Robert N Luben

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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540 papers 58,555 citations

1111 h-index

219 g-index

555 all docs 555
docs citations

555 times ranked 64146 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Biological, clinical and population relevance of 95 loci for blood lipids. Nature, 2010, 466, 707-713.	27.8	3,249
2	Association analyses of 249,796 individuals reveal 18 new loci associated with body mass index. Nature Genetics, 2010, 42, 937-948.	21.4	2,634
3	Genome-wide association study identifies novel breast cancer susceptibility loci. Nature, 2007, 447, 1087-1093.	27.8	2,165
4	Six new loci associated with body mass index highlight a neuronal influence on body weight regulation. Nature Genetics, 2009, 41, 25-34.	21.4	1,572
5	Common variants near MC4R are associated with fat mass, weight and risk of obesity. Nature Genetics, 2008, 40, 768-775.	21.4	1,179
6	Genome-wide association study identifies eight loci associated with blood pressure. Nature Genetics, 2009, 41, 666-676.	21.4	1,104
7	Genome-wide meta-analysis identifies 56 bone mineral density loci and reveals 14 loci associated with risk of fracture. Nature Genetics, 2012, 44, 491-501.	21.4	1,100
8	Dietary fibre in food and protection against colorectal cancer in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC): an observational study. Lancet, The, 2003, 361, 1496-1501.	13.7	988
9	Large-scale genotyping identifies 41 new loci associated with breast cancer risk. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 353-361.	21.4	960
10	Association of Hemoglobin A _{1c} with Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality in Adults: The European Prospective Investigation into Cancer in Norfolk. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2004, 141, 413.	3.9	847
11	Meta-analysis identifies 13 new loci associated with waist-hip ratio and reveals sexual dimorphism in the genetic basis of fat distribution. Nature Genetics, 2010, 42, 949-960.	21.4	836
12	Glycated haemoglobin, diabetes, and mortality in men in Norfolk cohort of European Prospective Investigation of Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC-Norfolk). BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 322, 15-15.	2.3	832
13	Endogenous Testosterone and Mortality Due to All Causes, Cardiovascular Disease, and Cancer in Men. Circulation, 2007, 116, 2694-2701.	1.6	695
14	Combined Impact of Health Behaviours and Mortality in Men and Women: The EPIC-Norfolk Prospective Population Study. PLoS Medicine, 2008, 5, e12.	8.4	630
15	Prediction of acute myeloid leukaemia risk in healthy individuals. Nature, 2018, 559, 400-404.	27.8	617
16	Serum Myeloperoxidase Levels Are Associated With the Future Risk of Coronary Artery Disease in Apparently Healthy Individuals. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2007, 50, 159-165.	2.8	544
17	Relation between plasma ascorbic acid and mortality in men and women in EPIC-Norfolk prospective study: a prospective population study. Lancet, The, 2001, 357, 657-663.	13.7	508
18	Multiple independent variants at the TERT locus are associated with telomere length and risks of breast and ovarian cancer. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 371-384.	21.4	493

