

Peter Holzer

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

226
papers

13,264
citations

22132

59
h-index

30058

103
g-index

260
all docs

260
docs citations

260
times ranked

11819
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Lack of peptide YY signaling in mice disturbs gut microbiome composition in response to high-fat diet. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2021, 35, e21435.	0.2	10
2	Dietary spermidine improves cognitive function. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2021, 35, 108985.	2.9	98
3	Galanin receptor 3 attenuates inflammation and influences the gut microbiota in an experimental murine colitis model. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 564.	1.6	9
4	Constipation Caused by Anti-calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide Migraine Therapeutics Explained by Antagonism of Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide's Motor-Stimulating and Prosecretory Function in the Intestine. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2021, 12, 820006.	1.3	29
5	Synergistic and antagonistic interactions between antibiotics and synbiotics in modifying the murine fecal microbiome. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 59, 1831-1844.	1.8	9
6	Transient receptor potential ankyrin 1 contributes to somatic pain hypersensitivity in experimental colitis. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 8632.	1.6	18
7	Anhedonia induced by high-fat diet in mice depends on gut microbiota and leptin. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2020, , 1-14.	1.5	17
8	Influence of 4-week multi-strain probiotic administration on resting-state functional connectivity in healthy volunteers. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019, 58, 1821-1827.	1.8	64
9	A step ahead: Exploring the gut microbiota in inpatients with bipolar disorder during a depressive episode. <i>Bipolar Disorders</i> , 2019, 21, 40-49.	1.1	149
10	Intranasal Neuropeptide Y Blunts Lipopolysaccharide-Evoked Sickness Behavior but Not the Immune Response in Mice. <i>Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2019, 16, 1335-1349.	2.1	8
11	Amyloid-beta impairs insulin signaling by accelerating autophagy-lysosomal degradation of LRP-1 and IR-1 ² in blood-brain barrier endothelial cells in vitro and in 3XTg-AD mice. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2019, 99, 103390.	1.0	51
12	Intermittent Fasting Exacerbates the Acute Immune and Behavioral Sickness Response to the Viral Mimic Poly(I:C) in Mice. <i>Frontiers in Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 13, 359.	1.4	16
13	An Unbiased Approach of Sampling TEM Sections in Neuroscience. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2019, , .	0.2	3
14	Experimental colitis reduces microglial cell activation in the mouse brain without affecting microglial cell numbers. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 20217.	1.6	24
15	Peptide YY (PYY)., 2019, , 546-554.		0
16	Epigenetics of the molecular clock and bacterial diversity in bipolar disorder. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2019, 101, 160-166.	1.3	52
17	Diabesity and mood disorders: Multiple links through the microbiota-gut-brain axis. <i>Molecular Aspects of Medicine</i> , 2019, 66, 80-93.	2.7	51
18	High-fat diet induces depression-like behaviour in mice associated with changes in microbiome, neuropeptide Y, and brain metabolome. <i>Nutritional Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 22, 877-893.	1.5	133

