Woon-Puay Koh, Mbbs

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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247 papers

10,184 citations

53 h-index 85 g-index

248 all docs

248 docs citations

248 times ranked

17468 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Quantity and variety of fruit and vegetable intake in midlife and cognitive impairment in late life: a prospective cohort study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2023, 129, 2084-2093.	2.3	4
2	Left Atrial Phasic Function in Older Adults Is Associated with Fibrotic and Low-Grade Inflammatory Pathways. Gerontology, 2023, 69, 47-56.	2.8	3
3	Social support and health among older adults – the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Ageing and Society, 2022, 42, 1921-1937.	1.7	5
4	Reduction in total and major cause-specific mortality from tobacco smoking cessation: a pooled analysis of 16 population-based cohort studies in Asia. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 50, 2070-2081.	1.9	11
5	Dietary Total Antioxidant Capacity and Late-Life Cognitive Impairment: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2022, 77, 561-569.	3.6	16
6	Social Disconnection and Living Arrangements among Older Adults: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Gerontology, 2022, 68, 330-338.	2.8	10
7	Coffee and tea consumption and mortality from all causes, cardiovascular disease and cancer: a pooled analysis of prospective studies from the Asia Cohort Consortium. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, 626-640.	1.9	37
8	Cohort Profile: The Ovarian Cancer Cohort Consortium (OC3). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, e73-e86.	1.9	5
9	Composite Score of Healthy Lifestyle Factors and the Risk of Pancreatic Cancer in a Prospective Cohort Study. Cancer Prevention Research, 2022, 15, 29-36.	1.5	2
10	Factors associated with depression across age groups of older adults: The Singapore Chinese health study. International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, 2022, 37, .	2.7	7
11	Composite dietary antioxidant index and the risk of colorectal cancer: Findings from the Singapore Chinese Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2022, 150, 1599-1608.	5.1	35
12	Diabetes and other vascular risk factors in association with the risk of lower extremity amputation in chronic limb-threatening ischemia: a prospective cohort study. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2022, 21, 7.	6.8	14
13	Association between body mass index and oesophageal cancer mortality: a pooled analysis of prospective cohort studies with >800 000 individuals in the Asia Cohort Consortium. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, 1190-1203.	1.9	8
14	Dietary total antioxidant capacity and mortality outcomes: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 61, 2375-2382.	3.9	10
15	A polygenic risk score improves risk stratification of coronary artery disease: a large-scale prospective Chinese cohort study. European Heart Journal, 2022, 43, 1702-1711.	2.2	58
16	Obesity in Older Adults and Associations with Cardiovascular Structure and Function. Obesity Facts, 2022, 15, 336-343.	3.4	5
17	Educational Gradients in Disability among Asia's Future Elderly: Projections for the Republic of Korea and Singapore. Asian Development Review, 2022, 39, 51-89.	1.5	0
18	Polygenic risk scores for prediction of breast cancer risk in Asian populations. Genetics in Medicine, 2022, 24, 586-600.	2.4	27