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19	Newly discovered breast cancer susceptibility loci on 3p24 and 17q23.2. Nature Genetics, 2009, 41, 585-590.	21.4	434
20	Early Age at Menarche Associated with Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2009, 94, 4953-4960.	3.6	430
21	Prediction of Breast Cancer Risk Based on Profiling With Common Genetic Variants. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2015, 107, .	6.3	428
22	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism and the Risk of Coronary Heart Disease and Mortality. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2012, 172, 799-809.	3.8	424
23	Subclinical Thyroid Dysfunction and the Risk of Heart Failure Events. Circulation, 2012, 126, 1040-1049.	1.6	410
24	Body Fat Distribution and Risk of Coronary Heart Disease in Men and Women in the European Prospective Investigation Into Cancer and Nutrition in Norfolk Cohort. Circulation, 2007, 116, 2933-2943.	1.6	407
25	Association of HDL cholesterol efflux capacity with incident coronary heart disease events: a prospective case-control study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology, the, 2015, 3, 507-513.	11.4	389
26	Are imprecise methods obscuring a relation between fat and breast cancer?. Lancet, The, 2003, 362, 212-214.	13.7	381
27	Genetic Variants Influencing Circulating Lipid Levels and Risk of Coronary Artery Disease. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2010, 30, 2264-2276.	2.4	369
28	Nutritional methods in the European Prospective Investigation of Cancer in Norfolk. Public Health Nutrition, 2001, 4, 847-858.	2.2	332
29	The Influence of Age and Sex on Genetic Associations with Adult Body Size and Shape: A Large-Scale Genome-Wide Interaction Study. PLoS Genetics, 2015, 11, e1005378.	3.5	331
30	LDL-cholesterol concentrations: a genome-wide association study. Lancet, The, 2008, 371, 483-491.	13.7	329
31	Increasing Prevalence of Myopia in Europe and the Impact of Education. Ophthalmology, 2015, 122, 1489-1497.	5.2	329
32	ï‰-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Biomarkers and Coronary Heart Disease. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 1155.	5.1	326
33	Linoleic acid, a dietary n-6 polyunsaturated fatty acid, and the aetiology of ulcerative colitis: a nested case-control study within a European prospective cohort study. Gut, 2009, 58, 1606-1611.	12.1	318
34	Genetic variation in LIN28B is associated with the timing of puberty. Nature Genetics, 2009, 41, 729-733.	21.4	317
35	Polymorphisms Associated With Circulating Sex Hormone Levels in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2004, 96, 936-945.	6.3	308
36	Prevalence of refractive error in Europe: the European Eye Epidemiology (E3) Consortium. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 30, 305-315.	5.7	306

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37	Genetic variation near IRS1 associates with reduced adiposity and an impaired metabolic profile. Nature Genetics, 2011, 43, 753-760.	21.4	289
38	Genome-wide analysis identifies 12 loci influencing human reproductive behavior. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 1462-1472.	21.4	284
39	Identification of heart rate–associated loci and their effects on cardiac conduction and rhythm disorders. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 621-631.	21.4	282
40	Television viewing and low participation in vigorous recreation are independently associated with obesity and markers of cardiovascular disease risk: EPIC-Norfolk population-based study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2003, 57, 1089-1096.	2.9	267
41	A transforming growth factorbetal signal peptide variant increases secretion in vitro and is associated with increased incidence of invasive breast cancer. Cancer Research, 2003, 63, 2610-5.	0.9	265
42	Subclinical Thyroid Dysfunction and Fracture Risk. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2015, 313, 2055.	7.4	264
43	Prediction of total and hip fracture risk in men and women by quantitative ultrasound of the calcaneus: EPIC-Norfolk prospective population study. Lancet, The, 2004, 363, 197-202.	13.7	257
44	Plasma Vitamin C Level, Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, and the Risk of New-Onset Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus <subtitle>The European Prospective Investigation of Cancer–Norfolk Prospective Study</subtitle> . Archives of Internal Medicine, 2008, 168, 1493.	3.8	256
45	Cigarette Smoking and Fat Distribution in 21, 828 British Men and Women: A Populationâ€based Study. Obesity, 2005, 13, 1466-1475.	4.0	247
46	Television viewing time independently predicts all-cause and cardiovascular mortality: the EPIC Norfolk Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 40, 150-159.	1.9	246
47	Urinary Bisphenol A Concentration and Risk of Future Coronary Artery Disease in Apparently Healthy Men and Women. Circulation, 2012, 125, 1482-1490.	1.6	242
48	Social Adversity, the Serotonin Transporter (5-HTTLPR) Polymorphism and Major Depressive Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2006, 59, 224-229.	1.3	235
49	Genome-wide meta-analysis identifies six novel loci associated with habitual coffee consumption. Molecular Psychiatry, 2015, 20, 647-656.	7.9	235
50	Physical Activity Attenuates the Genetic Predisposition to Obesity in 20,000 Men and Women from EPIC-Norfolk Prospective Population Study. PLoS Medicine, 2010, 7, e1000332.	8.4	230
51	Variability of fish consumption within the 10 European countries participating in the European Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. Public Health Nutrition, 2002, 5, 1273-1285.	2.2	228
52	Elevated serum ferritin levels predict new-onset type 2 diabetes: results from the EPIC-Norfolk prospective study. Diabetologia, 2007, 50, 949-956.	6.3	219
53	Plasma Phospholipid Fatty Acid Concentration and Incident Coronary Heart Disease in Men and Women: The EPIC-Norfolk Prospective Study. PLoS Medicine, 2012, 9, e1001255.	8.4	216
54	Circulating 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentration and the risk of type 2 diabetes: results from the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC)-Norfolk cohort and updated meta-analysis of prospective studies. Diabetologia, 2012, 55, 2173-2182.	6.3	213

