## Bruce Alan McDonald

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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190 papers

17,872 citations

69 h-index 120 g-index

224 all docs

224 docs citations

times ranked

224

9009 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	PATHOGENPOPULATIONGENETICS, EVOLUTIONARYPOTENTIAL, ANDDURABLERESISTANCE. Annual Review of Phytopathology, 2002, 40, 349-379.	3.5	1,785
2	Emergence of a new disease as a result of interspecific virulence gene transfer. Nature Genetics, 2006, 38, 953-956.	9.4	667
3	The Origins of Plant Pathogens in Agro-Ecosystems. Annual Review of Phytopathology, 2008, 46, 75-100.	3.5	514
4	Gene Flow in Plant Pathosystems. Annual Review of Phytopathology, 1993, 31, 353-373.	3.5	498
5	The population genetics of plant pathogens and breeding strategies for durable resistance. Euphytica, 2002, 124, 163-180.	0.6	437
6	Emergence of wheat blast in Bangladesh was caused by a South American lineage of Magnaporthe oryzae. BMC Biology, 2016, 14, 84.	1.7	355
7	The Population Genetics of Fungi: Tools and Techniques. Phytopathology, 1997, 87, 448-453.	1.1	351
8	Population Structure of Mycosphaerella graminicola: From Lesions to Continents. Phytopathology, 2002, 92, 946-955.	1.1	278
9	The global genetic structure of the wheat pathogen Mycosphaerella graminicola is characterized by high nuclear diversity, low mitochondrial diversity, regular recombination, and gene flow. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2003, 38, 286-297.	0.9	262
10	Rapid emergence of pathogens in agro-ecosystems: global threats to agricultural sustainability and food security. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2016, 371, 20160026.	1.8	240
11	Dothideomycete–Plant Interactions Illuminated by Genome Sequencing and EST Analysis of the Wheat Pathogen <i>Stagonospora nodorum</i> . Plant Cell, 2007, 19, 3347-3368.	3.1	235
12	The Cysteine Rich Necrotrophic Effector SnTox1 Produced by Stagonospora nodorum Triggers Susceptibility of Wheat Lines Harboring Snn1. PLoS Pathogens, 2012, 8, e1002467.	2.1	233
13	The Accessory Genome as a Cradle for Adaptive Evolution in Pathogens. PLoS Pathogens, 2012, 8, e1002608.	2.1	227
14	A small secreted protein in <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> is responsible for avirulence on wheat cultivars carrying the <i>Stb6</i> resistance gene. New Phytologist, 2017, 214, 619-631.	3.5	218
15	Origin and Domestication of the Fungal Wheat Pathogen Mycosphaerella graminicola via Sympatric Speciation. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2006, 24, 398-411.	3.5	216
16	Sexual Reproduction Plays a Major Role in the Genetic Structure of Populations of the Fungus <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> . Genetics, 1996, 142, 1119-1127.	1.2	197
17	The making of a new pathogen: Insights from comparative population genomics of the domesticated wheat pathogen <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> and its wild sister species. Genome Research, 2011, 21, 2157-2166.	2.4	191
18	An Analysis of the Durability of Resistance to Plant Viruses. Phytopathology, 2003, 93, 941-952.	1.1	190

