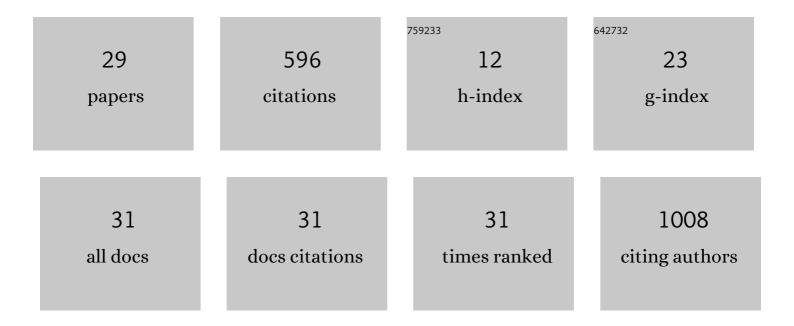
## David Soeiro Barbosa

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4905032/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hemotropic mycoplasmas (hemoplasmas) in wild boars, hunting dogs, and hunters from two Brazilian regions. Transboundary and Emerging Diseases, 2022, 69, 908-912.	3.0	4
2	Spatial and spatiotemporal patterns of human visceral leishmaniasis in an endemic southeastern area in countryside Brazil. Revista Da Sociedade Brasileira De Medicina Tropical, 2022, 55, e07022021.	0.9	2
3	Worldwide and Brazilian scientific publications on Leishmaniasis in the first 19 years of 21st century: a bibliometric study. Journal of Infection in Developing Countries, 2022, 16, 675-682.	1.2	3
4	Entry of dengue virus serotypes and their geographic distribution in Brazilian federative units: a systematic review. Revista Brasileira De Epidemiologia, 2021, 24, e210020.	0.8	12
5	Factors associated with human visceral leishmaniasis cases during urban epidemics in Brazil: a systematic review. Parasitology, 2021, 148, 639-647.	1.5	9
6	A follow-up study (2007–2018) on American Tegumentary Leishmaniasis in the municipality of Caratinga, Minas Gerais State, Brazil: Spatial analyses and sand fly collection. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0009429.	3.0	5
7	Factors associated with the occurrence of dengue epidemics in Brazil: a systematic review. Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health, 2021, 45, 1.	1.1	5
8	From the Approach to the Concept: One Health in Latin America-Experiences and Perspectives in Brazil, Chile, and Colombia. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 687110.	2.7	19
9	Spatiotemporal dynamics and risk estimates of COVID-19 epidemic in Minas Gerais State: analysis of an expanding process. Revista Do Instituto De Medicina Tropical De Sao Paulo, 2021, 63, e21.	1.1	8
10	First report of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 detection in two asymptomatic cats in the state of Pernambuco, Northeastern Brazil. Veterinary World, 2021, 14, 2839-2842.	1.7	8
11	Changes in malaria patterns in Brazil over 28 years (1990–2017): results from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Population Health Metrics, 2020, 18, 5.	2.7	12
12	Epidemiological aspects and spatial patterns of human visceral leishmaniasis in Brazil. Parasitology, 2020, 147, 1665-1677.	1.5	8
13	Natural Infection by SARS-CoV-2 in Companion Animals: A Review of Case Reports and Current Evidence of Their Role in the Epidemiology of COVID-19. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2020, 7, 591216.	2.2	48
14	Effects of Gender, Sterilization, and Environment on the Spatial Distribution of Free-Roaming Dogs: An Intervention Study in an Urban Setting. Frontiers in Veterinary Science, 2020, 7, 289.	2.2	6
15	Spatiotemporal patterns and integrated approach to prioritize areas for surveillance and control of visceral leishmaniasis in a large metropolitan area in Brazil. Acta Tropica, 2020, 211, 105615.	2.0	4
16	Profile of American tegumentary leishmaniasis in transmission areas in the state of Minas Gerais, Brazil, from 2007 to 2017. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2020, 20, 163.	2.9	8
17	Associated factors and spatial patterns of the epidemic sporotrichosis in a high density human populated area: A cross-sectional study from 2016 to 2018. Preventive Veterinary Medicine, 2020, 176, 104939.	1.9	16
18	The burden of tuberculosis and attributable risk factors in Brazil, 1990–2017: results from the Global Burden of Disease Study 2017. Population Health Metrics, 2020, 18, 10.	2.7	11

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Worldwide COVID-19 spreading explained: traveling numbers as a primary driver for the pandemic. Anais Da Academia Brasileira De Ciencias, 2020, 92, e20201139.	0.8	18
20	Space-time analysis of the incidence of human visceral leishmaniasis (VL) and prevalence of canine VL in a municipality of southeastern Brazil: Identification of priority areas for surveillance and control. Acta Tropica, 2019, 197, 105052.	2.0	17
21	Identification of priority areas for surveillance of cutaneous leishmaniasis using spatial analysis approaches in Southeastern Brazil. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2019, 19, 318.	2.9	18
22	Burden of leishmaniasis in Brazil and federated units, 1990-2016: Findings from Global Burden of Disease Study 2016. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2018, 12, e0006697.	3.0	52
23	Epidemiological, clinical and laboratory aspects of human visceral leishmaniasis (HVL) associated with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) coinfection: a <i>systematic review</i> . Parasitology, 2018, 145, 1801-1818.	1.5	15
24	Spatial and temporal trends of visceral leishmaniasis by mesoregion in a southeastern state of Brazil, 2002-2013. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005950.	3.0	13
25	Population Estimation Methods for Free-Ranging Dogs: A Systematic Review. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0144830.	2.5	36
26	Risk Factors for Adverse Prognosis and Death in American Visceral Leishmaniasis: A Meta-analysis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2014, 8, e2982.	3.0	74
27	Spatial analysis for identification of priority areas for surveillance and control in a visceral leishmaniasis endemic area in Brazil. Acta Tropica, 2014, 131, 56-62.	2.0	44
28	Factors Associated with Visceral Leishmaniasis in the Americas: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2013, 7, e2182.	3.0	88
29	Leishmania infection in humans, dogs and sandflies in a visceral leishmaniasis endemic area in Maranhão, Brazil. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2011, 106, 207-211.	1.6	24