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55	Omega-6 fatty acid biomarkers and incident type 2 diabetes: pooled analysis of individual-level data for 39†740 adults from 20 prospective cohort studies. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2017, 5, 965-974.	11.4	213
56	Plasma Levels of Cholesteryl Ester Transfer Protein and the Risk of Future Coronary Artery Disease in Apparently Healthy Men and Women. Circulation, 2004, 110, 1418-1423.	1.6	210
57	Use of biological markers to validate self-reported dietary intake in a random sample of the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer United Kingdom Norfolk cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2001, 74, 188-196.	4.7	208
58	Dietary Patterns and Risk of Inflammatory Bowel Disease in Europe. Inflammatory Bowel Diseases, 2016, 22, 345-354.	1.9	207
59	Dietary Fiber and Colorectal Cancer Risk: A Nested Case-Control Study Using Food Diaries. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2010, 102, 614-626.	6.3	205
60	Biomarkers of Dietary Omega-6 Fatty Acids and Incident Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality. Circulation, 2019, 139, 2422-2436.	1.6	199
61	Sense of Coherence and Mortality in Men and Women in the EPIC-Norfolk United Kingdom Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 158, 1202-1209.	3.4	198
62	Genome-wide meta-analysis identifies 127 open-angle glaucoma loci with consistent effect across ancestries. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 1258.	12.8	196
63	Physical activity trajectories and mortality: population based cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, 12323.	2.3	194
64	The Extent of Linkage Disequilibrium in Four Populations with Distinct Demographic Histories. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2000, 67, 1544-1554.	6.2	192
65	Sleep duration and risk of fatal and nonfatal stroke. Neurology, 2015, 84, 1072-1079.	1.1	192
66	Abdominal Obesity and Respiratory Function in Men and Women in the EPIC-Norfolk Study, United Kingdom. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 1140-1149.	3.4	191
67	Fatty acids measured in plasma and erythrocyte-membrane phospholipids and derived by food-frequency questionnaire and the risk of new-onset type 2 diabetes: a pilot study in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC)–Norfolk cohort. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition. 2010. 92. 1214-1222.	4.7	190
68	Cumulative effects and predictive value of common obesity-susceptibility variants identified by genome-wide association studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 184-190.	4.7	185
69	IGF1 and IGFBP3 tagging polymorphisms are associated with circulating levels of IGF1, IGFBP3 and risk of breast cancer. Human Molecular Genetics, 2006, 15, 1-10.	2.9	181
70	A Prospective Study of the Association Between Quantity and Variety of Fruit and Vegetable Intake and Incident Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2012, 35, 1293-1300.	8.6	181
71	Depression and Ischemic Heart Disease Mortality: Evidence From the EPIC-Norfolk United Kingdom		100
	Prospective Cohort Study. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2008, 165, 515-523.	7.2	177

