

James S Clark

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

188
papers

19,799
citations

10956

71
h-index

11899

134
g-index

197
all docs

197
docs citations

197
times ranked

17487
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	North American tree migration paced by climate in the West, lagging in the East. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2022, 119, .	3.3	27
2	Jointly modeling marine species to inform the effects of environmental change on an ecological community in the Northwest Atlantic. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 132.	1.6	14
3	Distinct Community-Wide Responses to Forecasted Climate Change in Afrotropical Forests. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 9, .	1.1	0
4	Age-Related Changes in the Nasopharyngeal Microbiome Are Associated With Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) Infection and Symptoms Among Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults. <i>Clinical Infectious Diseases</i> , 2022, 75, e928-e937.	2.9	22
5	Globally, tree fecundity exceeds productivity gradients. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2022, 25, 1471-1482.	3.0	11
6	Limits to reproduction and seed size-number trade-offs that shape forest dominance and future recovery. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2022, 13, 2381.	5.8	21
7	Fishing gear entanglement threatens recovery of critically endangered North Atlantic right whales. <i>Conservation Science and Practice</i> , 2022, 4, .	0.9	11
8	Continent-wide tree fecundity driven by indirect climate effects. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 1242.	5.8	46
9	Clustering Species With Residual Covariance Matrix in Joint Species Distribution Models. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .	1.1	10
10	On the Interpretations of Joint Modeling in Community Ecology. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 36, 391-401.	4.2	75
11	Modeling spatially biased citizen science effort through the eBird database. <i>Environmental and Ecological Statistics</i> , 2021, 28, 609-630.	1.9	22
12	Is there tree senescence? The fecundity evidence. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	3.3	42
13	Niche Shifts From Trees to Fecundity to Recruitment That Determine Species Response to Climate Change. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .	1.1	14
14	Pervasive shifts in forest dynamics in a changing world. <i>Science</i> , 2020, 368, .	6.0	576
15	Understanding the continuous phenological development at daily time step with a Bayesian hierarchical space-time model: impacts of climate change and extreme weather events. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2020, 247, 111956.	4.6	26
16	The emergent interactions that govern biodiversity change. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 17074-17083.	3.3	30
17	Where Resourceâ€Acquisitive Species Are Located: The Role of Habitat Heterogeneity. <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2020, 47, e2020GL087626.	1.5	8
18	Community Reorganization Response to Climate Change: Species Interactions, State-Space Modeling and Food Webs. , 2020, , .		0

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19	Microbial communities across nearshore to offshore coastal transects are primarily shaped by distance and temperature. <i>Environmental Microbiology</i> , 2019, 21, 3862-3872.	1.8	46
20	Foodwebs based on unreliable foundations: spatiotemporal masting merged with consumer movement, storage, and diet. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2019, 89, e01381.	2.4	37
21	Low-intensity logging and hunting have long-term effects on seed dispersal but not fecundity in Afrotropical forests. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2019, 11, ply074.	1.2	9
22	Total C and N Pools and Fluxes Vary with Time, Soil Temperature, and Moisture Along an Elevation, Precipitation, and Vegetation Gradient in Southern Appalachian Forests. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2018, 21, 1623-1638.	1.6	21
23	Associations among arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi and seedlings are predicted to change with tree successional status. <i>Ecology</i> , 2018, 99, 607-620.	1.5	19
24	Leaf phenology paradox: Why warming matters most where it is already warm. <i>Remote Sensing of Environment</i> , 2018, 209, 446-455.	4.6	34
25	Dynamics of soil CO ₂ efflux under varying atmospheric CO ₂ concentrations reveal dominance of slow processes. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2017, 23, 3501-3512.	4.2	5
26	Joint Species Distribution Modeling: Dimension Reduction Using Dirichlet Processes. <i>Bayesian Analysis</i> , 2017, 12, .	1.6	30
27	Temporal coexistence mechanisms contribute to the latitudinal gradient in forest diversity. <i>Nature</i> , 2017, 550, 105-108.	13.7	106
28	Generalized joint attribute modeling for biodiversity analysis: median-zero, multivariate, multifarious data. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2017, 87, 34-56.	2.4	195
29	The ACER pollen and charcoal database: a global resource to document vegetation and fire response to abrupt climate changes during the last glacial period. <i>Earth System Science Data</i> , 2017, 9, 679-695.	3.7	38
30	Forest drought as an emerging research priority. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 2317-2317.	4.2	11
31	The impacts of increasing drought on forest dynamics, structure, and biodiversity in the United States. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2016, 22, 2329-2352.	4.2	428
32	Multiyear drought-induced morbidity preceding tree death in southeastern U.S. forests. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2016, 26, 17-23.	1.8	112
33	Why species tell more about traits than traits about species: predictive analysis. <i>Ecology</i> , 2016, 97, 1979-1993.	1.5	51
34	Introduction to drought and US forests: Impacts and potential management responses. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2016, 380, 296-298.	1.4	4
35	Divergent reproductive allocation tradeoffs with canopy exposure across tree species in temperate forests. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2016, 7, e01313.	1.0	22
36	Modeling change in forest biomass across the eastern US. <i>Environmental and Ecological Statistics</i> , 2016, 23, 23-41.	1.9	4

