

# Howard L Fields

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

62  
papers

10,500  
citations

71102

41  
h-index

128289

60  
g-index

64  
all docs

64  
docs citations

64  
times ranked

8475  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Clinical and neuroscience evidence supports the critical importance of patient expectations and agency in opioid tapering. <i>Pain</i> , 2022, 163, 824-826.	4.2	6
2	Optimal opioid treatment requires a consensual approach. <i>Pain</i> , 2022, 163, e689-e690.	4.2	2
3	Pain modulates dopamine neurons via a spinal "parabrachial" mesencephalic circuit. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 24, 1402-1413.	14.8	52
4	A multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, comparative study to evaluate the efficacy and safety of newly developed diclofenac patches in patients with cancer pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, .	4.2	1
5	The prolactin receptor long isoform regulates nociceptor sensitization and opioid-induced hyperalgesia selectively in females. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2020, 12, .	12.4	46
6	Onset hyperalgesia and offset analgesia: Transient increases or decreases of noxious thermal stimulus intensity robustly modulate subsequent perceived pain intensity. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0231124.	2.5	12
7	A Midbrain Circuit that Mediates Headache Aversiveness in Rats. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019, 28, 2739-2747.e4.	6.4	19
8	How expectations influence pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2018, 159, S3-S10.	4.2	91
9	Cortico-Accumbens Regulation of Approach-Avoidance Behavior Is Modified by Experience and Chronic Pain. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2017, 19, 1522-1531.	6.4	42
10	Two delta opioid receptor subtypes are functional in single ventral tegmental area neurons, and can interact with the mu opioid receptor. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2017, 123, 420-432.	4.1	35
11	Mu Opioid Receptor Actions in the Lateral Habenula. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0159097.	2.5	58
12	Ventral Pallidum Neurons Encode Incentive Value and Promote Cue-Elicited Instrumental Actions. <i>Neuron</i> , 2016, 90, 1165-1173.	8.1	107
13	Mu-opioid receptor activation in the medial shell of nucleus accumbens promotes alcohol consumption, self-administration and cue-induced reinstatement. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2016, 108, 14-23.	4.1	31
14	Understanding opioid reward. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , 2015, 38, 217-225.	8.6	280
15	Endogenous Opioid Activity in the Anterior Cingulate Cortex Is Required for Relief of Pain. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 35, 7264-7271.	3.6	154
16	Direct Bidirectional $\mu$ -Opioid Control of Midbrain Dopamine Neurons. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 34, 14707-14716.	3.6	86
17	Intra-VTA Deltorphin, But Not DPDPE, Induces Place Preference in Ethanol-Drinking Rats: Distinct DOR-1 and DOR-2 Mechanisms Control Ethanol Consumption and Reward. <i>Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research</i> , 2014, 38, 195-203.	2.4	21
18	More pain; less gain. <i>Science</i> , 2014, 345, 513-514.	12.6	13

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19	Opioid Modulation of Ventral Pallidal Afferents to Ventral Tegmental Area Neurons. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 33, 6454-6459.	3.6	88
20	Alcohol Consumption Induces Endogenous Opioid Release in the Human Orbitofrontal Cortex and Nucleus Accumbens. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2012, 4, 116ra6.	12.4	190
21	Pain relief produces negative reinforcement through activation of mesolimbic reward "valuation circuitry. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 20709-20713.	7.1	258
22	Identification of Rat Ventral Tegmental Area GABAergic Neurons. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e42365.	2.5	159
23	Corticostriatal functional connectivity predicts transition to chronic back pain. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 15, 1117-1119.	14.8	832
24	Pain and the primary somatosensory cortex. <i>Pain</i> , 2012, 153, 742-743.	4.2	9
25	The Doctor's Dilemma: Opiate Analgesics and Chronic Pain. <i>Neuron</i> , 2011, 69, 591-594.	8.1	133
26	Lesion of the rostral anterior cingulate cortex eliminates the aversiveness of spontaneous neuropathic pain following partial or complete axotomy. <i>Pain</i> , 2011, 152, 1641-1648.	4.2	175
27	Roles of Nucleus Accumbens Core and Shell in Incentive-Cue Responding and Behavioral Inhibition. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 31, 6820-6830.	3.6	157
28	Nucleus Accumbens Medium Spiny Neurons Target Non-Dopaminergic Neurons in the Ventral Tegmental Area. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 31, 7811-7816.	3.6	180
29	Reliability in the Identification of Midbrain Dopamine Neurons. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2010, 5, e15222.	2.5	65
30	Unmasking the tonic-aversive state in neuropathic pain. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 12, 1364-1366.	14.8	490
31	The Rostromedial Tegmental Nucleus (RMTg), A GABAergic Afferent to Midbrain Dopamine Neurons, Encodes Aversive Stimuli and Inhibits Motor Responses. <i>Neuron</i> , 2009, 61, 786-800.	8.1	547
32	Basolateral Amygdala Neurons Facilitate Reward-Seeking Behavior by Exciting Nucleus Accumbens Neurons. <i>Neuron</i> , 2008, 59, 648-661.	8.1	407
33	Î-Opioid Receptor Expression in the Ventral Tegmental Area Protects Against Elevated Alcohol Consumption. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 12672-12681.	3.6	86
34	Dorsomedial Prefrontal Cortex Contribution to Behavioral and Nucleus Accumbens Neuronal Responses to Incentive Cues. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 5088-5098.	3.6	113
35	Midbrain Dopamine Neurons: Projection Target Determines Action Potential Duration and Dopamine D <sub>2</sub> Receptor Inhibition. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 28, 8908-8913.	3.6	469
36	Ventral Tegmental Area Neurons in Learned Appetitive Behavior and Positive Reinforcement. <i>Annual Review of Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 30, 289-316.	10.7	517

