Michael V Moore

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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232 papers

9,654 citations

³⁸⁷⁴² 50 h-index

89 g-index

245 all docs

245 docs citations

245 times ranked

10367 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Observational study of effect of patient centredness and positive approach on outcomes of general practice consultations. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 323, 908-911.	2.3	731
2	Preferences of patients for patient centred approach to consultation in primary care: observational study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 322, 468-468.	2.3	513
3	Effects of internet-based training on antibiotic prescribing rates for acute respiratory-tract infections: a multinational, cluster, randomised, factorial, controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2013, 382, 1175-1182.	13.7	329
4	Pragmatic randomised controlled trial of two prescribing strategies for childhood acute otitis media. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 322, 336-342.	2.3	308
5	Safety and effectiveness of nurse telephone consultation in out of hours primary care: randomised controlled trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1998, 317, 1054-1059.	2.3	284
6	Importance of patient pressure and perceived pressure and perceived medical need for investigations, referral, and prescribing in primary care: nested observational study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 328, 444.	2.3	254
7	Information Leaflet and Antibiotic Prescribing Strategies for Acute Lower Respiratory Tract Infection. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2005, 293, 3029.	7.4	230
8	Explaining the rise in antidepressant prescribing: a descriptive study using the general practice research database. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b3999-b3999.	2.3	215
9	Continued high rates of antibiotic prescribing to adults with respiratory tract infection: survey of 568 UK general practices. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e006245.	1.9	207
10	Amoxicillin for acute lower-respiratory-tract infection in primary care when pneumonia is not suspected: a 12-country, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2013, 13, 123-129.	9.1	187
11	Management of depression in UK general practice in relation to scores on depression severity questionnaires: analysis of medical record data. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b750-b750.	2.3	185
12	Potential for reducing inappropriate antibiotic prescribing in English primary care. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2018, 73, ii36-ii43.	3.0	169
13	Effectiveness of five different approaches in management of urinary tract infection: randomised controlled trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 340, c199-c199.	2.3	161
14	Antibiotics and Topical Nasal Steroid for Treatment of Acute Maxillary Sinusitis. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 298, 2487.	7.4	139
15	Delayed antibiotic prescribing strategies for respiratory tract infections in primary care: pragmatic, factorial, randomised controlled trial. BMJ, The, 2014, 348, g1606-g1606.	6.0	137
16	An internet-based intervention with brief nurse support to manage obesity in primary care (POWeR+): a pragmatic, parallel-group, randomised controlled trial. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2016, 4, 821-828.	11.4	137
17	Routine use of patient reported outcome measures (PROMs) for improving treatment of common mental health disorders in adults. The Cochrane Library, 2016, 2016, CD011119.	2.8	133
18	Antidepressant use and risk of suicide and attempted suicide or self harm in people aged 20 to 64: cohort study using a primary care database. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, h517-h517.	6.0	118

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19	Clinical score and rapid antigen detection test to guide antibiotic use for sore throats: randomised controlled trial of PRISM (primary care streptococcal management). BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f5806-f5806.	6.0	112
20	Safety of reduced antibiotic prescribing for self limiting respiratory tract infections in primary care: cohort study using electronic health records. BMJ, The, 2016, 354, i3410.	6.0	103
21	Statin treatment and muscle symptoms: series of randomised, placebo controlled n-of-1 trials. BMJ, The, 2021, 372, n135.	6.0	102
22	An internet-delivered handwashing intervention to modify influenza-like illness and respiratory infection transmission (PRIMIT): a primary care randomised trial. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 1631-1639.	13.7	101
23	Antibiotic prescription strategies for acute sore throat: a prospective observational cohort study. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2014, 14, 213-219.	9.1	100
24	Are Patient Views about Antibiotics Related to Clinician Perceptions, Management and Outcome? A Multi-Country Study in Outpatients with Acute Cough. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e76691.	2.5	97
25	Physiotherapy breathing retraining for asthma: a randomised controlled trial. Lancet Respiratory Medicine, the, 2018, 6, 19-28.	10.7	97
26	Dipsticks and diagnostic algorithms in urinary tract infection: development and validation, randomised trial, economic analysis, observational cohort and qualitative study. Health Technology Assessment, 2009, 13, iii-iv, ix-xi, 1-73.	2.8	97
27	Presentation, pattern, and natural course of severe symptoms, and role of antibiotics and antibiotic resistance among patients presenting with suspected uncomplicated urinary tract infection in primary care: observational study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 340, b5633-b5633.	2.3	90
28	Narrative review of primary care point-of-care testing (POCT) and antibacterial use in respiratory tract infection (RTI). BMJ Open Respiratory Research, 2015, 2, e000086.	3.0	85
29	Effectiveness and safety of electronically delivered prescribing feedback and decision support on antibiotic use for respiratory illness in primary care: REDUCE cluster randomised trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 364, 1236.	2.3	85
30	Predictors of suppurative complications for acute sore throat in primary care: prospective clinical cohort study. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f6867-f6867.	6.0	84
31	Cost analysis of nurse telephone consultation in out of hours primary care: evidence from a randomised controlled trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 1053-1057.	2.3	80
32	Electronic Health Records for Intervention Research: A Cluster Randomized Trial to Reduce Antibiotic Prescribing in Primary Care (eCRT Study). Annals of Family Medicine, 2014, 12, 344-351.	1.9	79
33	Randomised controlled trial of effect of leaflets to empower patients in consultations in primary care. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2004, 328, 441.	2.3	76
34	Maintenance or Discontinuation of Antidepressants in Primary Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2021, 385, 1257-1267.	27.0	75
35	Ibuprofen, paracetamol, and steam for patients with respiratory tract infections in primary care: pragmatic randomised factorial trial. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f6041-f6041.	6.0	70
36	Antidepressant use and risk of cardiovascular outcomes in people aged 20 to 64: cohort study using primary care database. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i1350.	6.0	70

