

# Christian Widmann

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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122  
papers

8,517  
citations

93792

39  
h-index

51423

90  
g-index

135  
all docs

135  
docs citations

135  
times ranked

10646  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	APOBEC3C, a nucleolar protein induced by genotoxins, is excluded from DNA damage sites. FEBS Journal, 2022, 289, 808-831.	2.2	5
2	HDLs extract lipophilic drugs from cells. Journal of Cell Science, 2022, 135, .	1.2	2
3	The EnvZ/OmpR Two-Component System Regulates the Antimicrobial Activity of TAT-RasGAP<sub>317-326</sub> and the Collateral Sensitivity to Other Antibacterial Agents. Microbiology Spectrum, 2022, 10, e0200921.	1.2	2
4	The proteolytic landscape of cells exposed to non-lethal stresses is shaped by executioner caspases. Cell Death Discovery, 2021, 7, 164.	2.0	4
5	The antimicrobial peptide TAT-RasGAP317-326 inhibits the formation and expansion of bacterial biofilms in vitro. Journal of Global Antimicrobial Resistance, 2021, 25, 227-231.	0.9	13
6	Bacterial surface properties influence the activity of the TAT-RasGAP317-326 antimicrobial peptide. IScience, 2021, 24, 102923.	1.9	5
7	Genetic, cellular, and structural characterization of the membrane potential-dependent cell-penetrating peptide translocation pore. ELife, 2021, 10, .	2.8	31
8	The endocytic pathway taken by cationic substances requires Rab14 but not Rab5 and Rab7. Cell Reports, 2021, 37, 109945.	2.9	18
9	The interplay between serum amyloid A and HDLs. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2020, 31, 300-301.	1.2	4
10	ASH2L drives proliferation and sensitivity to bleomycin and other genotoxins in Hodgkinâ€™s lymphoma and testicular cancer cells. Cell Death and Disease, 2020, 11, 1019.	2.7	10
11	Loss-of-function of the long non-coding RNA A830019P07Rik in mice does not affect insulin expression and secretion. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 6413.	1.6	3
12	TAT-RasGAP<sub>317-326</sub>kills cells by targeting inner-leafletâ€™-enriched phospholipids. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 31871-31881.	3.3	22
13	The PI3K/Akt pathway is not a main driver in HDL-mediated cell protection. Cellular Signalling, 2019, 62, 109347.	1.7	4
14	Squalene: friend or foe for cancers. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2019, 30, 353-354.	1.2	5
15	Identification of Clotrimazole Derivatives as Specific Inhibitors of Arenavirus Fusion. Journal of Virology, 2019, 93, .	1.5	43
16	Reactive oxygen/nitrogen species contribute substantially to the antileukemia effect of APO866, a NAD lowering agent. Oncotarget, 2019, 10, 6723-6738.	0.8	19
17	CRISPR/Cas9 genome-wide screening identifies KEAP1 as a sorafenib, lenvatinib, and regorafenib sensitivity gene in hepatocellular carcinoma. Oncotarget, 2019, 10, 7058-7070.	0.8	50
18	Burning fat to keep your stem cells? The role of fatty acid oxidation in various tissue stem cells. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2018, 29, 426-427.	1.2	5

