

Pablo Garcia-Palacios

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

61
papers

7,165
citations

109321

35
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123424

61
g-index

67
all docs

67
docs citations

67
times ranked

9897
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | Temperature Increases Soil Respiration Across Ecosystem Types and Soil Development, But Soil Properties Determine the Magnitude of This Effect. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2022, 25, 184-198. | 3.4 | 17 |
| 2 | Diversity of archaea and niche preferences among putative ammonia-oxidizing Nitrososphaeria dominating across European arable soils. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2022, 24, 341-356. | 3.8 | 15 |
| 3 | Climate change legacies contrastingly affect the resistance and resilience of soil microbial communities and multifunctionality to extreme drought. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2022, 36, 908-920. | 3.6 | 19 |
| 4 | Stimulation of ammonia oxidizer and denitrifier abundances by nitrogen loading: Poor predictability for increased soil N ₂ O emission. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2022, 28, 2158-2168. | 9.5 | 54 |
| 5 | Phylotype diversity within soil fungal functional groups drives ecosystem stability. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 900-909. | 7.8 | 75 |
| 6 | Emerging relationships among soil microbes, carbon dynamics and climate change. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2022, 36, 1332-1337. | 3.6 | 25 |
| 7 | Agricultural management and pesticide use reduce the functioning of beneficial plant symbionts. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 6, 1145-1154. | 7.8 | 54 |
| 8 | Plant Litter Decomposition in Terrestrial Ecosystems Compared to Streams. , 2021, , 101-126. | | 2 |
| 9 | Functional rarity and evenness are key facets of biodiversity to boost multifunctionality. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, . | 7.1 | 46 |
| 10 | Evidence for large microbial-mediated losses of soil carbon under anthropogenic warming. <i>Nature Reviews Earth & Environment</i> , 2021, 2, 507-517. | 29.7 | 85 |
| 11 | Crop cover is more important than rotational diversity for soil multifunctionality and cereal yields in European cropping systems. <i>Nature Food</i> , 2021, 2, 28-37. | 14.0 | 120 |
| 12 | TRY plant trait database “ enhanced coverage and open access. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 119-188. | 9.5 | 1,038 |
| 13 | Surface indicators are correlated with soil multifunctionality in global drylands. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2020, 57, 424-435. | 4.0 | 35 |
| 14 | Crops and their wild progenitors recruit beneficial and detrimental soil biota in opposing ways. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2020, 456, 159-173. | 3.7 | 13 |
| 15 | Contrasting mechanisms underlie short- and longer-term soil respiration responses to experimental warming in a dryland ecosystem. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 5254-5266. | 9.5 | 34 |
| 16 | Compensatory Thermal Adaptation of Soil Microbial Respiration Rates in Global Croplands. <i>Global Biogeochemical Cycles</i> , 2020, 34, e2019GB006507. | 4.9 | 13 |
| 17 | Increasing microbial carbon use efficiency with warming predicts soil heterotrophic respiration globally. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2019, 25, 3354-3364. | 9.5 | 55 |
| 18 | Ecological intensification of agriculture in drylands. <i>Journal of Arid Environments</i> , 2019, 167, 101-105. | 2.4 | 21 |

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|----|--|------|-----------|
| 19 | Plant and soil microfaunal biodiversity across the borders between arable and forest ecosystems in a Mediterranean landscape. <i>Applied Soil Ecology</i> , 2019, 136, 122-138. | 4.3 | 22 |
| 20 | Soil microbial respiration adapts to ambient temperature in global drylands. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 232-238. | 7.8 | 89 |
| 21 | Crop traits drive soil carbon sequestration under organic farming. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 55, 2496-2505. | 4.0 | 30 |
| 22 | Land management impacts on the feeding preferences of the woodlouse <i>Porcellio dilatatus</i> (Isopoda): Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 T | 4.8 | 20 |
| 23 | Assessing the temporal dynamics of aquatic and terrestrial litter decomposition in an alpine forest. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2018, 32, 2464-2475. | 3.6 | 44 |
| 24 | Climate mediates the biodiversity-ecosystem stability relationship globally. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2018, 115, 8400-8405. | 7.1 | 229 |
| 25 | Pathways regulating decreased soil respiration with warming in a biocrust-dominated dryland. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 4645-4656. | 9.5 | 35 |
| 26 | Differential responses of carbon-degrading enzyme activities to warming: Implications for soil respiration. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 4816-4826. | 9.5 | 131 |
| 27 | Looking at past domestication to secure ecosystem services of future croplands. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 885-889. | 4.0 | 27 |
| 28 | Asymmetric responses of primary productivity to precipitation extremes: A synthesis of grassland precipitation manipulation experiments. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 4376-4385. | 9.5 | 231 |
| 29 | Contrasting mass:ratio vs. niche complementarity effects on litter C and N loss during decomposition along a regional climatic gradient. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2017, 105, 968-978. | 4.0 | 55 |
| 30 | Is manure an alternative to topsoil in road embankment restoration?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0174622. | 2.5 | 2 |
| 31 | Biogeographic bases for a shift in crop C:N:P stoichiometries during domestication. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2016, 19, 564-575. | 6.4 | 42 |
| 32 | Temporal dynamics of biotic and abiotic drivers of litter decomposition. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2016, 19, 554-563. | 6.4 | 211 |
| 33 | Human impacts and aridity differentially alter soil N availability in drylands worldwide. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2016, 25, 36-45. | 5.8 | 33 |
| 34 | Structure and Functioning of Dryland Ecosystems in a Changing World. <i>Annual Review of Ecology, Evolution, and Systematics</i> , 2016, 47, 215-237. | 8.3 | 330 |
| 35 | Dual mechanisms regulate ecosystem stability under decade-long warming and hay harvest. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 11973. | 12.8 | 66 |
| 36 | Disentangling the Litter Quality and Soil Microbial Contribution to Leaf and Fine Root Litter Decomposition Responses to Reduced Rainfall. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2016, 19, 490-503. | 3.4 | 47 |