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37	Randomised controlled trial to determine the clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors plus supportive care, versus supportive care alone, for mild to moderate depression with somatic symptoms in primary care: the THREAD (THREshold for) Tj ETQq1 1 0.78431	4 rg <mark>38</mark> /Ov	erlőck 10 Tf
38	Validation study of a diary for use in acute lower respiratory tract infection. Family Practice, 2001, 18, 553-554.	1.9	65
39	Randomised controlled feasibility trial of a web-based weight management intervention with nurse support for obese patients in primary care. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2014, 11, 67.	4.6	65
40	Topical antifungal treatments for tinea cruris and tinea corporis. The Cochrane Library, 2014, , CD009992.	2.8	62
41	Andrographis paniculata (ChuÄn XÄ«n Lián) for symptomatic relief of acute respiratory tract infections in adults and children: A systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0181780.	2.5	62
42	The role of performance indicators in changing the autonomy of the general practice profession in the UK. Social Science and Medicine, 2003, 56, 1493-1504.	3.8	61
43	Feasibility of detection and intervention for alcohol-related liver disease in the community: the Alcohol and Liver Disease Detection study (ALDDeS). British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e698-e705.	1.4	61
44	Antidepressant use and risk of epilepsy and seizures in people aged 20 to 64Âyears: cohort study using a primary care database. BMC Psychiatry, 2015, 15, 315.	2.6	61
45	Predictors of poor outcome and benefits from antibiotics in children with acute otitis media: pragmatic randomised trial * Commentary: research directions for treatment for acute otitis media. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2002, 325, 22-22.	2.3	60
46	Antimicrobial stewardship: English Surveillance Programme for Antimicrobial Utilization and Resistance (ESPAUR). Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2013, 68, 2421-2423.	3.0	60
47	Managing Antidepressant Discontinuation: A Systematic Review. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 52-60.	1.9	60
48	Variations in presentation, management, and patient outcomes of urinary tract infection: a prospective four-country primary care observational cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e830-e841.	1.4	59
49	Developing clinical rules to predict urinary tract infection in primary care settings: sensitivity and specificity of near patient tests (dipsticks) and clinical scores. British Journal of General Practice, 2006, 56, 606-12.	1.4	59
50	Antibiotic prescription strategies and adverse outcome for uncomplicated lower respiratory tract infections: prospective cough complication cohort (3C) study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 357, j2148.	2.3	58
51	Antidepressant use and risk of adverse outcomes in people aged 20–64 years: cohort study using a primary care database. BMC Medicine, 2018, 16, 36.	5.5	57
52	Validating the prediction of lower urinary tract infection in primary care: sensitivity and specificity of urinary dipsticks and clinical scores in women. British Journal of General Practice, 2010, 60, 495-500.	1.4	54
53	Randomised controlled trial of self management leaflets and booklets for minor illness provided by post. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 322, 1214-1214.	2.3	52
54	Cost effectiveness of amoxicillin for lower respiratory tract infections in primary care: an economic evaluation accounting for the cost of antimicrobial resistance. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e633-e639.	1.4	51

