Valentina Sabino

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

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77	3,307	117625	155660
papers	citations	34 h-index	55 g-index

77	77	77	2945
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Corticotropin Releasing Factorâ€“Induced Amygdala Gamma-Aminobutyric Acid Release Plays a Key Role in Alcohol Dependence. Biological Psychiatry, 2010, 67, 831-839.	1.3	303
2	CRF system recruitment mediates dark side of compulsive eating. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2009, 106, 20016-20020.	7.1	168
3	Sigma-1 receptor knockout mice display a depressive-like phenotype. Behavioural Brain Research, 2009, 198, 472-476.	2.2	146
4	Increased Anxietyâ€Like Behavior and Ethanol Selfâ€Administration in Dependent Rats: Reversal via Corticotropinâ€Releasing Factorâ€2 Receptor Activation. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2004, 28, 865-872.	2.4	131
5	Opioid-Dependent Anticipatory Negative Contrast and Binge-Like Eating in Rats with Limited Access to Highly Preferred Food. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 33, 524-535.	5.4	130
6	High Trait Impulsivity Predicts Food Addiction-Like Behavior in the Rat. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 39, 2463-2472.	5.4	116
7	Dissociation between opioid and CRF1 antagonist sensitive drinking in Sardinian alcohol-preferring rats. Psychopharmacology, 2006, 189, 175-186.	3.1	101
8	Consummatory, anxiety-related and metabolic adaptations in female rats with alternating access to preferred food. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2009, 34, 38-49.	2.7	92
9	Pathological Overeating: Emerging Evidence for a Compulsivity Construct. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2017, 42, 1375-1389.	5.4	92
10	Opioid system in the medial prefrontal cortex mediates bingeâ€like eating. Addiction Biology, 2014, 19, 652-662.	2.6	77
11	Antagonism of Sigma-1 Receptors Blocks Compulsive-Like Eating. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2012, 37, 2593-2604.	5.4	72
12	CRFâ€“CRF1 Receptor System in the Central and Basolateral Nuclei of the Amygdala Differentially Mediates Excessive Eating of Palatable Food. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2013, 38, 2456-2466.	5.4	71
13	Intermittent access to preferred food reduces the reinforcing efficacy of chow in rats. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2008, 295, R1066-R1076.	1.8	70
14	The Ïƒ-Receptor Antagonist BD-1063 Decreases Ethanol Intake and Reinforcement in Animal Models of Excessive Drinking. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 1482-1493.	5.4	69
15	Withdrawal from chronic, intermittent access to a highly palatable food induces depressive-like behavior in compulsive eating rats. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2012, 23, 593-602.	1.7	69
16	Galanin type 1 receptor knockout mice show altered responses to high-fat diet and glucose challenge. Physiology and Behavior, 2007, 91, 479-485.	2.1	68
17	CRF Mediates the Anxiogenic and Anti-Rewarding, But Not the Anorectic Effects of PACAP. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2013, 38, 2160-2169.	5.4	68
18	The Trace Amine-Associated Receptor 1 Agonist RO5256390 Blocks Compulsive, Binge-like Eating in Rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2017, 42, 1458-1470.	5.4	63

