP). <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017, 56, 1269-1280.	3.9	20
40	Dietary Intake of Nutrients with Adequate Intake Values in the Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese. <i>Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology</i> , 2013, 59, 584-595.	0.6	19
41	Relation of unprocessed, processed red meat and poultry consumption to blood pressure in East Asian and Western adults. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2016, 34, 1721-1729.	0.5	19
42	Macronutrient Intake and Socioeconomic Status: NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 28, S17-S22.	2.4	19
43	Associations of High-Density Lipoprotein Particle and High-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol With Alcohol Intake, Smoking, and Body Mass Index—The INTERLIPID Study. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2018, 82, 2557-2565.	1.6	18
44	Dietary Inflammatory Index Positively Associated With High-Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein Level in Japanese From NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2020, 30, 98-107.	2.4	18
45	High blood pressure in middle age is associated with a future decline in activities of daily living. NIPPON DATA80. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2009, 23, 546-552.	2.2	17
46	Relationship of the Polyunsaturated to Saturated Fatty Acid Ratio to Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Metabolic Syndrome in Japanese: the INTERLIPID Study. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2010, 17, 777-784.	2.0	17
47	Cumulative impact of axial, structural, and repolarization ECG findings on long-term cardiovascular mortality among healthy individuals in Japan: National Integrated Project for Prospective Observation of Non-Communicable Disease and its Trends in the Aged, 1980 and 1990. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2014, 21, 1501-1508.	1.8	17
48	Associations between Socioeconomic Status and the Prevalence and Treatment of Hypercholesterolemia in a General Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2018, 25, 606-620.	2.0	17
49	Socioeconomic Status and Knowledge of Cardiovascular Risk Factors: NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 28, S46-S52.	2.4	17
50	Agreement between 24-h dietary recalls and 24-h urine collections for estimating sodium intake in China, Japan, UK, USA. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2019, 37, 814-819.	0.5	17
51	Vegetable Protein Intake was Inversely Associated with Cardiovascular Mortality in a 15-Year Follow-Up Study of the General Japanese Population. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2019, 26, 198-206.	2.0	17
52	Relationship between carbohydrate and dietary fibre intake and the risk of cardiovascular disease mortality in Japanese: 24-year follow-up of NIPPON DATA80. <i>European Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020, 74, 67-76.	2.9	17
53	Treated and untreated hypertension, hospitalization, and medical expenditure. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2013, 31, 1032-1042.	0.5	16
54	Association of Total Energy Intake with 29-Year Mortality in the Japanese: NIPPON DATA80. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2016, 23, 339-354.	2.0	16

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55	Population Attributable Fraction of Smoking and Metabolic Syndrome on Cardiovascular Disease Mortality in Japan: a 15-Year Follow Up of NIPPON DATA90. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 306.	2.9	15
56	Understanding of sodium content labeled on food packages by Japanese people. Hypertension Research, 2014, 37, 467-471.	2.7	15
57	Relationship of Consumption of Meals Including Grain, Fish and Meat, and Vegetable Dishes to the Prevention of Nutrient Deficiency: The INTERMAP Toyama Study. Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology, 2016, 62, 101-107.	0.6	15
58	Socioeconomic Status Associated With Urinary Sodium and Potassium Excretion in Japan: NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, S29-S34.	2.4	15
59	Bundle branch block and other cardiovascular disease risk factors: US-Japan comparison. International Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 143, 432-440.	1.7	14
60	Food Sources of Dietary Potassium in the Adult Japanese Population: The International Study of Macro-/Micronutrients and Blood Pressure (INTERMAP). Nutrients, 2020, 12, 787.	4.1	13
61	Long-term outcomes associated with prolonged PR interval in the general Japanese population. International Journal of Cardiology, 2015, 184, 291-293.	1.7	12
62	Relationship of three different types of low-carbohydrate diet to cardiometabolic risk factors in a Japanese population: the INTERMAP/INTERLIPID Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 1515-1524.	3.9	12
63	Relationships among Socioeconomic Factors and Self-rated Health in Japanese Adults: NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, S66-S72.	2.4	12
64	High long-chain n-3 fatty acid intake attenuates the effect of high resting heart rate on cardiovascular mortality risk: A 24-year follow-up of Japanese general population. Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 64, 218-224.	1.9	11