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55	Montelukast for postinfectious cough in adults: a double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2014, 2, 35-43.	10.7	49
56	Humidified air inhalation for treating croup. , 2006, , CD002870.		47
57	Machine learning detection of Atrial Fibrillation using wearable technology. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0227401.	2.5	47
58	PRImary care Streptococcal Management (PRISM) study: in vitro study, diagnostic cohorts and a pragmatic adaptive randomised controlled trial with nested qualitative study and cost-effectiveness study. Health Technology Assessment, 2014, 18, 1-102.	2.8	46
59	Knowledge, Attitude, and Practice with Respect to Antibiotic Use among Chinese Medical Students: A Multicentre Cross-Sectional Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 1165.	2.6	45
60	Delayed antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections: individual patient data meta-analysis. BMJ, The, 2021, 373, n808.	6.0	42
61	Did NICE guidelines and the Quality Outcomes Framework change GP antidepressant prescribing in England? Observational study with time trend analyses 2003–2013. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 186, 171-177.	4.1	41
62	Changes in rates of recorded depression in English primary care 2003–2013: Time trend analyses of effects of the economic recession, and the GP contract quality outcomes framework (QOF). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 180, 68-78.	4.1	40
63	Overnight calls in primary care: randomised controlled trial of management using nurse telephone consultation. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1999, 319, 1408-1408.	2.3	39
64	Decongestants and antihistamines for acute otitis media in children. , 2008, , CD001727.		39
65	Effect of antibiotic prescribing strategies and an information leaflet on longer-term reconsultation for acute lower respiratory tract infection. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, 728-734.	1.4	39
66	Nasal self-swabbing for estimating the prevalence of Staphylococcus aureus in the community. Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2013, 62, 437-440.	1.8	39
67	Yeast-derived \hat{i}^2 -1,3/1,6 glucan, upper respiratory tract infection and innate immunity in older adults. Nutrition, 2017, 39-40, 30-35.	2.4	38
68	Predictors of pneumonia in lower respiratory tract infections: 3C prospective cough complication cohortÂstudy. European Respiratory Journal, 2017, 50, 1700434.	6.7	38
69	Antibiotic Prescribing for Acute Respiratory Tract Infections 12 Months After Communication and CRP Training: A Randomized Trial. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 125-132.	1.9	38
70	Cost-effectiveness and cost-utility of tricyclic antidepressants, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors and lofepramine. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2006, 188, 337-345.	2.8	36
71	Screening for Atrial Fibrillation Using Economical and Accurate Technology (From the SAFETY Study). American Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 122, 1339-1344.	1.6	36
72	Randomised controlled trial and economic analysis of an internet-based weight management programme: POWeR+ (Positive Online Weight Reduction). Health Technology Assessment, 2017, 21, 1-62.	2.8	36

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73	A randomised controlled trial of three pragmatic approaches to initiate increased physical activity in sedentary patients with risk factors for cardiovascular disease. British Journal of General Practice, 2004, 54, 189-95.	1.4	36
74	Effect of Oral Prednisolone on Symptom Duration and Severity in Nonasthmatic Adults With Acute Lower Respiratory Tract Infection. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 318, 721.	7.4	35
75	Amoxicillin for acute lower respiratory tract infection in primary care: subgroup analysis of potential high-risk groups. British Journal of General Practice, 2014, 64, e75-e80.	1.4	34
76	Primary care randomised controlled trial of a tailored interactive website for the self-management of respiratory infections (Internet Doctor). BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e009769.	1.9	33
77	Reactions to the use of evidence-based performance indicators in primary care: a qualitative study. Quality in Health Care: QHC, 2000, 9, 166-174.	1.2	32
78	Antibiotics for lower respiratory tract infection in children presenting in primary care in England (ARTIC PC): a double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 1417-1426.	13.7	32
79	Antibiotic use in the care home setting: a retrospective cohort study analysing routine data. BMC Geriatrics, 2015, 15, 71.	2.7	31
80	Humidified air inhalation for treating croup: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Family Practice, 2007, 24, 295-301.	1.9	30
81	PRImary care Streptococcal Management (PRISM) study: identifying clinical variables associated with Lancefield group A \hat{l}^2 -haemolytic streptococci and Lancefield non-Group A streptococcal throat infections from two cohorts of patients presenting with an acute sore throat. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e003943.	1.9	30
82	Use of menopausal hormone therapy and risk of dementia: nested case-control studies using QResearch and CPRD databases. BMJ, The, 2021, 374, n2182.	6.0	30
83	Clinical governance in primary care groups: the feasibility of deriving evidence-based performance indicators. Quality in Health Care: QHC, 2000, 9, 90-97.	1.2	29
84	Effect of Oral Dexamethasone Without Immediate Antibiotics vs Placebo on Acute Sore Throat in Adults. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 1535.	7.4	29
85	Local care and treatment of liver disease (LOCATE) – A cluster-randomized feasibility study to discover, assess and manage early liver disease in primary care. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0208798.	2.5	29
86	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine implementation in middle-income countries. Pneumonia (Nathan Qld) Tj ETQq	0 0 0 rgBT	/Oyerlock 10
87	Are patient beliefs important in determining adherence to treatment and outcome for depression? Development of the beliefs about depression questionnaire. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2011, 133, 29-41.	4.1	26
88	Cluster randomised trial in the General Practice Research Database: 1. Electronic decision support to reduce antibiotic prescribing in primary care (eCRT study). Trials, 2011, 12, 115.	1.6	26
89	Developing a â€~traffic light' test with potential for rational early diagnosis of liver fibrosis and cirrhosis in the community. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, e616-e624.	1.4	26
90	Depression management in primary care: an observational study of management changes related to PHQ-9 score for depression monitoring. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, e451-e457.	1.4	26