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37	Effects of Model Formulation on Estimates of Health in Individual Right Whales (<i>Eubalaena glacialis</i>). <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2016, 875, 977-985.	0.8	3
38	Seed predation and climate impacts on reproductive variation in temperate forests of the southeastern USA. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2016, 180, 1223-1234.	0.9	16
39	Joint Modeling of Climate Niches for Adult and Juvenile Trees. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2016, 21, 111-130.	0.7	3
40	A state-space modeling approach to estimating canopy conductance and associated uncertainties from sap flux density data. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2015, 35, 792-802.	1.4	20
41	Prevalence and strength of density-dependent tree recruitment. <i>Ecology</i> , 2015, 96, 2319-2327.	1.5	85
42	Stochastic Modeling for Velocity of Climate Change. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2015, 20, 323-342.	0.7	12
43	Tree phenology responses to winter chilling, spring warming, at north and south range limits. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2014, 28, 1344-1355.	1.7	71
44	Response of hydrology to climate change in the southern Appalachian Mountains using Bayesian inference. <i>Hydrological Processes</i> , 2014, 28, 1616-1626.	1.1	9
45	The seasonal timing of warming that controls onset of the growing season. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 1136-1145.	4.2	63
46	Competition-interaction landscapes for the joint response of forests to climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 1979-1991.	4.2	81
47	More than the sum of the parts: forest climate response from joint species distribution models. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2014, 24, 990-999.	1.8	189
48	Process modeling for soil moisture using sensor network data. <i>Statistical Methodology</i> , 2014, 17, 99-112.	0.5	6
49	Dual impacts of climate change: forest migration and turnover through life history. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2014, 20, 251-264.	4.2	92
50	Dynamic Inverse Prediction and Sensitivity Analysis With High-Dimensional Responses: Application to Climate-Change Vulnerability of Biodiversity. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2013, 18, 376-404.	0.7	11
51	The effects of elevated CO ₂ and nitrogen fertilization on stomatal conductance estimated from 11 years of scaled sap flux measurements at Duke FACE. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2013, 33, 135-151.	1.4	54
52	The effects of deer herbivory and forest type on tree recruitment vary with plant growth stage. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2013, 308, 90-100.	1.4	17
53	Pathogen regulation of plant diversity via effective specialization. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2013, 28, 705-711.	4.2	80
54	Hydraulic time constants for transpiration of loblolly pine at a free-air carbon dioxide enrichment site. <i>Tree Physiology</i> , 2013, 33, 123-134.	1.4	28