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19	Gut Microbiota and the Neuroendocrine System. <i>Neurotherapeutics</i> , 2018, 15, 5-22.	2.1	295
20	Probiotics drive gut microbiome triggering emotional brain signatures. <i>Gut Microbes</i> , 2018, 9, 1-11.	4.3	146
21	Gut microbiota, dietary intakes and intestinal permeability reflected by serum zonulin in women. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 57, 2985-2997.	1.8	106
22	Towards microbiome-informed dietary recommendations for promoting metabolic and mental health: Opinion papers of the MyNewGut project. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018, 37, 2191-2197.	2.3	29
23	The Potential Role of the Dipeptidyl Peptidase-4-Like Activity From the Gut Microbiota on the Host Health. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 1900.	1.5	47
24	Differences in psychological and somatic symptom cluster score profiles between subjects with Idiopathic environmental intolerance, major depression and schizophrenia. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2017, 249, 187-194.	1.7	5
25	Visceral hyperalgesia caused by peptide YY deletion and Y2 receptor antagonism. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 40968.	1.6	22
26	Interoception and Gut Feelings: Unconscious Body Signals™ Impact on Brain Function, Behavior and Belief Processes. <i>New Approaches To the Scientific Study of Religion</i> , 2017, , 435-442.	0.3	13
27	Gut microbiota and body composition in anorexia nervosa inpatients in comparison to athletes, overweight, obese, and normal weight controls. <i>International Journal of Eating Disorders</i> , 2017, 50, 1421-1431.	2.1	119
28	Diverse action of lipoteichoic acid and lipopolysaccharide on neuroinflammation, blood-brain barrier disruption, and anxiety in mice. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2017, 60, 174-187.	2.0	66
29	Visceral Inflammation and Immune Activation Stress the Brain. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2017, 8, 1613.	2.2	50
30	Neuropeptides, Microbiota, and Behavior. <i>International Review of Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 131, 67-89.	0.9	41
31	Environmental enrichment induces behavioural disturbances in neuropeptide Y knockout mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 28182.	1.6	23
32	Inhibition of $\hat{A}2A$ -Adrenoceptors Ameliorates Dextran Sulfate Sodium-Induced Acute Intestinal Inflammation in Mice. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2016, 358, 483-491.	1.3	4
33	Deletion of Monoglyceride Lipase in Astrocytes Attenuates Lipopolysaccharide-induced Neuroinflammation. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 913-923.	1.6	55
34	Cognitive impairment by antibiotic-induced gut dysbiosis: Analysis of gut microbiota-brain communication. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2016, 56, 140-155.	2.0	500
35	Neuropeptide Y: A stressful review. <i>Neuropeptides</i> , 2016, 55, 99-109.	0.9	326
36	Gastrointestinal motility drugs in critical illness. , 2016, , .		0

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37	Reevaluating the hype: four bacterial metabolites under scrutiny. <i>European Journal of Microbiology and Immunology</i> , 2015, 5, 1-13.	1.5	6
38	Behavioral and molecular processing of visceral pain in the brain of mice: impact of colitis and psychological stress. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 9, 177.	1.0	39
39	The homeostatic role of neuropeptide <sc>Y</sc> in immune function and its impact on mood and behaviour. <i>Acta Physiologica</i> , 2015, 213, 603-627.	1.8	113
40	Acid-sensing ion channels in gastrointestinal function. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2015, 94, 72-79.	2.0	56
41	Dextran sulfate sodium-induced colitis alters stress-associated behaviour and neuropeptide gene expression in the amygdala-hippocampus network of mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 9970.	1.6	62
42	Toll-like receptor 4 contributes to the inhibitory effect of morphine on colonic motility in vitro and in vivo. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 9499.	1.6	24
43	Neuroimmune pharmacological approaches. <i>Current Opinion in Pharmacology</i> , 2015, 25, 13-22.	1.7	40
44	Synergistic effects of NOD1 or NOD2 and TLR4 activation on mouse sickness behavior in relation to immune and brain activity markers. <i>Brain, Behavior, and Immunity</i> , 2015, 44, 106-120.	2.0	53
45	A novel unbiased counting method for the quantification of synapses in the mouse brain. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Methods</i> , 2015, 240, 13-21.	1.3	9
46	Naloxegol increases frequency of bowel movements and combats inadequate response to laxatives. <i>Evidence-Based Medicine</i> , 2015, 20, 5-5.	0.6	2
47	Repeated predictable stress causes resilience against colitis-induced behavioral changes in mice. <i>Frontiers in Behavioral Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 8, 386.	1.0	48
48	<i> GAL ₃ receptor </i> KO mice exhibit an anxiety-like phenotype. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2014, 111, 7138-7143.	3.3	57
49	The pharmacology of <sc>TRP</sc> channels. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 171, 2469-2473.	2.7	59
50	Pharmacology of Opioids and their Effects on Gastrointestinal Function. <i>American Journal of Gastroenterology Supplements (Print)</i> , 2014, 2, 9-16.	0.7	33
51	Neuropeptides and the Microbiota-Gut-Brain Axis. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2014, 817, 195-219.	0.8	321
52	Biosimilars â€“ aktueller Stellenwert. <i>Intrinsic Activity</i> , 2014, 2, e4.	0.0	0
53	Neuropeptide <sc>Y</sc> and peptide <sc>YY</sc> protect from weight loss caused by <sc>B</sc>acille <sc>C</sc>almetteâ€“<sc>G</sc>uÃ©rin in mice. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2013, 170, 1014-1026.	2.7	15
54	Tachykinins. , 2013, , 1330-1337.		0

