

# Julia P G Jones

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

106  
papers

6,692  
citations

61984

43  
h-index

66911

78  
g-index

116  
all docs

116  
docs citations

116  
times ranked

9125  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Identification of 100 fundamental ecological questions. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2013, 101, 58-67.	4.0	605
2	Local Participation in Natural Resource Monitoring: a Characterization of Approaches. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2009, 23, 31-42.	4.7	379
3	The sleeping policeman: understanding issues of enforcement and compliance in conservation. <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2008, 11, 75-82.	2.9	273
4	Multiple drivers of decline in the global status of freshwater crayfish (Decapoda: Astacidea). <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2015, 370, 20140060.	4.0	225
5	Does community forest management provide global environmental benefits and improve local welfare?. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2012, 10, 29-36.	4.0	211
6	Conservation and human behaviour: lessons from social psychology. <i>Wildlife Research</i> , 2010, 37, 658.	1.4	208
7	The role of fairness and benefit distribution in community-based Payment for Environmental Services interventions: A case study from Menabe, Madagascar. <i>Ecological Economics</i> , 2010, 69, 1262-1271.	5.7	194
8	The Importance of Taboos and Social Norms to Conservation in Madagascar. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2008, 22, 976-986.	4.7	185
9	Stocks and flows of natural and human-derived capital in ecosystem services. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2016, 52, 151-162.	5.6	155
10	TESSA: A toolkit for rapid assessment of ecosystem services at sites of biodiversity conservation importance. <i>Ecosystem Services</i> , 2013, 5, 51-57.	5.4	153
11	Monitoring species abundance and distribution at the landscape scale. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2011, 48, 9-13.	4.0	148
12	Human well-being impacts of terrestrial protected areas. <i>Environmental Evidence</i> , 2013, 2, 19.	2.7	145
13	Analysis of Patterns of Bushmeat Consumption Reveals Extensive Exploitation of Protected Species in Eastern Madagascar. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e27570.	2.5	141
14	The perfect invader: a parthenogenic crayfish poses a new threat to Madagascar's freshwater biodiversity. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2009, 11, 1475-1482.	2.4	136
15	Testing the use of interviews as a tool for monitoring trends in the harvesting of wild species. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2008, 45, 1205-1212.	4.0	126
16	A Revised Conceptual Framework for Payments for Environmental Services. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , 2009, 14, .	2.3	125
17	Effectiveness of Community Forest Management at reducing deforestation in Madagascar. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2015, 184, 271-277.	4.1	116
18	The Why, What, and How of Global Biodiversity Indicators Beyond the 2010 Target. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2011, 25, 450-457.	4.7	109

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Identifying indicators of illegal behaviour: carnivore killing in human-managed landscapes. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2012, 279, 804-812.	2.6	104
20	Testing novel methods for assessing rule breaking in conservation. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2010, 143, 1025-1030.	4.1	98
21	Publishing social science research in <i>Conservation Biology</i> to move beyond biology. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2018, 32, 6-8.	4.7	92
22	Statistical matching for conservation science. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2020, 34, 538-549.	4.7	88
23	Novel approach for quantifying illegal bushmeat consumption reveals high consumption of protected species in Madagascar. <i>Oryx</i> , 2012, 46, 584-592.	1.0	85
24	Being smart about SMART environmental targets. <i>Science</i> , 2015, 347, 1075-1076.	12.6	81
25	Making Robust Policy Decisions Using Global Biodiversity Indicators. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e41128.	2.5	75
26	Impact of a Community-Based Payment for Environmental Services Intervention on Forest Use in Menabe, Madagascar. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2010, 24, 1488-1498.	4.7	74
27	Can REDD+ social safeguards reach the "right" people? Lessons from Madagascar. <i>Global Environmental Change</i> , 2016, 37, 31-42.	7.8	73
28	Protected areas have a mixed impact on waterbirds, but management helps. <i>Nature</i> , 2022, 605, 103-107.	27.8	73
29	Encounter data in resource management and ecology: pitfalls and possibilities. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2011, 48, 1164-1173.	4.0	71
30	Evaluating Impact Using Time-Series Data. <i>Trends in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 36, 196-205.	8.7	69
31	Burning to fish: local explanations for wetland burning in Lac Alaotra, Madagascar. <i>Oryx</i> , 2009, 43, 403.	1.0	64
32	The effects of environmental education on children's and parents' knowledge and attitudes towards lemurs in rural Madagascar. <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2015, 18, 157-166.	2.9	64
33	Rebuilding soil hydrological functioning after swidden agriculture in eastern Madagascar. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2017, 239, 101-111.	5.3	62
34	Evidence for the effects of environmental engagement and education on knowledge of wildlife laws in Madagascar. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2011, 4, 55-63.	5.7	60
35	FORUM: Robust study design is as important on the social as it is on the ecological side of applied ecological research. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2014, 51, 1479-1485.	4.0	60
36	Should payments for biodiversity conservation be based on action or results?. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2011, 48, 1218-1226.	4.0	56