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19	Social defeat stress activates medial amygdala cells that express type 2 corticotropin-releasing factor receptor mRNA. Neuroscience, 2009, 162, 5-13.	2.3	61
20	Effects of CB1 and CRF1 receptor antagonists on binge-like eating in rats with limited access to a sweet fat diet: Lack of withdrawal-like responses. Physiology and Behavior, 2012, 107, 231-242.	2.1	60
21	Rimonabant Precipitates Anxiety in Rats Withdrawn from Palatable Food: Role of the Central Amygdala. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2013, 38, 2498-2507.	5.4	54
22	Activation of Ïƒ-Receptors Induces Binge-like Drinking in Sardinian Alcohol-Preferring Rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2011, 36, 1207-1218.	5.4	53
23	mTOR activation is required for the anti-alcohol effect of ketamine, but not memantine, in alcohol-preferring rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2013, 247, 9-16.	2.2	51
24	Nicotine dependence produces hyperalgesia: Role of corticotropin-releasing factor-1 receptors (CRF1Rs) in the central amygdala (CeA). Neuropharmacology, 2014, 77, 217-223.	4.1	51
25	The Uncompetitive N-methyl-D-Aspartate Antagonist Memantine Reduces Binge-Like Eating, Food-Seeking Behavior, and Compulsive Eating: Role of the Nucleus Accumbens Shell. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 40, 1163-1171.	5.4	47
26	Pharmacological Characterization of the 20% Alcohol Intermittent Access Model in <scp>S</scp>ardinian Alcoholâ€Preferring Rats: A Model of Bingeâ€Like Drinking. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2013, 37, 635-643.	2.4	45
27	Feeding microstructure in dietâ€induced obesity susceptible versus resistant rats: central effects of urocortin 2. Journal of Physiology, 2007, 583, 487-504.	2.9	44
28	Long-term effects on cortical glutamate release induced by prenatal exposure to the cannabinoid receptor agonist (r)-(+)-[2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-3-(4-morpholinyl-methyl)pyrrolo[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-1-naphthalenylmethanone: an in vivo microdialysis study in the awake rat. Neuroscience, 2004, 124, 367-375.	2.3	43
29	The uncompetitive NMDA receptor antagonists ketamine and memantine preferentially increase the choice for a small, immediate reward in low-impulsive rats. Psychopharmacology, 2013, 226, 127-138.	3.1	42
30	The inverse agonist of <scp><scp>CB₁</scp></scp> receptor <scp>SR</scp>141716 blocks compulsive eating of palatable food. Addiction Biology, 2014, 19, 849-861.	2.6	42
31	Neuroscience of Compulsive Eating Behavior. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2017, 11, 469.	2.8	41
32	Selective reduction of alcohol drinking in Sardinian alcohol-preferring rats by a sigma-1 receptor antagonist. Psychopharmacology, 2009, 205, 327-335.	3.1	38
33	Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP) in the central nucleus of the amygdala induces anxiety via melanocortin receptors. Psychopharmacology, 2016, 233, 3269-3277.	3.1	37
34	Systemic urocortin 2, but not urocortin 1 or stressin1-A, suppresses feeding via CRF2 receptors without malaise and stress. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2011, 164, 1959-1975.	5.4	35
35	Seeking behavior, place conditioning, and resistance to conditioned suppression of feeding in rats intermittently exposed to palatable food.. Behavioral Neuroscience, 2015, 129, 219-224.	1.2	35
36	Small molecule modulators of Ïƒ2R/Tmem97 reduce alcohol withdrawal-induced behaviors. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2018, 43, 1867-1875.	5.4	35

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37	Pituitary Adenylate Cyclase-Activating Peptide in the Central Amygdala Causes Anorexia and Body Weight Loss via the Melanocortin and the TrkB Systems. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2015, 40, 1846-1855.	5.4	32
38	Increased Perioculomotor Urocortin 1 Immunoreactivity in Genetically Selected Alcohol Preferring Rats. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2009, 33, 1956-1965.	2.4	29
39	Sigma-1 receptor mediates acquisition of alcohol drinking and seeking behavior in alcohol-preferring rats. Behavioural Brain Research, 2015, 287, 315-322.	2.2	29
40	The Sigma-2 receptor / transmembrane protein 97 (Ïƒ2R/TMEM97) modulator JVW-1034 reduces heavy alcohol drinking and associated pain states in male mice. Neuropharmacology, 2021, 184, 108409.	4.1	27
41	FG 7142 Specifically Reduces Meal Size and the Rate and Regularity of Sustained Feeding in Female Rats: Evidence that Benzodiazepine Inverse Agonists Reduce Food Palatability. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2007, 32, 1069-1081.	5.4	26
42	14-methoxymetopon, a highly potent Î¼ opioid agonist, biphasically affects ethanol intake in Sardinian alcohol-preferring rats. Psychopharmacology, 2007, 192, 537-546.	3.1	26
43	PACAP regulation of central amygdala GABAergic synapses is altered by restraint stress. Neuropharmacology, 2020, 168, 107752.	4.1	26
44	Genome-wide gene expression analysis identifies K-ras as a regulator of alcohol intake. Brain Research, 2010, 1339, 1-10.	2.2	25
45	Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide induces a depressive-like phenotype in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 3821-3831.	3.1	25
46	Diet-induced obesity and diet-resistant rats: differences in the rewarding and anorectic effects of d-amphetamine. Psychopharmacology, 2015, 232, 3215-3226.	3.1	24
47	Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP) modulates dependence-induced alcohol drinking and anxiety-like behavior in male rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2021, 46, 509-518.	5.4	23
48	A modified adjusting delay task to assess impulsive choice between isocaloric reinforcers in non-deprived male rats: effects of 5-HT2A/C and 5-HT1A receptor agonists. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 219, 377-386.	3.1	22
49	Characterization of a shortened model of diet alternation in female rats. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2014, 25, 609-617.	1.7	22
50	Neuropharmacology of compulsive eating. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2018, 373, 20170024.	4.0	20
51	Trace Amine Associated Receptor 1 (TAAR1) Modulation of Food Reward. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2018, 9, 129.	3.5	19
52	Role of Sigma Receptors in Alcohol Addiction. Frontiers in Pharmacology, 2019, 10, 687.	3.5	19
53	Role of the PACAP system of the extended amygdala in the acoustic startle response in rats. Neuropharmacology, 2019, 160, 107761.	4.1	19
54	Functional characterization of Î±1 -adrenoceptor subtypes in vascular tissues using different experimental approaches:a comparative study. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2003, 138, 359-368.	5.4	18