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55	Improving the Modeling of Disease Data from the Government Surveillance System: A Case Study on Malaria in the Brazilian Amazon. <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2013, 9, e1003312.	1.5	6
56	Estimating resource acquisition and atâ€œsea body condition of a marine predator. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2013, 82, 1300-1315.	1.3	42
57	Modelling the biological significance of behavioural change in coastal bottlenose dolphins in response to disturbance. <i>Functional Ecology</i> , 2013, 27, 314-322.	1.7	89
58	Scaling Integral Projection Models for Analyzing Size Demography. <i>Statistical Science</i> , 2013, 28, .	1.6	11
59	Conservation Efforts May Increase Malaria Burden in the Brazilian Amazon. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e57519.	1.1	54
60	Using Hierarchical Bayes to Understand Movement, Health, and Survival in the Endangered North Atlantic Right Whale. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e64166.	1.1	49
61	Individual-scale inference to anticipate climate-change vulnerability of biodiversity. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2012, 367, 236-246.	1.8	48
62	Evaluating the impacts of multiple generalist fungal pathogens on temperate tree seedling survival. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 511-520.	1.5	148
63	Multidimensional tradeâ€œoffs in species responses to disturbance: implications for diversity in a subtropical forest. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 191-205.	1.5	82
64	Inference for Size Demography From Point Pattern Data Using Integral Projection Models. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2012, 17, 641-677.	0.7	25
65	Application of a Full Hierarchical Bayesian Model in Assessing Streamflow Response to a Climate Change Scenario at the Coweeta Basin, NC, USA. <i>Journal of Resources and Ecology</i> , 2012, 3, 118-128.	0.2	10
66	The coherence problem with the Unified Neutral Theory of Biodiversity. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2012, 27, 198-202.	4.2	77
67	The missing link: from island extinction to Neutral Theory (a reply to Halley and Iwasa). <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2012, 27, 364.	4.2	1
68	Causes and consequences of unequal seedling production in forest trees: a case study in red oaks. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 1082-1094.	1.5	30
69	Genetic evidence for hybridization in red oaks (<i>Quercus</i> sect. <i>Lobatae</i>, Fagaceae). <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2012, 99, 92-100.	0.8	64
70	Intraâ€œand interspecific tree growth across a long altitudinal gradient in the Peruvian Andes. <i>Ecology</i> , 2012, 93, 2061-2072.	1.5	59
71	Between-Site Differences in the Scale of Dispersal and Gene Flow in Red Oak. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e36492.	1.1	39
72	Bayesian inference on ageâ€œspecific survival for censored and truncated data. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2012, 81, 139-149.	1.3	76

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73	Failure to migrate: lack of tree range expansion in response to climate change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2012, 18, 1042-1052.	4.2	519
74	The ZIG: Flexible Modeling for Zero-Inflated Counts. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2012, 68, 878-885.	0.8	14
75	The relative influences of host plant genotype and yearly abiotic variability in determining herbivore abundance. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2012, 168, 483-489.	0.9	17
76	Evidence from Individual Inference for High-Dimensional Coexistence: Long-Term Experiments on Recruitment Response. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e30050.	1.1	9
77	Individual-scale variation, species-scale differences: inference needed to understand diversity. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2011, 14, 1273-1287.	3.0	134
78	Coordinated approaches to quantify long-term ecosystem dynamics in response to global change. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 843-854.	4.2	165
79	Climate change vulnerability of forest biodiversity: climate and competition tracking of demographic rates. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2011, 17, 1834-1849.	4.2	164
80	Estimating seed and pollen movement in a monoecious plant: a hierarchical Bayesian approach integrating genetic and ecological data. <i>Molecular Ecology</i> , 2011, 20, 1248-1262.	2.0	71
81	Exploiting temporal coherence in forest dynamics simulation. , 2011, , .		1
82	Inferential ecosystem models, from network data to prediction. , 2011, 21, 1523-1536.		27
83	Ecological forecasting and data assimilation in a data-rich era. , 2011, 21, 1429-1442.		215
84	Enhanced Understanding of Infectious Diseases by Fusing Multiple Datasets: A Case Study on Malaria in the Western Brazilian Amazon Region. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e27462.	1.1	10
85	Individual variability in tree allometry determines light resource allocation in forest ecosystems: a hierarchical Bayesian approach. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2010, 163, 759-773.	0.9	64
86	Assimilating multi-source uncertainties of a parsimonious conceptual hydrological model using hierarchical Bayesian modeling. <i>Journal of Hydrology</i> , 2010, 394, 436-446.	2.3	30
87	Greater seed production in elevated CO ₂ is not accompanied by reduced seed quality in <i>Pinus taeda</i> L.. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2010, 16, 1046-1056.	4.2	50
88	High-dimensional coexistence based on individual variation: a synthesis of evidence. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2010, 80, 569-608.	2.4	141
89	Individuals and the Variation Needed for High Species Diversity in Forest Trees. <i>Science</i> , 2010, 327, 1129-1132.	6.0	319
90	Inference in incidence, infection, and impact: co-infection of multiple hosts by multiple pathogens. <i>Bayesian Analysis</i> , 2009, 4, .	1.6	7

