

Maryline Moulin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

38
papers

1,779
citations

361413

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315739

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docs citations

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times ranked

1196
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Comment on "The challenge in restoring magma-rich rifted margins: The example of the Mozambique-Antarctica conjugate margins" by Tomasi S. et al.. Gondwana Research, 2022, 103, 401-403.	6.0	3
2	Deep Structure of the North Natal Valley (Mozambique) Using Combined Wide-Angle and Reflection Seismic Data. Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth, 2021, 126, e2020JB021171.	3.4	13
3	Seismic evidence for crustal architecture and stratigraphy of the Limpopo Corridor: New insights into the evolution of the sheared margin offshore southern Mozambique. Marine Geology, 2021, 435, 106468.	2.1	9
4	Crustal structure of the East African Limpopo margin, a strike-slip rifted corridor along the continental Mozambique Coastal Plain and North Natal Valley. Solid Earth, 2021, 12, 1865-1897.	2.8	9
5	Deep structure of the Par�-Maranh�o/Barreirinhas passive margin in the equatorial Atlantic (NE) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlook	1.4	14
6	Salt morphologies and crustal segmentation relationship: New insights from the Western Mediterranean Sea. Earth-Science Reviews, 2021, 222, 103818.	9.1	6
7	Imaging Early Oceanic Crust spreading in the Equatorial Atlantic Ocean: Insights from the MAGIC wide-angle experiment. Journal of South American Earth Sciences, 2021, 111, 103493.	1.4	6
8	The Limpopo Magma-Rich Transform Margin, South Mozambique: 1. Insights From Deep-Structure Seismic Imaging. Tectonics, 2021, 40, e2021TC006915.	2.8	10
9	Gondwana breakup: Messages from the North Natal Valley. Terra Nova, 2020, 32, 205-214.	2.1	27
10	New starting point for the Indian Ocean: Second phase of breakup for Gondwana. Earth-Science Reviews, 2019, 191, 26-56.	9.1	64
11	From Rifting to Spreading: The Proto-Oceanic Crust. Advances in Science, Technology and Innovation, 2019, , 329-331.	0.4	1
12	Passive Margin and Continental Basin: Towards a New Paradigm. Advances in Science, Technology and Innovation, 2019, , 333-336.	0.4	1
13	Imaging exhumed lower continental crust in the distal Jequitinhonha basin, Brazil. Journal of South American Earth Sciences, 2018, 84, 351-372.	1.4	21
14	The late Messinian event: A worldwide tectonic revolution. Terra Nova, 2018, 30, 207-214.	2.1	15
15	Lithospheric structuration onshore-offshore of the Sergipe-Alagoas passive margin, NE Brazil, based on wide-angle seismic data. Journal of South American Earth Sciences, 2018, 88, 649-672.	1.4	14
16	High-resolution evolution of terrigenous sediment yields in the Provence Basin during the last 6 Ma: relation with climate and tectonics. Basin Research, 2017, 29, 305-339.	2.7	19
17	Monte Carlo approach to assess the uncertainty of wide-angle layered models: Application to the Santos Basin, Brazil. Tectonophysics, 2016, 683, 286-307.	2.2	26
18	Post-rift evolution of the Gulf of Lion margin tested by stratigraphic modelling. Bulletin - Societie Geologique De France, 2015, 186, 291-308.	2.2	8

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19	Deep structure of the Santos Basin–São Paulo Plateau System, SE Brazil. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth</i> , 2015, 120, 5401-5431.	3.4	71
20	Deep crustal structure of the North-West African margin from combined wide-angle and reflection seismic data (MIRROR seismic survey). <i>Tectonophysics</i> , 2015, 656, 154-174.	2.2	25
21	Deep crustal structure across a young passive margin from wide-angle and reflection seismic data (The SARDINIA Experiment) – II. Sardinia’s margin. <i>Bulletin - Societie Geologique De France</i> , 2015, 186, 331-351.	2.2	31
22	Deep crustal structure across a young passive margin from wide-angle and reflection seismic data (The SARDINIA Experiment) – I. Gulf of Lion’s margin. <i>Bulletin - Societie Geologique De France</i> , 2015, 186, 309-330.	2.2	39
23	Sedimentary markers in the Provençal Basin (western Mediterranean): a window into deep geodynamic processes. <i>Terra Nova</i> , 2015, 27, 122-129.	2.1	17
24	Imaging proto-oceanic crust off the Brazilian Continental Margin. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2014, 200, 471-488.	2.4	40
25	Quantifying subsidence and isostatic readjustment using sedimentary paleomarkers, example from the Gulf of Lion. <i>Earth and Planetary Science Letters</i> , 2014, 388, 353-366.	4.4	42
26	Palaeogeographic consequences of conservative models in the South Atlantic Ocean. <i>Geological Society Special Publication</i> , 2013, 369, 75-90.	1.3	27
27	Kinematic keys of the Santos–Namibe basins. <i>Geological Society Special Publication</i> , 2013, 369, 91-107.	1.3	38
28	Paleogeographic evolution of the central segment of the South Atlantic during Early Cretaceous times: Paleotopographic and geodynamic implications. <i>Tectonophysics</i> , 2013, 604, 191-223.	2.2	108
29	Structure and evolution of the Gulf of Lions: The Sardinia seismic experiment and the GOLD (Gulf of) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT / Overlock 10 0.7 812	2.2	108
30	The Cenozoic tectonostratigraphic evolution of the Barracuda Ridge and Tiburon Rise, at the western end of the North America–South America plate boundary zone. <i>Marine Geology</i> , 2012, 303-306, 154-171.	2.1	24
31	A new starting point for the South and Equatorial Atlantic Ocean. <i>Earth-Science Reviews</i> , 2010, 98, 1-37.	9.1	415
32	Comment on “A new scheme for the opening of the South Atlantic Ocean and the dissection of an Aptian salt basin” by Trond H. Torsvik, Sonia Rousse, Cinthia Labails and Mark A. Smethurst. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2010, 183, 20-28.	2.4	22
33	Crustal structure of the SW Moroccan margin from wide-angle and reflection seismic data (the) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT / Overlock 10 2.2 48	2.2	48
34	Brazilian and African passive margins of the Central Segment of the South Atlantic Ocean: Kinematic constraints. <i>Tectonophysics</i> , 2009, 468, 98-112.	2.2	184
35	Response of a multi-domain continental margin to compression: Study from seismic reflection–refraction and numerical modelling in the Tagus Abyssal Plain. <i>Tectonophysics</i> , 2009, 468, 113-130.	2.2	29
36	Brazilian and Angolan Passive Margins: the kinematic constraints. , 2007, , .		0

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Geological constraints on the evolution of the Angolan margin based on reflection and refraction seismic data (ZaÃ-ngo project). <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2005, 162, 793-810.	2.4	170
38	Deep structure of the West African continental margin (Congo, ZaÃ-re, Angola), between 5Â°S and 8Â°S, from reflection/refraction seismics and gravity data. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2004, 158, 529-553.	2.4	162