Catherine L Granger

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Physiotherapy management for COVID-19 in the acute hospital setting: clinical practice recommendations. Journal of Physiotherapy, 2020, 66, 73-82.	1.7	481
2	Australian and <scp>N</scp> ew <scp>Z</scp> ealand <scp>P</scp> ulmonary <scp>R</scp> ehabilitation <scp>G</scp> uidelines. Respirology, 2017, 22, 800-819.	2.3	198
3	Functional and postoperative outcomes after preoperative exercise training in patients with lung cancer: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Interactive Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery, 2016, 23, 486-497.	1.1	167
4	Assessment of impairment and activity limitations in the critically ill: a systematic review of measurement instruments and their clinimetric properties. Intensive Care Medicine, 2015, 41, 744-762.	8.2	139
5	Low physical activity levels and functional decline in individuals with lung cancer. Lung Cancer, 2014, 83, 292-299.	2.0	135
6	Functional outcomes in ICU – what should we be using? - an observational study. Critical Care, 2015, 19, 127.	5.8	121
7	Factors influencing physical activity and rehabilitation in survivors of critical illness: a systematic review of quantitative and qualitative studies. Intensive Care Medicine, 2017, 43, 531-542.	8.2	118
8	Preoperative exercise training for patients with non-small cell lung cancer. The Cochrane Library, 2017, 2017, CD012020.	2.8	109
9	Minimal important difference of the 6-minute walk distance in lung cancer. Chronic Respiratory Disease, 2015, 12, 146-154.	2.4	93
10	Efficacy of Prehabilitation Including Exercise on Postoperative Outcomes Following Abdominal Cancer Surgery: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Frontiers in Surgery, 2021, 8, 628848.	1.4	89
11	Understanding factors influencing physical activity and exercise in lung cancer: a systematic review. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2017, 25, 983-999.	2.2	78
12	A new two-tier strength assessment approach to the diagnosis of weakness in intensive care: an observational study. Critical Care, 2015, 19, 52.	5.8	74
13	Electrical Muscle Stimulation in the Intensive Care Setting. Critical Care Medicine, 2013, 41, 2406-2418.	0.9	70
14	Advances in cardiorespiratory physiotherapy and their clinical impact. Expert Review of Respiratory Medicine, 2018, 12, 203-215.	2.5	68
15	Physiotherapy management of lung cancer. Journal of Physiotherapy, 2016, 62, 60-67.	1.7	63
16	Postural Control and Fear of Falling Assessment in People With Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease: A Systematic Review of Instruments, International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health Linkage, and Measurement Properties. Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2013 94 1784-1799 e7	0.9	46
17	Safety and Feasibility of an Exercise Intervention for Patients Following Lung Resection. Integrative Cancer Therapies, 2013, 12, 213-224.	2.0	46
18	Physical Therapists as Primary Practitioners in the Emergency Department: Six-Month Prospective Practice Analysis. Physical Therapy, 2015, 95, 1207-1216.	2.4	45

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19	Multidisciplinary home-based rehabilitation in inoperable lung cancer: a randomised controlled trial. Thorax, 2019, 74, 787-796.	5.6	44
20	Barriers to Translation of Physical Activity into the Lung Cancer Model of Care. A Qualitative Study of Clinicians' Perspectives. Annals of the American Thoracic Society, 2016, 13, 2215-2222.	3.2	42
21	Functional capacity, physical activity and muscle strength assessment of individuals with non-small cell lung cancer: a systematic review of instruments and their measurement properties. BMC Cancer, 2013, 13, 135.	2.6	40
22	Physical activity participation amongst individuals with lower limb amputation. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2019, 41, 1063-1070.	1.8	40