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37	Local conditions and policy design determine whether ecological compensation can achieve No Net Loss goals. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2020, 11, 2072.	12.8	56
38	Who bears the cost of forest conservation?. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2018, 6, e5106.	2.0	56
39	Biodiversity conservation as a promising frontier for behavioural science. <i>Nature Human Behaviour</i> , 2021, 5, 550-556.	12.0	54
40	Spatial patterns of carbon, biodiversity, deforestation threat, and REDD+ projects in Indonesia. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2015, 29, 1434-1445.	4.7	51
41	Global no net loss of natural ecosystems. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2020, 4, 46-49.	7.8	51
42	Moving from biodiversity offsets to a target-based approach for ecological compensation. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2020, 13, e12695.	5.7	51
43	The Sweet and the Bitter: Intertwined Positive and Negative Social Impacts of a Biodiversity Offset. <i>Conservation and Society</i> , 2017, 15, 1.	0.8	50
44	Impacts of Community Forest Management on Human Economic Well-being across Madagascar. <i>Conservation Letters</i> , 2017, 10, 346-353.	5.7	47
45	The challenge of monitoring biodiversity in payment for environmental service interventions. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2011, 144, 2832-2841.	4.1	45
46	Payment for Environmental "Self-Service": Exploring the Links Between Farmers' Motivation and Additionality in a Conservation Incentive Programme in the Bolivian Andes. <i>Ecological Economics</i> , 2018, 150, 11-23.	5.7	44
47	Nature documentaries and saving nature: Reflections on the new Netflix series <i>Our Planet</i> . <i>People and Nature</i> , 2019, 1, 420-425.	3.7	43
48	Making more effective use of human behavioural science in conservation interventions. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 261, 109256.	4.1	40
49	The local costs of biodiversity offsets: Comparing standards, policy and practice. <i>Land Use Policy</i> , 2018, 77, 43-50.	5.6	39
50	Research ethics: Assuring anonymity at the individual level may not be sufficient to protect research participants from harm. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2016, 196, 208-209.	4.1	37
51	When Should Communities and Conservationists Monitor Exploited Resources?. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2005, 14, 2795-2806.	2.6	36
52	In-kind conservation payments crowd in environmental values and increase support for government intervention: A randomized trial in Bolivia. <i>Ecological Economics</i> , 2019, 166, 106404.	5.7	36
53	The ecology and conservation status of Madagascar's endemic freshwater crayfish (Parastacidae; <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT/Overlook</i>	2.4	35
54	Botanic gardens can positively influence visitors' environmental attitudes. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2015, 24, 1609-1620.	2.6	34

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55	The economic importance of freshwater crayfish harvesting in Madagascar and the potential of community-based conservation to improve management. <i>Oryx</i> , 2006, 40, 168-175.	1.0	32
56	How can ecologists help realise the potential of payments for carbon in tropical forest countries?. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2010, 47, 1159-1165.	4.0	32
57	Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD+): Transaction Costs of Six Peruvian Projects. <i>Ecology and Society</i> , 2013, 18, .	2.3	32
58	The effectiveness of Payments for Ecosystem Services at delivering improvements in water quality: lessons for experiments at the landscape scale. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2018, 6, e5753.	2.0	32
59	A global evaluation of the effectiveness of voluntary REDD+ projects at reducing deforestation and degradation in the moist tropics. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2022, 36, .	4.7	31
60	A Multidisciplinary Approach to Assessing the Sustainability of Freshwater Crayfish Harvesting in Madagascar. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2005, 19, 1863-1871.	4.7	30
61	Qualitative and Quantitative Evidence on the True Local Welfare Costs of Forest Conservation in Madagascar: Are Discrete Choice Experiments a Valid ex ante Tool?. <i>World Development</i> , 2017, 94, 478-491.	4.9	30
62	Last chance for Madagascar's biodiversity. <i>Nature Sustainability</i> , 2019, 2, 350-352.	23.7	30
63	Population regulation and demography in a harvested freshwater crayfish from Madagascar. <i>Oikos</i> , 2006, 112, 602-611.	2.7	29
64	Detection of new genetic variants of Betacoronaviruses in Endemic Frugivorous Bats of Madagascar. <i>Virology Journal</i> , 2015, 12, 42.	3.4	29
65	To See or Not to See: Investigating Detectability of Ganges River Dolphins Using a Combined Visual-Acoustic Survey. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e96811.	2.5	27
66	Why are some biodiversity policies implemented and others ignored? Lessons from the uptake of the Global Strategy for Plant Conservation by botanic gardens. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2012, 21, 175-187.	2.6	24
67	The "why", "what" and "how" of monitoring for conservation. , 2013, , 327-343.		24
68	Cultivation can increase harvesting pressure on overexploited plant populations. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2014, 24, 2050-2062.	3.8	24
69	Net Gain: Seeking Better Outcomes for Local People when Mitigating Biodiversity Loss from Development. <i>One Earth</i> , 2019, 1, 195-201.	6.8	24
70	Forest regeneration can positively contribute to local hydrological ecosystem services: Implications for forest landscape restoration. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2021, 58, 755-765.	4.0	24
71	Madagascar: Crime threatens biodiversity. <i>Science</i> , 2019, 363, 825-825.	12.6	23
72	Training future generations to deliver evidence-based conservation and ecosystem management. <i>Ecological Solutions and Evidence</i> , 2021, 2, e12032.	2.0	23