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19	Joint Associations of Multiple Lifestyle Factors With Risk of Active Tuberculosis in the Population: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2022, 75, 213-220.	5.8	2
20	PUFA ω-3 and ω-6 biomarkers and sleep: a pooled analysis of cohort studies on behalf of the Fatty Acids and Outcomes Research Consortium (FORCE). American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 864-876.	4.7	1
21	Interaction between cigarette smoking and genetic polymorphisms on the associations with age of natural menopause and reproductive lifespan: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Human Reproduction, 2022, 37, 1351-1359.	0.9	3
22	Overlap of high-risk individuals predicted by family history, and genetic and non-genetic breast cancer risk prediction models: implications for risk stratification. BMC Medicine, 2022, 20, 150.	5.5	9
23	The association of genetic susceptibility to smoking with cardiovascular disease mortality and the benefits of adhering to a DASH diet: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 116, 386-393.	4.7	3
24	NAFLD polygenic risk score and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in an East Asian population. Hepatology Communications, 2022, 6, 2310-2321.	4.3	11
25	Genetic associations with healthy ageing among Chinese adults. , 2022, 8, .		1
26	Association of Marital Status With Total and Cause-Specific Mortality in Asia. JAMA Network Open, 2022, 5, e2214181.	5.9	9
27	Abstract 3667: Composite dietary antioxidant index and the risk of pancreatic cancer: Findings from a prospective cohort study. Cancer Research, 2022, 82, 3667-3667.	0.9	1
28	Dietary Nonstarch Polysaccharide Intake and Risk of Colorectal Cancer: Findings from the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Research Communications, 2022, 2, 1304-1311.	1.7	3
29	Smoking, life expectancy, and chronic disease in South Korea, Singapore, and the United States: A microsimulation model. Health Economics (United Kingdom), 2021, 30, 92-104.	1.7	10
30	Consumption of dietary nuts in midlife and risk of cognitive impairment in late-life: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Age and Ageing, 2021, 50, 1215-1221.	1.6	10
31	Dietary Intakes of Trace Elements and the Risk of Kidney Cancer: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Nutrition and Cancer, 2021, 73, 239-245.	2.0	3
32	Quantifying the association of low-intensity and late initiation of tobacco smoking with total and cause-specific mortality in Asia. Tobacco Control, 2021, 30, 328-335.	3.2	7
33	Leukocyte telomere length, cancer incidence and allâ€cause mortality among Chinese adults: Singapore Chinese Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 352-362.	5.1	19
34	Midlife Leukocyte Telomere Length as an Indicator for Handgrip Strength in Late Life. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2021, 76, 172-175.	3.6	4
35	Association Between Dietary Patterns in Midlife and Healthy Ageing in Chinese Adults: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 2021, 22, 1279-1286.	2.5	17
36	Prospective associations between change in sleep duration and cognitive impairment: Findings from the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2021, 281, 125-130.	4.1	12

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37	Composite Score of Healthy Lifestyle Factors and Risk of Hepatocellular Carcinoma: Findings from a Prospective Cohort Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 380-387.	2.5	13
38	Associations of coffee and tea consumption with lung cancer risk. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 2457-2470.	5.1	10
39	Quality diet indexes and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: Findings from the Singapore Chinese Health Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 2102-2114.	5.1	13
40	Association Between Combined Lifestyle Factors and Healthy Ageing in Chinese Adults: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2021, 76, 1796-1805.	3.6	12
41	Smoking and nasopharyngeal cancer: individual data meta-analysis of six prospective studies on 334Â935 men. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, 975-986.	1.9	12
42	Visceral fat area is the measure of obesity best associated with mobility disability in community dwelling oldest-old Chinese adults. BMC Geriatrics, 2021, 21, 282.	2.7	7
43	Low frequency variants associated with leukocyte telomere length in the Singapore Chinese population. Communications Biology, 2021, 4, 519.	4.4	15
44	Changes in Diet Quality from Mid- to Late Life Are Associated with Cognitive Impairment in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 151, 2800-2807.	2.9	4
45	ABO genotypes and the risk of esophageal and gastric cancers. BMC Cancer, 2021, 21, 589.	2.6	8
46	Association between Pre-Diagnostic Serum Bile Acids and Hepatocellular Carcinoma: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancers, 2021, 13, 2648.	3.7	29
47	Exacerbation of cardiovascular ageing by diabetes mellitus and its associations with acyl-carnitines. Aging, 2021, 13, 14785-14805.	3.1	10
48	The association of genetically determined serum glycine with cardiovascular risk in East Asians. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2021, 31, 1840-1844.	2.6	4
49	Food sources of dietary fibre and risk of total knee replacement related to severe osteoarthritis, the Singapore Chinese Health Study. RMD Open, 2021, 7, e001602.	3.8	O
50	Polygenic Risk Scores in a Prospective Parkinson's Disease Cohort. Movement Disorders, 2021, 36, 2936.	3.9	3
51	Quality Diet Index and Risk of Pancreatic Cancer: Findings from the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 2068-2078.	2.5	9
52	Association of Sleep Duration With All- and Major-Cause Mortality Among Adults in Japan, China, Singapore, and Korea. JAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2122837.	5.9	58
53	Trends of cutaneous basal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, and melanoma among the Chinese, Malays, and Indians in Singapore from 1968-2016. JAAD International, 2021, 4, 39-45.	2.2	21
54	Amino acid differences between diabetic older adults and non-diabetic older adults and their associations with cardiovascular function. Journal of Molecular and Cellular Cardiology, 2021, 158, 63-71.	1.9	12

