Belén Pérez-Dueñas

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4779350/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

37 papers 1,522 citations

20 h-index 377865 34 g-index

37 all docs

37 docs citations

37 times ranked

2360 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Genetic diagnosis of basal ganglia disease in childhood. Developmental Medicine and Child Neurology, 2022, 64, 743-752.	2.1	O
2	Systematic Collaborative Reanalysis of Genomic Data Improves Diagnostic Yield in Neurologic Rare Diseases. Journal of Molecular Diagnostics, 2022, 24, 529-542.	2.8	6
3	Comparison of methylation episignatures in <i>KMT2B</i> - and <i>KMT2D</i> -related human disorders. Epigenomics, 2022, 14, 537-547.	2.1	10
4	Delineating the neurological phenotype in children with defects in the <scp><i>ECHS1</i></scp> or <scp><i>HIBCH</i></scp> gene. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2021, 44, 401-414.	3.6	23
5	Clinical phenotypes of infantile onset CACNA1A-related disorder. European Journal of Paediatric Neurology, 2021, 30, 144-154.	1.6	13
6	<i>PRKRA</i> à€Related Disorders: Bilateral Striatal Degeneration in Addition to DYT16 Spectrum. Movement Disorders, 2021, 36, 1038-1040.	3.9	10
7	Expanding the \hat{I}^2 -III Spectrin-Associated Phenotypes toward Non-Progressive Congenital Ataxias with Neurodegeneration. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 2505.	4.1	8
8	Îμ-Sarcoglycan: Unraveling the Myoclonus-Dystonia Gene. Molecular Neurobiology, 2021, 58, 3938-3952.	4.0	7
9	Generation of three human iPSC lines from PLAN (PLA2G6-associated neurodegeneration) patients. Stem Cell Research, 2021, 53, 102338.	0.7	1
10	Genetic and phenotypic spectrum associated with IFIH1 gainâ€ofâ€function. Human Mutation, 2020, 41, 837-849.	2. 5	63
11	Delineating the motor phenotype of SGCE-myoclonus dystonia syndrome. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2020, 80, 165-174.	2.2	7
12	Magnetic resonance imaging pattern recognition in childhood bilateral basal ganglia disorders. Brain Communications, 2020, 2, fcaa178.	3. 3	17
13	The European Reference Network for Rare Neurological Diseases. Frontiers in Neurology, 2020, 11, 616569.	2.4	26
14	Genetic defects of thiamine transport and metabolism: A review of clinical phenotypes, genetics, and functional studies. Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease, 2019, 42, 581-597.	3 . 6	77
15	The genetic etiology in cerebral palsy mimics: The results from a Greek tertiary care center. European Journal of Paediatric Neurology, 2019, 23, 427-437.	1.6	26
16	From gestalt to gene: early predictive dysmorphic features of PMM2-CDG. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2019, 56, 236-245.	3.2	19
17	Childhood onset progressive myoclonic dystonia due to a de novo KCTD17 splicing mutation. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2019, 61, 7-9.	2.2	34
18	Mutations in the mitochondrial complex I assembly factor NDUFAF6 cause isolated bilateral striatal necrosis and progressive dystonia in childhood. Molecular Genetics and Metabolism, 2019, 126, 250-258.	1.1	20

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19	PLA2G6-associated neurodegeneration: New insights into brain abnormalities and disease progression. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2019, 61, 179-186.	2.2	41
20	Hyaline fibromatosis syndrome: Clinical update and phenotype-genotype correlations. Human Mutation, 2018, 39, 1752-1763.	2.5	32
21	Encephalopathies with intracranial calcification in children: clinical and genetic characterization. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2018, 13, 135.	2.7	17
22	A framework for paediatric neuromodulation â€" Recognising the challenges and a platform for data sharing. European Journal of Paediatric Neurology, 2017, 21, 18-19.	1.6	1
23	Genetic, Phenotypic, and Interferon Biomarker Status in ADAR1-Related Neurological Disease. Neuropediatrics, 2017, 48, 166-184.	0.6	62
24	Mutations in the histone methyltransferase gene KMT2B cause complex early-onset dystonia. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 223-237.	21.4	186
25	Thiamine deficiency in childhood with attention to genetic causes: Survival and outcome predictors. Annals of Neurology, 2017, 82, 317-330.	5.3	65
26	Secondary coenzyme Q 10 deficiencies in oxidative phosphorylation (OXPHOS) and non-OXPHOS disorders. Mitochondrion, 2016, 30, 51-58.	3.4	70
27	Treatable Inborn Errors of Metabolism Due to Membrane Vitamin Transporters Deficiency. Seminars in Pediatric Neurology, 2016, 23, 341-350.	2.0	6
28	Treatment of genetic defects of thiamine transport and metabolism. Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics, 2016, 16, 755-763.	2.8	33
29	Ndufs4 related Leigh syndrome: A case report and review of the literature. Mitochondrion, 2016, 28, 73-78.	3.4	59
30	Free-thiamine is a potential biomarker of thiamine transporter-2 deficiency: a treatable cause of Leigh syndrome. Brain, 2016, 139, 31-38.	7.6	174
31	Phosphomannomutase deficiency (PMM2-CDG): ataxia and cerebellar assessment. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2015, 10, 138.	2.7	49
32	Thiamine transporter-2 deficiency: outcome and treatment monitoring. Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases, 2014, 9, 92.	2.7	55
33	Environmental circumstances influencing tic expression in children. European Journal of Paediatric Neurology, 2014, 18, 157-162.	1.6	28
34	Reversible Lactic Acidosis in a Newborn With Thiamine Transporter-2 Deficiency. Pediatrics, 2013, 131, e1670-e1675.	2.1	181
35	Reversible generalized dystonia and encephalopathy from thiamine transporter 2 deficiency. Movement Disorders, 2012, 27, 1295-1298.	3.9	42
36	Brain injury in glutaric aciduria type I: The value of functional techniques in magnetic resonance imaging. European Journal of Paediatric Neurology, 2009, 13, 534-540.	1.6	19

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37	Tetrahydrobiopterin responsiveness in patients with phenylketonuria. Clinical Biochemistry, 2004, 37, 1083-1090.	1.9	35