23	Technology-Supported Self-Guided Nutrition and Physical Activity Interventions for Adults With Cancer: Systematic Review. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2019, 7, e12281.	3.7	40
24	What factors affect implementation of early rehabilitation into intensive care unit practice? A qualitative study with clinicians. Journal of Critical Care, 2017, 38, 137-143.	2.2	37
25	Exercise training as part of lung cancer therapy. Respirology, 2020, 25, 80-87.	2.3	35
26	Deterioration in physical activity and function differs according to treatment type in non-small cell lung cancer – future directions for physiotherapy management. Physiotherapy, 2016, 102, 256-263.	0.4	34
27	The impact of gynaecological cancer treatment on physical activity levels: a systematic review of observational studies. Brazilian Journal of Physical Therapy, 2019, 23, 79-92.	2.5	32
28	Physiotherapy management for COVID-19 in the acute hospital setting and beyond: an update to clinical practice recommendations. Journal of Physiotherapy, 2022, 68, 8-25.	1.7	31
29	Pelvic floor muscle training for bowel dysfunction following colorectal cancer surgery: A systematic review. Neurourology and Urodynamics, 2015, 34, 703-712.	1.5	30
30	Physical Activity Measured Using Global Positioning System Tracking in Non–Small Cell Lung Cancer. Integrative Cancer Therapies, 2014, 13, 482-492.	2.0	29
31	Standard restrictive sternal precautions and modified sternal precautions had similar effects in people after cardiac surgery via median sternotomy (â€~SMART' Trial): a randomised trial. Journal of Physiotherapy, 2018, 64, 97-106.	1.7	27
32	Which field walking test should be used to assess functional exercise capacity in lung cancer? an observational study. BMC Pulmonary Medicine, 2015, 15, 89.	2.0	26
33	The self-reported Physical Activity Scale for the Elderly (PASE) is a valid and clinically applicable measure in lung cancer. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2015, 23, 3211-3218.	2.2	26
34	Patient acceptance of prehabilitation for major surgery: an exploratory survey. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2021, 29, 779-785.	2.2	26
35	CAPACITY: A physical activity self-management program for patients undergoing surgery for lung cancer, a phase I feasibility study. Lung Cancer, 2018, 124, 102-109.	2.0	24
36	Home-based rehabilitation in inoperable non-small cell lung cancer—the patient experience. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2020, 28, 99-112.	2.2	24

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37	Practical approach to establishing pulmonary rehabilitation for people with non OPD diagnoses. Respirology, 2019, 24, 879-888.	2.3	23
38	Benefits of home-based multidisciplinary exercise and supportive care in inoperable non-small cell lung cancer – protocol for a phase II randomised controlled trial. BMC Cancer, 2017, 17, 663.	2.6	21
39	Physical Activity Levels Are Low in Inoperable Lung Cancer: Exploratory Analyses from a Randomised Controlled Trial. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2019, 8, 1288.	2.4	20
40	People With Hematological Malignancies Treated With Bone Marrow Transplantation Have Improved Function, Quality of Life, and Fatigue Following Exercise Intervention: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Physical Therapy, 2021, 101, .	2.4	20
41	Improving the delivery of physical activity services in lung cancer: A qualitative representation of the patient's perspective. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2019, 28, e12946.	1.5	18
42	The Sternal Management Accelerated Recovery Trial (S.M.A.R.T) – standard restrictive versus an intervention of modified sternal precautions following cardiac surgery via median sternotomy: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 290.	1.6	17
43	Prognostic Validation of the Body Mass Index, Airflow Obstruction, Dyspnea, and Exercise Capacity (BODE) Index in Inoperable Non–Small-Cell Lung Cancer. Journal of Thoracic Oncology, 2013, 8, 1545-1550.	1.1	15