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73	IL-8 Plasma Concentrations and the Risk of Future Coronary Artery Disease in Apparently Healthy Men and Women. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2004, 24, 1503-1508.	2.4	173
74	Microalbuminuria independently predicts all-cause and cardiovascular mortality in a British population: The European Prospective Investigation into Cancer in Norfolk (EPIC-Norfolk) population study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 33, 189-198.	1.9	172
75	Association between age at menarche and risk of diabetes in adults: results from the EPIC-Norfolk cohort study. Diabetologia, 2008, 51, 781-786.	6.3	169
76	Genome-wide meta-analysis of 241,258 adults accounting for smoking behaviour identifies novel loci for obesity traits. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 14977.	12.8	169
77	Dietary n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids and the aetiology of ulcerative colitis: a UK prospective cohort study. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2010, 22, 602-606.	1.6	165
78	Association of C-reactive protein with type 2 diabetes: prospective analysis and meta-analysis. Diabetologia, 2009, 52, 1040-1047.	6.3	164
79	Subclinical Hypothyroidism and the Risk of Stroke Events and Fatal Stroke: An Individual Participant Data Analysis. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, 2181-2191.	3.6	164
80	Residential area deprivation predicts smoking habit independently of individual educational level and occupational social class. A cross sectional study in the Norfolk cohort of the European Investigation into Cancer (EPIC-Norfolk). Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2003, 57, 270-276.	3.7	162
81	Endogenous versus exogenous exposure to N -nitroso compounds and gastric cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC-EURGAST) study. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 1497-1501.	2.8	162
82	Thyroid Function Within the Normal Range, Subclinical Hypothyroidism, and the Risk of Atrial Fibrillation. Circulation, 2017, 136, 2100-2116.	1.6	159
83	Genome-wide physical activity interactions in adiposity ― A meta-analysis of 200,452 adults. PLoS Genetics, 2017, 13, e1006528.	3.5	158
84	C-reactive protein levels and coronary artery disease incidence and mortality in apparently healthy men and women: The EPIC-Norfolk prospective population study 1993–2003. Atherosclerosis, 2006, 187, 415-422.	0.8	153
85	A new tool for converting food frequency questionnaire data into nutrient and food group values: FETA research methods and availability. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e004503.	1.9	153
86	A common variant in BRCA2 is associated with both breast cancer risk and prenatal viability. Nature Genetics, 2000, 26, 362-364.	21.4	152
87	Dietary risk factors for the development of inflammatory polyarthritis: Evidence for a role of high level of red meat consumption. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 2004, 50, 3804-3812.	6.7	147
88	Large meta-analysis of genome-wide association studies identifies five loci for lean body mass. Nature Communications, 2017, 8, 80.	12.8	147
89	Lipoprotein(a) and Risk of Coronary, Cerebrovascular, and Peripheral Artery Disease. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2012, 32, 3058-3065.	2.4	146
90	Dietary dairy product intake and incident type 2 diabetes: a prospective study using dietary data from a 7-day food diary. Diabetologia, 2014, 57, 909-917.	6.3	145

