## Ann E Pulver

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/5233976/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

33 papers 3,715 citations

331670
21
h-index

30 g-index

34 all docs

34 docs citations

times ranked

34

5802 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Mapping genomic loci implicates genes and synaptic biology in schizophrenia. Nature, 2022, 604, 502-508.	27.8	929
2	Contribution of copy number variants to schizophrenia from a genome-wide study of 41,321 subjects. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 27-35.	21.4	838
3	Schizophrenia susceptibility loci on chromosomes 13q32 and 8p21. Nature Genetics, 1998, 20, 70-73.	21.4	506
4	Genomeâ€wide association study of schizophrenia in Ashkenazi Jews. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics, 2015, 168, 649-659.	1.7	203
5	Schizophrenia susceptibility and chromosome 6p24–22. Nature Genetics, 1995, 11, 235-236.	21.4	123
6	Genomewide Linkage Scan for Schizophrenia Susceptibility Loci among Ashkenazi Jewish Families Shows Evidence of Linkage on Chromosome 10q22. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2003, 73, 601-611.	6.2	99
7	Infection and Inflammation in Schizophrenia and Bipolar Disorder: A Genome Wide Study for Interactions with Genetic Variation. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0116696.	2.5	92
8	Revisiting the prevalence of nonclassic congenital adrenal hyperplasia in US Ashkenazi Jews and Caucasians. Genetics in Medicine, 2017, 19, 1276-1279.	2.4	90
9	Exome Sequencing in 53 Sporadic Cases of Schizophrenia Identifies 18 Putative Candidate Genes. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e112745.	2.5	79
10	Reciprocal Duplication of the Williams-Beuren Syndrome Deletion on Chromosome 7q11.23 Is Associated with Schizophrenia. Biological Psychiatry, 2014, 75, 371-377.	1.3	66
11	Insights into the genetic epidemiology of Crohn's and rare diseases in the Ashkenazi Jewish population. PLoS Genetics, 2018, 14, e1007329.	<b>3.</b> 5	66
12	No evidence for linkage between schizophrenia and markers at chromosome 15q13-14., 1999, 88, 109-112.		59
13	Chromosome workshop: Chromosomes 11, 14, and 15. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 1999, 88, 244-254.	2.4	53
14	Risk Factors in Schizophrenia: Season of Birth in Maryland, USA. British Journal of Psychiatry, 1983, 143, 389-396.	2.8	52
15	Common genetic variation and schizophrenia polygenic risk influence neurocognitive performance in young adulthood. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part B: Neuropsychiatric Genetics, 2015, 168, 392-401.	1.7	52
16	Estimating effects of proband characteristics on familial risk: II. The association between age at onset and familial risk in the Maryland schizophrenia sample. Genetic Epidemiology, 1991, 8, 339-350.	1.3	45
17	Availability of schizophrenic patients and their families for genetic linkage studies: Findings from the Maryland epidemiology sample. Genetic Epidemiology, 1989, 6, 671-680.	1.3	35
18	Lack of linkage or association between schizophrenia and the polymorphic trinucleotide repeat within the KCNN3 gene on chromosome 1q21., 1999, 88, 348-351.		33

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Hoarding in children and adolescents with obsessive–compulsive disorder. Journal of Obsessive-Compulsive and Related Disorders, 2014, 3, 325-331.	1.5	31
20	Cognitive and functional deficits in bipolar disorder and schizophrenia as a function of the presence and history of psychosis. Bipolar Disorders, 2018, 20, 604-613.	1.9	31
21	Report from the Maryland epidemiology schizophrenia linkage study: No evidence for linkage between schizophrenia and a number of candidate and other genomic regions using a complex dominant model. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 1994, 54, 345-353.	2.4	27
22	Neuregulin 3 Knockout Mice Exhibit Behaviors Consistent with Psychotic Disorders. Molecular Neuropsychiatry, 2016, 2, 79-87.	2.9	27
23	Genome-wide association study in two populations to determine genetic variants associated with Toxoplasma gondii infection and relationship to schizophrenia risk. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 92, 133-147.	4.8	26
24	ADHD and executive functioning deficits in OCD youths who hoard. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2016, 82, 141-148.	3.1	24
25	An indirect test of the new mutation hypothesis associating advanced paternal age with the etiology of schizophrenia. American Journal of Medical Genetics Part A, 2004, 124B, 6-9.	2.4	22
26	Thorase variants are associated with defects in glutamatergic neurotransmission that can be rescued by Perampanel. Science Translational Medicine, 2017, 9, .	12.4	20
27	De novo variation in bipolar disorder. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 4127-4136.	7.9	18
28	Identification and Functional Studies of Regulatory Variants Responsible for the Association of <b><l>\RG3</l></b> with a Delusion Phenotype in Schizophrenia. Molecular Neuropsychiatry, 2015, 1, 36-46.	2.9	14
29	Improving the understanding of the link between cognition and functional capacity in schizophrenia and bipolar disorder. Schizophrenia Research, 2015, 169, 121-127.	2.0	13
30	The benefit of diagnostic whole genome sequencing in schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders. Molecular Psychiatry, 2022, 27, 1435-1447.	7.9	12
31	HLA typing using genome wide data reveals susceptibility types for infections in a psychiatric disease enriched sample. Brain, Behavior, and Immunity, 2018, 70, 203-213.	4.1	10
32	New insights into tardive dyskinesia genetics: Implementation of whole-exome sequencing approach. Progress in Neuro-Psychopharmacology and Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 94, 109659.	4.8	9
33	S184. IN SILICO PREDICTION OF T-CELL-MEDIATED MOLECULAR MIMICRY IN TOXOPLASMOSIS AND SCHIZOPHRENIA. Schizophrenia Bulletin, 2020, 46, S108-S108.	4.3	0