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19	Comparative Pathogenomics Reveals Horizontally Acquired Novel Virulence Genes in Fungi Infecting Cereal Hosts. PLoS Pathogens, 2012, 8, e1002952.	2.1	176
20	SnTox3 Acts in Effector Triggered Susceptibility to Induce Disease on Wheat Carrying the Snn3 Gene. PLoS Pathogens, 2009, 5, e1000581.	2.1	175
21	Qol resistance emerged independently at least 4 times in European populations of <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> . Pest Management Science, 2009, 65, 155-162.	1.7	168
22	Population Genetics of Plant Pathogenic Fungi. BioScience, 1993, 43, 311-319.	2.2	167
23	Breakage-fusion-bridge Cycles and Large Insertions Contribute to the Rapid Evolution of Accessory Chromosomes in a Fungal Pathogen. PLoS Genetics, 2013, 9, e1003567.	1.5	166
24	A fungal wheat pathogen evolved host specialization by extensive chromosomal rearrangements. ISME Journal, 2017, 11, 1189-1204.	4.4	166
25	Evolution of Linked Avirulence Effectors in Leptosphaeria maculans Is Affected by Genomic Environment and Exposure to Resistance Genes in Host Plants. PLoS Pathogens, 2010, 6, e1001180.	2.1	158
26	Global migration patterns in the fungal wheat pathogen Phaeosphaeria nodorum. Molecular Ecology, 2006, 15, 2895-2904.	2.0	154
27	DNA Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphisms Among <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> (Anamorph <i>Septoria tritici</i> ) Isolates Collected from a Single Wheat Field. Phytopathology, 1990, 80, 1368.	1.1	150
28	Local adaptation and effect of host genotype on the rate of pathogen evolution: an experimental test in a plant pathosystem. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2002, 15, 634-647.	0.8	147
29	Variation for neutral markers is correlated with variation for quantitative traits in the plant pathogenic fungus Mycosphaerella graminicola. Molecular Ecology, 2005, 14, 2683-2693.	2.0	146
30	Population Structure and Pathotype Diversity of the Wheat Blast Pathogen <i>Magnaporthe oryzae</i> 25 Years After Its Emergence in Brazil. Phytopathology, 2014, 104, 95-107.	1.1	144
31	Genetic Variability in Nuclear DNA in Field Populations ofStagonospora nodorum. Phytopathology, 1994, 84, 250.	1.1	143
32	Whole-Genome and Chromosome Evolution Associated with Host Adaptation and Speciation of the Wheat Pathogen Mycosphaerella graminicola. PLoS Genetics, 2010, 6, e1001189.	1.5	142
33	Genetic Structure of Rhynchosporium secalis in Australia. Phytopathology, 1999, 89, 639-645.	1.1	136
34	Population Genetics of Fungal and Oomycete Effectors Involved in Gene-for-Gene Interactions. Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions, 2009, 22, 371-380.	1.4	134
35	Distribution of mating type alleles in the wheat pathogen Mycosphaerella graminicola over spatial scales from lesions to continents. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2002, 36, 128-136.	0.9	131
36	Molecular Population Genetic Analysis Differentiates Two Virulence Mechanisms of the Fungal Avirulence Gene NIP1. Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions, 2004, 17, 1114-1125.	1.4	129

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37	Comparative Transcriptome Analyses in <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> Reveal Significant Differences in Gene Expression Among Strains During Plant Infection. Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions, 2017, 30, 231-244.	1.4	129
38	The Impact of Recombination Hotspots on Genome Evolution of a Fungal Plant Pathogen. Genetics, 2015, 201, 1213-1228.	1.2	123
39	Resistance to QoI Fungicides Is Widespread in Brazilian Populations of the Wheat Blast Pathogen <i>Magnaporthe oryzae</i> . Phytopathology, 2015, 105, 284-294.	1.1	121
40	Gene Flow Between Geographic Populations of Mycosphaerella graminicola (Anamorph Septoria tritici) Detected with Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism Markers. Phytopathology, 1993, 83, 1148.	1.1	121
41	Experimental Measures of Pathogen Competition and Relative Fitness. Annual Review of Phytopathology, 2013, 51, 131-153.	3.5	117
42	Genetic stability in a population of a plant pathogenic fungus over time. Molecular Ecology, 1994, 3, 209-218.	2.0	114
43	Measuring Immigration and Sexual Reproduction in Field Populations of Mycosphaerella graminicola. Phytopathology, 1998, 88, 1330-1337.	1.1	114
44	How Knowledge of Pathogen Population Biology Informs Management of Septoria Tritici Blotch. Phytopathology, 2016, 106, 948-955.	1.1	112
45	Further evidence for sexual reproduction in Rhynchosporium secalis based on distribution and frequency of mating-type alleles. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2003, 40, 115-125.	0.9	106
46	Gene Flow and Sexual Reproduction in the Wheat Glume Blotch Pathogen Phaeosphaeria nodorum (Anamorph Stagonospora nodorum). Phytopathology, 1997, 87, 353-358.	1.1	103
47	A fungal avirulence factor encoded in a highly plastic genomic region triggers partial resistance to septoria tritici blotch. New Phytologist, 2018, 219, 1048-1061.	3.5	103
48	The Genetic Structure of Field Populations of Rhynchosporium secalis from Three Continents Suggests Moderate Gene Flow and Regular Recombination. Phytopathology, 2000, 90, 901-908.	1,1	102
49	Measuring Quantitative Virulence in the Wheat Pathogen <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> Using High-Throughput Automated Image Analysis. Phytopathology, 2014, 104, 985-992.	1.1	102
50	Global diversity and distribution of three necrotrophic effectors in <i>Phaeosphaeria nodorum</i> and related species. New Phytologist, 2013, 199, 241-251.	3.5	101
51	Restriction fragment length polymorphisms in Septoria tritici occur at a high frequency. Current Genetics, 1990, 17, 133-138.	0.8	100
52	Thermal adaptation in the fungal pathogen Mycosphaerella graminicola. Molecular Ecology, 2011, 20, 1689-1701.	2.0	98
53	RAPID SPECIATION FOLLOWING RECENT HOST SHIFTS IN THE PLANT PATHOGENIC FUNGUS RHYNCHOSPORIUM. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2008, 62, 1418-1436.	1.1	97
54	Chromosome length polymorphisms in a Septoria tritici population. Current Genetics, 1991, 19, 265-271.	0.8	96