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91	Psychological distress, major depressive disorder, and risk of stroke. Neurology, 2008, 70, 788-794.	1.1	144
92	FTO genetic variants, dietary intake and body mass index: insights from 177 330 individuals. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 6961-6972.	2.9	143
93	Flavonoid Intake in European Adults (18 to 64 Years). PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0128132.	2.5	143
94	Telomere Length in Prospective and Retrospective Cancer Case-Control Studies. Cancer Research, 2010, 70, 3170-3176.	0.9	142
95	Work and leisure time physical activity assessed using a simple, pragmatic, validated questionnaire and incident cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in men and women: The European Prospective Investigation into Cancer in Norfolk prospective population study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 1034-1043.	1.9	141
96	Healthy lifestyle choices: could sense of coherence aid health promotion?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2007, 61, 871-876.	3.7	141
97	Body Mass Index and the Risk for Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Data From a European Prospective Cohort Study (The IBD in EPIC Study). American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2013, 108, 575-582.	0.4	141
98	Role of the Apolipoprotein B–Apolipoprotein A-I Ratio in Cardiovascular Risk Assessment: A Case–Control Analysis in EPIC-Norfolk. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2007, 146, 640.	3.9	140
99	Initial thyroid status and cardiovascular risk factors: The EPICâ€Norfolk prospective population study. Clinical Endocrinology, 2010, 72, 404-410.	2.4	140
100	Blood pressure and urinary sodium in men and women: the Norfolk Cohort of the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC-Norfolk). American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 80, 1397-1403.	4.7	136
101	Vitamin C and hyperglycemia in the European Prospective Investigation into CancerNorfolk (EPIC-Norfolk) study: a population-based study Diabetes Care, 2000, 23, 726-732.	8.6	133
102	The CAFE computer program for nutritional analysis of the EPIC-Norfolk food frequency questionnaire and identification of extreme nutrient values. Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics, 2005, 18, 99-116.	2.5	131
103	Combined effect of health behaviours and risk of first ever stroke in 20 040 men and women over 11 years' follow-up in Norfolk cohort of European Prospective Investigation of Cancer (EPIC Norfolk): prospective population study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b349-b349.	2.3	130
104	A genome-wide association scan (GWAS) for mean telomere length within the COGS project: identified loci show little association with hormone-related cancer risk. Human Molecular Genetics, 2013, 22, 5056-5064.	2.9	130
105	Randomised trial of coconut oil, olive oil or butter on blood lipids and other cardiovascular risk factors in healthy men and women. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e020167.	1.9	129
106	DINER (Data Into Nutrients for Epidemiological Research) – a new data-entry program for nutritional analysis in the EPIC–Norfolk cohort and the 7-day diary method. Public Health Nutrition, 2001, 4, 1253-1265.	2.2	127
107	Diet in the Aetiology of Ulcerative Colitis: A European Prospective Cohort Study. Digestion, 2008, 77, 57-64.	2.3	127
108	Breast cancer risk variants at 6q25 display different phenotype associations and regulate ESR1, RMND1 and CCDC170. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 374-386.	21.4	125

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109	Association Between Type of Dietary Fish and Seafood Intake and the Risk of Incident Type 2 Diabetes: The European Prospective Investigation of Cancer (EPIC)-Norfolk cohort study. Diabetes Care, 2009, 32, 1857-1863.	8.6	120
110	New insights into the genetics of primary open-angle glaucoma based on meta-analyses of intraocular pressure and optic disc characteristics Human Molecular Genetics, 2017, 26, ddw399.	2.9	120
111	The Effect of Age, Sex, and Education on Food Consumption of a Middle-Aged English Cohort—EPIC in East Anglia. Preventive Medicine, 2000, 30, 26-34.	3.4	119
112	Genetically Predicted Body Mass Index and Breast Cancer Risk: Mendelian Randomization Analyses of Data from 145,000 Women of European Descent. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002105.	8.4	118
113	Differential White Blood Cell Count and Type 2 Diabetes: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Cross-Sectional and Prospective Studies. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e13405.	2.5	118
114	Smoking status and differential white cell count in men and women in the EPIC-Norfolk population. Atherosclerosis, 2003, 169, 331-337.	0.8	117
115	Cigarette smoking and glycaemia: the EPIC-Norfolk Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 30, 547-554.	1.9	116
116	Patterns of alcohol consumption in 10 European countries participating in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) project. Public Health Nutrition, 2002, 5, 1287-1296.	2.2	114
117	Plasma ascorbic acid concentrations and fat distribution in 19 068 British men and women in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Norfolk cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 82, 1203-1209.	4.7	114
118	Fruit and vegetable intake and population glycosylated haemoglobin levels: the EPIC-Norfolk Study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2001, 55, 342-348.	2.9	113
119	Residential area deprivation predicts fruit and vegetable consumption independently of individual educational level and occupational social class: a cross sectional population study in the Norfolk cohort of the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC-Norfolk). Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2004, 58, 686-691.	3.7	111
120	Mastery, sense of coherence, and mortality: Evidence of independent associations from the epic-norfolk prospective cohort study Health Psychology, 2006, 25, 102-110.	1.6	110
121	FGFR2 variants and breast cancer risk: fine-scale mapping using African American studies and analysis of chromatin conformation. Human Molecular Genetics, 2009, 18, 1692-1703.	2.9	110
122	Fat distribution, body mass index and blood pressure in 22 090 men and women in the Norfolk cohort of the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC-Norfolk) study. Journal of Hypertension, 2004, 22, 2067-2074.	0.5	109
123	Genome-wide association study identifies multiple loci associated with both mammographic density and breast cancer risk. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 5303.	12.8	109
124	Vitamin C and the risk of developing inflammatory polyarthritis: prospective nested case-control study. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2004, 63, 843-847.	0.9	106
125	Plasma levels of plant sterols and the risk of coronary artery disease: the prospective EPIC-Norfolk Population Study. Journal of Lipid Research, 2007, 48, 139-144.	4.2	105
126	Body fat percentage, body mass index and waist-to-hip ratio as predictors of mortality and cardiovascular disease. Heart, 2014, 100, 1613-1619.	2.9	105

