List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	Health benefits of herbs and spices: the past, the present, the future. Medical Journal of Australia, 2006, 185, S1-S24.	0.8	515
2	Effect of an energy-restricted, high-protein, low-fat diet relative to a conventional high-carbohydrate, low-fat diet on weight loss, body composition, nutritional status, and markers of cardiovascular health in obese women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 81, 1298-1306.	2.2	394
3	Polyphenols and Glycemic Control. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 17.	1.7	364
4	Impact of gastric structuring on the lipolysis of emulsified lipids. Soft Matter, 2011, 7, 3513.	1.2	249
5	Long-term effects of a very-low-carbohydrate weight loss diet compared with an isocaloric low-fat diet after 12 mo. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 90, 23-32.	2.2	238
6	The role of edible mushrooms in health: Evaluation of the evidence. Journal of Functional Foods, 2012, 4, 687-709.	1.6	215
7	Probiotics, prebiotics, synbiotics and insulin sensitivity. Nutrition Research Reviews, 2018, 31, 35-51.	2.1	212
8	Long-term effects of a high-protein, low-carbohydrate diet on weight control and cardiovascular risk markers in obese hyperinsulinemic subjects. International Journal of Obesity, 2004, 28, 661-670.	1.6	208
9	A High-Protein Diet With Resistance Exercise Training Improves Weight Loss and Body Composition in Overweight and Obese Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 969-976.	4.3	178
10	Fecal Butyrate Levels Vary Widely among Individuals but Are Usually Increased by a Diet High in Resistant Starch1,2. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 883-889.	1.3	175
11	Hand Grip Dynamometry as a Predictor of Postoperative Complications Reappraisal Using Age Standardized Grip Strengths. Journal of Parenteral and Enteral Nutrition, 1989, 13, 30-33.	1.3	171
12	Effect of Intermittent Compared With Continuous Energy Restricted Diet on Glycemic Control in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. JAMA Network Open, 2018, 1, e180756.	2.8	170
13	Metabolic Effects of Weight Loss on a Very-Low-Carbohydrate Diet Compared With an Isocaloric High-Carbohydrate Diet in Abdominally Obese Subjects. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2008, 51, 59-67.	1.2	157
14	Adherence to a Mediterranean diet and Alzheimer's disease risk in an Australian population. Translational Psychiatry, 2012, 2, e164-e164.	2.4	149
15	Flow-Mediated Dilatation Is Impaired by a High–Saturated Fat Diet but Not by a High-Carbohydrate Diet. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2005, 25, 1274-1279.	1.1	143
16	Long-term effects of a high-protein weight-loss diet. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 23-29.	2.2	140
17	The effects of intermittent compared to continuous energy restriction on glycaemic control in type 2 diabetes; a pragmatic pilot trial. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2016, 122, 106-112.	1.1	140
18	Effects of weight loss from a very-low-carbohydrate diet on endothelial function and markers of cardiovascular disease risk in subjects with abdominal obesity. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 567-576.	2.2	134

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19	Combining wheat bran with resistant starch has more beneficial effects on fecal indexes than does wheat bran alone. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 79, 1020-1028.	2.2	132
20	Long term weight maintenance after advice to consume low carbohydrate, higher protein diets – A systematic review and meta analysis. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 24, 224-235.	1.1	131
21	A systematic review of the effect of dietary saturated and polyunsaturated fat on heart disease. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2017, 27, 1060-1080.	1.1	127
22	Low- and high-carbohydrate weight-loss diets have similar effects on mood but not cognitive performance. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 580-587.	2.2	125
23	Effects of a low-salt diet on flow-mediated dilatation in humans. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2009, 89, 485-490.	2.2	124
24	A review of potential metabolic etiologies of the observed association between red meat consumption and development of type 2 diabetes mellitus. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2015, 64, 768-779.	1.5	123
25	Meal Replacements Are as Effective as Structured Weight-Loss Diets for Treating Obesity in Adults with Features of Metabolic Syndrome. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 1894-1899.	1.3	119