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55	Birth weight modifies the relation between adulthood levels of insulin-like growth factor-1 and type 2 diabetes: a prospective cohort study. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2021, 9, e001885.	2.8	3
56	Healthful dietary patterns and risk of end-stage kidney disease: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 113, 675-683.	4.7	9
57	Serum IL27 in Relation to Risk of Hepatocellular Carcinoma in Two Nested Case–Control Studies. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 388-395.	2.5	8
58	The power of genetic diversity in genome-wide association studies of lipids. Nature, 2021, 600, 675-679.	27.8	353
59	Association Between Dietary Intakes of B Vitamins in Midlife and Cognitive Impairment in Late-Life: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2020, 75, 1222-1227.	3.6	16
60	Meat consumption in midlife and risk of cognitive impairment in old age: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 1729-1738.	3.9	20
61	Dairy, soy, and calcium consumption and risk of cognitive impairment: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 1541-1552.	3.9	22
62	Prediagnostic blood levels of organochlorines and risk of nonâ∈Hodgkin lymphoma in three prospective cohorts in China and Singapore. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 839-849.	5.1	8
63	Reply to: "Coffee and skin—Considerations beyond the caffeine perspective― Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology, 2020, 82, e65-e66.	1.2	O
64	Circulating markers of cellular immune activation in prediagnostic blood sample and lung cancer risk in the Lung Cancer Cohort Consortium (LC3). International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 2394-2405.	5.1	21
65	Midlife Dietary Intakes of Monounsaturated Acids, n–6 Polyunsaturated Acids, and Plant-Based Fat Are Inversely Associated with Risk of Cognitive Impairment in Older Singapore Chinese Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 150, 901-909.	2.9	11
66	Associations between tea and coffee beverage consumption and the risk of lung cancer in the Singaporean Chinese population. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 3083-3091.	3.9	16
67	Impact of Combined Lifestyle Factors on All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality and Life Expectancy in Chinese: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2020, 75, 2193-2199.	3.6	27
68	European polygenic risk score for prediction of breast cancer shows similar performance in Asian women. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 3833.	12.8	88
69	Use of age-dependent FRAX-based intervention thresholds for Singapore. Archives of Osteoporosis, 2020, 15, 104.	2.4	14
70	Interaction between a haptoglobin genetic variant and coronary artery disease (CAD) risk factors on CAD severity in Singaporean Chinese population. Molecular Genetics & Enomic Medicine, 2020, 8, e1450.	1.2	3
71	Gene-educational attainment interactions in a multi-ancestry genome-wide meta-analysis identify novel blood pressure loci. Molecular Psychiatry, 2020, 26, 2111-2125.	7.9	17
72	Identification of type 2 diabetes loci in 433,540 East Asian individuals. Nature, 2020, 582, 240-245.	27.8	282

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73	Mendelian randomization analysis does not support causal associations of birth weight with hypertension risk and blood pressure in adulthood. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 35, 685-697.	5.7	9
74	Adiposity, Weight Change, and Risk of Cognitive Impairment: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Alzheimer's Disease, 2020, 74, 319-329.	2.6	9
75	The impact of diabetes on the association between alcohol intake and the risk of endâ€stage kidney disease in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Diabetes, 2020, 12, 583-593.	1.8	3
76	Dietary Antioxidants and Risk of Parkinson's Disease in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Movement Disorders, 2020, 35, 1765-1773.	3.9	21
77	Handgrip Strength and Timed Up-and-Go (TUG) Test are Predictors of Short-Term Mortality among Elderly in a Population-Based Cohort in Singapore. Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging, 2020, 24, 371-378.	3.3	41
78	Genetic risk, adherence to a healthy lifestyle, and type 2 diabetes risk among 550,000 Chinese adults: results from 2 independent Asian cohorts. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 698-707.	4.7	38
79	Tissue inhibitor matrix metalloproteinase 1 and risk of type 2 diabetes in a Chinese population. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2020, 8, e001051.	2.8	7
80	Association between Dietary Tomato Intake and the Risk of Hepatocellular Carcinoma: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 1430-1435.	2.5	17
81	A Dietary Pattern Derived from Reduced Rank Regression and Fatty Acid Biomarkers Is Associated with Lower Risk of Type 2 Diabetes and Coronary Artery Disease in Chinese Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 2001-2010.	2.9	20
82	Galectinâ€3 as a candidate upstream biomarker for quantifying risks of myocardial ageing. ESC Heart Failure, 2019, 6, 1068-1076.	3.1	15
83	Associations between Skeletal Muscle and Myocardium in Aging: A Syndrome of "Cardioâ€Sarcopeniaâ€?. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2019, 67, 2568-2573.	2.6	36
84	Dietary pattern in midlife and cognitive impairment in late life: a prospective study in Chinese adults. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 912-920.	4.7	75
85	Associations of autozygosity with a broad range of human phenotypes. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4957.	12.8	84
86	Association of BMI, Smoking, and Alcohol with Multiple Myeloma Mortality in Asians: A Pooled Analysis of More than 800,000 Participants in the Asia Cohort Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2019, 28, 1861-1867.	2.5	11
87	Association of Birth Weight With Type 2 Diabetes and Glycemic Traits. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e1910915.	5.9	41
88	Multiancestry Genome-Wide Association Study of Lipid Levels Incorporating Gene-Alcohol Interactions. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 1033-1054.	3.4	85
89	Multi-ancestry study of blood lipid levels identifies four loci interacting with physical activity. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 376.	12.8	64
90	Retinol binding protein 4 and risk of type 2 diabetes in Singapore Chinese men and women: a nested case-control study. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2019, 16, 3.	3.0	18

