André Hajek

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5691375/publications.pdf

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243 papers

3,686 citations

201575 27 h-index 42 g-index

257 all docs

257 docs citations

times ranked

257

3699 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Frailty and healthcare costs—longitudinal results of a prospective cohort study. Age and Ageing, 2018, 47, 233-241.	0.7	145
2	Longitudinal Predictors of Institutionalization in Old Age. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0144203.	1.1	128
3	Social Isolation and Loneliness of Older Adults in Times of the COVID-19 Pandemic: Can Use of Online Social Media Sites and Video Chats Assist in Mitigating Social Isolation and Loneliness?. Gerontology, 2021, 67, 121-124.	1.4	86
4	The link between falls, social isolation and loneliness: A systematic review. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2020, 88, 104020.	1.4	70
5	Predictors of frailty in old age–results of a longitudinal study. Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging, 2016, 20, 952-957.	1.5	66
6	Anxiety, Depression and Quality of Lifeâ€"A Systematic Review of Evidence from Longitudinal Observational Studies. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12022.	1.2	64
7	Gender differences in the effect of social support on health-related quality of life: results of a population-based prospective cohort study in old age in Germany. Quality of Life Research, 2016, 25, 1159-1168.	1.5	61
8	Longitudinal Predictors of Functional Impairment in Older Adults in Europe $\hat{a} \in \text{``Evidence}$ from the Survey of Health, Ageing and Retirement in Europe. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0146967.	1.1	60
9	Determinants of health-related quality of life in older primary care patients: results of the longitudinal observational AgeCoDe Study. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e716-e723.	0.7	59
10	Multimorbidity, Loneliness, and Social Isolation. A Systematic Review. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 8688.	1.2	54
11	Informal Caregiving and Subjective Well-Being: Evidence of a Population-Based Longitudinal Study of Older Adults in Germany. Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 2016, 17, 300-305.	1.2	52
12	Prevalence and determinants of probable depression and anxiety during the COVID-19 pandemic in seven countries: Longitudinal evidence from the European COvid Survey (ECOS). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 299, 517-524.	2.0	51
13	The role of personality in health care use: Results of a population-based longitudinal study in Germany. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0181716.	1.1	49
14	The role of optimism, selfâ€esteem, and selfâ€efficacy in moderating the relation between health comparisons and subjective wellâ€being: Results of a nationally representative longitudinal study among older adults. British Journal of Health Psychology, 2019, 24, 547-570.	1.9	49
15	The association of falls with loneliness and social exclusion: evidence from the DEAS German Ageing Survey. BMC Geriatrics, 2017, 17, 204.	1.1	48
16	The impact of social engagement on health-related quality of life and depressive symptoms in old age - evidence from a multicenter prospective cohort study in Germany. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2017, 15, 140.	1.0	48
17	Longitudinal predictors of informal and formal caregiving time in community-dwelling dementia patients. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2016, 51, 607-616.	1.6	46
18	The association between use of online social networks sites and perceived social isolation among individuals in the second half of life: results based on a nationally representative sample in Germany. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 40.	1.2	46