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55	Myeloperoxidase-Derived Oxidants Induce Blood-Brain Barrier Dysfunction In Vitro and In Vivo. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e64034.	1.1	71
56	Environmental Enrichment and Gut Inflammation Modify Stress-Induced c-Fos Expression in the Mouse Corticolimbic System. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e54811.	1.1	35
57	Non-Analgesic Effects of Opioids: Management of Opioid-Induced Constipation by Peripheral Opioid Receptor Antagonists: Prevention or Withdrawal?. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2012, 18, 6010-6020.	0.9	31
58	In vitro Effect of Bethanechol and Suberyldicholine on Regions of Guinea Pig Esophagus. Journal of Surgical Research, 2012, 174, 56-61.	0.8	5
59	Neuropeptide Y, peptide YY and pancreatic polypeptide in the gut-brain axis. Neuropeptides, 2012, 46, 261-274.	0.9	390
60	Bacterial peptidoglycan primes the immune system leading to increased sickness in response to lipopolysaccharide. BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology, 2012, 13, .	1.0	0
61	Peptide YY and neuropeptide Y in regulation of pain and spatial learning and memory. BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology, 2012, 13, .	1.0	1
62	Environmental enrichment and visceral inflammation regulate stress-induced c-Fos and NPY expression within the dentate gyrus. BMC Pharmacology & Toxicology, 2012, 13, .	1.0	1
63	Neural Regulation of Gastrointestinal Blood Flow. , 2012, , 817-845.		11
64	Gene-environment interaction influences anxiety-like behavior in ethologically based mouse models. Behavioural Brain Research, 2011, 218, 99-105.	1.2	44
65	TRP Channels in the Digestive System. Current Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, 2011, 12, 24-34.	0.9	88
66	Sex-dependent control of murine emotional-effective behaviour in health and colitis by peptide YY and neuropeptide Y. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2011, 163, 1302-1314.	2.7	76
67	Acid sensing by visceral afferent neurones. Acta Physiologica, 2011, 201, 63-75.	1.8	89
68	Transient receptor potential (TRP) channels as drug targets for diseases of the digestive system. , 2011, 131, 142-170.		197
69	Bacterial peptidoglycan enhances sickness behaviour induced by bacterial lipopolysaccharide. BMC Pharmacology, 2011, 11, .	0.4	0
70	Prolonged Depression-Like Behavior Caused by Immune Challenge: Influence of Mouse Strain and Social Environment. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e20719.	1.1	64
71	Opioid antagonists for prevention and treatment of opioid-induced gastrointestinal effects. Current Opinion in Anaesthesiology, 2010, 23, 616-622.	0.9	49
72	Chemo-nociceptive signalling from the colon is enhanced by mild colitis and blocked by inhibition of transient receptor potential ankyrin 1 channels. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2010, 160, 1430-1442.	2.7	53

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73	Delayed stress-induced differences in locomotor and depression-related behaviour in female neuropeptide-Y Y1 receptor knockout mice. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 24, 1541-1549.	2.0	23
74	Evidence from knockout mice that neuropeptide-Y Y2 and Y4 receptor signalling prevents long-term depression-like behaviour caused by immune challenge. <i>Journal of Psychopharmacology</i> , 2010, 24, 1551-1560.	2.0	30
75	Demenz und Schmerz. <i>Neuropsychiatrie</i> , 2010, , .	1.3	1
76	Meeting the Challenges of Opioid-Induced Constipation in Chronic Pain Management – A Novel Approach. <i>Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 83, 10-17.	0.9	76
77	Preface. <i>Digestive Diseases</i> , 2009, 27, 1-2.	0.8	1
78	Pharmacology of Inflammatory Pain: Local Alteration in Receptors and Mediators. <i>Digestive Diseases</i> , 2009, 27, 24-30.	0.8	12
79	Evidence from knockout mice for distinct implications of neuropeptide-Y Y2 and Y4 receptors in the circadian control of locomotion, exploration, water and food intake. <i>Neuropeptides</i> , 2009, 43, 491-497.	0.9	43
80	The gut-mood axis: a novel role of the gut hormone peptide YY on emotional-affective behaviour in mice. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 9, .	0.4	6
81	Afferent signalling from the acid-challenged rat stomach is inhibited and gastric acid elimination is enhanced by lafutidine. <i>BMC Gastroenterology</i> , 2009, 9, 40.	0.8	6
82	Alosetron, cilansetron and tegaserod modify mesenteric but not colonic blood flow in rats. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2009, 158, 1210-1226.	2.7	12
83	Evidence from knockout mice that peptide YY and neuropeptide Y enforce murine locomotion, exploration and ingestive behaviour in a circadian cycle- and gender-dependent manner. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2009, 203, 97-107.	1.2	33
84	Opioid receptors in the gastrointestinal tract. <i>Regulatory Peptides</i> , 2009, 155, 11-17.	1.9	303
85	Acid-Sensitive Ion Channels and Receptors. <i>Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology</i> , 2009, , 283-332.	0.9	234
86	The Role of the Vagus Nerve in Afferent Signaling and Homeostasis During Visceral Inflammation. <i>NeuroImmune Biology</i> , 2009, 8, 321-338.	0.2	5
87	Opioid-induced bowel dysfunction in cancer-related pain: Causes, consequences, and a novel approach for its management. <i>Journal of Opioid Management</i> , 2009, 5, 145-151.	0.2	80
88	Emerging pharmacological therapies. , 2009, , 51-62.		0
89	Einfluss akuter Erkrankungen auf die Darmmotilität. <i>Wiener Klinische Wochenschrift</i> , 2008, 120, 6-17.	1.0	43
90	Long-term depression-like effect of a single immune challenge in neuropeptide Y Y2 and Y4 receptor knockout mice. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 8, .	0.4	0

