

Kim N Green

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

56
papers

9,927
citations

87888

38
h-index

149698

56
g-index

67
all docs

67
docs citations

67
times ranked

13475
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Microglia-specific <i>ApoE</i> knock-out does not alter Alzheimer's disease plaque pathogenesis or gene expression. <i>Glia</i> , 2022, 70, 287-302.	4.9	20
2	Cortical diurnal rhythms remain intact with microglial depletion. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 114.	3.3	18
3	Commentary: How Do Microglia Regulate Neural Circuit Connectivity and Activity in the Adult Brain?. <i>Neuroscience Insights</i> , 2022, 17, 26331052110711.	1.6	1
4	<i>MAC2</i> is a long-lasting marker of peripheral cell infiltrates into the mouse CNS after bone marrow transplantation and coronavirus infection. <i>Glia</i> , 2022, 70, 875-891.	4.9	11
5	Microglia Do Not Restrict SARS-CoV-2 Replication following Infection of the Central Nervous System of K18-Human ACE2 Transgenic Mice. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2022, 96, jvi0196921.	3.4	18
6	Generation of a humanized <i>Aβ2</i> expressing mouse demonstrating aspects of Alzheimer's disease-like pathology. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2421.	12.8	53
7	Brain erythropoietin fine-tunes a counterbalance between neurodifferentiation and microglia in the adult hippocampus. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2021, 36, 109548.	6.4	10
8	Microglia as hackers of the matrix: sculpting synapses and the extracellular space. <i>Cellular and Molecular Immunology</i> , 2021, 18, 2472-2488.	10.5	61
9	Subventricular zone/white matter microglia reconstitute the empty adult microglial niche in a dynamic wave. <i>ELife</i> , 2021, 10, .	6.0	19
10	Microglial dyshomeostasis drives perineuronal net and synaptic loss in a <i>CSF1R</i> ^{+/Δ} mouse model of ALSP, which can be rescued via <i>CSF1R</i> inhibitors. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2021, 7, .	10.3	28
11	On the utility of <i>CSF1R</i> inhibitors. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	14
12	Microglia Elimination Increases Neural Circuit Connectivity and Activity in Adult Mouse Cortex. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 41, 1274-1287.	3.6	76
13	Systematic phenotyping and characterization of the 5x <i>FAD</i> mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Scientific Data</i> , 2021, 8, 270.	5.3	138
14	Systematic Phenotyping and Characterization of the 3x <i>Tg-AD</i> Mouse Model of Alzheimer's Disease. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 15, 785276.	2.8	58
15	Microglial depletion prevents extracellular matrix changes and striatal volume reduction in a model of Huntington's disease. <i>Brain</i> , 2020, 143, 266-288.	7.6	90
16	To Kill a Microglia: A Case for <i>CSF1R</i> Inhibitors. <i>Trends in Immunology</i> , 2020, 41, 771-784.	6.8	120
17	Microglia facilitate loss of perineuronal nets in the Alzheimer's disease brain. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2020, 58, 102919.	6.1	123
18	Effects of long-term and brain-wide colonization of peripheral bone marrow-derived myeloid cells in the CNS. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2020, 17, 279.	7.2	30

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19	Model organism development and evaluation for late-onset Alzheimer's disease: MODEL-AD. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia: Translational Research and Clinical Interventions</i> , 2020, 6, e12110.	3.7	63
20	Microglia influence host defense, disease, and repair following murine coronavirus infection of the central nervous system. <i>Glia</i> , 2020, 68, 2345-2360.	4.9	49
21	Sustained microglial depletion with CSF1R inhibitor impairs parenchymal plaque development in an Alzheimer's disease model. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019, 10, 3758.	12.8	478
22	Microglia Regulate Pruning of Specialized Synapses in the Auditory Brainstem. <i>Frontiers in Neural Circuits</i> , 2019, 13, 55.	2.8	38
23	Replacement of microglia in the aged brain reverses cognitive, synaptic, and neuronal deficits in mice. <i>Aging Cell</i> , 2018, 17, e12832.	6.7	219
24	A limited capacity for microglial repopulation in the adult brain. <i>Glia</i> , 2018, 66, 2385-2396.	4.9	65
25	Inflammation in Alzheimer's disease: Lessons learned from microglia-depletion models. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2017, 61, 1-11.	4.1	266
26	Microglial repopulation resolves inflammation and promotes brain recovery after injury. <i>Glia</i> , 2017, 65, 931-944.	4.9	163
27	Prevention of C5aR1 signaling delays microglial inflammatory polarization, favors clearance pathways and suppresses cognitive loss. <i>Molecular Neurodegeneration</i> , 2017, 12, 66.	10.8	64
28	Elimination of microglia improves cognitive function following cranial irradiation. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 31545.	3.3	195
29	Eliminating microglia in Alzheimer's mice prevents neuronal loss without modulating amyloid- β pathology. <i>Brain</i> , 2016, 139, 1265-1281.	7.6	514
30	Colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor inhibition prevents microglial plaque association and improves cognition in 3xTg-AD mice. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2015, 12, 139.	7.2	380
31	Elimination of Microglia Improves Functional Outcomes Following Extensive Neuronal Loss in the Hippocampus. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 35, 9977-9989.	3.6	195
32	Characterizing Newly Repopulated Microglia in the Adult Mouse: Impacts on Animal Behavior, Cell Morphology, and Neuroinflammation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0122912.	2.5	180
33	Age-related downregulation of the CaV3.1 T-type calcium channel as a mediator of amyloid beta production. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2014, 35, 1002-1011.	3.1	50
34	Colony-Stimulating Factor 1 Receptor Signaling Is Necessary for Microglia Viability, Unmasking a Microglia Progenitor Cell in the Adult Brain. <i>Neuron</i> , 2014, 82, 380-397.	8.1	1,350
35	Synergistic effects of amyloid-beta and wild-type human tau on dendritic spine loss in a floxed double transgenic model of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2014, 64, 107-117.	4.4	96
36	7,8-Dihydroxyflavone, a Small Molecule TrkB Agonist, Improves Spatial Memory and Increases Thin Spine Density in a Mouse Model of Alzheimer Disease-Like Neuronal Loss. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e91453.	2.5	101