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19	Which factors affect health care use among older Germans? Results of the German ageing survey. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 30.	0.9	42
20	A systematic review of the association of anxiety with health care utilization and costs in people aged 65 years and older. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 232, 163-176.	2.0	42
21	Which factors contribute to loneliness among older Europeans? Findings from the Survey of Health, Ageing and Retirement in Europe. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2020, 89, 104080.	1.4	42
22	Prevalence and determinants of overweight and obesity in old age in Germany. BMC Geriatrics, 2015, 15, 83.	1.1	41
23	Factors associated with preferences for long-term care settings in old age: evidence from a population-based survey in Germany. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 156.	0.9	41
24	Psychosocial consequences of transitioning into informal caregiving in male and female caregivers: Findings from a population-based panel study. Social Science and Medicine, 2020, 264, 113281.	1.8	41
25	Frequent attenders in late life in primary care: a systematic review of European studies. BMC Family Practice, 2017, 18, 104.	2.9	37
26	The association of multimorbidity, loneliness, social exclusion and network size: findings from the population-based German Ageing Survey. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1383.	1.2	34
27	Effect of Visual Impairment on Physical and Cognitive Function in Old Age: Findings of a Populationâ∈Based Prospective Cohort Study in Germany. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2016, 64, 2311-2316.	1.3	33
28	Meaning in life and health care use: findings from a nationally representative study of older adults in Germany. BMC Geriatrics, 2019, 19, 368.	1.1	32
29	Disentangling the complex relation of disability and depressive symptoms in old age – findings of a multicenter prospective cohort study in Germany. International Psychogeriatrics, 2017, 29, 885-895.	0.6	30
30	Consequences of different types of informal caregiving for mental, self-rated, and physical health: longitudinal findings from the German Ageing Survey. Quality of Life Research, 2018, 27, 2667-2679.	1.5	30
31	What Is Successful Aging? A Psychometric Validation Study of Different Construct Definitions. Gerontologist, The, 2019, 59, 738-748.	2.3	30
32	Informal Caregiving, Loneliness and Social Isolation: A Systematic Review. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12101.	1.2	30
33	The link between sexual satisfaction and subjective well-being: a longitudinal perspective based on the German Ageing Survey. Quality of Life Research, 2019, 28, 3025-3035.	1.5	29
34	How do cat owners, dog owners and individuals without pets differ in terms of psychosocial outcomes among individuals in old age without a partner?. Aging and Mental Health, 2020, 24, 1613-1619.	1.5	29
35	Factors Associated with Dental Service Use Based on the Andersen Model: A Systematic Review. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 2491.	1.2	27
36	The impact of different types of informal caregiving on cognitive functioning of older caregivers: Evidence from a longitudinal, population-based study in Germany. Social Science and Medicine, 2018, 214, 12-19.	1.8	26

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37	Association of general psychological factors with frequent attendance in primary care: a population-based cross-sectional observational study. BMC Family Practice, 2017, 18, 48.	2.9	25
38	Perceptions of Health Care Use in Germany during the COVID-19 Pandemic. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 9351.	1.2	25
39	Postponed Dental Visits during the COVID-19 Pandemic and their Correlates. Evidence from the Nationally Representative COVID-19 Snapshot Monitoring in Germany (COSMO). Healthcare (Switzerland), 2021, 9, 50.	1.0	25
40	The Association Between Obesity and Social Isolation as Well as Loneliness in the Adult Population: A Systematic Review. Diabetes, Metabolic Syndrome and Obesity: Targets and Therapy, 2021, Volume 14, 2765-2773.	1.1	25
41	The Longitudinal Association between Psychological Factors and Health Care Use. Health Services Research, 2018, 53, 1065-1091.	1.0	24
42	Prevalence and determinants of dental visits among older adults: findings of a nationally representative longitudinal study. BMC Health Services Research, 2019, 19, 590.	0.9	24
43	The Effect of Intra- and Intergenerational Caregiving on Subjective Well-Being – Evidence of a Population Based Longitudinal Study among Older Adults in Germany. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0148916.	1.1	23
44	How does social support affect functional impairment in late life? Findings of a multicenter prospective cohort study in Germany. Age and Ageing, 2017, 46, 813-820.	0.7	23
45	Preferences for home- and community-based long-term care services in Germany: a discrete choice experiment. European Journal of Health Economics, 2018, 19, 1213-1223.	1.4	23
46	Are older men more vulnerable to depression than women after losing their spouse? Evidence from three German old-age cohorts (AgeDifferent.de platform). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 256, 650-657.	2.0	23
47	Prevalence and Correlates of Individuals Screening Positive for Depression and Anxiety on the PHQ-4 in the German General Population: Findings from the Nationally Representative German Socio-Economic Panel (GSOEP). International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 7865.	1.2	23
48	The Impact of Depressive Symptoms on Healthcare Costs in Late Life: Longitudinal Findings From the AgeMooDe Study. American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2017, 25, 131-141.	0.6	22
49	Prevalence of Anxiety Symptoms and Their Association With Loss Experience in a Large Cohort Sample of the Oldest-Old. Results of the AgeCoDe/AgeQualiDe Study. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2019, 10, 285.	1.3	22
50	Factors associated with postponed health checkups during the COVID-19 pandemic in Germany. Public Health, 2021, 194, 36-41.	1.4	22
51	Psychological correlates of fear of falling: Findings from the German Aging Survey. Geriatrics and Gerontology International, 2018, 18, 396-406.	0.7	21
52	The role of optimism in the relationship between job stress and depressive symptoms. Longitudinal findings from the German Ageing Survey. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 241, 249-255.	2.0	21
53	Income, Self-Rated Health, and Morbidity. A Systematic Review of Longitudinal Studies International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 2884.	1.2	21
54	Impact of informal caregiving on loneliness and satisfaction with leisure-time activities. Findings of a population-based longitudinal study in germany. Aging and Mental Health, 2019, 23, 1539-1545.	1.5	21