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91	Reduced anxiety-like and depression-related behavior in neuropeptide Y Y4 receptor knockout mice. <i>Genes, Brain and Behavior</i> , 2008, 7, 532-542.	1.1	77
92	The pharmacological challenge to tame the transient receptor potential vanilloid 1 (TRPV1) nociceptor. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2008, 155, 1145-1162.	2.7	152
93	Standardized concept for the treatment of gastrointestinal dysmotility in critically ill patients—Current status and future options. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2008, 27, 25-41.	2.3	75
94	Implication of neuropeptide-Y Y2 receptors in the effects of immune stress on emotional, locomotor and social behavior of mice. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2008, 55, 117-126.	2.0	52
95	Deletion of the acid-sensing ion channel ASIC3 prevents gastritis-induced acid hyperresponsiveness of the stomach-brainstem axis. <i>Pain</i> , 2008, 134, 245-253.	2.0	56
96	TRPV1: a new target for treatment of visceral pain in IBS?. <i>Gut</i> , 2008, 57, 882-884.	6.1	43
97	Methylnaltrexone for the management of unwanted peripheral opioid effects. <i>Therapy: Open Access in Clinical Medicine</i> , 2008, 5, 531-543.	0.2	13
98	Treatment of opioid-induced gut dysfunction. <i>Expert Opinion on Investigational Drugs</i> , 2007, 16, 181-194.	1.9	101
99	Involvement of endothelial NO in the dilator effect of VIP on rat isolated pulmonary artery. <i>Regulatory Peptides</i> , 2007, 139, 102-108.	1.9	26
100	Role of visceral afferent neurons in mucosal inflammation and defense. <i>Current Opinion in Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 7, 563-569.	1.7	108
101	Multidrug-resistance gene 1-type p-glycoprotein (MDR1 p-gp) inhibition by tariquidar impacts on neuroendocrine and behavioral processing of stress. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2007, 32, 1028-1040.	1.3	17
102	Taste Receptors in the Gastrointestinal Tract. V. Acid sensing in the gastrointestinal tract. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2007, 292, G699-G705.	1.6	80
103	The enantiomers of tramadol and its major metabolite inhibit peristalsis in the guinea pig small intestine via differential mechanisms. <i>BMC Pharmacology</i> , 2007, 7, 5.	0.4	14
104	Intestinal motility disturbances in intensive care patients pathogenesis and clinical impact. <i>Intensive Care Medicine</i> , 2007, 33, 36-44.	3.9	98
105	Efferent-like roles of afferent neurons in the gut: Blood flow regulation and tissue protection. <i>Autonomic Neuroscience: Basic and Clinical</i> , 2006, 125, 70-75.	1.4	93
106	Selective increase of dark phase water intake in neuropeptide-Y Y2 and Y4 receptor knockout mice. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2006, 168, 255-260.	1.2	9
107	Neural Regulation of Gastrointestinal Blood Flow. , 2006, , 817-839.		6
108	Substance P and Related Tachykinins in the Gastrointestinal Tract. , 2006, , 1139-1145.		1