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55	Population Genomics of Fungal and Oomycete Pathogens. Annual Review of Phytopathology, 2016, 54, 323-346.	3.5	96
56	Is Zymoseptoria tritici a hemibiotroph?. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2015, 79, 29-32.	0.9	95
57	A 19-isolate reference-quality global pangenome for the fungal wheat pathogen Zymoseptoria tritici. BMC Biology, 2020, 18, 12.	1.7	95
58	Evolution of the <i>CYP51</i> gene in <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> evidence for intragenic recombination and selective replacement. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2008, 9, 305-316.	2.0	94
59	Geographical variation and positive diversifying selection in the host-specific toxin SnToxA.  Molecular Plant Pathology, 2007, 8, 321-332.	2.0	92
60	Genetic Structure of Populations of the Rice-Infecting Pathogen <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> AG-1 IA from China. Phytopathology, 2009, 99, 1090-1099.	1.1	90
61	An Improved Method for Measuring Quantitative Resistance to the Wheat Pathogen <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> Using High-Throughput Automated Image Analysis. Phytopathology, 2016, 106, 782-788.	1.1	90
62	Genome-Wide Association Study Identifies Novel Candidate Genes for Aggressiveness, Deoxynivalenol Production, and Azole Sensitivity in Natural Field Populations of <i>Fusarium graminearum</i> Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions, 2016, 29, 417-430.	1.4	89
63	Molecular evidence for recent founder populations and human-mediated migration in the barley scald pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis. Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution, 2009, 51, 454-464.	1.2	88
64	Ranking Quantitative Resistance to Septoria tritici Blotch in Elite Wheat Cultivars Using Automated Image Analysis. Phytopathology, 2018, 108, 568-581.	1.1	88
65	Wheat blast: from its origins in South America to its emergence as a global threat. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2019, 20, 155-172.	2.0	88
66	Quantitative Trait Locus Mapping of Melanization in the Plant Pathogenic Fungus (i>Zymoseptoria tritici (i). G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics, 2014, 4, 2519-2533.	0.8	86
67	Evidence for subdivision of the root-endophyte Phialocephala fortinii into cryptic species and recombination within species. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2004, 41, 676-687.	0.9	85
68	Differential Selection on Rhynchosporium secalis During Parasitic and Saprophytic Phases in the Barley Scald Disease Cycle. Phytopathology, 2006, 96, 1214-1222.	1.1	85
69	Comparative transcriptomic analyses of <scp><i>Z</i></scp> <i>ymoseptoria tritici</i> strains show complex lifestyle transitions and intraspecific variability in transcription profiles. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2016, 17, 845-859.	2.0	82
70	Emergence and early evolution of fungicide resistance in North American populations of <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> . Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 961-971.	1.2	79
71	Intraspecific comparison and annotation of two complete mitochondrial genome sequences from the plant pathogenic fungus Mycosphaerella graminicola. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2008, 45, 628-637.	0.9	78
72	Coevolution and Life Cycle Specialization of Plant Cell Wall Degrading Enzymes in a Hemibiotrophic Pathogen. Molecular Biology and Evolution, 2013, 30, 1337-1347.	3.5	77