26	Carbohydrate-restricted diets high in either monounsaturated fat or protein are equally effective at promoting fat loss and improving blood lipids. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 81, 762-772.	2.2	114
27	Trans Fatty Acids in Adipose Tissue and the Food Supply Are Associated with Myocardial Infarction. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 874-879.	1.3	112
28	Dietary patterns and cognitive decline in an Australian study of ageing. Molecular Psychiatry, 2015, 20, 860-866.	4.1	111
29	Comparison of isocaloric very low carbohydrate/high saturated fat and high carbohydrate/low saturated fat diets on body composition and cardiovascular risk. Nutrition and Metabolism, 2006, 3, 7.	1.3	109
30	Benefits of Nut Consumption on Insulin Resistance and Cardiovascular Risk Factors: Multiple Potential Mechanisms of Actions. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 1271.	1.7	100
31	Wholegrain foods made from a novel high-amylose barley variety (<i>Himalaya 292</i>) improve indices of bowel health in human subjects. British Journal of Nutrition, 2008, 99, 1032-1040.	1.2	98
32	Longâ€ŧerm effects of weight loss with a very low carbohydrate and low fat diet on vascular function in overweight and obese patients. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2010, 267, 452-461.	2.7	97
33	The Effect of Milk Protein on the Bioavailability of Cocoa Polyphenols. Journal of Food Science, 2007, 72, S230-S233.	1.5	96
34	Endothelial function is impaired after a high-salt meal in healthy subjects. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 93, 500-505.	2.2	95
35	Effect of Weight Loss on Pulse Wave Velocity. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2015, 35, 243-252.	1.1	93
36	Weight-Loss Outcomes: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Intermittent Energy Restriction Trials Lasting a Minimum of 6 Months. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 354.	1.7	91

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37	The effect of meal replacements high in glycomacropeptide on weight loss and markers of cardiovascular disease risk. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 1602-1605.	2.2	89
38	Impact of different biopolymer networks on the digestion of gastric structured emulsions. Food Hydrocolloids, 2014, 36, 102-114.	5.6	79
39	The Satiating Effect of Dietary Protein Is Unrelated to Postprandial Ghrelin Secretion. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2005, 90, 5205-5211.	1.8	78
40	Effect of weight loss on inflammatory and endothelial markers and FMD using two low-fat diets. International Journal of Obesity, 2005, 29, 1445-1451.	1.6	75
41	Effects of weight loss on a low-carbohydrate diet on flow-mediated dilatation, adhesion molecules and adiponectin. British Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 98, 852-9.	1.2	71
42	Effects of meals with high soluble fibre, high amylose barley variant on glucose, insulin, satiety and thermic effect of food in healthy lean women. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 61, 597-604.	1.3	70
43	Effect of carbohydrate distribution on postprandial glucose peaks with the use of continuous glucose monitoring in type 2 diabetes. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2008, 87, 638-644.	2.2	69
44	High protein diets decrease total and abdominal fat and improve CVD risk profile in overweight and obese men and women with elevated triacylglycerol. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2009, 19, 548-554.	1.1	69
45	Estimating food intakes in Australia: validation of the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) food frequency questionnaire against weighed dietary intakes. Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics, 2009, 22, 559-566.	1.3	61
46	Slowly and Rapidly Digested Fat Emulsions Are Equally Satiating but Their Triglycerides Are Differentially Absorbed and Metabolized in Humans. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 809-815.	1.3	59
47	Tailoring the digestion of structured emulsions using mixed monoglyceride–caseinate interfaces. Food Hydrocolloids, 2014, 36, 151-161.	5.6	57
48	Effects of intermittent compared to continuous energy restriction on shortâ€ŧerm weight loss and longâ€ŧerm weight loss maintenance. Clinical Obesity, 2014, 4, 150-156.	1.1	56
49	Effect of intermittent compared to continuous energy restriction on weight loss and weight maintenance after 12 months in healthy overweight or obese adults. International Journal of Obesity, 2019, 43, 2028-2036.	1.6	56
50	Dairy consumption and insulin sensitivity: A systematic review of short- and long-term intervention studies. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 25, 3-8.	1.1	55