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55	Complex coevolution of depression and health-related quality of life in old age. Quality of Life Research, 2015, 24, 2713-2722.	1.5	20
56	Psychological determinants of influenza vaccination. BMC Geriatrics, 2017, 17, 194.	1.1	20
57	Association between anxiety, depression and quality of life: study protocol for a systematic review of evidence from longitudinal studies. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e027218.	0.8	20
58	Association between caring for grandchildren and feelings of loneliness, social isolation and social network size: a cross-sectional study of community dwelling adults in Germany. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029605.	0.8	20
59	Prevalence and correlates of loneliness, perceived and objective social isolation during the COVID-19 pandemic. Evidence from a representative survey in Germany. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2022, 57, 1969-1978.	1.6	20
60	Sexual satisfaction of middle-aged and older adults: longitudinal findings from a nationally representative sample. Age and Ageing, 2021, 50, 559-564.	0.7	19
61	Pet ownership, loneliness, and social isolation: a systematic review. Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology, 2022, 57, 1935-1957.	1.6	19
62	Negative Health Comparisons Decrease Affective and Cognitive Well-Being in Older Adults. Evidence from a Population-Based Longitudinal Study in Germany. Frontiers in Psychology, 2016, 7, 999.	1.1	18
63	Factors affecting functional impairment among elderly Germans â€" Results of a longitudinal study. Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging, 2017, 21, 299-306.	1.5	18
64	The relation between personality, informal caregiving, life satisfaction and health-related quality of life: evidence of a longitudinal study. Quality of Life Research, 2018, 27, 1249-1256.	1.5	17
65	The longitudinal association of multimorbidity on loneliness and network size: Findings from a populationâ€based study. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2019, 34, 1490-1497.	1.3	17
66	Obesity and loneliness. Findings from a longitudinal populationâ€based study in the second half of life in Germany. Psychogeriatrics, 2019, 19, 135-140.	0.6	17
67	Oral health-related quality of life, probable depression and probable anxiety: evidence from a representative survey in Germany. BMC Oral Health, 2022, 22, 9.	0.8	17
68	The role of general psychosocial factors for the use of cancer screeningâ€"Findings of a populationâ€based observational study among older adults in Germany. Cancer Medicine, 2017, 6, 3025-3039.	1.3	16
69	Correlates of alcohol consumption among Germans in the second half of life. Results of a population-based observational study. BMC Geriatrics, 2017, 17, 207.	1.1	16
70	The association between obesity and social exclusion in middle-aged and older adults: findings from a nationally representative study in Germany. BMC Geriatrics, 2018, 18, 258.	1.1	16
71	Loneliness among Homeless Individuals during the First Wave of the COVID-19 Pandemic. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 3035.	1.2	16
72	The Role of Social Isolation and the Development of Depression. A Comparison of the Widowed and Married Oldest Old in Germany. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 6986.	1.2	16