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73	Selection for increased cyproconazole tolerance in Mycosphaerella graminicolathrough local adaptation and in response to host resistance. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2006, 7, 259-268.	2.0	76
74	Quantitative trait locus mapping reveals complex genetic architecture of quantitative virulence in the wheat pathogen <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> . Molecular Plant Pathology, 2018, 19, 201-216.	2.0	76
<b>7</b> 5	High Levels of Gene Flow and Heterozygote Excess Characterize Rhizoctonia solani AG-1 IA (Thanatephorus cucumeris) from Texas. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 1999, 28, 148-159.	0.9	75
76	No biogeographical pattern for a rootâ€associated fungal species complex. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2011, 20, 160-169.	2.7	74
77	Comparative analysis of mitochondrial genomes from closely related Rhynchosporium species reveals extensive intron invasion. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2014, 62, 34-42.	0.9	74
78	Validation of Genome-Wide Association Studies as a Tool to Identify Virulence Factors in <i>Parastagonospora nodorum</i> . Phytopathology, 2016, 106, 1177-1185.	1.1	74
79	Genomeâ€wide evidence for divergent selection between populations of a major agricultural pathogen. Molecular Ecology, 2018, 27, 2725-2741.	2.0	74
80	The interaction among evolutionary forces in the pathogenic fungus Mycosphaerella graminicola. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2004, 41, 590-599.	0.9	73
81	The genetic basis of local adaptation for pathogenic fungi in agricultural ecosystems. Molecular Ecology, 2017, 26, 2027-2040.	2.0	73
82	Morphological changes in response to environmental stresses in the fungal plant pathogen Zymoseptoria tritici. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 9642.	1.6	73
83	Migration patterns among global populations of the pathogenic fungus Mycosphaerella graminicola. Molecular Ecology, 2005, 14, 1881-1896.	2.0	71
84	Global Hierarchical Gene Diversity Analysis Suggests the Fertile Crescent Is Not the Center of Origin of the Barley Scald Pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis. Phytopathology, 2006, 96, 941-950.	1.1	71
85	<i>Zymoseptoria ardabiliae</i> and <i>Z. pseudotritici</i> , two progenitor species of the septoria tritici leaf blotch fungus <i>Z. tritici</i> (synonym: <i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> ). Mycologia, 2012, 104, 1397-1407.	0.8	71
86	Quantitative Variation in Effector Activity of ToxA Isoforms from <i>Stagonospora nodorum</i> and <i>Pyrenophora tritici-repentis</i> Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions, 2012, 25, 515-522.	1.4	70
87	Transposable element insertions shape gene regulation and melanin production in a fungal pathogen of wheat. BMC Biology, 2018, 16, 78.	1.7	70
88	QTL mapping of temperature sensitivity reveals candidate genes for thermal adaptation and growth morphology in the plant pathogenic fungus Zymoseptoria tritici. Heredity, 2016, 116, 384-394.	1.2	68
89	Intra- and intersporal diversity of ITS rDNA sequences in Glomus intraradices assessed by cloning and sequencing, and by SSCP analysis. Mycological Research, 2002, 106, 670-681.	2.5	66
90	<i>Pyricularia graminis-tritici</i> , a new <i>Pyricularia</i> species causing wheat blast. Persoonia: Molecular Phylogeny and Evolution of Fungi, 2016, 37, 199-216.	1.6	66