51	Moderate Weight Loss Reduces Renin and Aldosterone but does not Influence Basal or Stimulated Pituitary-adrenal Axis Function. Hormone and Metabolic Research, 2007, 39, 694-699.	0.7	53
52	Long-term effects of a low carbohydrate, low fat or high unsaturated fat diet compared to a no-intervention control. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2010, 20, 599-607.	1.1	51
53	Red meat, dairy, and insulin sensitivity: a randomized crossover intervention study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 1173-1179.	2.2	51
54	Sustained effects of a protein â€~preload' on glycaemia and gastric emptying over 4 weeks in patients with type 2 diabetes: A randomized clinical trial. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2015, 108, e31-e34.	1.1	51

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55	Bone loss at the proximal femur and reduced lean mass following liver transplantation: a longitudinal study. Nutrition, 1999, 15, 661-664.	1.1	50
56	Postprandial effects of a high salt meal on serum sodium, arterial stiffness, markers of nitric oxide production and markers of endothelial function. Atherosclerosis, 2014, 232, 211-216.	0.4	49
57	A reduction of 3Âg/day from a usual 9Âg/day salt diet improves endothelial function and decreases endothelin-1 in a randomised cross_over study in normotensive overweight and obese subjects. Atherosclerosis, 2014, 233, 32-38.	0.4	48
58	Effect of Aging on Transpyloric Flow, Gastric Emptying, and Intragastric Distribution In Healthy Humans—Impact on Glycemia. Digestive Diseases and Sciences, 2005, 50, 671-676.	1.1	47
59	Achieving the Salt Intake Target of 6 g/Day in the Current Food Supply in Free-Living Adults Using Two Dietary Education Strategies. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2010, 110, 763-767.	1.3	47
60	The effect of intermittent compared with continuous energy restriction on glycaemic control in patients with type 2 diabetes: 24-month follow-up of a randomised noninferiority trial. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2019, 151, 11-19.	1.1	47
61	The role of meal replacements in obesity treatment. Obesity Reviews, 2005, 6, 229-234.	3.1	46
62	Metabolic effects of high-protein diets. Current Atherosclerosis Reports, 2007, 9, 472-478.	2.0	46
63	Food intake, postprandial glucose, insulin and subjective satiety responses to three different bread-based test meals. Appetite, 2011, 57, 707-710.	1.8	46
64	Nuts and Cardio-Metabolic Disease: A Review of Meta-Analyses. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1935.	1.7	46
65	Can a food frequency questionnaire be used to capture dietary intake data in a 4 week clinical intervention trial?. Asia Pacific Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2004, 13, 318-23.	0.3	46
66	Effect of a Low–Resource-Intensive Lifestyle Modification Program Incorporating Gymnasium-Based and Home-Based Resistance Training on Type 2 Diabetes Risk in Australian Adults. Diabetes Care, 2008, 31, 2244-2250.	4.3	41
67	Effect of glycomacropeptide fractions on cholecystokinin and food intake. British Journal of Nutrition, 2010, 104, 286-290.	1.2	40
68	Long-term weight maintenance and cardiovascular risk factors are not different following weight loss on carbohydrate-restricted diets high in either monounsaturated fat or protein in obese hyperinsulinaemic men and women. British Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 97, 405-410.	1.2	39
69	Effects of drink volume and glucose load on gastric emptying and postprandial blood pressure in healthy older subjects. American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology, 2005, 289, G240-G248.	1.6	37
70	Comparison of 2 weight-loss diets of different protein content on bone health: a randomized trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 98, 1343-1352.	2.2	36
71	The association between carotid intima media thickness and individual dietary components and patterns. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 24, 495-502.	1.1	34
72	A systematic review of vascular and endothelial function: Effects of fruit, vegetable and potassium intake. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 25, 253-266.	1.1	32

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73	Effects of Different Weight Loss Approaches on CVD Risk. Current Atherosclerosis Reports, 2018, 20, 27.	2.0	31
74	Mushrooms and agaritine: A mini-review. Journal of Functional Foods, 2010, 2, 91-98.	1.6	30
75	Differential Effects of Red Meat/Refined Grain Diet and Dairy/Chicken/Nuts/Whole Grain Diet on Glucose, Insulin and Triglyceride in a Randomized Crossover Study. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 687.	1.7	30
