Hyun Hoon Chung

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

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40 papers	1,469 citations	361413 20 h-index	315739 38 g-index
41 all docs	41 docs citations	41 times ranked	1696 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Cervical conization before primary radical hysterectomy has a protective effect on disease recurrence in early cervical cancer: A two-center matched cohort study according to surgical approach. Gynecologic Oncology, 2022, 164, 535-542.	1.4	19
2	Lymph Node Ratio Is a Strong Prognostic Factor in Patients with Early-Stage Cervical Cancer Undergoing Minimally Invasive Radical Hysterectomy. Yonsei Medical Journal, 2021, 62, 231.	2.2	10
3	Machine Learning Models to Predict Survival Outcomes According to the Surgical Approach of Primary Radical Hysterectomy in Patients with Early Cervical Cancer. Cancers, 2021, 13, 3709.	3.7	8
4	Survival impact of additional chemotherapy after adjuvant concurrent chemoradiation in patients with early cervical cancer who underwent radical hysterectomy. BMC Cancer, 2021, 21, 1260.	2.6	6
5	Impact of Adjuvant Radiotherapy on Survival Outcomes in Intermediate-Risk, Early-Stage Cervical Cancer: Analyses Regarding Surgical Approach of Radical Hysterectomy. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2020, 9, 3545.	2.4	5
6	Comparison of survival outcomes between minimally invasive surgery and conventional open surgery for radical hysterectomy as primary treatment in patients with stage IB1â€“IIA2 cervical cancer. Gynecologic Oncology, 2019, 153, 3-12.	1.4	130
7	Preoperative [18F]FDG PET/CT tumour heterogeneity index in patients with uterine leiomyosarcoma: a multicentre retrospective study. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2018, 45, 1309-1316.	6.4	19
8	Prognostic importance of peritoneal lesion-to-primary tumour standardized uptake value ratio in advanced serous epithelial ovarian cancer. European Radiology, 2018, 28, 2107-2114.	4.5	5
9	Prognostic value of lymph node-to-primary tumor standardized uptake value ratio in endometrioid endometrial carcinoma. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2018, 45, 47-55.	6.4	15
10	Can simple trachelectomy or conization show comparable survival rate compared with radical trachelectomy in IA1 cervical cancer patients with lymphovascular space invasion who wish to save fertility? A systematic review and guideline recommendation. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0189847.	2.5	11
11	Prognostic value of preoperative intratumoral FDG uptake heterogeneity in patients with epithelial ovarian cancer. European Radiology, 2017, 27, 16-23.	4.5	44
12	Prediction of Recurrence by Preoperative Intratumoral FDG Uptake Heterogeneity in Endometrioid Endometrial Cancer. Translational Oncology, 2017, 10, 178-183.	3.7	13
13	Prognostic importance of lymph node-to-primary tumor standardized uptake value ratio in invasive squamous cell carcinoma of uterine cervix. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2017, 44, 1862-1869.	6.4	19
14	Prognostic implication of the metastatic lesion-to-ovarian cancer standardised uptake value ratio in advanced serous epithelial ovarian cancer. European Radiology, 2017, 27, 4510-4515.	4.5	8
15	Identification of Metabolic Biomarkers Using Serial 18 Fâ€“FDG PET/CT for Prediction of Recurrence in Advanced Epithelial Ovarian Cancer. Translational Oncology, 2017, 10, 297-303.	3.7	3
16	Practice guidelines for management of cervical cancer in Korea: a Korean Society of Gynecologic Oncology Consensus Statement. Journal of Gynecologic Oncology, 2017, 28, e22.	2.2	38
17	Prognostic significance of preoperative ¹⁸F-FDG PET/CT in uterine leiomyosarcoma. Journal of Gynecologic Oncology, 2017, 28, e28.	2.2	19
18	Preventive vaccination against cervical cancer: Korean Society of Gynecologic Oncology Guideline. Journal of Gynecologic Oncology, 2016, 27, e30.	2.2	9