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91	Genome-wide analysis of Fusarium graminearum field populations reveals hotspots of recombination. BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 996.	1.2	65
92	QTL mapping of fungicide sensitivity reveals novel genes and pleiotropy with melanization in the pathogen Zymoseptoria tritici. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2015, 80, 53-67.	0.9	65
93	Two new species of <i>Rhynchosporium </i> . Mycologia, 2011, 103, 195-202.	0.8	62
94	The Population Biology of Host-Pathogen Interactions. Annual Review of Phytopathology, 1989, 27, 77-94.	3.5	61
95	Hyperspectral Canopy Sensing of Wheat Septoria Tritici Blotch Disease. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2018, 9, 1195.	1.7	61
96	Responses of Twoâ€, Threeâ€, and Fourâ€Component Barley Mixtures to a Variable Pathogen Population. Crop Science, 1988, 28, 447-452.	0.8	60
97	Genetic Structure and Temporal Dynamics of a Colletotrichum graminicola Population in a Sorghum Disease Nursery. Phytopathology, 1998, 88, 1087-1093.	1.1	60
98	Multilocus resistance evolution to azole fungicides in fungal plant pathogen populations. Molecular Ecology, 2016, 25, 6124-6142.	2.0	60
99	High Genetic Similarity Among Populations of Phaeosphaeria nodorum Across Wheat Cultivars and Regions in Switzerland. Phytopathology, 1997, 87, 1134-1139.	1.1	59
100	The Frequencies and Spatial Distribution of Mating Types in Stagonospora nodorum Are Consistent with Recurring Sexual Reproduction. Phytopathology, 2006, 96, 234-239.	1.1	57
101	Evidence for Extensive Recent Intron Transposition in Closely Related Fungi. Current Biology, 2011, 21, 2017-2022.	1.8	57
102	Genetic Structure of Populations of Rhizoctonia solani Anastomosis Group-1 IA from Soybean in Brazil. Phytopathology, 2008, 98, 932-941.	1.1	55
103	Using Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphisms to Assess Temporal Variation and Estimate the Number of Ascospores that Initiate Epidemics in Field Populations of Mycosphaerella graminicola. Phytopathology, 2001, 91, 1011-1017.	1.1	54
104	Divergence Between Sympatric Rice- and Maize-Infecting Populations of <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> AG-1 IA from Latin America. Phytopathology, 2010, 100, 172-182.	1.1	54
105	Using dynamic diversity to achieve durable disease resistance in agricultural ecosystems. Tropical Plant Pathology, 2014, 39, 191-196.	0.8	54
106	When resistance gene pyramids are not durableâ€"the role of pathogen diversity. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2018, 19, 521-524.	2.0	53
107	DNA fingerprinting of the plant pathogenic fungusMycosphaerella graminicola (anamorphSeptoria) Tj ETQq1 1 0.	.784314 r 1.8	gBT <sub>51</sub> /Overloc
108	How can research on pathogen population biology suggest disease management strategies? The example of barley scald ( <i>Rhynchosporium commune</i> ). Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 1005-1013.	1.2	51