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91	Dietary Intakes of Fatty Acids in Midlife and Risk of Cognitive Impairment in Late Life: The Singapore Chinese Health Study (P01-009-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, nzz028.P01-009-19.	0.3	О
92	Coffee, tea, caffeine, and risk of nonmelanoma skin cancer in a Chinese population: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology, 2019, 81, 395-402.	1.2	21
93	Dietary Patterns, Plasma Fatty Acid Profiles and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease and Type 2 Diabetes (P18-092-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, nzz039.P18-092-19.	0.3	0
94	Loci for human leukocyte telomere length in the Singaporean Chinese population and trans-ethnic genetic studies. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 2491.	12.8	64
95	Soy and tea intake on cervical cancer risk: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2019, 30, 847-857.	1.8	8
96	Anthropometric Risk Factors for Cancers of the Biliary Tract in the Biliary Tract Cancers Pooling Project. Cancer Research, 2019, 79, 3973-3982.	0.9	31
97	Association between prediagnostic leukocyte telomere length and breast cancer risk: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 50.	5.0	27
98	Randomised controlled trial of dexmedetomidine sedation vs general anaesthesia for inguinal hernia surgery on perioperative outcomes in infants. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2019, 122, 662-670.	3.4	20
99	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet and risk of stroke and stroke subtypes. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 337-349.	5.7	42
100	Tobacco Smoking and Mortality in Asia. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e191474.	5. 9	102
101	Biomarkers of Dietary Omega-6 Fatty Acids and Incident Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality. Circulation, 2019, 139, 2422-2436.	1.6	199
102	A multi-ancestry genome-wide study incorporating gene–smoking interactions identifies multiple new loci for pulse pressure and mean arterial pressure. Human Molecular Genetics, 2019, 28, 2615-2633.	2.9	31
103	Multi-ancestry genome-wide gene–smoking interaction study of 387,272 individuals identifies new loci associated with serum lipids. Nature Genetics, 2019, 51, 636-648.	21.4	112
104	DASH Dietary Pattern, Mediation by Mineral Intakes, and the Risk of Coronary Artery Disease and Stroke Mortality. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2019, 8, e011054.	3.7	37
105	Association between educational level and total and cause-specific mortality: a pooled analysis of over 694 000 individuals in the Asia Cohort Consortium. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e026225.	1.9	11
106	Diet, Secondhand Smoke, and Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) Levels among Singapore Chinese Adults. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 5148.	2.6	1
107	Sleep duration and risk of end-stage renal disease: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Sleep Medicine, 2019, 54, 22-27.	1.6	11
108	Weight change in relation to mortality in middle-aged and elderly Chinese: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. International Journal of Obesity, 2019, 43, 1590-1600.	3.4	24

