Yikyung Park, ScD

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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213 papers 21,271 citations

9786 73 h-index 139 g-index

213 all docs

213 docs citations

213 times ranked

31313 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Body-Mass Index and Mortality among 1.46 Million White Adults. New England Journal of Medicine, 2010, 363, 2211-2219.	27.0	1,926
2	Genome-wide association study reveals genetic risk underlying Parkinson's disease. Nature Genetics, 2009, 41, 1308-1312.	21.4	1,745
3	Association of Leisure-Time Physical Activity With Risk of 26 Types of Cancer in 1.44 Million Adults. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 816.	5.1	1,000
4	Type I and II Endometrial Cancers: Have They Different Risk Factors?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 2607-2618.	1.6	613
5	Amount of time spent in sedentary behaviors and cause-specific mortality in US adults. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 437-445.	4.7	542
6	Association of Coffee Drinking with Total and Cause-Specific Mortality. New England Journal of Medicine, 2012, 366, 1891-1904.	27.0	492
7	Leisure Time Physical Activity of Moderate to Vigorous Intensity and Mortality: A Large Pooled Cohort Analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2012, 9, e1001335.	8.4	491
8	Higher Diet Quality Is Associated with Decreased Risk of All-Cause, Cardiovascular Disease, and Cancer Mortality among Older Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 881-889.	2.9	478
9	Dietary Fiber Intake and Risk of Colorectal Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2005, 294, 2849.	7.4	387
10	A Large Prospective Study of Meat Consumption and Colorectal Cancer Risk: An Investigation of Potential Mechanisms Underlying this Association. Cancer Research, 2010, 70, 2406-2414.	0.9	352
11	Physical Activity Recommendations and Decreased Risk of Mortality. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2007, 167, 2453.	3.8	331
12	Trends in Sedentary Behavior Among the US Population, 2001-2016. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 321, 1587.	7.4	327
13	A Pooled Analysis of Waist Circumference and Mortality in 650,000 Adults. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2014, 89, 335-345.	3.0	307
14	Association between Class III Obesity (BMI of 40–59 kg/m2) and Mortality: A Pooled Analysis of 20 Prospective Studies. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001673.	8.4	299
15	Dietary Fiber Intake and Mortality in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2011, 171, 1061-8.	3.8	287
16	PM2.5 air pollution and cause-specific cardiovascular disease mortality. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 25-35.	1.9	284
17	Comparison of self-reported dietary intakes from the Automated Self-Administered 24-h recall, 4-d food records, and food-frequency questionnaires against recovery biomarkers. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 107, 80-93.	4.7	233
18	Obesity and Thyroid Cancer Risk among U.S. Men and Women: A Pooled Analysis of Five Prospective Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2011, 20, 464-472.	2.5	228

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19	Diabetes and Risk of Parkinson's Disease. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 910-915.	8.6	222
20	Dietary and Supplemental Calcium Intake and Cardiovascular Disease Mortality. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2013, 173, 639.	5.1	218
21	Genome-Wide Gene-Environment Study Identifies Glutamate Receptor Gene GRIN2A as a Parkinson's Disease Modifier Gene via Interaction with Coffee. PLoS Genetics, 2011, 7, e1002237.	3.5	206
22	Physical activity, sedentary behavior, and the risk of colon and rectal cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2008, 19, 939-953.	1.8	193
23	Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drug Use, Chronic Liver Disease, and Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2012, 104, 1808-1814.	6.3	193
24	Socioeconomic status and the risk of colorectal cancer. Cancer, 2012, 118, 3636-3644.	4.1	186
25	Fruit and vegetable intake and head and neck cancer risk in a large United States prospective cohort study. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 122, 2330-2336.	5.1	177
26	Dairy Food, Calcium, and Risk of Cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2009, 169, 391.	3.8	175
27	Ambient Particulate Matter Air Pollution Exposure and Mortality in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Cohort. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2016, 124, 484-490.	6.0	166
28	Fruit and Vegetable Intake and Risk of Breast Cancer by Hormone Receptor Status. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2013, 105, 219-236.	6.3	164
29	Fruit and vegetable intake and esophageal cancer in a large prospective cohort study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 2753-2760.	5.1	147
30	Mortality Benefits for Replacing Sitting Time with Different Physical Activities. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2015, 47, 1833-1840.	0.4	145
31	Risk Prediction for Breast, Endometrial, and Ovarian Cancer in White Women Aged 50 y or Older: Derivation and Validation from Population-Based Cohort Studies. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001492.	8.4	142
32	Caffeine Intake, Smoking, and Risk of Parkinson Disease in Men and Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 1200-1207.	3.4	139
33	Premorbid body mass index and risk of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis. Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis and Frontotemporal Degeneration, 2013, 14, 205-211.	1.7	138
34	Meat and Meat-related Compounds and Risk of Prostate Cancer in a Large Prospective Cohort Study in the United States. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 1165-1177.	3.4	135
35	Prospective Evaluation of Risk Factors for Male Breast Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2008, 100, 1477-1481.	6.3	130
36	Association of Meat and Fat Intake With Liver Disease and Hepatocellular Carcinoma in the NIH-AARP Cohort. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2010, 102, 1354-1365.	6.3	128