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127	Evidence that breast cancer risk at the 2q35 locus is mediated through IGFBP5 regulation. Nature Communications, 2014, 5, 4999.	12.8	105
128	Dietary antioxidants and asthma in adults. Thorax, 2006, 61, 388-393.	5.6	104
129	Plasma vitamin C concentrations predict risk of incident stroke over 10 y in 20 649 participants of the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer–Norfolk prospective population study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 64-69.	4.7	104
130	Seropositivity and Higher Immunoglobulin G Antibody Levels Against Cytomegalovirus Are Associated With Mortality in the Population-Based European Prospective Investigation of Cancer–Norfolk Cohort. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 56, 1421-1427.	5.8	104
131	Meta-analysis of gene–environment-wide association scans accounting for education level identifies additional loci for refractive error. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 11008.	12.8	104
132	No association between androgen or vitamin D receptor gene polymorphisms and risk of breast cancer. Carcinogenesis, 1999, 20, 2131-2135.	2.8	103
133	Breast, colorectal, and prostate cancer risk in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition–Norfolk in relation to phytoestrogen intake derived from an improved database. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 440-448.	4.7	103
134	Daytime Napping and the Risk of All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality: A 13-Year Follow-up of a British Population. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2014, 179, 1115-1124.	3.4	103
135	Apolipoprotein A-II Is Inversely Associated With Risk of Future Coronary Artery Disease. Circulation, 2007, 116, 2029-2035.	1.6	101
136	Common Breast Cancer Susceptibility Variants in <i>LSP1</i> and <i>RAD51L1</i> Are Associated with Mammographic Density Measures that Predict Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1156-1166.	2.5	101
137	Physical Inactivity Is Associated with Lower Forced Expiratory Volume in 1 Second: European Prospective Investigation into Cancer-Norfolk Prospective Population Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 156, 139-147.	3.4	100
138	Serum Levels of Type II Secretory Phospholipase A2 and the Risk of Future Coronary Artery Disease in Apparently Healthy Men and Women. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2005, 25, 839-846.	2.4	100
139	Circulating Secretory Phospholipase A2 Activity and Risk of Incident Coronary Events in Healthy Men and Women. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2007, 27, 1177-1183.	2.4	99
140	Life Stress, Emotional Health, and Mean Telomere Length in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC)-Norfolk Population Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2011, 66A, 1152-1162.	3.6	99
141	Television Viewing and Incident Cardiovascular Disease: Prospective Associations and Mediation Analysis in the EPIC Norfolk Study. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e20058.	2.5	98
142	Energy Intake at Breakfast and Weight Change: Prospective Study of 6,764 Middle-aged Men and Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 167, 188-192.	3.4	97
143	Family history of premature coronary heart disease and risk prediction in the EPIC-Norfolk prospective population study. Heart, 2010, 96, 1985-1989.	2.9	96
144	Assessment of the dietary intake of total flavan-3-ols, monomeric flavan-3-ols, proanthocyanidins and theaflavins in the European Union. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 111, 1463-1473.	2.3	96