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19	Harnessing Oxidative Stress as an Innovative Target for Cancer Therapy. <i>Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity</i> , 2018, 2018, 1-2.	1.9	29
20	The caspase-3/p120 RasGAP stress-sensing module reduces liver cancer incidence but does not affect overall survival in gamma-irradiated and carcinogen-treated mice. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2017, 56, 1680-1684.	1.3	4
21	Fatty acid metabolism regulates cell survival in specific niches. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2017, 28, 284-285.	1.2	0
22	TAT-RasGAP317-326 Enhances Radiosensitivity of Human Carcinoma Cell Lines In Vitro and In Vivo through Promotion of Delayed Mitotic Cell Death. <i>Radiation Research</i> , 2017, 187, 562.	0.7	11
23	The Anticancer Peptide TAT-RasGAP317-326 Exerts Broad Antimicrobial Activity. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2017, 8, 994.	1.5	23
24	Evaluation and validation of commercial antibodies for the detection of Shb. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0188311.	1.1	3
25	Aldehyde dehydrogenase activity plays a Key role in the aggressive phenotype of neuroblastoma. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2016, 16, 781.	1.1	44
26	Are HDL receptors really located where we think they are in the liver?. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2016, 27, 424-425.	1.2	0
27	Acetate is the master of its fate, genetics, and molecular biology bimonthly update. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2016, 27, 636-637.	1.2	0
28	Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress Links Oxidative Stress to Impaired Pancreatic Beta-Cell Function Caused by Human Oxidized LDL. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0163046.	1.1	75
29	The TAT-RasGAP317-326 anti-cancer peptide can kill in a caspase-, apoptosis-, and necroptosis-independent manner. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 64342-64359.	0.8	21
30	Genetics and molecular biology. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2015, 26, 596-597.	1.2	5
31	HDLs, Diabetes, and Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 224, 405-421.	0.9	44
32	RasGAP Shields Akt from Deactivating Phosphatases in Fibroblast Growth Factor Signaling but Loses This Ability Once Cleaved by Caspase-3. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 19653-19665.	1.6	4
33	The $\mu$ -Opioid Receptor Affects Epidermal Homeostasis via ERK-Dependent Inhibition of Transcription Factor POU2F3. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2015, 135, 471-480.	0.3	21
34	The caspase-3/p120 RasGAP module generates a NF- $\kappa$ B repressor in response to cellular stress. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2015, 128, 3502-13.	1.2	7
35	Combinative effects of $\beta$ -Lapachone and APO866 on pancreatic cancer cell death through reactive oxygen species production and PARP-1 activation. <i>Biochimie</i> , 2015, 116, 141-153.	1.3	14
36	Assessment of the Chemosensitizing Activity of TAT-RasGAP317-326 in Childhood Cancers. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0120487.	1.1	8

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37	A WXW Motif Is Required for the Anticancer Activity of the TAT-RasGAP317â€“326 Peptide. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2014, 289, 23701-23711.	1.6	21
38	Triglyceride and HDL. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2014, 25, 404-405.	1.2	0
39	Caspase-3 and RasGAP: a stress-sensing survival/demise switch. <i>Trends in Cell Biology</i> , 2014, 24, 83-89.	3.6	35
40	GAP-independent functions of DLC1 in metastasis. <i>Cancer and Metastasis Reviews</i> , 2014, 33, 87-100.	2.7	32
41	TAT-RasGAP317â€“326-mediated tumor cell death sensitization can occur independently of Bax and Bak. <i>Apoptosis: an International Journal on Programmed Cell Death</i> , 2014, 19, 719-733.	2.2	10
42	Fragment N2, a caspase-3-generated RasGAP fragment, inhibits breast cancer metastatic progression. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2014, 135, 242-247.	2.3	16
43	The activity of the anti-apoptotic fragment generated by the caspase-3/p120 RasGAP stress-sensing module displays strict Akt isoform specificity. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2014, 26, 2992-2997.	1.7	4
44	High-density lipoprotein, beta cells, and diabetes. <i>Cardiovascular Research</i> , 2014, 103, 384-394.	1.8	93
45	HDLs protect the MIN6 insulinoma cell line against tunicamycin-induced apoptosis without inhibiting ER stress and without restoring ER functionality. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2013, 381, 291-301.	1.6	17
46	Genetics and molecular biology. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2013, 24, 103-104.	1.2	0
47	The control of lipid-induced inflammation by macrophages. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2013, 24, 528-529.	1.2	0
48	Role of mTOR, Bad, and Survivin in RasGAP Fragment N-Mediated Cell Protection. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e68123.	1.1	5
49	HDLs Protect Pancreatic Î²-Cells Against ER Stress by Restoring Protein Folding and Trafficking. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2012, 61, 1100-1111.	0.3	63
50	Genetics and molecular biology. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2012, 23, 165-166.	1.2	8
51	The role of endogenous and exogenous RasGAP-derived fragment N in protecting cardiomyocytes from peroxynitrite-induced apoptosis. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2012, 53, 926-935.	1.3	5
52	Caspase-3 Protects Stressed Organs against Cell Death. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2012, 32, 4523-4533.	1.1	63
53	UV-B induces cytoplasmic survivin expression in mouse epidermis. <i>Journal of Dermatological Science</i> , 2012, 67, 196-199.	1.0	3
54	RasGAP-Derived Fragment N Increases the Resistance of Beta Cells towards Apoptosis in NOD Mice and Delays the Progression from Mild to Overt Diabetes. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e22609.	1.1	14