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37	Validation of a Colorectal Cancer Risk Prediction Model Among White Patients Age 50 Years and Older. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2009, 27, 694-698.	1.6	120
38	Fruit and vegetable intake and risk of cancer: a prospective cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 89, 347-353.	4.7	115
39	Prospective Investigation of Poultry and Fish Intake in Relation to Cancer Risk. Cancer Prevention Research, 2011, 4, 1903-1911.	1.5	114
40	Dietary fiber intake and risk of breast cancer in postmenopausal women: the National Institutes of Health–AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 644-651.	4.7	112
41	Observational Epidemiologic Studies of Nutrition and Cancer: The Next Generation (with Better) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784	1314 rgBT 2.5	/Overlock 1
42	Body mass index, effect modifiers, and risk of pancreatic cancer: a pooled study of seven prospective cohorts. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 1305-1314.	1.8	112
43	Dietary nitrate and nitrite and the risk of thyroid cancer in the NIHâ€AARP Diet and Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2011, 129, 160-172.	5.1	109
44	Prospective Study of Dietary Fiber, Whole Grain Foods, and Small Intestinal Cancer. Gastroenterology, 2008, 135, 1163-1167.	1.3	108
45	Cigarette smoking, alcohol intake, and thyroid cancer risk: a pooled analysis of five prospective studies in the United States. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 1615-1624.	1.8	107
46	Dietary ω-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Intake and Risk for Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis. JAMA Neurology, 2014, 71, 1102.	9.0	107
47	Sweetened Beverages, Coffee, and Tea and Depression Risk among Older US Adults. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e94715.	2.5	105
48	Body Mass Index, Physical Activity, and Bladder Cancer in a Large Prospective Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 1214-1221.	2.5	102
49	Body Mass Index and Risk of Lung Cancer Among Never, Former, and Current Smokers. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2012, 104, 778-789.	6.3	102
50	Alcohol consumption and breast cancer risk by estrogen receptor status: in a pooled analysis of 20 studies. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 916-928.	1.9	101
51	Waist Circumference as Compared with Body-Mass Index in Predicting Mortality from Specific Causes. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e18582.	2.5	100
52	Pre- and Postdiagnosis Physical Activity, Television Viewing, and Mortality Among Patients With Colorectal Cancer in the National Institutes of Health–AARP Diet and Health Study. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 33, 180-188.	1.6	98
53	Index-based Dietary Patterns and the Risk of Prostate Cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 504-513.	3.4	97
54	Comparison of 4 established DASH diet indexes: examining associations of index scores and colorectal cancer. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 98, 794-803.	4.7	96