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55	Reward sensitivity deficits in a rat model of compulsive eating behavior. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2020, 45, 589-596.	5.4	17
56	Sigma Receptors and Substance Use Disorders. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 2017, 964, 177-199.	1.6	15
57	Effect of different standard rodent diets on ethanol intake and associated allodynia in male mice. Alcohol, 2020, 87, 17-23.	1.7	15
58	A behavioral and pharmacological characterization of palatable diet alternation in mice. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2017, 163, 1-8.	2.9	14
59	Centrally administered urocortin 2 decreases gorging on high-fat diet in both diet-induced obesity-prone and -resistant rats. International Journal of Obesity, 2013, 37, 1515-1523.	3.4	13
60	Ethanol-related behaviors in mice lacking the sigma-1 receptor. Behavioural Brain Research, 2016, 297, 196-203.	2.2	13
61	Evaluation of Alcohol Preference and Drinking in msP Rats Bearing a Crhr1 Promoter Polymorphism. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2018, 9, 28.	2.6	10
62	Antagonism of Sigmaâ€1 receptor blocks heavy alcohol drinking and associated hyperalgesia in male mice. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2021, 45, 1398-1407.	2.4	10
63	The Alpha-1 Adrenergic Receptor Antagonist Prazosin Reduces Binge-Like Eating in Rats. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 1569.	4.1	8
64	Sigma Receptors and Alcohol Use Disorders. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology, 2016, 244, 219-236.	1.8	7
65	Withdrawal from Extended, Intermittent Access to A Highly Palatable Diet Impairs Hippocampal Memory Function and Neurogenesis: Effects of Memantine. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 1520.	4.1	6
66	Impulsive choice does not predict binge-like eating in rats. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2018, 29, 726-731.	1.7	5
67	Sigma receptor-induced heavy drinking in rats: Modulation by the opioid receptor system. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2020, 192, 172914.	2.9	5
68	Viral-Mediated Knockdown of Nucleus Accumbens Shell PAC1 Receptor Promotes Excessive Alcohol Drinking in Alcohol-Preferring Rats. Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience, 2021, 15, 787362.	2.0	5
69	Dissecting compulsive eating behavior into three elements. , 2019, , 41-81.		4
70	Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide type 1 receptor within the nucleus accumbens core mediates excessive alcohol drinking in alcohol-preferring rats. Neuropharmacology, 2022, 212, 109063.	4.1	3
71	Modeling and testing compulsive eating behaviors in animals. , 2019, , 359-388.		2
72	Consummatory, Feeding Microstructural, and Metabolic Effects Induced by Limiting Access to Either a High-Sucrose or a High-Fat Diet. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 1610.	4.1	2

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73	Habitual overeating. , 2019, , 83-95.		1
74	Pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating polypeptide (PACAP) modulates dependence-induced alcohol drinking and anxiety-like behavior in male rats. , 0, .		1
75	High Trait Impulsivity Predicts Food Addictionâ€Like Behavior in the Rat. FASEB Journal, 2015, 29, 769.5.	0.5	0
76	Opposing roles of Sigmaâ€1 and Sigmaâ€2 receptors in heavy alcohol drinking and associated mechanical allodynia in mice. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 499.8.	0.5	0
77	Reward deficits in an animal model of compulsive eating. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 805.3.	0.5	0