44	Commencing Out-of-Bed Rehabilitation in Critical Care—What Influences Clinical Decision-Making?. Archives of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation, 2019, 100, 261-269.e2.	0.9	15
45	Attitudes and Perceptions to Prehabilitation in Lung Cancer. Integrative Cancer Therapies, 2020, 19, 153473542092446.	2.0	13
46	Evidence, education and multi-disciplinary integration are needed to embed exercise into lung cancer clinical care: A qualitative study involving physiotherapists. Physiotherapy Theory and Practice, 2018, 34, 852-860.	1.3	12
47	Pelvic floor symptoms, physical, and psychological outcomes of patients following surgery for colorectal cancer. Physiotherapy Theory and Practice, 2018, 34, 442-452.	1.3	11
48	Individualized in-hospital exercise training program for people undergoing hematopoietic stem cell transplantation: a feasibility study. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2021, 43, 386-392.	1.8	11
49	Symptoms of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder and Associated Risk Factors in Patients With Lung Cancer: A Longitudinal Observational Study. Integrative Cancer Therapies, 2018, 17, 1195-1203.	2.0	10
50	Short Physical Performance Battery Can Be Utilized to Evaluate Physical Function in Patients After Cardiac Surgery. Cardiopulmonary Physical Therapy Journal, 2018, 29, 88-96.	0.3	10
51	A Cancer Exercise Toolkit Developed Using Co-Design: Mixed Methods Study. JMIR Cancer, 2022, 8, e34903.	2.4	10
52	How is physical activity measured in lung cancer?A systematic review of outcome measures and their psychometric properties. Respirology, 2017, 22, 263-277.	2.3	9
53	Physical activity for people with lung cancer. Australian Journal of General Practice, 2020, 49, 175-181.	0.8	9
54	Advanced musculoskeletal physiotherapy: Barriers and enablers to multiâ€site implementation. Musculoskeletal Care, 2018, 16, 440-449.	1.4	8

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55	A 12-Week Multi-Modal Exercise Program: Feasibility of Combined Exercise and Simplified 8-Style Tai Chi Following Lung Cancer Surgery. Integrative Cancer Therapies, 2020, 19, 153473542095288.	2.0	8
56	Factors Associated With Discharge Destination in Community-Dwelling Adults Admitted to Acute General Medical Units. Journal of Geriatric Physical Therapy, 2021, 44, 94-100.	1.1	8
57	Interventions to Mitigate Bias in Social Work Decision-Making: A Systematic Review. Research on Social Work Practice, 2019, 29, 741-752.	1.9	7
58	An allied health rehabilitation program for patients following surgery for abdomino-pelvic cancer: a feasibility and pilot clinical study. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2020, 28, 1335-1350.	2.2	7
59	Health Literacy in Hospital Outpatient Waiting Areas: An Observational Study of What Is Available to and Accessed by Consumers. Herd, 2021, 14, 124-139.	1.5	7
60	The fear and risk of community falls in patients following an intensive care admission: An exploratory cohort study. Australian Critical Care, 2020, 33, 144-150.	1.3	6
61	Feasibility of early-commencing group-based exercise in allogeneic bone marrow transplantation: the BOOST study. Bone Marrow Transplantation, 2021, 56, 2788-2796.	2.4	6
62	The minimal clinically important difference in the treadmill six-minute walk test in active women with breast cancer during and after oncological treatments. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2023, 45, 871-878.	1.8	6
63	The Australian Pelvic Floor Questionnaire is a valid measure of pelvic floor symptoms in patients following surgery for colorectal cancer. Neurourology and Urodynamics, 2017, 36, 1395-1402.	1.5	5
64	Measurement of physical activity in clinical practice and research: advances in cancer and chronic respiratory disease. Current Opinion in Supportive and Palliative Care, 2018, 12, 219-226.	1.3	5
65	Interventions to Mitigate Cognitive Biases in the Decision Making of Eye Care Professionals: A Systematic Review. Optometry and Vision Science, 2019, 96, 818-824.	1.2	5
66	Evaluating Physical Functioning in Survivors of Critical Illness: Development of a New Continuum Measure for Acute Care*. Critical Care Medicine, 2020, 48, 1427-1435.	0.9	5