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55	Dietary Glycemic Index, Glycemic Load, and Risk of Cancer: A Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 169, 462-472.	3.4	95
56	Adherence to a Healthy Diet According to the World Health Organization Guidelines and All-Cause Mortality in Elderly Adults From Europe and the United States. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 180, 978-988.	3.4	95
57	Prediagnosis Body Mass Index, Physical Activity, and Mortality in Endometrial Cancer Patients. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2013, 105, 342-349.	6.3	94
58	Neighborhood Socioeconomic Deprivation and Mortality: NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e15538.	2.5	94
59	Ovarian cancer risk factors by histologic subtypes in the NIHâ€AARP diet and health study. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 131, 938-948.	5.1	93
60	Prospective study of ultraviolet radiation exposure and risk of cancer in the United States. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 131, E1015-23.	5.1	93
61	Daytime Napping, Nighttime Sleeping, and Parkinson Disease. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 173, 1032-1038.	3.4	92
62	Carotenoid intakes and risk of breast cancer defined by estrogen receptor and progesterone receptor status: a pooled analysis of 18 prospective cohort studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 713-725.	4.7	92
63	Dietary Fat, Fatty Acids, and Risk of Prostate Cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 697-707.	2.5	91
64	Body size and multiple myeloma mortality: a pooled analysis of 20 prospective studies. British Journal of Haematology, 2014, 166, 667-676.	2.5	90
65	Alcohol and Risk of Breast Cancer by Histologic Type and Hormone Receptor Status in Postmenopausal Women: The NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 308-317.	3.4	89
66	Caffeinated and decaffeinated coffee and tea intakes and risk of colorectal cancer in a large prospective study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 96, 374-381.	4.7	89
67	Calcium, Dairy Foods, and Risk of Incident and Fatal Prostate Cancer: The NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 166, 1270-1279.	3.4	88
68	Endometrial Cancer Risk Factors by 2 Main Histologic Subtypes. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 142-151.	3.4	84
69	Sugars and risk of mortality in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 99, 1077-1088.	4.7	82
70	Physical activity and cancer-specific mortality in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study cohort. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 135, 423-431.	5.1	81
71	Prospective study of body mass index, physical activity and thyroid cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 126, 2947-2956.	5.1	80
72	Index-based dietary patterns and risk of incident hepatocellular carcinoma and mortality from chronic liver disease in a prospective study. Hepatology, 2014, 60, 588-597.	7.3	79

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73	Prediagnostic lifestyle factors and survival after colon and rectal cancer diagnosis in the National Institutes of Health (NIH)â€AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer, 2014, 120, 1540-1547.	4.1	79
74	The Plausibility of Obesity Paradox in Cancerâ€"Point. Cancer Research, 2018, 78, 1898-1903.	0.9	79
75	Overall and Central Obesity and Risk of Lung Cancer: A Pooled Analysis. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2018, 110, 831-842.	6.3	78
76	Depression and the subsequent risk of Parkinson's disease in the NIHâ€AARP Diet and Health Study. Movement Disorders, 2010, 25, 1157-1162.	3.9	77
77	Dietary Components Related to $\langle i \rangle N \langle i \rangle$ -Nitroso Compound Formation: A Prospective Study of Adult Glioma. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1709-1722.	2.5	77
78	Intakes of vitamins A, C, and E and use of multiple vitamin supplements and risk of colon cancer: a pooled analysis of prospective cohort studies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 1745-1757.	1.8	75
79	Reproductive History and Risk of Colorectal Cancer in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2011, 103, 826-834.	6.3	75
80	Healthy lifestyle behaviors and decreased risk of mortality in a large prospective study of U.S. women and men. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 28, 361-372.	5.7	75
81	Index-based Dietary Patterns and Risk of Esophageal and Gastric Cancer in a Large Cohort Study. Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2013, 11, 1130-1136.e2.	4.4	73
82	Intakes of vitamin C and carotenoids and risk of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: Pooled results from 5 cohort studies. Annals of Neurology, 2013, 73, 236-245.	5.3	73
83	Geographic Variation in Colorectal Cancer Survival and the Role of Small-Area Socioeconomic Deprivation: A Multilevel Survival Analysis of the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study Cohort. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 174, 828-838.	3.4	72
84	Fruit and Vegetable Intakes and Risk of Colorectal Cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 166, 170-180.	3.4	70
85	Intakes of Fruit, Vegetables, and Specific Botanical Groups in Relation to Lung Cancer Risk in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 168, 1024-1034.	3.4	70
86	Adolescent and mid-life diet: risk of colorectal cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 1607-1619.	4.7	70
87	Obesity, Lifestyle Factors, and Risk of Myelodysplastic Syndromes in a Large US Cohort. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 169, 1492-1499.	3.4	68
88	Cigarette Smoking and Prostate Cancer in a Prospective US Cohort Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 2427-2435.	2.5	67
89	Alcohol Consumption, Folate Intake, Hepatocellular Carcinoma, and Liver Disease Mortality. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 415-421.	2.5	67
90	Association of Dietary Fiber and Yogurt Consumption With Lung Cancer Risk. JAMA Oncology, 2020, 6, e194107.	7.1	67