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|----|---|------|-----------|
| 37 | The importance of litter traits and decomposers for litter decomposition: a comparison of aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems within and across biomes. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2016, 30, 819-829. | 3.6 | 190 |
| 38 | Soil characteristics determine soil carbon and nitrogen availability during leaf litter decomposition regardless of litter quality. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 81, 134-142. | 8.8 | 83 |
| 39 | Are there links between responses of soil microbes and ecosystem functioning to elevated CO_2 , N deposition and warming? A global perspective. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 1590-1600. | 9.5 | 140 |
| 40 | Aspects of soil lichen biodiversity and aggregation interact to influence subsurface microbial function. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2015, 386, 303-316. | 3.7 | 22 |
| 41 | Functional traits determine plant co-occurrence more than environment or evolutionary relatedness in global drylands. <i>Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics</i> , 2014, 16, 164-173. | 2.7 | 73 |
| 42 | Earthworms modify plant biomass and nitrogen capture under conditions of soil nutrient heterogeneity and elevated atmospheric CO_2 concentrations. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2014, 78, 182-188. | 8.8 | 13 |
| 43 | Community-aggregated plant traits interact with soil nutrient heterogeneity to determine ecosystem functioning. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2013, 364, 119-129. | 3.7 | 27 |
| 44 | Decoupling of soil nutrient cycles as a function of aridity in global drylands. <i>Nature</i> , 2013, 502, 672-676. | 27.8 | 733 |
| 45 | Application of a high-throughput laboratory method to assess litter decomposition rates in multiple-species experiments. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2013, 57, 929-932. | 8.8 | 8 |
| 46 | Changes in rainfall amount and frequency do not affect the outcome of the interaction between the shrub <i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i> and its neighbouring grasses in two semiarid communities. <i>Journal of Arid Environments</i> , 2013, 91, 104-112. | 2.4 | 14 |
| 47 | Side-effects of plant domestication: ecosystem impacts of changes in litter quality. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2013, 198, 504-513. | 7.3 | 60 |
| 48 | Climate and litter quality differently modulate the effects of soil fauna on litter decomposition across biomes. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 1045-1053. | 6.4 | 452 |
| 49 | Corrigendum to Garcia-Palacios <i>et al.</i> (). <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2013, 16, 1418-1418. | 6.4 | 5 |
| 50 | Aridity Modulates N Availability in Arid and Semiarid Mediterranean Grasslands. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e59807. | 2.5 | 42 |
| 51 | Plant Species Richness and Ecosystem Multifunctionality in Global Drylands. <i>Science</i> , 2012, 335, 214-218. | 12.6 | 1,043 |
| 52 | Plant responses to soil heterogeneity and global environmental change. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2012, 100, 1303-1314. | 4.0 | 101 |
| 53 | Impact of simulated changes in rainfall regime and nutrient deposition on the relative dominance and isotopic composition of ruderal plants in anthropogenic grasslands. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2012, 352, 303-319. | 3.7 | 9 |
| 54 | Soil nutrient heterogeneity modulates ecosystem responses to changes in the identity and richness of plant functional groups. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2011, 99, 551-562. | 4.0 | 58 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 55 | Temporal dynamics of herbivory and water availability interactively modulate the outcome of a grass-shrub interaction in a semi-arid ecosystem. <i>Oikos</i> , 2011, 120, 710-719. | 2.7 | 52 |
| 56 | Early-successional vegetation changes after roadside prairie restoration modify processes related with soil functioning by changing microbial functional diversity. <i>Soil Biology and Biochemistry</i> , 2011, 43, 1245-1253. | 8.8 | 33 |
| 57 | Biological Soil Crust Microsites Are the Main Contributor to Soil Respiration in a Semiarid Ecosystem. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2011, 14, 835-847. | 3.4 | 140 |
| 58 | Ecosystem development in roadside grasslands: biotic control, plant-soil interactions, and dispersal limitations. , 2011, 21, 2806-2821. | | 26 |
| 59 | Dominant plant species modulate responses to hydroseeding, irrigation and fertilization during the restoration of semiarid motorway slopes. <i>Ecological Engineering</i> , 2010, 36, 1290-1298. | 3.6 | 63 |
| 60 | Do biotic interactions modulate ecosystem functioning along stress gradients? Insights from semi-arid plant and biological soil crust communities. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2010, 365, 2057-2070. | 4.0 | 122 |
| 61 | Shrub encroachment can reverse desertification in semi-arid Mediterranean grasslands. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2009, 12, 930-941. | 6.4 | 285 |