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55	Genetics and molecular biology. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2011, 22, 315-316.	1.2	1
56	Promises of Apoptosis-Inducing Peptides in Cancer Therapeutics. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Biotechnology</i> , 2011, 12, 1153-1165.	0.9	48
57	Revisiting G3BP1 as a RasGAP Binding Protein: Sensitization of Tumor Cells to Chemotherapy by the RasGAP 317-326 Sequence Does Not Involve G3BP1. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e29024.	1.1	46
58	The HDL: adipocyte connection. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2010, 21, 388-389.	1.2	1
59	Glucose metabolism in cancer cells. <i>Current Opinion in Clinical Nutrition and Metabolic Care</i> , 2010, 13, 466-470.	1.3	164
60	MAP/ERK Kinase Kinase 1 (MEKK1) Mediates Transcriptional Repression by Interacting with Polycystic Kidney Disease-1 (PKD1) Promoter-bound p53 Tumor Suppressor Protein*. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2010, 285, 38818-38831.	1.6	20
61	Expression of the NH2-Terminal Fragment of RasGAP in Pancreatic $\beta$ -Cells Increases Their Resistance to Stresses and Protects Mice From Diabetes. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2009, 58, 2596-2606.	0.3	7
62	Involvement of 4E-BP1 in the Protection Induced by HDLs on Pancreatic $\beta$ -Cells. <i>Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 2009, 23, 1572-1586.	3.7	18
63	LDLs stimulate p38 MAPKs and wound healing through SR-BI independently of Ras and PI3 kinase. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2009, 50, 81-89.	2.0	15
64	Effect of RasGAP N2 Fragment-Derived Peptide on Tumor Growth in Mice. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2009, 101, 828-832.	3.0	34
65	Glucagon-Like Peptide-1 Protects $\beta$ -Cells Against Apoptosis by Increasing the Activity of an Igf-2/Igf-1 Receptor Autocrine Loop. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2009, 58, 1816-1825.	0.3	118
66	Role of the sub-cellular localization of RasGAP fragment N2 for its ability to sensitize cancer cells to genotoxin-induced apoptosis. <i>Experimental Cell Research</i> , 2009, 315, 2081-2091.	1.2	5
67	Caspase substrates and neurodegenerative diseases. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 2009, 80, 251-267.	1.4	35
68	Role of the transcriptional factor C/EBP $\beta$ in free fatty acid-elicited $\beta$ -cell failure. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2009, 305, 47-55.	1.6	23
69	ABC transporters: HDL-regulated gatekeepers at the endothelial border. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2009, 20, 526-527.	1.2	1
70	Genetics and molecular biology: so, so complex HDLs!. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2009, 20, 254-255.	1.2	0
71	Exendin-4 Protects $\beta$ -Cells From Interleukin-1 $\beta$ -Induced Apoptosis by Interfering With the c-Jun NH2-Terminal Kinase Pathway. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2008, 57, 1205-1215.	0.3	134
72	Alterations in MicroRNA Expression Contribute to Fatty Acid-Induced Pancreatic $\beta$ -Cell Dysfunction. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2008, 57, 2728-2736.	0.3	331