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109	Pro-Drugs in In Vitro Experiments. <i>Anesthesia and Analgesia</i> , 2005, 101, 606.	1.1	3
110	Peristalsis in the Guinea Pig Small Intestine In Vitro Is Impaired by Acetaminophen but Not Aspirin and Dipyron. <i>Anesthesia and Analgesia</i> , 2005, 100, 120-127.	1.1	28
111	Differential effects of intragastric acid and capsaicin on gastric emptying and afferent input to the rat spinal cord and brainstem. <i>BMC Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 6, 60.	0.8	21
112	TRPV1 in gut function, abdominal pain and functional bowel disorders. , 2005, , 147-165.		0
113	Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide (CGRP). , 2004, , 241-247.		0
114	Gastrointestinal pain in functional bowel disorders: sensory neurons as novel drug targets. <i>Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Targets</i> , 2004, 8, 107-123.	1.5	39
115	Inhibition of Guinea Pig Intestinal Peristalsis by the Flavonoids Quercetin, Naringenin, Apigenin and Genistein. <i>Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 70, 5-14.	0.9	51
116	Stomach-brain communication by vagal afferents in response to luminal acid backdiffusion, gastrin, and gastric acid secretion. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2004, 286, G403-G411.	1.6	34
117	Immunocytochemical characterization of rat brainstem neurons with vagal afferent input from the stomach challenged by acid or ammonia. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2004, 19, 85-92.	1.2	15
118	Vanilloid receptor TRPV1: hot on the tongue and inflaming the colon. <i>Neurogastroenterology and Motility</i> , 2004, 16, 697-699.	1.6	34
119	Increased expression of TRPV1 receptor in dorsal root ganglia by acid insult of the rat gastric mucosa. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2004, 19, 1811-1818.	1.2	105
120	Effects of capsaicin on visceral smooth muscle: a valuable tool for sensory neurotransmitter identification. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 500, 143-157.	1.7	55
121	TRPV1 and the gut: from a tasty receptor for a painful vanilloid to a key player in hyperalgesia. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2004, 500, 231-241.	1.7	157
122	Differential reversal of drug-induced small bowel paralysis by cerulein and neostigmine. <i>Intensive Care Medicine</i> , 2004, 30, 1414-20.	3.9	9
123	Newly discovered tachykinins raise new questions about their peripheral roles and the tachykinin nomenclature. <i>Trends in Pharmacological Sciences</i> , 2004, 25, 1-3.	4.0	77
124	Opioids and opioid receptors in the enteric nervous system: from a problem in opioid analgesia to a possible new prokinetic therapy in humans. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2004, 361, 192-195.	1.0	168
125	GI-CGRP (Calcitonin Gene-Related Peptide). , 2004, , 157-161.		0
126	Evidence for chemical nociception in the small intestine that is not mediated via mechanoreceptors. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2003, 124, A250.	0.6	1