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109	Serum Amino Acids in Association with Prevalent and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in A Chinese Population. Metabolites, 2019, 9, 14.	2.9	40
110	Long-term incense use and the risk of end-stage renal disease among Chinese in Singapore: the Singapore Chinese health study. BMC Nephrology, 2019, 20, 9.	1.8	13
111	Relation of cigarette smoking and alcohol drinking in midlife with risk of cognitive impairment in late life: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Age and Ageing, 2019, 48, 101-107.	1.6	17
112	Rice intake and risk of type 2 diabetes: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 58, 3349-3360.	3.9	26
113	Is high vitamin B12 status a cause of lung cancer?. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 1499-1503.	5.1	58
114	Asthma, Sinonasal Disease, and the Risk of Active Tuberculosis. Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology: in Practice, 2019, 7, 641-648.e1.	3.8	8
115	Plasma Fetuin-A Levels and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus in A Chinese Population: A Nested Case-Control Study. Diabetes and Metabolism Journal, 2019, 43, 474.	4.7	10
116	Green leafy and cruciferous vegetable consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: results from the Singapore Chinese Health Study and meta-analysis. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 1057-1067.	2.3	35
117	Serum Lipids in Association With Type 2 Diabetes Risk and Prevalence in a Chinese Population. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2018, 103, 671-680.	3.6	27
118	Coffee and tea drinking in relation to risk of hip fracture in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Bone, 2018, 112, 51-57.	2.9	16
119	Positive predictive value of different methods for identifying Parkinson's disease cases in an epidemiological study. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2018, 54, 119-120.	2.2	2
120	THE AUTHORS REPLY. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 1572-1573.	3.4	0
121	Association of "Elevated Blood Pressure―and "Stage 1 Hypertension―With Cardiovascular Mortality Among an Asian Population. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2018, 7, .	3.7	24
122	Sleep lengthening in late adulthood signals increased risk of mortality. Sleep, 2018, 41, .	1.1	13
123	A Large-Scale Multi-ancestry Genome-wide Study Accounting for Smoking Behavior Identifies Multiple Significant Loci for Blood Pressure. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 375-400.	6.2	123
124	Impaired functional vitamin B6 status is associated with increased risk of lung cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 142, 2425-2434.	5.1	12
125	Plasma adiponectin levels and type 2 diabetes risk: a nested case-control study in a Chinese population and an updated meta-analysis. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 406.	3.3	68
126	Body mass index and lung cancer risk: a pooled analysis based on nested case-control studies from four cohort studies. BMC Cancer, 2018, 18, 220.	2.6	23

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127	Serologic markers of viral infection and risk of nonâ€ <scp>H</scp> odgkin lymphoma: A pooled study of three prospective cohorts in <scp>C</scp> hina and <scp>S</scp> ingapore. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 570-579.	5.1	23
128	Dairy intake and risk of type 2 diabetes. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 712-718.	5.0	40
129	Coffee, tea, caffeine, and risk of hypertension: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 57, 1333-1342.	3.9	44
130	Circulating Folate, Vitamin B6, and Methionine in Relation to Lung Cancer Risk in the Lung Cancer Cohort Consortium (LC3). Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2018, 110, 57-67.	6. 3	40
131	Genome-wide association study identified copy number variants associated with sporadic colorectal cancer risk. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2018, 55, 181-188.	3.2	12
132	Metabolomic profile of arterial stiffness in aged adults. Diabetes and Vascular Disease Research, 2018, 15, 74-80.	2.0	29
133	Determinants of prolactin in postmenopausal Chinese women in Singapore. Cancer Causes and Control, 2018, 29, 51-62.	1.8	2
134	Telomere length and risk of developing gastric adenocarcinoma: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Gastric Cancer, 2018, 21, 598-605.	5 . 3	8
135	Factors influencing career progress for early stage clinician-scientists in emerging Asian academic medical centres: a qualitative study in Singapore. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e020398.	1.9	12
136	N-Terminal pro C-Type Natriuretic Peptide (NTproCNP) and myocardial function in ageing. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0209517.	2.5	5
137	Interethnic analyses of blood pressure loci in populations of East Asian and European descent. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 5052.	12.8	75
138	Metabolomic correlates of aerobic capacity among elderly adults. Clinical Cardiology, 2018, 41, 1300-1307.	1.8	15
139	Duration of physical activity, sitting, sleep and the risk of total knee replacement among Chinese in Singapore, the Singapore Chinese Health Study. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0202554.	2.5	10
140	Diet Quality Indices and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 2651-2661.	3.4	62
141	Consumption of Coffee but Not of Other Caffeine-Containing Beverages Reduces the Risk of End-Stage Renal Disease in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 148, 1315-1322.	2.9	21
142	Diet-Quality Indexes Are Associated with a Lower Risk of Cardiovascular, Respiratory, and All-Cause Mortality among Chinese Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 148, 1323-1332.	2.9	74
143	Gene-diet interaction effects on BMI levels in the Singapore Chinese population. Nutrition Journal, 2018, 17, 31.	3.4	11
144	Identification of susceptibility pathways for the role of chromosome 15q25.1 in modifying lung cancer risk. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 3221.	12.8	60