65	Socioeconomic Inequalities in Oral Health among Middle-Aged and Elderly Japanese: NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, S59-S65.	2.4	11
66	Cardiovascular Risk Assessment Chart by Dietary Factors in Japan. NIPPON DATA80. Circulation Journal, 2019, 83, 1254-1260.	1.6	11
67	Socioeconomic and lifestyle factors associated with depressive tendencies in general Japanese men and women: NIPPON DATA2010. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2019, 24, 37.	3.4	11
68	Relationship of household salt intake level with long-term all-cause and cardiovascular disease mortality in Japan: NIPPON DATA80. Hypertension Research, 2020, 43, 132-139.	2.7	11
69	Serum leptin and total dietary energy intake: the INTERLIPID Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 52, 1641-1648.	3.9	10
70	Prognostic values of bundle branch blocks for cardiovascular mortality in Japanese (24year) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 50 142 T	0.9	10
71	Distribution of Vitamin E Intake among Japanese Dietary Supplement and Fortified Food Users: A Secondary Analysis from the National Health and Nutrition Survey, 2003-2009. Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology, 2013, 59, 576-583.	0.6	10
72	Effects of rapid aging and lower participation rate among younger adults on the short-term trend of physical activity in the National Health and Nutrition Survey, Japan. Geriatrics and Gerontology International, 2017, 17, 1677-1682.	1.5	10

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73	Dietary tofu intake and long-term risk of death from stroke in a general population. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018, 37, 182-188.	5.0	10
74	Relationships among Food Group Intakes, Household Expenditure, and Education Attainment in a General Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 28, S23-S28.	2.4	10
75	Dietary Intake of Potassium and Associated Dietary Factors among Representative Samples of Japanese General Population: NIPPON DATA 80/90. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, S567-S575.	2.4	9
76	Relation of Serum Leptin and Adiponectin Level to Serum C-Reactive Protein: The INTERLIPID Study. <i>International Journal of Vascular Medicine</i> , 2013, 2013, 1-7.	1.0	9
77	Relationship Between Non-fasting Triglycerides and Cardiovascular Disease Mortality in a 20-year Follow-up Study of a Japanese General Population: NIPPON DATA90. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2022, 32, 303-313.	2.4	9
78	Does the flushing response modify the relationship between alcohol intake and hypertension in the Japanese population? NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Hypertension Research</i> , 2016, 39, 670-679.	2.7	8
79	Impacts of chronic kidney disease and diabetes on cardiovascular mortality in a general Japanese population: A 20-year follow-up of the NIPPON DATA90 study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 505-513.	1.8	8
80	Factors Related to Participation in Health Examinations for Japanese National Health Insurance: NIPPON DATA2010. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018, 28, S53-S58.	2.4	8
81	Comparison of the National Nutritional Survey in Japan Estimated Individual-Based Nutritional Data and NIPPON DATA80 Food Frequency Questionnaires. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, S582-S586.	2.4	7
82	Interaction between dietary marine-derived n-3 fatty acids intake and J-point elevation on the risk of cardiac death: a 24-year follow-up of Japanese men. <i>Heart</i> , 2013, 99, 1024-1029.	2.9	7
83	Association of Work Situation With Cardiovascular Disease Mortality Risk Among Working-Age Japanese Men—A 20-Year Follow-up of NIPPON DATA90. <i>Circulation Journal</i> , 2019, 83, 1506-1513.	1.6	7
84	One-year weight loss maintenance outcomes following a worksite-based weight reduction program among Japanese men with cardiovascular risk factors. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2019, 61, 189-196.	2.1	7
85	Factors associated with intra-individual visit-to-visit variability of blood pressure in four countries: the INTERMAP study. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2019, 33, 229-236.	2.2	7
86	Iron Intake and Associated Factors in General Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA80, NIPPON DATA90 and National Nutrition Monitoring. <i>Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2010, 20, S557-S566.	2.4	6
87	Alcohol drinking and brain morphometry in apparently healthy community-dwelling Japanese men. <i>Alcohol</i> , 2021, 90, 57-65.	1.7	6
88	Development of a Food Frequency and Quantity Method for Assessing Dietary Habits of Japanese Individuals -Comparison with Results from 24hr Recall Dietary Survey. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2008, 15, 324-333.	2.0	5
89	Relation of Serum Leptin to Blood Pressure of Japanese in Japan and Japanese-Americans in Hawaii. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2009, 54, 1416-1422.	2.7	5