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73	Lipid metabolism: sphingolipids- from membrane constituents to signaling molecules that control cell-to-cell communications. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2008, 19, 620-621.	1.2	4
74	Genetics and molecular biology: HDLs and their multiple ways to protect cells. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2008, 19, 95-97.	1.2	5
75	Generation of a tightly regulated all-cis $\hat{1}^2$ cell-specific tetracycline-inducible vector. <i>BioTechniques</i> , 2008, 45, 411-420.	0.8	4
76	TAT-RasGAP317-326 Requires p53 and PUMA to Sensitize Tumor Cells to Genotoxins. <i>Molecular Cancer Research</i> , 2007, 5, 497-507.	1.5	27
77	High resolution crystal structures of the p120 RasGAP SH3 domain. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 2007, 353, 463-468.	1.0	13
78	Caspases. , 2007, , 1-3.		0
79	DNA-damage sensitizers: Potential new therapeutical tools to improve chemotherapy. <i>Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology</i> , 2007, 63, 160-171.	2.0	20
80	Effect of the TAT-RasGAP317-326 peptide on apoptosis of human malignant mesothelioma cells and fibroblasts exposed to meso-tetra-hydroxyphenyl-chlorin and light. <i>Journal of Photochemistry and Photobiology B: Biology</i> , 2007, 88, 29-35.	1.7	23
81	Splice variant-specific stabilization of JNKs by IB1/JIP1. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2007, 19, 2201-2207.	1.7	11
82	Human high-density lipoprotein particles prevent activation of the JNK pathway induced by human oxidised low-density lipoprotein particles in pancreatic beta cells. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2007, 50, 1304-1314.	2.9	130
83	Caspase 3. , 2007, , 1-9.		0
84	Lipoproteins and mitogen-activated protein kinase signaling: a role in atherogenesis?. <i>Current Opinion in Lipidology</i> , 2006, 17, 110-121.	1.2	7
85	Interleukin-8 Secretion by Fibroblasts Induced by Low Density Lipoproteins Is p38 MAPK-dependent and Leads to Cell Spreading and Wound Closure*. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2006, 281, 199-205.	1.6	39
86	Expression of an Uncleavable N-terminal RasGAP Fragment in Insulin-secreting Cells Increases Their Resistance toward Apoptotic Stimuli without Affecting Their Glucose-induced Insulin Secretion. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 32835-32842.	1.6	19
87	Impaired Akt Activity Down-Modulation, Caspase-3 Activation, and Apoptosis in Cells Expressing a Caspase-resistant Mutant of RasGAP at Position 157. <i>Molecular Biology of the Cell</i> , 2005, 16, 3511-3520.	0.9	37
88	Cholesterol is the major component of native lipoproteins activating the p38 mitogen-activated protein kinases. <i>Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 386, 909-918.	1.2	13
89	Islet-Brain (IB)/JNK-Interacting Proteins (IIPs): Future Targets for the Treatment of Neurodegenerative Diseases?. <i>Current Neurovascular Research</i> , 2004, 1, 111-127.	0.4	14
90	RasGTPase-activating protein is a target of caspases in spontaneous apoptosis of lung carcinoma cells and in response to etoposide. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2004, 25, 909-921.	1.3	9

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91	Partial Cleavage of RasGAP by Caspases Is Required for Cell Survival in Mild Stress Conditions. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2004, 24, 10425-10436.	1.1	80
92	A RasGAP-derived cell permeable peptide potently enhances genotoxin-induced cytotoxicity in tumor cells. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2004, 23, 8971-8978.	2.6	53
93	Surviving the kiss of death. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 68, 1027-1031.	2.0	44
94	LDLs induce fibroblast spreading independently of the LDL receptor via activation of the p38 MAPK pathway. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2003, 44, 2382-2390.	2.0	8
95	Apoptosis Stimulated by the 91-kDa Caspase Cleavage MEKK1 Fragment Requires Translocation to Soluble Cellular Compartments. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2002, 277, 10283-10291.	1.6	39
96	The RasGAP N-terminal Fragment Generated by Caspase Cleavage Protects Cells in a Ras/PI3K/Akt-dependent Manner That Does Not Rely on NF $\kappa$ B Activation. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2002, 277, 14641-14646.	1.6	51
97	Role of the amino-terminal domains of MEKKs in the activation of NF $\kappa$ B and MAPK pathways and in the regulation of cell proliferation and apoptosis. <i>Cellular Signalling</i> , 2002, 14, 123-131.	1.7	59
98	A subset of caspase substrates functions as the Jekyll and Hyde of apoptosis. <i>European Cytokine Network</i> , 2002, 13, 404-6.	1.1	10
99	In vitro activity of MEKK2 and MEKK3 in detergents is a function of a valine to serine difference in the catalytic domain. <i>BBA - Proteins and Proteomics</i> , 2001, 1547, 167-173.	2.1	3
100	Antiapoptotic Signaling Generated by Caspase-Induced Cleavage of RasGAP. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2001, 21, 5346-5358.	1.1	108
101	Reovirus Infection Activates JNK and the JNK-Dependent Transcription Factor c-Jun. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2001, 75, 11275-11283.	1.5	65
102	Spatial, temporal and subcellular localization of islet-brain 1 (IB1), a homologue of JIP-1, in mouse brain. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 12, 621-632.	1.2	55
103	The gene MAPK8IP1, encoding islet-brain-1, is a candidate for type 2 diabetes. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2000, 24, 291-295.	9.4	182
104	MEK kinase 1 gene disruption alters cell migration and c-Jun NH2-terminal kinase regulation but does not cause a measurable defect in NF-kappa B activation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2000, 97, 7272-7277.	3.3	229
105	Reovirus-Induced Apoptosis Is Mediated by TRAIL. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2000, 74, 8135-8139.	1.5	186
106	Mitogen-Activated Protein Kinase: Conservation of a Three-Kinase Module From Yeast to Human. <i>Physiological Reviews</i> , 1999, 79, 143-180.	18.1	2,492
107	Differential Involvement of MEK Kinase 1 (MEKK1) in the Induction of Apoptosis in Response to Microtubule-targeted Drugs versus DNA Damaging Agents. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1999, 274, 10916-10922.	1.6	62
108	Anti-apoptotic versus pro-apoptotic signal transduction: Checkpoints and stop signs along the road to death. <i>Oncogene</i> , 1998, 17, 1475-1482.	2.6	153