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145	Dissecting Clinical and Metabolomics Associations of Left Atrial Phasic Function by Cardiac Magnetic Resonance Feature Tracking. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 8138.	3.3	24
146	Circulating cotinine concentrations and lung cancer risk in the Lung Cancer Cohort Consortium (LC3). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 47, 1760-1771.	1.9	15
147	Novel genetic associations for blood pressure identified via gene-alcohol interaction in up to 570K individuals across multiple ancestries. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198166.	2.5	94
148	Pooled analysis of active cigarette smoking and invasive breast cancer risk in 14 cohort studies. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 46, dyw288.	1.9	56
149	Identification of new susceptibility loci for gastric non-cardia adenocarcinoma: pooled results from two Chinese genome-wide association studies. Gut, 2017, 66, 581-587.	12.1	68
150	Diabetes mellitus and the risk of total knee replacement among Chinese in Singapore, the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 40671.	3.3	15
151	Composite protective lifestyle factors and risk of developing gastric adenocarcinoma: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. British Journal of Cancer, 2017, 116, 679-687.	6.4	21
152	High-sensitive C-reactive protein and risk of incident type 2 diabetes: a case–control study nested within the Singapore Chinese Health Study. BMC Endocrine Disorders, 2017, 17, 8.	2.2	25
153	Reponse to the association between diabetes mellitus and cirrhosis mortality. Liver International, 2017, 37, 467-467.	3.9	0
154	Serum bilirubin levels and risk of type 2 diabetes: results from two independent cohorts in middle-aged and elderly Chinese. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 41338.	3.3	20
155	Influence of temperate, subtropical, and tropical fruit consumption on risk of type 2 diabetes in an Asian population. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 105, 736-745.	4.7	22
156	Plasma ferritin, C-reactive protein, and risk of incident type 2 diabetes in Singapore Chinese men and women. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2017, 128, 109-118.	2.8	14
157	Quantification of Hemoglobin and White Blood Cell DNA Adducts of the Tobacco Carcinogens 2-Amino-9 <i>H</i> -pyrido[2,3- <i>b</i>]indole and 4-Aminobiphenyl Formed in Humans by Nanoflow Liquid Chromatography/Ion Trap Multistage Mass Spectrometry. Chemical Research in Toxicology, 2017. 30. 1333-1343.	3.3	14
158	Increased body mass index is a risk factor for end-stage renal disease in the Chinese Singapore population. Kidney International, 2017, 92, 979-987.	5.2	16
159	Meat, Dietary Heme Iron, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 824-833.	3.4	57
160	The Premenopausal Breast Cancer Collaboration: A Pooling Project of Studies Participating in the National Cancer Institute Cohort Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2017, 26, 1360-1369.	2.5	23
161	Association analyses of East Asian individuals and trans-ancestry analyses with European individuals reveal new loci associated with cholesterol and triglyceride levels. Human Molecular Genetics, 2017, 26, 1770-1784.	2.9	135
162	Dairy Food Intake Is Inversely Associated with Risk of Hypertension: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 235-241.	2.9	23

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163	Reply to Kawada letter to editor about "Dairy intake and risk of type 2 diabetes― Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 36, 1738.	5.0	4
164	Physical activity, sedentary time, and risk of colorectal cancer: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2017, 26, 469-475.	1.3	35
165	Alcohol drinking and cigarette smoking in relation to risk of active tuberculosis: prospective cohort study. BMJ Open Respiratory Research, 2017, 4, e000247.	3.0	37
166	Comparisons of risk prediction methods using nested caseâ€control data. Statistics in Medicine, 2017, 36, 455-465.	1.6	7
167	Utility of genetic and non-genetic risk factors in predicting coronary heart disease in Singaporean Chinese. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2017, 24, 153-160.	1.8	11
168	Association between diabetes mellitus and cirrhosis mortality: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Liver International, 2017, 37, 251-258.	3.9	23
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