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19	Prognostic value of preoperative intratumoral FDG uptake heterogeneity in early stage uterine cervical cancer. Journal of Gynecologic Oncology, 2016, 27, e15.	2.2	50
20	Prognostic Implications of the SUVmax of Primary Tumors and Metastatic Lymph Node Measured by 18F-FDG PET in Patients With Uterine Cervical Cancer. Clinical Nuclear Medicine, 2016, 41, 34-40.	1.3	52
21	Early stage cervical cancer: role of magnetic resonance imaging after conization in determining residual tumor. Acta Radiologica, 2016, 57, 1268-1276.	1.1	8
22	Prognostic value of total lesion glycolysis on preoperative 18F-FDG PET/CT in patients with uterine carcinosarcoma. European Radiology, 2016, 26, 4148-4154.	4.5	15
23	Preoperative PET/CT FDG standardized uptake value of pelvic lymph nodes as a significant prognostic factor in patients with uterine cervical cancer. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2014, 41, 674-681.	6.4	23
24	Preoperative PET/CT standardized FDG uptake values of pelvic lymph nodes as a significant prognostic factor in patients with endometrial cancer. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2014, 41, 1793-1799.	6.4	13
25	Differential Diagnosis of Borderline Ovarian Tumors from Stage I Malignant Ovarian Tumors using FDG PET/CT. Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2013, 47, 81-88.	1.0	22
26	Prognostic value of preoperative metabolic tumor volume measured by 18F-FDG PET/CT and MRI in patients with endometrial cancer. Gynecologic Oncology, 2013, 130, 446-451.	1.4	37
27	Predictive role of post-treatment [18F]FDG PET/CT in patients with uterine cervical cancer. European Journal of Radiology, 2012, 81, e817-e822.	2.6	26
28	Preoperative [¹⁸F]FDG PET/CT predicts recurrence in patients with epithelial ovarian cancer. Journal of Gynecologic Oncology, 2012, 23, 28.	2.2	32
29	Prognostic Value of Preoperative Metabolic Tumor Volume and Total Lesion Glycolysis in Patients with Epithelial Ovarian Cancer. Annals of Surgical Oncology, 2012, 19, 1966-1972.	1.5	134
30	Prognostic value of metabolic tumor volume measured by FDG-PET/CT in patients with cervical cancer. Gynecologic Oncology, 2011, 120, 270-274.	1.4	121
31	Post-treatment [18F]FDG maximum standardized uptake value as a prognostic marker of recurrence in endometrial carcinoma. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2011, 38, 74-80.	6.4	14
32	Preoperative [18F]FDG PET/CT maximum standardized uptake value predicts recurrence of uterine cervical cancer. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2010, 37, 1467-1473.	6.4	49
33	Role of magnetic resonance imaging and positron emission tomography/computed tomography in preoperative lymph node detection of uterine cervical cancer. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 203, 156.e1-156.e5.	1.3	45
34	Role of Integrated PET-CT in Pelvic Lymph Node Staging of Cervical Cancer before Radical Hysterectomy. Gynecologic and Obstetric Investigation, 2009, 67, 61-66.	1.6	37
35	The clinical impact of [18F]FDG PET/CT for the management of recurrent endometrial cancer: correlation with clinical and histological findings. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2008, 35, 1081-1088.	6.4	69
36	Clinical analysis for the prognostic factors in patients with recurrent epithelial ovarian cancer who underwent secondary cytoreductive surgery. Korean Journal of Gynecologic Oncology, 2008, 19, 75.	0.1	6

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37	Clinical impact of integrated PET/CT on the management of suspected cervical cancer recurrence. Gynecologic Oncology, 2007, 104, 529-534.	1.4	121
38	Role of [18F]FDG PET/CT in the assessment of suspected recurrent ovarian cancer: correlation with clinical or histological findings. European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging, 2007, 34, 480-486.	6.4	104
39	Clinical impact of FDG-PET imaging in post-therapy surveillance of uterine cervical cancer: From diagnosis to prognosis. Gynecologic Oncology, 2006, 103, 165-170.	1.4	65
40	Pretreatment laparoscopic surgical staging in locally advanced cervical cancer: Preliminary results in Korea. Gynecologic Oncology, 2005, 97, 468-475.	1.4	38