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127	Three mechanisms of gut-brain communication induced by peripheral pentagastrin: Acid- and Cck1 receptor-mediated stimulation of vagal afferents and Cck2 receptor-mediated stimulation of area postrema neurons. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2003, 124, A116.	0.6	0
128	5-HT3 receptor antagonists, alosetron and cilansetron, impair mesenteric blood flow in rats. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2003, 124, A148.	0.6	15
129	Comparison of the prokinetic effect of neostigmine and cerulein. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2003, 124, A164-A165.	0.6	0
130	Acid-sensitive ion channels in gastrointestinal function. <i>Current Opinion in Pharmacology</i> , 2003, 3, 618-625.	1.7	76
131	Evaluation of Peristalsis in Multiple Segments of the Guinea-pig Isolated Small Intestine: Optimisation of Tissue Use by Refined In Vitro Methodology. <i>ATLA Alternatives To Laboratory Animals</i> , 2003, 31, 419-427.	0.7	2
132	Inhibition by Female Sex Steroids of Peristalsis in the Guinea Pig Small Intestine. <i>Digestion</i> , 2002, 65, 213-219.	1.2	13
133	Clonidine and Dexmedetomidine Potently Inhibit Peristalsis in the Guinea Pig Ileum In Vitro. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2002, 97, 1491-1499.	1.3	47
134	Involvement of μ - and δ -, but not κ -, opioid receptors in the peristaltic motor depression caused by endogenous and exogenous opioids in the guinea-pig intestine. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 135, 741-750.	2.7	67
135	Differential peristaltic motor effects of prostanoid (DP, EP, IP, TP) and leukotriene receptor agonists in the guinea-pig isolated small intestine. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 137, 1047-1054.	2.7	25
136	Control of Gastric Functions by Extrinsic Sensory Neurons. , 2002, , 103-170.		2
137	Cooperation of NMDA and tachykinin NK1 and NK2 receptors in the medullary transmission of vagal afferent input from the acid-threatened rat stomach. <i>Pain</i> , 2001, 89, 147-157.	2.0	19
138	Vagal afferent signaling of a gastric mucosal acid insult to medullary, pontine, thalamic, hypothalamic and limbic, but not cortical, nuclei of the rat brain. <i>Pain</i> , 2001, 92, 19-27.	2.0	72
139	Role of tachykinin receptors in the central processing of afferent input from the acid-threatened rat stomach. <i>Regulatory Peptides</i> , 2001, 102, 119-126.	1.9	6
140	Tachykinin receptors in the gut: physiological and pathological implications. <i>Current Opinion in Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 1, 583-590.	1.7	128
141	Mucosal acid challenge activates nitrergic neurons in myenteric plexus of rat stomach. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2001, 281, G1316-G1321.	1.6	14
142	Differential effects of clonidine, dopamine, dobutamine, and dopexamine on basal and acid-stimulated mucosal blood flow in the rat stomach. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2001, 29, 335-343.	0.4	11
143	Gastroduodenal mucosal defense: coordination by a network of messengers and mediators. <i>Current Opinion in Gastroenterology</i> , 2001, 17, 489-496.	1.0	21
144	Disturbance of peristalsis in the guinea-pig isolated small intestine by indomethacin, but not cyclo-oxygenase isoform-selective inhibitors. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 132, 1299-1309.	2.7	20

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145	Gastrointestinal afferents as targets of novel drugs for the treatment of functional bowel disorders and visceral pain. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 429, 177-193.	1.7	66
146	PACAP-(6â€“38) inhibits the effects of vasoactive intestinal polypeptide, but not PACAP, on the small intestinal circular muscle. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 431, 259-264.	1.7	11
147	Gastroduodenal mucosal defense. <i>Current Opinion in Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 16, 469-478.	1.0	23
148	Low potential of dobutamine and dopexamine to block intestinal peristalsis as compared with other catecholamines. <i>Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2000, 28, 2893-2897.	0.4	43
149	Tachykinin autoreceptors in the gut. <i>Trends in Pharmacological Sciences</i> , 2000, 21, 166.	4.0	26
150	Cotransmitter role of tachykinins and glutamate in the afferent signalling of a gastric acid insult. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 118, A388.	0.6	0
151	Regulation of Guinea pig intestinal peristalsis by endogenous endothelin acting at ETB receptors. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 119, 80-88.	0.6	17
152	Regulation of guinea-pig intestinal peristalsis by endogenous endothelin acting at ETB receptors. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 118, A876.	0.6	0
153	Gastric vasodilatation in the rat by cannabinoid (CB) receptor activation: Involvement of sensory neurons and nitric oxide (NO). <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 118, A828.	0.6	0
154	Central processing of vagal afferent input from the acid-injured rat stomach: Implications for dyspepsia?. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 118, A622.	0.6	0
155	Control of peristalsis in the guinea-pig isolated intestine by cyclooxygenase isoforms COX-1 and COX-2. <i>Gastroenterology</i> , 2000, 118, A631.	0.6	0
156	Tachykinins. , 2000, , 113-146.		0
157	Visceral Afferent Neurons: Role in Gastric Mucosal Protection. <i>Physiology</i> , 1999, 14, 201-206.	1.6	4
158	Intestinal Motor Depression by 7-Nitroindazole through an Action Unrelated to Nitric Oxide Synthase Inhibition. <i>Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 59, 310-320.	0.9	4
159	Stimulant action of pituitary adenylate cyclase-activating peptide on normal and drug-compromised peristalsis in the guinea-pig intestine. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 127, 763-771.	2.7	17
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