90	Î³-Glutamyltransferase and mortality risk from heart disease and stroke in Japanese men and women: NIPPON DATA90. <i>CVD Prevention and Control</i> , 2010, 5, 27.	0.7	5

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91	Risk Factors That Most Accurately Predict Coronary Artery Disease Based on the Duration of Follow-up. NIPPON DATA80. Circulation Journal, 2021, 85, 908-913.	1.6	5
92	Association between socioeconomic status and physical inactivity in a general Japanese population: NIPPON DATA2010. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0254706.	2.5	5
93	Risk Factor Effects and Total Mortality in Older Japanese Men in Japan and Hawaii. Annals of Epidemiology, 2008, 18, 913-918.	1.9	4
94	J Epidemiol 2010;20(Suppl 3):S506-S514 Integration of Data from NIPPON DATA80/90 and National Nutrition Survey in Japan: For Cohort Studies of Representative Japanese on Nutrition. Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 20, 346-346.	2.4	4
95	Association of Energy Intake With the Lack of in-Person Review of Household Dietary Records: Analysis of Japan National Health and Nutrition Surveys From 1997 to 2011. Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 26, 84-91.	2.4	4
96	Passive Smoking at Home by Socioeconomic Factors in a Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, S40-S45.	2.4	4
97	Time-Related Changes in Relationships Between the Keys Score, Dietary Lipids, and Serum Total Cholesterol in Japan. NIPPON DATA80/90/2010. Circulation Journal, 2018, 83, 147-155.	1.6	4
98	The Relationship of Dietary Cholesterol with Serum Low-Density Lipoprotein Cholesterol and Confounding by Reverse Causality: The INTERLIPID Study. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2019, 26, 170-182.	2.0	4
99	Association of Red Meat Intake with the Risk of Cardiovascular Mortality in General Japanese Stratified by Kidney Function: NIPPON DATA80. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3707.	4.1	4
100	Independent Prognostic Value of Single and Multiple Non-Specific 12-Lead Electrocardiographic Findings for Long-Term Cardiovascular Outcomes: A Prospective Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0157563.	2.5	4
101	Relationship between Dietary and Other Lifestyle Habits and Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Men. Diabetology and Metabolic Syndrome, 2011, 3, 30.	2.7	3
102	Relation of dietary and lifestyle traits to difference in serum leptin of Japanese in Japan and Hawaii: The INTERLIPID study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2012, 22, 14-22.	2.6	3
103	Relationship Between Calcium Intake and Impaired Activities of Daily Living in a Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA90. Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 31, 119-124.	2.4	3
104	Association between socioeconomic status and prolonged television viewing time in a general Japanese population: NIPPON DATA2010. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2021, 26, 57.	3.4	3
105	Overall nutrient and total fat intake among Japanese people: The INTERLIPID Study Japan. Asia Pacific Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 26, 837-848.	0.4	3
106	NIPPON DATA80/90 Nutrition Study: Appendix Tables. Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 20, S587-S596.	2.4	2
107	The Influence of the Japanese Nationwide Cardiovascular Prevention System Health Guidance on Smoking Cessation Among Smokers: A Propensity Score Matching Analysis. Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis, 2018, 25, 323-334.	2.0	2
108	Differences in Lifestyle Improvements With the Intention to Prevent Cardiovascular Diseases by Socioeconomic Status in a Representative Japanese Population: NIPPON DATA2010. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, S35-S39.	2.4	2

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109	Relationships of Alcohol Consumption with Coronary Risk Factors and Macro- and Micro-Nutrient Intake in Japanese People: The INTERLIPID Study. <i>Journal of Nutritional Science and Vitaminology</i> , 2021, 67, 28-38.	0.6	2
110	Association between Milk Intake and Incident Stroke among Japanese Community Dwellers: The Iwate-KENCO Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 3781.	4.1	2
111	Fatty Acid Intakes and Coronary Heart Disease Mortality in Japan: NIPPON DATA90, 1990-2005. <i>Current Nutrition and Food Science</i> , 2013, 9, 26-32.	0.6	2
112	Predictors of lower limb fractures in general Japanese: NIPPON DATA90. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0261716.	2.5	2
113	Fatty Acid Intakes and Coronary Heart Disease Mortality in Japan: NIPPON DATA90, 1990-2005. <i>Current Nutrition and Food Science</i> , 2013, 9, 26-32.	0.6	1
114	Alcohol Consumption, Hospitalization and Medical Expenditure: A Large Epidemiological Study on the Medical Insurance System in Japan. <i>Alcohol and Alcoholism</i> , 2015, 50, 236-243.	1.6	1
115	Usefulness of a Short Dietary Propensity Questionnaire in Japan. <i>Journal of Atherosclerosis and Thrombosis</i> , 2018, 25, 430-438.	2.0	1
116	Corrigendum to γ -Glutamyltransferase and mortality risk from heart disease and stroke in Japanese men and women: NIPPON DATA 90 TM . <i>CVD Prevention and Control</i> , 2011, 6, 63.	0.7	0