76	Very Low-Fat (12%) and High Monounsaturated Fat (35%) Diets Do Not Differentially Affect Abdominal Fat Loss in Overweight, Nondiabetic Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 134, 1741-1745.	1.3	28
77	Food label education does not reduce sodium intake in people with type 2 diabetes mellitus. A randomised controlled trial. Appetite, 2013, 68, 147-151.	1.8	27
78	Effect of weight loss induced by energy restriction on measures of arterial compliance: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Atherosclerosis, 2016, 247, 7-20.	0.4	26
79	Effects of Two Different Dietary Patterns on Inflammatory Markers, Advanced Glycation End Products and Lipids in Subjects without Type 2 Diabetes: A Randomised Crossover Study. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 336.	1.7	26
80	Digestion of microencapsulated oil powders: in vitro lipolysis and in vivo absorption from a food matrix. Food and Function, 2014, 5, 2905-2912.	2.1	25
81	Comparative analysis of two FFQ. Public Health Nutrition, 2010, 13, 1553-1558.	1.1	22
82	Effects of Weight Loss on Advanced Glycation End Products in Subjects with and without Diabetes: A Preliminary Report. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2017, 14, 1553.	1.2	22
83	Sodium intake and excretion in individuals with type 2 diabetes mellitus: a crossâ€sectional analysis of overweight and obese males and females in Australia. Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics, 2012, 25, 129-139.	1.3	21
84	Effect of sodium and potassium supplementation on vascular and endothelial function: a randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 939-946.	2.2	21
85	Effect of high potassium diet on endothelial function. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 24, 983-989.	1.1	20
86	Effect of improving dietary quality on carotid intima media thickness in subjects with type 1 and type 2 diabetes: a 12-mo randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 771-779.	2.2	20
87	Fructose acute effects on glucose, insulin, and triglyceride after a solid meal compared with sucralose and sucrose in a randomized crossover study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 1453-1457.	2.2	20
88	Does Nut Consumption Reduce Mortality and/or Risk of Cardiometabolic Disease? An Updated Review Based on Meta-Analyses. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 4957.	1.2	20
89	Dietary intake in adults with type 1 and type 2 diabetes: validation of the Dietary Questionnaire for Epidemiological Studies version 2 FFQ against a 3-d weighed food record and 24-h urinalysis. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 114, 2056-2063.	1.2	19
90	Attitudes and beliefs of Australian adults on reality television cooking programmes and celebrity chefs. Is there cause for concern? Descriptive analysis presented from a consumer survey. Appetite, 2015, 91, 7-12.	1.8	18

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91	Consumption of red and processed meat and refined grains for 4 weeks decreases insulin sensitivity in insulin-resistant adults: A randomized crossover study. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2017, 68, 173-183.	1.5	18
92	Dietary Interventions for Night Shift Workers: A Literature Review. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 2276.	1.7	18
93	Differential Effects of Dietary Patterns on Advanced Glycation end Products: A Randomized Crossover Study. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 1767.	1.7	18
94	Dietary predictors of arterial stiffness in a cohort with type 1 and type 2 diabetes. Atherosclerosis, 2015, 238, 175-181.	0.4	17
95	Changes in Lipids and Inflammatory Markers after Consuming Diets High in Red Meat or Dairy for Four Weeks. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 886.	1.7	17
96	Dietary quality and carotid intima media thickness in type 1 and type 2 diabetes: Follow-up of a randomised controlled trial. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2018, 28, 830-838.	1.1	17
97	The effect of intermittent energy restriction on weight loss and diabetes risk markers in women with a history of gestational diabetes: a 12-month randomized control trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 114, 794-803.	2.2	17
98	Salt intake and health in the Australian population. Medical Journal of Australia, 2008, 189, 526-526.	0.8	16
99	High protein-high red meat versus high carbohydrate weight loss diets do not differ in effect on genome stability and cell death in lymphocytes of overweight men. Mutagenesis, 2009, 24, 271-277.	1.0	16