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73	Do Loneliness and Perceived Social Isolation Reduce Expected Longevity and Increase the Frequency of Dealing with Death and Dying? Longitudinal Findings based on a Nationally Representative Sample. Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 2021, 22, 1720-1725.e5.	1.2	16
74	Obesity and sickness absence: results from a longitudinal nationally representative sample from Germany. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019839.	0.8	15
75	Perceived social isolation and cognitive functioning. Longitudinal findings based on the German Ageing Survey. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2020, 35, 276-281.	1.3	15
76	Dual sensory impairment and psychosocial factors. Findings based on a nationally representative sample. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2020, 91, 104234.	1.4	15
77	Fear of Dementia in the General Population: Findings from the German Socio-Economic Panel (GSOEP). Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2020, 75, 1135-1140.	1.2	15
78	Does the beginning and the end of income poverty affect psychosocial factors among middle-aged and older adults? Findings based on nationally representative longitudinal data. Aging and Mental Health, 2021, 25, 906-912.	1.5	15
79	Social Support and Functional Decline in the Oldest Old. Gerontology, 2022, 68, 200-208.	1.4	15
80	Frequency of contact with friends and relatives via internet and psychosocial factors in middleâ€aged and older adults during the COVIDâ€19 pandemic. Findings from the German Ageing Survey. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2022, 37, .	1.3	15
81	Gender Differences in Mental Health, Quality of Life, and Caregiver Burden among Informal Caregivers during the Second Wave of the COVID-19 Pandemic in Germany: A Representative, Population-Based Study. Gerontology, 2023, 69, 149-162.	1.4	15
82	Impact of Incident Parkinson's Disease on Satisfaction With Life. Frontiers in Neurology, 2018, 9, 589.	1.1	14
83	Correlates of hospitalization among the oldest old: results of the AgeCoDe–AgeQualiDe prospective cohort study. Aging Clinical and Experimental Research, 2020, 32, 1295-1301.	1.4	14
84	Beyond symptoms: why do patients see the doctor?. BJGP Open, 2020, 4, bjgpopen20X101088.	0.9	14
85	Does visual impairment affect social ties in late life? Findings of a multicenter prospective cohort study in Germany. Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging, 2017, 21, 692-698.	1.5	13
86	Impact of falls on depressive symptoms among the oldest old: Results from the AgeQualiDe study. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2018, 33, 1383-1388.	1.3	13
87	Correlates of institutionalization among the oldest oldâ€"Evidence from the multicenter AgeCoDeâ€AgeQualiDe study. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2021, 36, 1095-1102.	1.3	13
88	Determinants of health-related quality of life among homeless individuals during the COVID-19 pandemic. Public Health, 2021, 194, 60-66.	1.4	13
89	Determinants of Postponed Cancer Screening During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Evidence from the Nationally Representative COVID-19 Snapshot Monitoring in Germany (COSMO). Risk Management and Healthcare Policy, 2021, Volume 14, 3003-3011.	1.2	13
90	Prevalence and correlates of coronavirus anxiety in Germany: Results of a nationally representative survey. Death Studies, 2023, 47, 287-295.	1.8	13