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109	Phylogenetic analysis of globally distributed Mycosphaerella graminicola populations based on three DNA sequence loci. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2004, 41, 226-238.	0.9	50
110	Local adaptation and evolutionary potential along a temperature gradient in the fungal pathogen <i>Rhynchosporium commune </i> . Evolutionary Applications, 2013, 6, 524-534.	1.5	50
111	How can we achieve durable disease resistance in agricultural ecosystems?. New Phytologist, 2010, 185, 3-5.	3.5	49
112	A population-level invasion by transposable elements triggers genome expansion in a fungal pathogen. ELife, 2021, 10, .	2.8	49
113	Significant variation in sensitivity to a <scp>DMI</scp> fungicide in field populations of <i><scp>F</scp> usarium graminearum</i> . Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 664-670.	1.2	48
114	The origin and colonization history of the barley scald pathogen Rhynchosporium secalis. Journal of Evolutionary Biology, 2007, 20, 1311-1321.	0.8	46
115	Phylogenetic and population genetic analyses of Phaeosphaeria nodorum and its close relatives indicate cryptic species and an origin in the Fertile Crescent. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2012, 49, 882-895.	0.9	46
116	The role of selection on the genetic structure of pathogen populations: Evidence from field experiments with Mycosphaerella graminicola on wheat. Euphytica, 1996, 92, 73-80.	0.6	45
117	Significant difference in pathogenicity between MAT1-1 and MAT1-2 isolates in the wheat pathogen Mycosphaerella graminicola. Fungal Genetics and Biology, 2007, 44, 339-346.	0.9	45
118	Population structure of the rice sheath blight pathogen Rhizoctonia solani AG-1 IA from India. European Journal of Plant Pathology, 2005, 112, 113-121.	0.8	44
119	Can High-Risk Fungicides be Used in Mixtures Without Selecting for Fungicide Resistance?. Phytopathology, 2014, 104, 324-331.	1.1	44
120	Developing smarter host mixtures to control plant disease. Plant Pathology, 2015, 64, 996-1004.	1.2	44
121	Phylogeographical analyses reveal global migration patterns of the barley scald pathogen <i>Rhynchosporium secalis</i> . Molecular Ecology, 2009, 18, 279-293.	2.0	43
122	Pan-Parastagonospora Comparative Genome Analysis—Effector Prediction and Genome Evolution. Genome Biology and Evolution, 2018, 10, 2443-2457.	1.1	43
123	Mutations in the <i>CYP51 </i> <pre>/i&gt;gene reduce DMI sensitivity in <i>Parastagonospora nodorum </i></pre> /i>populations in Europe and China. Pest Management Science, 2017, 73, 1503-1510.	1.7	42
124	Sexual reproduction facilitates the adaptation of parasites to antagonistic host environments: Evidence from empirical study in the wheat-Mycosphaerella graminicola system. International Journal for Parasitology, 2007, 37, 861-870.	1.3	40
125	Frequency of mutations associated with fungicide resistance and population structure of Mycosphaerella graminicola in Tunisia. European Journal of Plant Pathology, 2012, 132, 111-122.	0.8	38
126	Effect of hosts on competition among clones and evidence of differential selection between pathogenic and saprophytic phases in experimental populations of the wheat pathogen Phaeosphaeria nodorum. BMC Evolutionary Biology, 2011, 11, 188.	3.2	37

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127	Comparative Transcriptomics Reveals How Wheat Responds to Infection by <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> Molecular Plant-Microbe Interactions, 2018, 31, 420-431.	1.4	37
128	Precision Phenotyping Reveals Novel Loci for Quantitative Resistance to Septoria Tritici Blotch. Plant Phenomics, 2019, 2019, 3285904.	2.5	37
129	A Global Analysis of <i>CYP51</i> Diversity and Azole Sensitivity in <i>Rhynchosporium commune</i> Phytopathology, 2016, 106, 355-361.	1.1	35
130	Estimation of Rates of Recombination and Migration in Populations of Plant Pathogens—A Reply. Phytopathology, 2000, 90, 324-326.	1.1	34
131	Sexual Recombinants Make a Significant Contribution to Epidemics Caused by the Wheat Pathogen <i>Phaeosphaeria nodorum </i> . Phytopathology, 2010, 100, 855-862.	1.1	34
132	Divergence Between Sympatric Rice- and Soybean-Infecting Populations of <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> Anastomosis Group-1 IA. Phytopathology, 2008, 98, 1326-1333.	1.1	33
133	Frequency of Sexual Reproduction by Mycosphaerella graminicola on Partially Resistant Wheat Cultivars. Phytopathology, 2002, 92, 1175-1181.	1.1	31
134	Association between Virulence and Triazole Tolerance in the Phytopathogenic Fungus Mycosphaerella graminicola. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e59568.	1.1	31
135	An assay for quantitative virulence in <i><scp>R</scp>hynchosporium commune</i> reveals an association between effector genotype and virulence. Plant Pathology, 2014, 63, 405-414.	1,2	30
136	Evolutionary analyses of the avirulence effector AvrStb6 in global populations of <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> identify candidate amino acids involved in recognition. Molecular Plant Pathology, 2018, 19, 1836-1846.	2.0	30
137	Chromatin Dynamics Contribute to the Spatiotemporal Expression Pattern of Virulence Genes in a Fungal Plant Pathogen. MBio, 2020, $11,\ldots$	1.8	29
138	The Genetic Architecture of Emerging Fungicide Resistance in Populations of a Global Wheat Pathogen. Genome Biology and Evolution, 2020, 12, 2231-2244.	1,1	29
139	Genetic structure of Iranian Pyricularia grisea populations based on rep-PCR fingerprinting. European Journal of Plant Pathology, 2004, 110, 909-919.	0.8	28
140	Population Genetics of Plant Pathogenic Fungi. , 2004, , 1046-1048.		28
141	Genome-Wide Detection of Genes Under Positive Selection in Worldwide Populations of the Barley Scald Pathogen. Genome Biology and Evolution, 2018, 10, 1315-1332.	1.1	28
142	Isolation and characterization of EST-derived microsatellite loci from the fungal wheat pathogen Phaeosphaeria nodorum. Molecular Ecology Notes, 2005, 5, 931-933.	1.7	27
143	Fieldâ€based experimental evolution of three cereal pathogens using a mark–release–recapture strategy. Plant Pathology, 2013, 62, 106-114.	1.2	27
144	Recent advances in the Zymoseptoria triticiââ,¬â€œwheat interaction: insights from pathogenomics. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2015, 6, 102.	1.7	27