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91	Reducing antibiotic use for uncomplicated urinary tract infection in general practice by treatment with uva-ursi (REGATTA) $\hat{a} \in \hat{a}$ double-blind, randomized, controlled comparative effectiveness trial. BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2018, 18, 203.	3.7	26
92	Point of care testing for urinary tract infection in primary care (POETIC): protocol for a randomised controlled trial of the clinical and cost effectiveness of FLEXICULTâ,,¢ informed management of uncomplicated UTI in primary care. BMC Family Practice, 2014, 15, 187.	2.9	25
93	Vitamin D deficiency was common among nursing home residents and associated with dementia: a cross sectional study of 545 Swedish nursing home residents. BMC Geriatrics, 2017, 17, 229.	2.7	25
94	Point-of-care urine culture for managing urinary tract infection in primary care: a randomised controlled trial of clinical and cost-effectiveness. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e268-e278.	1.4	25
95	The Helicobacter Eradication Aspirin Trial (HEAT): A Large Simple Randomised Controlled Trial Using Novel Methodology in Primary Care. EBioMedicine, 2015, 2, 1200-1204.	6.1	23
96	Effect of Probiotic Use on Antibiotic Administration Among Care Home Residents. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2020, 324, 47.	7.4	22
97	Long-term use of antibiotics and risk of type 2 diabetes in women: a prospective cohort study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 49, 1572-1581.	1.9	22
98	Predictors of clinical deterioration in patients with suspected COVID-19 managed in a â€~virtual hospital' setting: a cohort study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e045356.	1.9	21
99	Longer term outcomes from a randomised trial of prescribing strategies in otitis media. British Journal of General Practice, 2006, 56, 176-82.	1.4	21
100	Standardised versus individualised multiherb Chinese herbal medicine for oligomenorrhoea and amenorrhoea in polycystic ovary syndrome: a randomised feasibility and pilot study in the UK. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e011709.	1.9	20
101	Adapting Behavioral Interventions for a Changing Public Health Context: A Worked Example of Implementing a Digital Intervention During a Global Pandemic Using Rapid Optimisation Methods. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 668197.	2.7	20
102	Prevalence and Antimicrobial Resistance of Bacteria in Children With Acute Otitis Media and Ear Discharge. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2021, 40, 756-762.	2.0	20
103	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002–2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003202.	8.4	19
104	Electronically delivered interventions to reduce antibiotic prescribing for respiratory infections in primary care: cluster RCT using electronic health records and cohort study. Health Technology Assessment, 2019, 23, 1-70.	2.8	19
105	Corticosteroids for acute and subacute cough following respiratory tract infection: a systematic review. Family Practice, 2013, 30, 492-500.	1.9	18
106	Effectiveness of steam inhalation and nasal irrigation for chronic or recurrent sinus symptoms in primary care: a pragmatic randomized controlled trial. Cmaj, 2016, 188, 940-949.	2.0	18
107	Infection Control Behavior at Home During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Observational Study of a Web-Based Behavioral Intervention (Germ Defence). Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2021, 23, e22197.	4.3	18
108	Shufeng Jiedu capsules for treating acute exacerbations of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies, 2020, 20, 151.	2.7	18