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91	Locus of control and frequency of physician visits: Results of a populationâ€based longitudinal study in Germany. British Journal of Health Psychology, 2017, 22, 414-428.	1.9	12
92	The role of self-efficacy, self-esteem and optimism for using routine health check-ups in a population-based sample. A longitudinal perspective. Preventive Medicine, 2017, 105, 47-51.	1.6	12
93	Which factors lead to frequent attendance in the outpatient sector among individuals in the second half of life? Evidence from a population-based longitudinal study in Germany. BMC Health Services Research, 2018, 18, 673.	0.9	12
94	Falls Are Associated With Decreased Autonomy, and Self-Efficacy Moderates This Relation: Results From a National Study. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2019, 10, 447.	1.3	12
95	Osteoporosis, Fear of Falling, and Restrictions in Daily Living. Evidence From a Nationally Representative Sample of Community-Dwelling Older Adults. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2019, 10, 646.	1.5	12
96	Determinants of Frequent Attendance of Outpatient Physicians: A Longitudinal Analysis Using the German Socio-Economic Panel (GSOEP). International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 1553.	1.2	12
97	Differences in Self-Esteem Between Cat Owners, Dog Owners, and Individuals Without Pets. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2020, 7, 552.	0.9	12
98	Personality, Healthcare Use and Costs—A Systematic Review. Healthcare (Switzerland), 2020, 8, 329.	1.0	12
99	Prevalence and factors associated with obesity among the oldest old. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2020, 89, 104069.	1.4	12
100	Dual sensory impairment and healthcare use: Findings from a nationally representative sample. Geriatrics and Gerontology International, 2020, 20, 602-606.	0.7	12
101	Personality Traits and Obesity. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 2675.	1.2	11
102	Prevalence and determinants of driving habits in the oldest old: Results of the multicenter prospective AgeCoDe-AgeQualiDe study. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2019, 82, 245-250.	1.4	11
103	What are the social consequences of beginning or ceasing to care for grandchildren? Evidence from an asymmetric fixed effects analysis of community dwelling adults in Germany. Aging and Mental Health, 2021, 25, 969-975.	1.5	11
104	Informal caregiving during the COVID-19 pandemic: findings from a representative, population-based study during the second wave of the pandemic in Germany. Aging and Mental Health, 2022, 26, 2062-2070.	1.5	11
105	The role of flexible goal adjustment in the effect of informal caregiving on depressive symptoms: Evidence of a large population-based longitudinal study in Germany from 2002 to 2011. Quality of Life Research, 2017, 26, 419-427.	1.5	10
106	Do Individuals in Old Age Prepare for the Risk of Long-Term Care? Results of A Population-Based Survey in Germany. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 2189.	1.2	10
107	Feeling too old? Consequences for subjective well-being. Longitudinal findings from the German Ageing Survey. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2020, 90, 104127.	1.4	10
108	Asymmetric effects of obesity on loneliness among older Germans. Longitudinal findings from the Survey of Health, Ageing and Retirement in Europe. Aging and Mental Health, 2021, 25, 2293-2297.	1.5	10