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109	Caspase-dependent Cleavage of Signaling Proteins during Apoptosis. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1998, 273, 7141-7147.	1.6	374
110	14-3-3 Proteins Interact with Specific MEK Kinases. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1998, 273, 3476-3483.	1.6	137
111	MEK Kinase 1, a Substrate for DEVD-Directed Caspases, Is Involved in Genotoxin-Induced Apoptosis. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 1998, 18, 2416-2429.	1.1	227
112	Internalization and Homologous Desensitization of the GLP-1 Receptor Depend on Phosphorylation of the Receptor Carboxyl Tail at the Same Three Sites. <i>Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 1997, 11, 1094-1102.	3.7	66
113	MEKKs, GCKs, MLKs, PAKs, TAKs, and Tpls: upstream regulators of the c-Jun amino-terminal kinases?. <i>Current Opinion in Genetics and Development</i> , 1997, 7, 67-74.	1.5	303
114	The Regulation of Anoikis: MEKK-1 Activation Requires Cleavage by Caspases. <i>Cell</i> , 1997, 90, 315-323.	13.5	495
115	Potential of apoptosis by low dose stress stimuli in cells expressing activated MEK kinase 1. <i>Oncogene</i> , 1997, 15, 2439-2447.	2.6	70
116	Signal transduction and desensitization of the glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor. <i>Acta Physiologica Scandinavica</i> , 1996, 157, 317-319.	2.3	12
117	The functional half-life of H-2Kd-restricted T cell epitopes on living cells. <i>European Journal of Immunology</i> , 1996, 26, 1993-1999.	1.6	21
118	Heterologous Desensitization of the Glucagon-like Peptide-1 Receptor by Phorbol Esters Requires Phosphorylation of the Cytoplasmic Tail at Four Different Sites. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1996, 271, 19957-19963.	1.6	37
119	Desensitization and phosphorylation of the glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor by GLP-1 and 4-phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate. <i>Molecular Endocrinology</i> , 1996, 10, 62-75.	3.7	46
120	H-2-restricted cytolytic T lymphocytes specific for HLA display T cell receptors of limited diversity.. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 1992, 176, 439-447.	4.2	102
121	T helper epitopes enhance the cytotoxic response of mice immunized with MHC class I-restricted malaria peptides. <i>Journal of Immunological Methods</i> , 1992, 155, 95-99.	0.6	91
122	T cell receptor genes in a series of class I major histocompatibility complex-restricted cytotoxic T lymphocyte clones specific for a <i>Plasmodium berghei</i> nonapeptide: implications for T cell allelic exclusion and antigen-specific repertoire.. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 1991, 174, 1371-1383.	4.2	297