67	Lower limb muscle function and exercise performance in lung cancer. Respirology, 2017, 22, 1053-1054.	2.3	4
68	Uptake of telehealth implementation for COPD patients in a high-poverty, inner-city environment: A survey. Chronic Respiratory Disease, 2018, 15, 81-84.	2.4	4
69	Psychometric evaluation of the shortened version of the Functional Difficulties Questionnaire to assess thoracic physical function. Clinical Rehabilitation, 2020, 34, 132-140.	2.2	4
70	Exercise in allogeneic bone marrow transplantation: a qualitative representation of the patient perspective. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2022, 30, 5389-5399.	2.2	4
71	Barriers, Enablers, and Consumer Design Ideas for Health Literacy Responsive Hospital Waiting Areas: A Framework Method Analysis. Herd, 2022, 15, 207-221.	1.5	3
72	Location and Patterns of Persistent Pain Following Cardiac Surgery. Heart Lung and Circulation, 2021, 30, 1232-1243.	0.4	3

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73	A Systematic Review of Interventions to Reduce the Effects of Cognitive Biases in the Decision-Making of Audiologists. Journal of the American Academy of Audiology, 2020, 31, 158-167.	0.7	3
74	Short-term preoperative exercise training: should we expect long-term benefits without postoperative exercise stimulus?. European Journal of Cardio-thoracic Surgery, 2017, 52, 1009-1009.	1.4	2
75	Physical Activity Behavior After a Diagnosis of Lung Cancer Differs Between Countries: An Observational Cohort Study. Integrative Cancer Therapies, 2018, 17, 493-502.	2.0	2
76	Assessment tools and factors used to predict discharge from acute general medical wards: a systematic review. Disability and Rehabilitation, 2022, 44, 3373-3387.	1.8	2
77	Maximising Abilities, Negotiating and Generating Exercise options (MANAGE) in people with multiple sclerosis: A feasibility randomised controlled trial. Clinical Rehabilitation, 2022, 36, 498-510.	2.2	2
78	Pelvic floor outcomes in patients who have undergone general rehabilitation following surgery for colorectal cancer: A pilot study. Physiotherapy Theory and Practice, 2019, 35, 206-218.	1.3	1
79	The nexus of functional exercise capacity with health-related quality of life in lung cancer: how closely are they related?. Annals of Translational Medicine, 2018, 6, S131-S131.	1.7	1
80	Clinimetrics: The European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer (EORTC) QLQ-C30 questionnaire. Journal of Physiotherapy, 2022, 68, 146.	1.7	1
81	Seeking Choice to Fulfill Health Literacy Needs: Health Literacy Opportunities for Consumers in Hospital Waiting Areas. Qualitative Health Research, 2022, 32, 345-359.	2.1	1
82	413: COMMENCING EARLY REHABILITATION IN CRITICAL CARE: WHAT INFLUENCES CLINICAL DECISION-MAKING?. Critical Care Medicine, 2016, 44, 180-180.	0.9	0
83	Thoracic Oncology and Surgery. , 2018, , 325-335.		Ο
84	Critically appraised paper: Short-term preoperative exercise training improves exercise capacity and reduces postoperative pulmonary complications in people undergoing lung cancer surgery [commentary]. Journal of Physiotherapy, 2018, 64, 266.	1.7	0
85	Barriers to implementation of the physical activity guidelines in lung cancer. , 2016, , .		Ο
86	Changing the Way We Approach Rehabilitation in Bone Marrow Transplantation. Journal of Leukemia (Los Angeles, Calif), 2017, 05, .	0.1	0
87	Patient experiences of home-based rehabilitation during treatment for inoperable lung cancer , 2018, ,		0
88	Home-based rehabilitation in inoperable lung cancer: a randomised controlled trial. , 2018, , .		0
89	Effect of a postoperative home-based exercise and self-management programme on physical function in people with lung cancer (CAPACITY): protocol for a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open Respiratory Research, 2022, 9, e001189.	3.0	0
90	Can gait outcomes be predicted early after a stroke?. Physiotherapy Theory and Practice, 2022, , 1-9.	1.3	0