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109	Frequent attendance in primary care in the oldest old: evidence from the AgeCoDe-AgeQualiDe study. Aging Clinical and Experimental Research, 2020, 32, 2629-2638.	1.4	10
110	Determinants of Frequent Attendance in Primary Care. A Systematic Review of Longitudinal Studies. Frontiers in Medicine, 2021, 8, 595674.	1.2	10
111	Do lonely and socially isolated individuals think they die earlier? The link between loneliness, social isolation and expectations of longevity based on a nationally representative sample. Psychogeriatrics, 2021, 21, 571-576.	0.6	10
112	A Longitudinal Investigation of Willingness to Pay for Health Insurance in Germany. Health Services Research, 2017, 52, 1099-1117.	1.0	9
113	Longitudinal Analysis of Outpatient Physician Visits in the Oldest Old: Results of the AgeQualiDe Prospective Cohort Study. Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging, 2018, 22, 689-694.	1.5	9
114	Are changes in body-mass-index associated with changes in depressive symptoms? Findings of a population-based longitudinal study among older Germans. BMC Psychiatry, 2018, 18, 182.	1.1	9
115	Association of generalized anxiety symptoms and panic with health care costs in older age—Results from the ESTHER cohort study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2019, 245, 978-986.	2.0	9
116	EQ-5D-3L health status and health state utilities of the oldest-old (85 +) in Germany: results from the AgeCoDe-AgeQualiDe study. Quality of Life Research, 2020, 29, 3223-3232.	1.5	9
117	What are the psychosocial consequences when fear of falling starts or ends? Evidence from an asymmetric fixed effects analysis based on longitudinal data from the general population. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2020, 35, 1028-1035.	1.3	9
118	Flexible goal adjustment moderates the link between self-rated health and subjective well-being. Findings from the general population. Aging and Mental Health, 2021, 25, 1345-1350.	1.5	9
119	Which Factors Contribute to Frailty among the Oldest Old? Results of the Multicentre Prospective AgeCoDe and AgeQualiDe Study. Gerontology, 2020, 66, 460-466.	1.4	9
120	Association of vision problems with psychosocial factors among middle-aged and older individuals: findings from a nationally representative study. Aging and Mental Health, 2021, 25, 946-953.	1.5	9
121	Planning to move into a nursing home in old age: does sexual orientation matter?. Age and Ageing, 2021, 50, 974-979.	0.7	9
122	Determinants of Healthcare Use Based on the Andersen Model: A Systematic Review of Longitudinal Studies. Healthcare (Switzerland), 2021, 9, 1354.	1.0	9
123	The Prevalence and Correlates of Probable Major Depressive Disorder and Probable Generalized Anxiety Disorder during the COVID-19 Pandemic. Results of a Nationally Representative Survey in Germany. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12302.	1.2	9
124	Level and correlates of empathy and altruism during the Covid-19 pandemic. Evidence from a representative survey in Germany. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0265544.	1.1	9
125	Falls and subjective well-being. Results of the population-based German Ageing Survey. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2017, 72, 181-186.	1.4	8
126	Association of informal caregiving with body mass index and frequency of sporting activities: evidence of a population-based study in Germany. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 755.	1.2	8

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127	The association between voluntary work and health care use among older adults in Germany. BMC Health Services Research, 2019, 19, 39.	0.9	8
128	Needs and health care costs in old age: a longitudinal perspective: results from the AgeMooDe study. Aging and Mental Health, 2020, 24, 1763-1768.	1.5	8
129	Religious Attendance and Cancer Screening Behavior. Frontiers in Oncology, 2020, 10, 583925.	1.3	8
130	Do selfâ€reported hearing and visual impairments predict longitudinal dementia in older adults?. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2021, 69, 1519-1528.	1.3	8
131	The empty nest, depressive symptoms and loneliness of older parents: Prospective findings from the German Ageing Survey. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2021, 95, 104425.	1.4	8
132	Relationship between personality factors and frailty. A systematic review. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2021, 97, 104508.	1.4	8
133	Personality and the use of cancer screenings. A systematic review. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0244655.	1.1	8
134	Determinants of psychosocial factors among the oldest old–ÂEvidence from the representative "Survey on quality ofÂlife and subjective wellâ€being of the very old in NorthÂRhineâ€Westphalia (NRW80+)― International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2022, 37, .	1.3	8
135	Driving status and health-related quality of life among the oldest old: a population-based examination using data from the AgeCoDe–AgeQualiDe prospective cohort study. Aging Clinical and Experimental Research, 2021, 33, 3109-3115.	1.4	8
136	Who should take care of me? Preferences of old age individuals for characteristics of professional long-term caregivers: an observational cross-sectional study. BMC Research Notes, 2017, 10, 382.	0.6	7
137	Life satisfaction of informal care recipients: Findings from the German Ageing Survey. British Journal of Health Psychology, 2019, 24, 859-875.	1.9	7
138	Determinants of Postponed Dental Visits Due to Costs: Evidence from the Survey of Health, Ageing, and Retirement in Germany. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 3344.	1.2	7
139	Determinants of health-care costs in the oldest-old in Germany. Journal of the Economics of Ageing, 2019, 14, 100200.	0.6	7
140	Determinants of Willingness to Pay for Health Insurance in Germanyâ€"Results of the Population-Based Health Study of the Leipzig Research Centre for Civilization Diseases (LIFE-Adult-Study). Frontiers in Public Health, 2020, 8, 456.	1.3	7
141	How does beginning or ceasing of informal caregiving of individuals in poor health influence sleep quality? Findings from a nationally representative longitudinal study. Aging and Mental Health, 2020, , 1-6.	1.5	7
142	The onset of falls reduces perceived autonomy among middle aged and older adults. Results from a longitudinal nationally representative sample. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2020, 90, 104115.	1.4	7
143	Self-perceptions of ageing, GP visits and frequent attendance. Longitudinal findings from the German Ageing Survey. Aging and Mental Health, 2020, 25, 1-6.	1.5	7
144	Sex-Specific Associations Between Depressive Symptoms and Risk for Subsequent Dementia. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2020, 74, 151-161.	1.2	7

