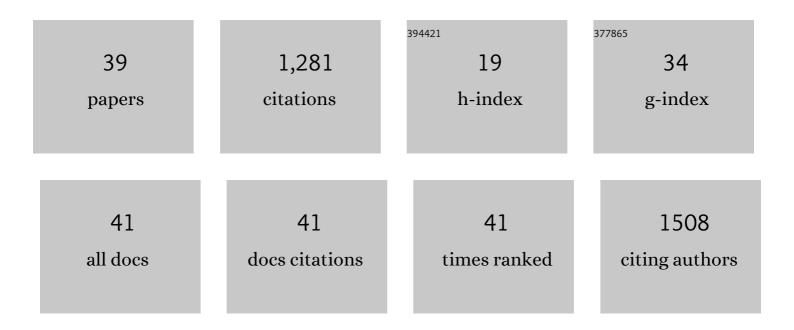
## Jacob Morales

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5641039/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ancient genomes from North Africa evidence prehistoric migrations to the Maghreb from both the Levant and Europe. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 6774-6779.	7.1	131
2	Earliest evidence for caries and exploitation of starchy plant foods in Pleistocene hunter-gatherers from Morocco. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 954-959.	7.1	119
3	The origins of agriculture in North-West Africa: macro-botanical remains from Epipalaeolithic and Early Neolithic levels of Ifri Oudadane (Morocco). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2013, 40, 2659-2669.	2.4	100
4	The Cyrenaican Prehistory Project 2010: the fourth season of investigations of the Haua Fteah cave and its landscape, and further results from the 2007–2009 fieldwork. Libyan Studies, 2010, 41, 63-88.	0.1	71
5	Holocene environmental change and human impact in NE Morocco: Palaeobotanical evidence from Ifri Oudadane. Holocene, 2013, 23, 1286-1296.	1.7	68
6	The impact of human activities on the natural environment of the Canary Islands (Spain) during the pre-Hispanic stage (3rd–2nd Century BC to 15th Century AD): an overview. Environmental Archaeology, 2009, 14, 27-36.	1.2	56
7	The Roman and Islamic spice trade: New archaeological evidence. Journal of Ethnopharmacology, 2015, 167, 54-63.	4.1	56
8	The Cyrenaican Prehistory Project 2012: the fifth season of investigations of the Haua Fteah cave. Libyan Studies, 2012, 43, 115-136.	0.1	51
9	The Cyrenaican Prehistory Project 2008: the second season of investigations of the Haua Fteah cave and its landscape, and further results from the initial (2007) fieldwork. Libyan Studies, 2000, 39, 175-221.	0.1	48
10	The Cyrenaican Prehistory Project 2009: the third season of investigations of the Haua Fteah cave and its landscape, and further results from the 2007–2008 fieldwork. Libyan Studies, 2009, 40, 55-94.	0.1	47
11	Storage in traditional farming communities of the western Mediterranean: Ethnographic, historical and archaeological data. Environmental Archaeology, 2015, 20, 379-389.	1.2	44
12	The introduction of South-Western Asian domesticated plants in North-Western Africa: An archaeobotanical contribution from Neolithic Morocco. Quaternary International, 2016, 412, 96-109.	1.5	43
13	Early Middle Stone Age personal ornaments from Bizmoune Cave, Essaouira, Morocco. Science Advances, 2021, 7, eabi8620.	10.3	41
14	The emergence of the Neolithic in North Africa: A new model for the Eastern Maghreb. Quaternary International, 2016, 410, 123-143.	1.5	36
15	Farmer fidelity in the Canary Islands revealed by ancient DNA from prehistoric seeds. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2017, 78, 78-87.	2.4	36
16	ZooMS identification of bone tools from the North African Later Stone Age. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2018, 98, 149-157.	2.4	36
17	Reconsidering the MSA to LSA transition at Taforalt Cave (Morocco) inÂthe light of new multi-proxy dating evidence. Quaternary International, 2016, 413, 36-49.	1.5	35
18	The archaeobotany of long-term crop storage in northwest African communal granaries: a case study from pre-Hispanic Gran Canaria (cal. ad 1000–1500). Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2014, 23, 789-804.	2.1	32