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91	Health Status, Neighborhood Socioeconomic Context, and Premature Mortality in the United States: The National Institutes of Health–AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Public Health, 2012, 102, 680-688.	2.7	66
92	Prospective Study of Physical Activity and Lung Cancer by Histologic Type in Current, Former, and Never Smokers. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 169, 542-553.	3.4	64
93	Reproductive and Hormonal Factors and Lung Cancer Risk in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2011, 20, 900-911.	2.5	64
94	Reproductive factors and exogenous hormone use and risk of adult glioma in women in the NIHâ€AARP Diet and Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2011, 128, 944-950.	5.1	63
95	A Comparison of the Polytomous Logistic Regression and Joint Cox Proportional Hazards Models for Evaluating Multiple Disease Subtypes in Prospective Cohort Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 275-285.	2.5	61
96	Physical activity, diabetes, and thyroid cancer risk: a pooled analysis of five prospective studies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 463-471.	1.8	59
97	Is estrogen plus progestin menopausal hormone therapy safe with respect to endometrial cancer risk?. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 132, 417-426.	5.1	59
98	Associations between unprocessed red and processed meat, poultry, seafood and egg intake and the risk of prostate cancer: A pooled analysis of 15 prospective cohort studies. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 2368-2382.	5.1	59
99	Fatherhood and the risk of cardiovascular mortality in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Human Reproduction, 2011, 26, 3479-3485.	0.9	58
100	Mineral Intake and Lung Cancer Risk in the NIH-American Association of Retired Persons Diet and Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1976-1983.	2.5	57
101	Physical Activity and Esophageal and Gastric Carcinoma in a Large Prospective Study. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2009, 36, 112-119.	3.0	56
102	Body Mass Index and Risk of Second Obesity-Associated Cancers After Colorectal Cancer: A Pooled Analysis of Prospective Cohort Studies. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2014, 32, 4004-4011.	1.6	56
103	Body fat distribution, weight change during adulthood, and thyroid cancer risk in the NIHâ€AARP Diet and Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 130, 1411-1419.	5.1	55
104	Diet, Lifestyle, and Acute Myeloid Leukemia in the NIH-AARP Cohort. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 171, 312-322.	3.4	54
105	The Association Between Self-Reported Diabetes and Cancer Incidence in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2013, 98, E497-E502.	3.6	52
106	Reproductive factors and menopausal hormone therapy and bladder cancer risk in the NIHâ€AARP Diet and Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 133, 462-472.	5.1	52
107	The Consortium on Health and Ageing: Network of Cohorts in Europe and the United States (CHANCES) project—design, population and data harmonization of a large-scale, international study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 29, 929-936.	5.7	52
108	Dietary Fat Intake and Lung Cancer Risk: A Pooled Analysis. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 35, 3055-3064.	1.6	52