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91	Striking the right balance in right whale conservation. Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences, 2009, 66, 1399-1403.	0.7	21
92	Biases in the estimation of size-dependent mortality models: advantages of a semiparametric approach. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2009, 39, 1430-1443.	0.8	19
93	Overcoming data sparseness and parametric constraints in modeling of tree mortality: a new nonparametric Bayesian model. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2009, 39, 1677-1687.	0.8	25
94	Estimating colonization potential of migrant tree species. Global Change Biology, 2009, 15, 1173-1188.	4.2	50
95	Predicting population survival under future climate change: density dependence, drought and extraction in an insular bighorn sheep. Journal of Animal Ecology, 2009, 78, 666-673.	1.3	39
96	A Predictive Framework to Understand Forest Responses to Global Change. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2009, 1162, 221-236.	1.8	20
97	Beyond neutral science. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2009, 24, 8-15.	4.2	135
98	Accounting for uncertainty in ecological analysis: the strengths and limitations of hierarchical statistical modeling. Ecological Applications, 2009, 19, 553-570.	1.8	423
99	Tree growth inference and prediction when the point of measurement changes: modelling around buttresses in tropical forests. Journal of Tropical Ecology, 2009, 25, 1-12.	0.5	47
100	Understanding movement data and movement processes: current and emerging directions. Ecology Letters, 2008, 11, 1338-1350.	3.0	317
101	Inferring long-distance dispersal and topographic barriers during post-glacial colonization from the genetic structure of red maple (<i>Acer rubrum</i> L.) in New England. Journal of Biogeography, 2008, 35, 1665-1673.	1.4	18
102	Capturing diversity and interspecific variability in allometries: A hierarchical approach. Forest Ecology and Management, 2008, 256, 1939-1948.	1.4	71
103	EVALUATING THE SOURCES OF POTENTIAL MIGRANT SPECIES: IMPLICATIONS UNDER CLIMATE CHANGE. Ecological Applications, 2008, 18, 1664-1678.	1.8	48
104	CHANGING THE GAP DYNAMICS PARADIGM: VEGETATIVE REGENERATION CONTROL ON FOREST RESPONSE TO DISTURBANCE. Ecological Monographs, 2008, 78, 331-347.	2.4	160
105	BIOMASS AND TOXICITY RESPONSES OF POISON IVY (TOXICODENDRON RADICANS) TO ELEVATED ATMOSPHERIC CO ₂ : REPLY. Ecology, 2008, 89, 585-587.	1.5	2
106	Symposium 23. Toward Ecological Forecasting. Bulletin of the Ecological Society of America, 2008, 89, 467-474.	0.2	3
107	EXPLOITING TEMPORAL VARIABILITY TO UNDERSTAND TREE RECRUITMENT RESPONSE TO CLIMATE CHANGE. Ecological Monographs, 2007, 77, 163-177.	2.4	120
108	LONG-TERM CO ₂ ENRICHMENT OF A FOREST ECOSYSTEM: IMPLICATIONS FOR FOREST REGENERATION AND SUCCESSION. , 2007, 17, 1198-1212.		64