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145	Widespread signatures of selection for secreted peptidases in a fungal plant pathogen. BMC Evolutionary Biology, 2018, 18, 7.	3.2	27
146	Meiosis Leads to Pervasive Copy-Number Variation and Distorted Inheritance of Accessory Chromosomes of the Wheat Pathogen Zymoseptoria tritici. Genome Biology and Evolution, 2018, 10, 1416-1429.	1.1	26
147	First Report of Resistance to QoI Fungicides in North American Populations of <i>Zymoseptoria tritici</i> , Causal Agent of Septoria Tritici Blotch of Wheat. Plant Disease, 2013, 97, 1511-1511.	0.7	26
148	Mixed infections alter transmission potential in a fungal plant pathogen. Environmental Microbiology, 2021, 23, 2315-2330.	1.8	25
149	Mapping the adaptive landscape of a major agricultural pathogen reveals evolutionary constraints across heterogeneous environments. ISME Journal, 2021, 15, 1402-1419.	4.4	25
150	Evidence for Natural Selection in the Mitochondrial Genome of Mycosphaerella graminicola. Phytopathology, 2004, 94, 261-267.	1.1	23
151	The Population Genetic Structure of <i>Rhizoctonia solani </i> AG-3PT from Potato in the Colombian Andes. Phytopathology, 2013, 103, 862-869.	1.1	23
152	Widespread distribution of resistance to triazole fungicides in Brazilian populations of the wheat blast pathogen. Plant Pathology, 2021, 70, 436-448.	1.2	23
153	RFLPs in mitochondrial and nuclear DNA indicate low levels of genetic diversity in the oak wilt pathogen Ceratocystis fagacearum. Current Genetics, 1995, 27, 373-378.	0.8	22
154	Population genetic structure of Mycosphaerella graminicola and Quinone Outside Inhibitor (QoI) resistance in the Czech Republic. European Journal of Plant Pathology, 2013, 135, 211-224.	0.8	22
155	Reversing resistance: different routes and common themes across pathogens. Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences, 2017, 284, 20171619.	1.2	22
156	Highly polymorphic microsatellite loci in the rice- and maize-infecting fungal pathogen Rhizoctonia solani anastomosis group 1 IA. Molecular Ecology Resources, 2008, 8, 686-689.	2.2	21
157	The Influence of Genetic Drift and Selection on Quantitative Traits in a Plant Pathogenic Fungus. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e112523.	1.1	21
158	The effect of an oak wilt epidemic on the genetic structure of a Texas live oak population. Canadian Journal of Botany, 1998, 76, 1900-1907.	1.2	20
159	A tradeoff between tolerance and resistance to a major fungal pathogen in elite wheat cultivars. New Phytologist, 2020, 226, 879-890.	3.5	20
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