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37	Mifepristone Alters Amyloid Precursor Protein Processing to Preclude Amyloid Beta and Also Reduces Tau Pathology. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2013, 74, 357-366.	1.3	87
38	Animal Models of Alzheimer Disease. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Medicine</i> , 2012, 2, a006320-a006320.	6.2	336
39	APP Knockout Mice Experience Acute Mortality as the Result of Ischemia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e42665.	2.5	36
40	Genetic Knockdown of Brain-Derived Neurotrophic Factor in 3xTg-AD Mice Does Not Alter A β or Tau Pathology. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e39566.	2.5	35
41	Presenilin Is Necessary for Efficient Proteolysis through the Autophagy-Lysosome System in a β -Secretase-Independent Manner. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 31, 2781-2791.	3.6	133
42	ST101 induces a novel 17kDa APP cleavage that precludes A β generation in vivo. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2011, 69, 831-844.	5.3	32
43	Presenilins mediate efficient proteolysis via the autophagosome-lysosome system. <i>Autophagy</i> , 2011, 7, 664-665.	9.1	15
44	Reductions in Amyloid- β -Derived Neuroinflammation, with Minocycline, Restore Cognition but do not Significantly Affect Tau Hyperphosphorylation. <i>Journal of Alzheimer's Disease</i> , 2010, 21, 527-542.	2.6	79
45	Relevance of Transgenic Mouse Models to Human Alzheimer Disease. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2009, 284, 6033-6037.	3.4	129
46	Calcium in the initiation, progression and as an effector of Alzheimer's disease pathology. <i>Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2009, 13, 2787-2799.	3.6	48
47	A β inhibits the proteasome and enhances amyloid and tau accumulation. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2008, 29, 1607-1618.	3.1	316
48	Linking Calcium to A β and Alzheimer's Disease. <i>Neuron</i> , 2008, 59, 190-194.	8.1	302
49	Nicotinamide Restores Cognition in Alzheimer's Disease Transgenic Mice via a Mechanism Involving Sirtuin Inhibition and Selective Reduction of Thr231-Phosphotau. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 11500-11510.	3.6	339
50	SERCA pump activity is physiologically regulated by presenilin and regulates amyloid β production. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2008, 181, 1107-1116.	5.2	268
51	M1 Receptors Play a Central Role in Modulating AD-like Pathology in Transgenic Mice. <i>Neuron</i> , 2006, 49, 671-682.	8.1	383
52	Enhanced caffeine-induced Ca ²⁺ release in the 3xTg-AD mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2005, 94, 1711-1718.	3.9	149
53	Lipopolysaccharide-Induced Inflammation Exacerbates Tau Pathology by a Cyclin-Dependent Kinase 5-Mediated Pathway in a Transgenic Model of Alzheimer's Disease. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 25, 8843-8853.	3.6	607
54	Intraneuronal A β Causes the Onset of Early Alzheimer's Disease-Related Cognitive Deficits in Transgenic Mice. <i>Neuron</i> , 2005, 45, 675-688.	8.1	1,149

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55	Divergent pathways account for two distinct effects of amyloid β peptides on exocytosis and Ca^{2+} currents: involvement of ROS and NF- κ B. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2002, 81, 1043-1051.	3.9	34
56	Amyloid β peptides mediate hypoxic augmentation of Ca^{2+} channels. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2001, 77, 953-956.	3.9	77