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	First preliminary evidence for basketry and nut consumption in the Capsian culture (ca.) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgB Anthropological Archaeology, 2015, 37, 128-139.	T /Overloc 1.6	k 10 Tf 50 24
20	Ancient DNA in archaeological wheat grains: preservation conditions and the study of pre-Hispanic agriculture on the island of Gran Canaria (Spain). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2012, 39, 828-835.	2.4	23
21	The early colonial atlantic world: New insights on the African Diaspora from isotopic and ancient <scp>DNA</scp> analyses of a multiethnic 15th–17th century burial population from the Canary Islands, Spain. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2016, 159, 300-312.	2.1	22
22	Crops of the first farming communities in the Iberian Peninsula. Quaternary International, 2018, 470, 369-382.	1.5	22
23	An approach to prehistoric shepherding in La Gomera (Canary Islands) through the study of domestic spaces. Quaternary International, 2016, 414, 337-349.	1.5	16
24	ArqueoentomologÃa y arqueobotÃ;nica de los espacios de almacenamiento a largo plazo: el granero de Risco Pintado, Temisas (Gran Canaria). Trabajos De Prehistoria, 2019, 76, 120.	0.7	15
25	The contribution of botanical macro-remains to the study of wild plant consumption during the Later Stone Age and the Neolithic of north-western Africa. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2018, 22, 401-412.	0.5	13
26	Human occupation and environmental change in the western Maghreb during the Last Glacial Maximum (LGM) and the Late Glacial. New evidence from the Iberomaurusian site Ifri El Baroud (northeast Morocco). Quaternary Science Reviews, 2019, 220, 87-110.	3.0	12
27	Pots, plants and animals: Broad-spectrum subsistence strategies in the Early Neolithic of the Moroccan Rif region. Quaternary International, 2020, 555, 96-109.	1.5	11
28	Archaeoentomological indicators of long-term food plant storage at the Prehispanic granary of La Fortaleza (Gran Canaria, Spain). Journal of Archaeological Science, 2020, 120, 105179.	2.4	10
29	Woodworking in the cliffs? Xylological and morpho-technological analyses of wood remains in the Prehispanic granaries of Gran Canaria (Canary Islands, Spain). Quaternary International, 2021, 593-594, 407-423.	1.5	9
30	An Evolutionary Approach to the History of Barley (Hordeum vulgare) Cultivation in the Canary Islands. African Archaeological Review, 2020, 37, 579-595.	1.4	8
31	Changing Plant-based Subsistence Practices among Early and Middle Holocene Communities in Eastern Maghreb. Environmental Archaeology, 2021, 26, 455-470.	1.2	7
32	Deeper Than Expected: The Finding of a Remarkable Ancient Harbour at Gadir/Gades and an Exceptional Sedimentary Archive (Cádiz, Southern Spain). Journal of Maritime Archaeology, 2020, 15, 165-183.	0.7	6
33	The Use of Wild Plants in the Palaeolithic and Neolithic of Northwestern Africa: Preliminary Results from the PALEOPLANT Project. , 2018, , 146-174.		6
34	Late Glacial Landscape Dynamics Based on Macrobotanical Data: Evidence From Ifri El Baroud (NE) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rg	βT_/Overla 1.2	oçk 10 Tf 50
35	Un lugar entre las dunas. Aprovechamiento oportunista de un espacio costero durante la etapa preeuropea de la isla de Gran Canaria (circa siglos VIII-XI AD). Trabajos De Prehistoria, 2021, 78, 325-343.	0.7	4

<sup>36</sup>Oral health in Late Pleistocene and Holocene North West Africa. Journal of Archaeological Science:0.5336Reports, 2018, 22, 392-400.0.53

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37	High-mountain plant use and management: macro-botanical data from the pre-Hispanic sites of Chasogo and Cruz de Tea, 13–17th centuries AD, Tenerife (Canary Islands, Spain). Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2021, 35, 102730.	0.5	3
38	High-resolution late Holocene sedimentary cores record the long history of the city of Cádiz (south-western Spain). Scientific Drilling, 0, 27, 35-47.	0.6	3
39	The earliest evidence for citrus in Egypt. , 0, , .		1