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73	Perceived socio-economic impacts of the marbled crayfish invasion in Madagascar. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0231773.	2.5	21
74	What role should randomized control trials play in providing the evidence base for conservation?. Oryx, 2021, 55, 235-244.	1.0	21
75	The potential of occupancy modelling as a tool for monitoring wild primate populations. Animal Conservation, 2012, 15, 457-465.	2.9	20
76	The potential of the Global Person Generated Index for evaluating the perceived impacts of conservation interventions on subjective well-being. World Development, 2018, 105, 107-118.	4.9	20
77	A Multidisciplinary Approach to Assessing the Sustainability of Freshwater Crayfish Harvesting in Madagascar. Conservation Biology, 2005, 19, 1863-1871.	4.7	18
78	Training Programmes Can Change Behaviour and Encourage the Cultivation of Over-Harvested Plant Species. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e33012.	2.5	17
79	Mechanisms and impacts of an incentive-based conservation program with evidence from a randomized control trial. Conservation Biology, 2020, 34, 1076-1088.	4.7	17
80	Elevated fires during COVID-19 lockdown and the vulnerability of protected areas. Nature Sustainability, 2022, 5, 603-609.	23.7	17
81	Human migration to the forest frontier: Implications for land use change and conservation management. Geo: Geography and Environment, 2018, 5, e00050.	0.8	15
82	Consumption of bushmeat around a major mine, and matched communities, in Madagascar. Biological Conservation, 2015, 186, 35-43.	4.1	13
83	Drivers of the Distribution of Fisher Effort at Lake Alaotra, Madagascar. Human Ecology, 2016, 44, 105-117.	1.4	13
84	Experimental evaluation of the impact of a payment for environmental services program on deforestation. Conservation Science and Practice, 2019, 1, e8.	2.0	13
85	Fishing for the facts: river dolphin bycatch in a small-scale freshwater fishery in Bangladesh. Animal Conservation, 2020, 23, 160-170.	2.9	13
86	Modelling the effect of individual strategic behaviour on community-level outcomes of conservation interventions. Environmental Conservation, 2012, 39, 305-315.	1.3	12
87	Experimental evaluation of the impact of a payment for environmental services program on deforestation. Conservation Science and Practice, 2019, 1, e8.	2.0	12
88	Mind the gap: the use of research in protected area management in Madagascar. Madagascar Conservation and Development, 2018, 13, 15.	0.2	12
89	On track to achieve no net loss of forest at Madagascar's biggest mine. Nature Sustainability, 2022, 5, 498-508.	23.7	12
90	New information on the distribution, status and conservation of terrestrial bird species in Grande Terre, New Caledonia. Emu, 2002, 102, 197-207.	0.6	11

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91	Getting what you pay for: the challenge of measuring success in conservation. <i>Animal Conservation</i> , 2012, 15, 227-228.	2.9	10
92	Land Change Modelling to Inform Strategic Decisions on Forest Cover and CO2 Emissions in Eastern Madagascar. <i>Environmental Conservation</i> , 2019, 46, 25-33.	1.3	10
93	The Flows of Nature to People, and of People to Nature: Applying Movement Concepts to Ecosystem Services. <i>Land</i> , 2021, 10, 576.	2.9	10
94	Asking sensitive questions in conservation using Randomised Response Techniques. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2021, 260, 109191.	4.1	10
95	Quantifying the Short-Term Costs of Conservation Interventions for Fishers at Lake Alaotra, Madagascar. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0129440.	2.5	9
96	Who Harvests and Why? Characteristics of Guatemalan Households Harvesting Xatã© (Chamaedorea) Tj ETQq0 0 0,rgBT /Overlock 10	1.7	8
97	To what extent do potential conservation donors value community-aspects of conservation projects in low income countries?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0192935.	2.5	8
98	Household economy, forest dependency & opportunity costs of conservation in eastern rainforests of Madagascar. <i>Scientific Data</i> , 2018, 5, 180225.	5.3	8
99	Introducing a common taxonomy to support learning from failure in conservation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2023, 37, .	4.7	8
100	Opinions of the public, conservationists and magistrates on sentencing wildlife trade crimes in the UK. <i>Environmental Conservation</i> , 2012, 39, 154-161.	1.3	7
101	A new black-bellied snake (Pseudoxyrhopiinae: Liophidium) from western Madagascar, with notes on the genus Pararhadinaea. <i>Amphibia - Reptilia</i> , 2009, 30, 173-183.	0.5	4
102	The role of taboos and traditional beliefs in aquatic conservation in Madagascar. , 0, , 207-218.		3
103	Experimental validation of specialised questioning techniques in conservation. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2022, , .	4.7	3
104	Technological progress must accelerate to reduce global footprint overshoot. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment</i> , 2008, 6, 122-123.	4.0	2
105	Protect Madagascar's national parks from pillage. <i>Nature</i> , 2019, 565, 567-567.	27.8	1
106	Diverse contributions benefit people and nature. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 1140-1141.	7.8	1