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109	TREE GROWTH INFERENCE AND PREDICTION FROM DIAMETER CENSUSES AND RING WIDTHS. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2007, 17, 1942-1953.	1.8	78
110	Resolving the biodiversity paradox. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2007, 10, 647-659.	3.0	185
111		3.0	0
112	A scalable algorithm for dispersing population. <i>Journal of Intelligent Information Systems</i> , 2007, 29, 39-61.	2.8	10
113	Elevated CO ₂ and tree fecundity: the role of tree size, interannual variability, and population heterogeneity. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2007, .	4.2	0
114	PREDICTING BIODIVERSITY CHANGE: OUTSIDE THE CLIMATE ENVELOPE, BEYOND THE SPECIES-AREA CURVE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2006, 87, 1896-1906.	1.5	160
115	A future for models and data in environmental science. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2006, 21, 375-380.	4.2	175
116	The past 20 years of ecology and evolution. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2006, 21, 287.	4.2	3
117	The next 20 years of ecology and evolution. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2006, 21, 354-355.	4.2	3
118	Elevated CO ₂ and tree fecundity: the role of tree size, interannual variability, and population heterogeneity. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2006, 12, 822-833.	4.2	51
119	Biomass and toxicity responses of poison ivy (<i>Toxicodendron radicans</i>) to elevated atmospheric CO ₂ . <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2006, 103, 9086-9089.	3.3	136
120	Model-Driven Dynamic Control of Embedded Wireless Sensor Networks. <i>Lecture Notes in Computer Science</i> , 2006, , 409-416.	1.0	7
121	Survival of tree seedlings across space and time: estimates from long-term count data. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2005, 93, 1177-1184.	1.9	53
122	Does predation contribute to tree diversity?. <i>Oecologia</i> , 2005, 143, 458-469.	0.9	29
123	Tree growth prediction using size and exposed crown area. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2005, 35, 13-20.	0.8	69
124	HIERARCHICAL BAYES FOR STRUCTURED, VARIABLE POPULATIONS: FROM RECAPTURE DATA TO LIFE-HISTORY PREDICTION. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005, 86, 2232-2244.	1.5	83
125	The benefits of seed banking for red maple (<i>Acer rubrum</i>): maximizing seedling recruitment. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2005, 35, 806-813.	0.8	19
126	IMPLICATIONS OF SEED BANKING FOR RECRUITMENT OF SOUTHERN APPALACHIAN WOODY SPECIES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005, 86, 85-95.	1.5	64

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127	MOLECULAR INDICATORS OF TREE MIGRATION CAPACITY UNDER RAPID CLIMATE CHANGE. <i>Ecology</i> , 2005, 86, 2088-2098.	1.5	502
128	A scalable simulator for forest dynamics. , 2004, , .		6
129	POPULATION TIME SERIES: PROCESS VARIABILITY, OBSERVATION ERRORS, MISSING VALUES, LAGS, AND HIDDEN STATES. <i>Ecology</i> , 2004, 85, 3140-3150.	1.5	286
130	Why environmental scientists are becoming Bayesians. <i>Ecology Letters</i> , 2004, 8, 2-14.	3.0	641
131	Genetic variation in germination, growth, and survivorship of red maple in response to subambient through elevated atmospheric CO ₂ . <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2004, 10, 233-247.	4.2	40
132	Charcoal production, dispersal, and deposition from the Fort Providence experimental fire: interpreting fire regimes from charcoal records in boreal forests. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2004, 34, 1642-1656.	0.8	225
133	Reconstructing historical ranges with fossil data at continental scales. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2004, 197, 139-147.	1.4	82
134	FECUNDITY OF TREES AND THE COLONIZATION“COMPETITION HYPOTHESIS. <i>Ecological Monographs</i> , 2004, 74, 415-442.	2.4	152
135	The stability of forest biodiversity. <i>Nature</i> , 2004, 427, 696-697.	13.7	12
136	Stability of forest biodiversity. <i>Nature</i> , 2003, 423, 635-638.	13.7	170
137	Geographic and temporal variations in fire history in boreal ecosystems of Alaska. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2003, 108, FFR 8-1.	3.3	93
138	ESTIMATING POPULATION SPREAD: WHAT CAN WE FORECAST AND HOW WELL?. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1979-1988.	1.5	222
139	Effects of dispersal, shrubs, and density-dependent mortality on seed and seedling distributions in temperate forests. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2003, 33, 783-795.	0.8	62
140	SEEDLING SURVIVAL AND GROWTH OF THREE FOREST TREE SPECIES: THE ROLE OF SPATIAL HETEROGENEITY. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1849-1861.	1.5	209
141	UNCERTAINTY AND VARIABILITY IN DEMOGRAPHY AND POPULATION GROWTH: A HIERARCHICAL APPROACH. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1370-1381.	1.5	153
142	INCORPORATING MULTIPLE SOURCES OF STOCHASTICITY INTO DYNAMIC POPULATION MODELS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1395-1402.	1.5	142
143	COEXISTENCE: HOW TO IDENTIFY TROPHIC TRADE-OFFS. <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 17-31.	1.5	95
144	Uncertainty in Ecological Inference and Forecasting ¹ . <i>Ecology</i> , 2003, 84, 1349-1350.	1.5	19