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109	Physical Activity during Adulthood and Adolescence in Relation to Renal Cell Cancer. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 168, 149-157.	3.4	51
110	Large prospective investigation of meat intake, related mutagens, and risk of renal cell carcinoma. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2012, 95, 155-162.	4.7	49
111	Female reproductive factors, menopausal hormone use, and Parkinson's disease. Movement Disorders, 2014, 29, 889-896.	3.9	49
112	Index-based dietary patterns and risk of head and neck cancer in a large prospective study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 99, 559-566.	4.7	49
113	Meat intake and meat preparation in relation to risk of postmenopausal breast cancer in the NIHâ€AARP diet and health study. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 124, 2430-2435.	5.1	48
114	Body Mass Index and Physical Activity at Different Ages and Risk of Multiple Myeloma in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 776-786.	3.4	48
115	Patterns of Recommended Dietary Behaviors Predict Subsequent Risk of Mortality in a Large Cohort of Men and Women in the United States. Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 139, 1374-1380.	2.9	47
116	Coffee intake and breast cancer risk in the NIHâ€AARP diet and health study cohort. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 131, 452-460.	5.1	46
117	Multivitamins, Individual Vitamin and Mineral Supplements, and Risk of Diabetes Among Older U.S. Adults. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 108-114.	8.6	45
118	Alcohol Consumption, Types of Alcohol, and Parkinson's Disease. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e66452.	2.5	41
119	Physical Activity in Relation to Total, Advanced, and Fatal Prostate Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 2458-2466.	2.5	39
120	Lifestyle and Dietary Factors in Relation to Risk of Chronic Myeloid Leukemia in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 848-854.	2.5	39
121	Donor Age-Based Analysis of Liver Transplantation Outcomes: Short- and Long-Term Outcomes Are Similar Regardless of Donor Age. Journal of the American College of Surgeons, 2015, 221, 59-69.	0.5	39
122	Intakes of dietary iron and heme-iron and risk of postmenopausal breast cancer in the National Institutes of Health–AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 92, 1478-1483.	4.7	38
123	Intake of fiber and fiber-rich plant foods is associated with a lower risk of renal cell carcinoma in a large US cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 1036-1043.	4.7	38
124	Cigarette smoking and endometrial carcinoma risk: the role of effect modification and tumor heterogeneity. Cancer Causes and Control, 2014, 25, 479-489.	1.8	36
125	An Exploratory Study on CLU, CR1 and PICALM and Parkinson Disease. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e24211.	2.5	36
126	Effect of Changing Breast Cancer Incidence Rates on the Calibration of the Gail Model. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2010, 28, 2411-2417.	1.6	34

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127	Prospective Study of Ultraviolet Radiation Exposure and Mortality Risk in the United States. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 521-533.	3.4	34
128	Ageâ€specific physical activity and prostate cancer risk among white men and black men. Cancer, 2009, 115, 5060-5070.	4.1	33
129	Alcoholic Beverages and Prostate Cancer in a Prospective US Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 172, 773-780.	3.4	33
130	Apolipoprotein E genotypes and the risk of Parkinson disease. Neurobiology of Aging, 2011, 32, 2106.e1-2106.e6.	3.1	32
131	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug use and ovarian cancer risk: findings from the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study and systematic review. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 1839-1852.	1.8	32
132	Meat Intake Is Not Associated with Risk of Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma in a Large Prospective Cohort of U.S. Men and Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 142, 1074-1080.	2.9	32
133	An aggregated analysis of hormonal factors and endometrial cancer risk by parity. Cancer, 2013, 119, 1393-1401.	4.1	32
134	Dietary fat intake and risk for Parkinson's disease. Movement Disorders, 2014, 29, 1623-1630.	3.9	32
135	Anthropometry and head and neck cancer:a pooled analysis of cohort data. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 673-681.	1.9	32
136	Outdoor light at night and postmenopausal breast cancer risk in the <scp>NIHâ€AARP</scp> diet and health study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 147, 2363-2372.	5.1	31
137	Hormone-related Risk Factors and Postmenopausal Breast Cancer Among Nulliparous Versus Parous Women: An Aggregated Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 173, 509-517.	3.4	29
138	Dietary Flavonoid Intake and Thyroid Cancer Risk in the NIH–AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 1102-1108.	2.5	29
139	Dallas Steatosis Index Identifies Patients With Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease. Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2020, 18, 2073-2080.e7.	4.4	29
140	A large prospective study of risk factors for adenocarcinomas and malignant carcinoid tumors of the small intestine. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1737-1746.	1.8	28
141	Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drugs and Glioma in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study Cohort. Cancer Prevention Research, 2011, 4, 2027-2034.	1.5	27
142	Commonly used diabetes and cardiovascular medications and cancer recurrence and cancer-specific mortality: a review of the literature. Expert Opinion on Drug Safety, 2014, 13, 1071-1099.	2.4	27
143	Multivitamin-Mineral Use Is Associated with Reduced Risk of Cardiovascular Disease Mortality among Women in the United States. Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 145, 572-578.	2.9	27
144	A Pooled Analysis of 15 Prospective Cohort Studies on the Association between Fruit, Vegetable, and Mature Bean Consumption and Risk of Prostate Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 1276-1287.	2.5	27