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109	Promoting Help-Seeking in Response to Symptoms amongst Primary Care Patients at High Risk of Lung Cancer: A Mixed Method Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0165677.	2.5	18
110	Developing clinical practice guidelines for Chinese herbal treatment of polycystic ovary syndrome: A mixed-methods modified Delphi study. Complementary Therapies in Medicine, 2015, 23, 430-438.	2.7	17
111	Self-management for chronic widespread pain including fibromyalgia: A systematic review and meta-analysis. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0254642.	2.5	17
112	Distinguishing between emotional distress and psychiatric disorder in primary care attenders: A cross sectional study of the four-dimensional symptom questionnaire (4DSQ). Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 184, 198-204.	4.1	16
113	Screening for Atrial Fibrillation using Economical and accurate TechnologY (SAFETY)—a pilot study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e013535.	1.9	15
114	Findings from a feasibility study to improve GP elicitation of patient concerns in UK general practice consultations. Patient Education and Counseling, 2018, 101, 1394-1402.	2.2	15
115	The elicitation and management of multiple health concerns in GP consultations. Patient Education and Counseling, 2019, 102, 687-693.	2.2	15
116	Serious bacterial infections and antibiotic prescribing in primary care: cohort study using electronic health records in the UK. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e036975.	1,9	15
117	Developing an Unguided Internet-Delivered Intervention for Emotional Distress in Primary Care Patients: Applying Common Factor and Person-Based Approaches. JMIR Mental Health, 2016, 3, e53.	3.3	15
118	European Antibiotic Awareness Day 2012: TARGET antibiotics through guidance, education, and tools. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, 621-622.	1.4	14
119	Amoxicillin for clinically unsuspected pneumonia in primary care: subgroup analysis. European Respiratory Journal, 2016, 47, 327-330.	6.7	14
120	Patient-reported outcome measures for monitoring primary care patients with depression: PROMDEP feasibility randomised trial. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e015266.	1.9	14
121	Predicting the duration of symptoms in lower respiratory tract infection. British Journal of General Practice, 2008, 58, 88-92.	1.4	13
122	Incidental Chest Radiographic Findings in Adult Patients With Acute Cough. Annals of Family Medicine, 2012, 10, 510-515.	1.9	13
123	A qualitative study of GP, NP and patient views about the use of rapid streptococcal antigen detection tests (RADTs) in primary care:  swamped with sore throats?'. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e002460.	1.9	13
124	Medication use in European primary care patients with lower respiratory tract infection: an observational study. British Journal of General Practice, 2014, 64, e81-e91.	1.4	13
125	Symptom response to antibiotic prescribing strategies in acute sore throat in adults: the DESCARTE prospective cohort study in UK general practice. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e634-e642.	1.4	13
126	†You feel like your whole world is caving in': A qualitative study of primary care patients' conceptualisations of emotional distress. Health (United Kingdom), 2017, 21, 295-315.	1.5	13