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145	SEEDLING SURVIVAL AND GROWTH OF THREE FOREST TREE SPECIES: THE ROLE OF SPATIAL HETEROGENEITY. , 2003, 84, 1849.		1
146	The relationship between growth and mortality for seven co-occurring tree species in the southern Appalachian Mountains. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2002, 90, 604-615.	1.9	170
147	Density-dependent mortality and the latitudinal gradient in species diversity. <i>Nature</i> , 2002, 417, 732-735.	13.7	292
148	Statistical modeling of seedling mortality. <i>Journal of Agricultural, Biological, and Environmental Statistics</i> , 2002, 7, 21-41.	0.7	14
149	Ecological Forecasts: An Emerging Imperative. <i>Science</i> , 2001, 293, 657-660.	6.0	774
150	EFFECTS OF HOLOCENE CLIMATE CHANGE ON THE C4GRASSLAND/WOODLAND BOUNDARY IN THE NORTHERN PLAINS, USA. <i>Ecology</i> , 2001, 82, 620-636.	1.5	41
151	Effects of Holocene Climate Change on the C 4 Grassland/Woodland Boundary in the Northern Plains, USA. <i>Ecology</i> , 2001, 82, 620.	1.5	96
152	Changes in Biomass, Aboveground Net Primary Production, and Peat Accumulation following Permafrost Thaw in the Boreal Peatlands of Manitoba, Canada. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2001, 4, 461-478.	1.6	129
153	Invasion by Extremes: Population Spread with Variation in Dispersal and Reproduction. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2001, 157, 537-554.	1.0	363
154	Rising CO2 Levels and the Fecundity of Forest Trees. <i>Science</i> , 2001, 292, 95-98.	6.0	169
155	Long-term Perspectives on Lagged Ecosystem Responses to Climate Change: Permafrost in Boreal Peatlands and the Grassland/Woodland Boundary. <i>Ecosystems</i> , 2000, 3, 534-544.	1.6	78
156	Predicting tree mortality from diameter growth: a comparison of maximum likelihood and Bayesian approaches. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2000, 30, 156-167.	0.8	93
157	Biological indices of soil quality: an ecosystem case study of their use. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2000, 138, 357-368.	1.4	169
158	A long-term study of tree seedling recruitment in southern Appalachian forests: the effects of canopy gaps and shrub understories. <i>Canadian Journal of Forest Research</i> , 2000, 30, 1617-1631.	0.8	174
159	SEED DISPERSAL NEAR AND FAR: PATTERNS ACROSS TEMPERATE AND TROPICAL FORESTS. <i>Ecology</i> , 1999, 80, 1475-1494.	1.5	725
160	SEED DISPERSAL NEAR AND FAR: PATTERNS ACROSS TEMPERATE AND TROPICAL FORESTS. , 1999, 80, 1475.		45
161	Effects of climate and atmospheric CO 2 partial pressure on the global distribution of C 4 grasses: present, past, and future. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1998, 114, 441-454.	0.9	468
162	Reid's Paradox of Rapid Plant Migration. <i>BioScience</i> , 1998, 48, 13-24.	2.2	646

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163	STAGES AND SPATIAL SCALES OF RECRUITMENT LIMITATION IN SOUTHERN APPALACHIAN FORESTS. Ecological Monographs, 1998, 68, 213-235.	2.4	485
164	Relationships between charcoal particles in air and sediments in west-central Siberia. Holocene, 1998, 8, 19-29.	0.9	245
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