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145	Performance and Feasibility of Recalls Completed Using the Automated Self-Administered 24-Hour Dietary Assessment Tool in Relation to Other Self-Report Tools and Biomarkers in the Interactive Diet and Activity Tracking in AARP (IDATA) Study. Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics, 2020, 120, 1805-1820.	0.8	27
146	Dietary fiber and grain consumption in relation to head and neck cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2011, 22, 1405-1414.	1.8	26
147	Fatherhood and incident prostate cancer in a prospective US cohort. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 40, 480-487.	1.9	26
148	A Pooled Analysis of Body Mass Index and Pancreatic Cancer Mortality in African Americans. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 2119-2125.	2.5	26
149	Reproductive Factors and Kidney Cancer Risk in 2 US Cohort Studies, 1993-2010. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 177, 1368-1377.	3.4	25
150	A Pooled Analysis of Body Mass Index and Mortality among African Americans. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e111980.	2.5	25
151	Body Mass Index and Risk of Death in Asian Americans. American Journal of Public Health, 2014, 104, 520-525.	2.7	25
152	Adjuvant chemotherapy and survival among patients 70 years of age and younger with node-negative breast cancer and the 21-gene recurrence score of 26–30. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 110.	5.0	25
153	Dietary advanced glycation end products and the risk of postmenopausal breast cancer in the National Institutes of Healthâ€AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer, 2020, 126, 2648-2657.	4.1	25
154	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis: Results from five prospective cohort studies. Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis and Other Motor Neuron Disorders, 2012, 13, 573-579.	2.1	23
155	Coffee consumption and the risk of overall and fatal prostate cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1527-1534.	1.8	23
156	A Prospective Study of Sedentary Behavior and Changes in the Body Mass Index Distribution. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2014, 46, 2244-2252.	0.4	22
157	Multiple Myeloma Mortality in Relation to Obesity Among African Americans. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2016, 108, djw120.	6.3	21
158	Physical activity and head and neck cancer risk. Cancer Causes and Control, 2008, 19, 1391-1399.	1.8	20
159	Diabetes and adiposity: a heavy load for cancer. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the, 2018, 6, 82-83.	11.4	20
160	Association Between Reductions of Number of Cigarettes Smoked per Day and Mortality Among Older Adults in the United States. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 363-371.	3.4	20
161	Breast cancer risk in older women: results from the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2014, 25, 843-857.	1.8	19
162	Intake of fruits and vegetables, and risk of endometrial cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2010, 34, 568-573.	1.9	18

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163	Unopposed estrogen and estrogen plus progestin menopausal hormone therapy and lung cancer risk in the NIH–AARP Diet and Health Study Cohort. Cancer Causes and Control, 2012, 23, 487-496.	1.8	17
164	Risk Factors for Specific Histopathological Types of Postmenopausal Breast Cancer in the NIH-AARP Diet and Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 359-371.	3.4	17
165	Tai Chi for Chronic Illness Management: Synthesizing Current Evidence from Meta-Analyses of Randomized Controlled Trials. American Journal of Medicine, 2021, 134, 194-205.e12.	1.5	16
166	Measurement Error Affecting Web- and Paper-Based Dietary Assessment Instruments: Insights From the Multi-Cohort Eating and Activity Study for Understanding Reporting Error. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 191, 1125-1139.	3.4	16
167	Alcohol and endometrial cancer risk in the NIHâ€AARP diet and health study. International Journal of Cancer, 2011, 128, 2953-2961.	5.1	14
168	Childhood diet and growth in boys in relation to timing of puberty and adult height: the Longitudinal Studies of Child Health and Development. Cancer Causes and Control, 2018, 29, 915-926.	1.8	14
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