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127	Exploring the appropriateness of antibiotic prescribing for common respiratory tract infections in UK primary care. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2020, 75, 236-242.	3.0	13
128	Implementing interventions to reduce antibiotic use: a qualitative study in high-prescribing practices. BMC Family Practice, 2021, 22, 25.	2.9	13
129	A randomised controlled study of the effectiveness of breathing retraining exercises taught by a physiotherapist either by instructional DVD or in face-to-face sessions in the management of asthma in adults. Health Technology Assessment, 2017, 21, 1-162.	2.8	13
130	The BREATHE study: Breathing REtraining for Asthma â€" Trial of Home Exercises. A protocol summary of a randomised controlled trial. Primary Care Respiratory Journal: Journal of the General Practice Airways Group, 2013, 22, PS1-PS7.	2.3	12
131	Funding and policy incentives to encourage implementation of point-of-care C-reactive protein testing for lower respiratory tract infection in NHS primary care: a mixed-methods evaluation. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e024558.	1.9	12
132	Predictors of Adverse Outcomes in Uncomplicated Lower Respiratory Tract Infections. Annals of Family Medicine, 2019, 17, 231-238.	1.9	12
133	Protocol for a double-blind placebo-controlled trial to evaluate the efficacy of probiotics in reducing antibiotics for infection in care home residents: the Probiotics to Reduce Infections iN CarE home reSidentS (PRINCESS) trial. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e027513.	1.9	12
134	A randomised controlled trial assessing the use of citalopram, sertraline, fluoxetine and mirtazapine in preventing relapse in primary care patients who are taking long-term maintenance antidepressants (ANTLER: ANTidepressants to prevent reLapse in dEpRession): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2019, 20, 319.	1.6	12
135	Safety of antidepressants in adults aged under 65: protocol for a cohort study using a large primary care database. BMC Psychiatry, 2013, 13, 135.	2.6	11
136	Acceptability of screening for early detection of liver disease in hazardous/harmful drinkers in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e516-e522.	1.4	11
137	Do patients׳ illness beliefs predict depression measures at six months in primary care; a longitudinal study. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2015, 174, 665-671.	4.1	11
138	Electronically delivered, multicomponent intervention to reduce unnecessary antibiotic prescribing for respiratory infections in primary care: a cluster randomised trial using electronic health records—REDUCE Trial study original protocol. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e010892.	1.9	11
139	Uva-ursi extract and ibuprofen as alternative treatments of adult female urinary tract infection (ATAFUTI): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2017, 18, 421.	1.6	11
140	REDUCE (Reviewing long-term antidepressant use by careful monitoring in everyday practice) internet and telephone support to people coming off long-term antidepressants: protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 419.	1.6	11
141	D-MannosE to prevent Recurrent urinary tract InfecTions (MERIT): protocol for a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e037128.	1.9	11
142	Anaesthetic–analgesic ear drops to reduce antibiotic consumption in children with acute otitis media: the CEDAR RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2019, 23, 1-48.	2.8	11
143	Reducing antibiotic use in uncomplicated urinary tract infections in adult women: a systematic review and individual participant data meta-analysis. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2022, 28, 1558-1566.	6.0	11
144	Estimating probability of sustained recovery from mild to moderate depression in primary care: evidence from the THREAD study. Psychological Medicine, 2011, 41, 141-150.	4.5	10

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145	Relationship between microbiology of throat swab and clinical course among primary care patients with acute cough: a prospective cohort study. Family Practice, 2020, 37, 332-339.	1.9	10
146	Chinese patent herbal medicine (Shufeng Jiedu capsule) for acute upper respiratory tract infections: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Integrative Medicine Research, 2021, 10, 100726.	1.8	10
147	Clinicians' interpretations of point of care urine culture versus laboratory culture results: analysis from the four-country POETIC trial of diagnosis of uncomplicated urinary tract infection in primary care. Family Practice, 2017, 34, 392-399.	1.9	9
148	How far do we still need to go? A survey on knowledge, attitudes, practice related to antimicrobial stewardship regulations among Chinese doctors in 2012 and 2016. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e027687.	1.9	9
149	Bacteriuria and vitamin D deficiency: a cross sectional study of 385 nursing home residents. BMC Geriatrics, 2019, 19, 381.	2.7	9
150	Can routine blood tests be modelled to detect advanced liver disease in the community: model derivation and validation using UK primary and secondary care data. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e044952.	1.9	9
151	Antidepressant medication to prevent depression relapse in primary care: the ANTLER RCT. Health Technology Assessment, 2021, 25, 1-62.	2.8	9
152	Antibiotics: time to act. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, 340-341.	1.4	8
153	Polycystic Ovary syndrome: A Randomised feasibility and pilot study using Chinese Herbal medicine to explore Impact on Dysfunction (ORCHID)—Study protocol. European Journal of Integrative Medicine, 2014, 6, 392-399.	1.7	8
154	Standardised Chinese herbal treatment delivered by GPs compared with individualised treatment administered by practitioners of Chinese herbal medicine for women with recurrent urinary tract infections (RUTI): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2016, 17, 358.	1.6	8
155	Primary care management of patients after weight loss surgery. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i945.	6.0	8
156	Probiotic capsules and xylitol chewing gum to manage symptoms of pharyngitis: a randomized controlled factorial trial. Cmaj, 2017, 189, E1543-E1550.	2.0	8
157	Self-Assessment of Antimicrobial Stewardship in Primary Care: Self-Reported Practice Using the TARGET Primary Care Self-Assessment Tool. Antibiotics, 2017, 6, 16.	3.7	8
158	Economic analysis of oral dexamethasone for symptom relief of sore throat: the UK TOAST study. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019184.	1.9	8
159	Does cranberry extract reduce antibiotic use for symptoms of acute uncomplicated urinary tract infections (CUTI)? Protocol for a feasibility study. Trials, 2019, 20, 767.	1.6	8
160	Patient-reported outcome measures for monitoring primary care patients with depression (PROMDEP): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 441.	1.6	8
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