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145	Help-seeking for psychological distress and its association with anxiety in the oldest old – results from the AgeQualiDe cohort study. Aging and Mental Health, 2021, 25, 923-929.	1.5	7
146	Prevalence and Factors Associated with Fear of COVID-19 Among Homeless Individuals During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Evidence from the Hamburg Survey of Homeless Individuals. Risk Management and Healthcare Policy, 2021, Volume 14, 2689-2695.	1.2	7
147	The Association between Oral Health-Related Quality of Life, Loneliness, Perceived and Objective Social Isolationâ€"Results of a Nationally Representative Survey. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 12886.	1.2	7
148	The Curvilinear Effect of BMI on Functional Health - Evidence of the Long-Running German Ageing Survey. Obesity Facts, 2017, 10, 252-260.	1.6	6
149	Psychosocial correlates of unintentional weight loss in the second half of life in the German general population. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0185749.	1.1	6
150	Self-efficacy moderates the relationship between health comparisons and social exclusion: results of the German ageing survey. Health and Quality of Life Outcomes, 2017, 15, 252.	1.0	6
151	The use of routine health check-ups and psychological factors—a neglected link. Evidence from a population-based study. Zeitschrift Fur Gesundheitswissenschaften, 2018, 26, 137-144.	0.8	6
152	Informal caregiving and personality: Results of a population-based longitudinal study in Germany. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0203586.	1.1	6
153	Late-Life Depressive Symptoms Are Associated With Functional Impairment Cross-sectionally and Over Time: Results of the AgeMooDe Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series B Psychological Sciences and Social Sciences, 2020, 75, 811-820.	2.4	6
154	Determinants of Dental Service Use Based on the Andersen Model: A Study Protocol for a Systematic Review. Healthcare (Switzerland), 2020, 8, 333.	1.0	6
155	The moderating role of flexible goal adjustment in the link between pain and depressive symptoms: findings based on a nationally representative sample of older adults. Psychogeriatrics, 2020, 20, 602-607.	0.6	6
156	Informal caregiving for adults, loneliness and social isolation: a study protocol for a systematic review. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e044902.	0.8	6
157	Do Informal Caregivers Expect to Die Earlier? A Longitudinal Study with a Population-Based Sample on Subjective Life Expectancy of Informal Caregivers. Gerontology, 2021, 67, 467-481.	1.4	6
158	Factors Leading to Institutionalization among the Oldest Old: Longitudinal Findings from the AgeCoDe-AgeQualiDe Study. Gerontology, 2022, 68, 894-902.	1.4	6
159	Social support and health-related quality of life among the oldest old — longitudinal evidence from the multicenter prospective AgeCoDe-AgeQualiDe study. Quality of Life Research, 2021, , 1.	1.5	6
160	Oral Health, Loneliness and Social Isolation. A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging, 2022, 26, 675-680.	1.5	6
161	Sexual Orientation and Psychosocial Factors in Terms of Loneliness and Subjective Well-Being in Later Life. Gerontologist, The, 2023, 63, 338-349.	2.3	6
162	Does transpersonal trust moderate the association between chronic conditions and general practitioner visits in the oldest old? Results of the AgeCoDe and AgeQualiDe study. Geriatrics and Gerontology International, 2019, 19, 705-710.	0.7	5

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