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145	Common variants in the ATM, BRCA1, BRCA2, CHEK2 and TP53 cancer susceptibility genes are unlikely to increase breast cancer risk. Breast Cancer Research, 2007, 9, R27.	5.0	94
146	The descriptive epidemiology of accelerometer-measured physical activity in older adults. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2016, 13, 2.	4.6	94
147	No evidence that protein truncating variants in <i>BRIP1</i> are associated with breast cancer risk: implications for gene panel testing. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2016, 53, 298-309.	3.2	94
148	Mammographic parenchymal patterns and mode of detection: implications for the breast screening programme. Journal of Medical Screening, 1998, 5, 207-212.	2.3	93
149	Dietary Fat and the Risk of Clinical Type 2 Diabetes: The European Prospective Investigation of Cancer-Norfolk Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 73-82.	3.4	92
150	Mendelian Randomization Study of B-Type Natriuretic Peptide and Type 2 Diabetes: Evidence of Causal Association from Population Studies. PLoS Medicine, 2011, 8, e1001112.	8.4	92
151	A Prospective Study of Microalbuminuria and Incident Coronary Heart Disease and Its Prognostic Significance in a British Population: The EPIC-Norfolk Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 159, 284-293.	3.4	91
152	Microalbuminuria and stroke in a British population: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer in Norfolk (EPICâ€Norfolk) population study. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2004, 255, 247-256.	6.0	91
153	How Predictive Is Breast Arterial Calcification of Cardiovascular Disease and Risk Factors When Found at Screening Mammography?. American Journal of Roentgenology, 2006, 187, 73-80.	2.2	90
154	Intake estimation of total and individual flavan-3-ols, proanthocyanidins and theaflavins, their food sources and determinants in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 108, 1095-1108.	2.3	90
155	Genetic determinants of heel bone properties: genome-wide association meta-analysis and replication in the GEFOS/GENOMOS consortium. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 3054-3068.	2.9	90
156	Refractive error, axial length and anterior chamber depth of the eye in British adults: the EPIC-Norfolk Eye Study. British Journal of Ophthalmology, 2010, 94, 827-830.	3.9	89
157	No evidence for a causal link between uric acid and type 2 diabetes: a Mendelian randomisation approach. Diabetologia, 2011, 54, 2561-2569.	6.3	89
158	Associations between dietary methods and biomarkers, and between fruits and vegetables and risk of ischaemic heart disease, in the EPIC Norfolk Cohort Study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 978-987.	1.9	86
159	Frequency of eating and concentrations of serum cholesterol in the Norfolk population of the European prospective investigation into cancer (EPIC-Norfolk): cross sectional study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 323, 1286-1286.	2.3	85
160	Genetic variants in epigenetic genes and breast cancer risk. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 1661-1669.	2.8	85
161	Apolipoprotein A-V, triglycerides and risk of coronary artery disease: the prospective Epic-Norfolk Population Study. Journal of Lipid Research, 2006, 47, 2064-2070.	4.2	84
162	Social inequalities in self-rated health by age: Cross-sectional study of 22 457 middle-aged men and women. BMC Public Health, 2008, 8, 230.	2.9	83

#	Article	IF	Citations
163	Relationship between Subdomains of Total Physical Activity and Mortality. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2008, 40, 1909-1915.	0.4	82
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