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37	Should we be reluctant to prescribe opioids for chronic non-malignant pain?. Pain, 2007, 129, 233-234.	4.2	37
38	Endogenous opioids encode relative taste preference. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2006, 24, 1220-1226.	2.6	35
39	The ventral tegmental area revisited: is there an electrophysiological marker for dopaminergic neurons?. Journal of Physiology, 2006, 577, 907-924.	2.9	453
40	Î opioids selectively control dopaminergic neurons projecting to the prefrontal cortex. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2006, 103, 2938-2942.	7.1	295
41	Both Kappa and Mu Opioid Agonists Inhibit Glutamatergic Input to Ventral Tegmental Area Neurons. Journal of Neurophysiology, 2005, 93, 3086-3093.	1.8	83
42	Cue-Evoked Firing of Nucleus Accumbens Neurons Encodes Motivational Significance During a Discriminative Stimulus Task. Journal of Neurophysiology, 2004, 91, 1840-1865.	1.8	165
43	Contrasting effects of dopamine and glutamate receptor antagonist injection in the nucleus accumbens suggest a neural mechanism underlying cue-evoked goal-directed behavior. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2004, 20, 249-263.	2.6	82
44	Glutamatergic activation of anterior cingulate cortex produces an aversive teaching signal. Nature Neuroscience, 2004, 7, 398-403.	14.8	307
45	Î <sup>o</sup> -Opioid Agonists Directly Inhibit Midbrain Dopaminergic Neurons. Journal of Neuroscience, 2003, 23, 9981-9986.	3.6	247
46	Causalgia and reflex sympathetic dystrophy: Does the sympathetic nervous system contribute to the generation of pain?. , 1999, 22, 678-695.		184
47	An analgesia circuit activated by cannabinoids. Nature, 1998, 395, 381-383.	27.8	398
48	On the functional anatomy of migraine. Annals of Neurology, 1998, 43, 272-272.	5.3	21
49	Pain: Anatomy and Physiology. Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine, 1997, 3, s-41-s-46.	2.1	4
50	GABA-immunoreactive boutons contact identified OFF and ON cells in the nucleus raphe magnus. Journal of Comparative Neurology, 1997, 378, 196-204.	1.6	20
51	Science in China. Science, 1996, 273, 1478-1478.	12.6	0
52	Science in China. Science, 1996, 273, 1478-1478.	12.6	0
53	Topical lidocaine gel relieves postherpetic neuralgia. Annals of Neurology, 1995, 37, 246-253.	5.3	246
54	Hyperalgesia during Naloxone-Precipitated Withdrawal from Morphine Is Associated with Increased On-Cell Activity in the Rostral Ventromedial Medulla. Somatosensory & Motor Research, 1990, 7, 185-203.	0.9	158

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55	Putative Nociceptive Modulatory Neurons in the Rostral Ventromedial Medulla of the Rat Display Highly Correlated Firing Patterns. <i>Somatosensory &amp; Motor Research</i> , 1989, 6, 413-425.	0.9	84
56	Sources of variability in the sensation of pain. <i>Pain</i> , 1988, 33, 195-200.	4.2	46
57	Can opiates relieve neuropathic pain?. <i>Pain</i> , 1988, 35, 365.	4.2	47
58	Pain II: New approaches to management. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 1981, 9, 101-106.	5.3	26
59	The origin of descending pathways in the dorsolateral funiculus of the spinal cord of the cat and rat: Further studies on the anatomy of pain modulation. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 1979, 187, 513-531.	1.6	602
60	Naloxone dose dependently produces analgesia and hyperalgesia in postoperative pain. <i>Nature</i> , 1979, 278, 740-741.	27.8	300
61	Three bulbospinal pathways from the rostral medulla of the cat: An autoradiographic study of pain modulating systems. <i>Journal of Comparative Neurology</i> , 1978, 178, 209-224.	1.6	628
62	A deeper dive into top-down control of pain and itch. <i>Brain</i> , 0, , .	7.6	0