100	Meal Replacements for Weight Loss in Type 2 Diabetes in a Community Setting. Journal of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2012, 2012, 1-7.	0.7	16
101	Intermittent energy restriction in type 2 diabetes: A short discussion of medication management. World Journal of Diabetes, 2016, 7, 627.	1.3	15
102	Timing of protein ingestion relative to resistance exercise training does not influence body composition, energy expenditure, glycaemic control or cardiometabolic risk factors in a hypocaloric, high protein diet in patients with type 2 diabetes. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2010, 12, 1097-1105.	2.2	14
103	Postprandial effects of potassium supplementation on vascular function and blood pressure: a randomised cross-over study. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2014, 24, 148-154.	1.1	14
104	Non-nutritive Sweeteners and Glycaemic Control. Current Atherosclerosis Reports, 2019, 21, 49.	2.0	14
105	Remission of diabetes in patients with longâ€standing type 2 diabetes following placement of adjustable gastric band: a retrospective case control study. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2013, 15, 383-385.	2.2	13
106	Foods contributing to sodium intake and urinary sodium excretion in a group of Australian women. Public Health Nutrition, 2013, 16, 1837-1842.	1.1	13
107	Attitudes and beliefs of health risks associated with sodium intake in diabetes. Appetite, 2014, 83, 97-103.	1.8	13
108	Effect of Intermittent Energy Restriction on Flow Mediated Dilatation, a Measure of Endothelial Function: A Short Report. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 1166.	1.2	12

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109	Impact of intermittent vs. continuous energy restriction on weight and cardiometabolic factors: a 12-month follow-up. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 1236-1242.	1.6	12
110	Dietary quality in people with type 1 and type 2 diabetes compared to age, sex and BMI matched controls. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2015, 107, e7-e10.	1.1	11
111	A pilot comprehensive lifestyle intervention program (CLIP) – Comparison with qualitative lifestyle advice and simvastatin on cardiovascular risk factors in overweight hypercholesterolaemic individuals. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2011, 21, 165-172.	1.1	10
112	Increased thiamine intake may be required to maintain thiamine status during weight loss in patients with type 2 diabetes. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2012, 98, e40-e42.	1.1	10
113	Acute effect of red meat and dairy on glucose and insulin: a randomized crossover study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 71-76.	2.2	10
114	Weight Loss, Dietary Intake and Pulse Wave Velocity. Pulse, 2015, 3, 134-140.	0.9	9
115	The Role of Choice in Weight Loss Strategies: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 1136.	1.7	9
116	Cholesterol-Lowering Effects of Plant Sterols in One Serve of Wholegrain Wheat Breakfast Cereal Biscuits—A Randomised Crossover Clinical Trial. Foods, 2018, 7, 39.	1.9	9
117	A comparison of dietary quality and nutritional adequacy of popular energy-restricted diets against the Australian Guide to Healthy Eating and the Mediterranean Diet. British Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 128, 1357-1370.	1.2	9
118	Effects of Weight Loss on FGF-21 in Human Subjects: An Exploratory Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2019, 16, 4877.	1.2	8
119	Energy Intake and Satiety Responses of Eggs for Breakfast in Overweight and Obese Adults—A Crossover Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 5583.	1.2	8
120	Consumption of a Beverage Containing Aspartame and Acesulfame K for Two Weeks Does Not Adversely Influence Glucose Metabolism in Adult Males and Females: A Randomized Crossover Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 9049.	1.2	8
121	Low carbohydrate and ketogenic diets in type 2 diabetes. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2015, 26, 594-595.	1.2	7
122	Effect of Improving Dietary Quality on Arterial Stiffness in Subjects with Type 1 and Type 2 Diabetes: A 12 Months Randomised Controlled Trial. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 382.	1.7	7
123	Association between dairy intake, lipids and vascular structure and function in diabetes. World Journal of Diabetes, 2017, 8, 202.	1.3	7
124	Nutrition and vascular health. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2013, 70, 3-4.	0.9	6
125	How do fruit and vegetables prevent heart disease and type 2 diabetes?. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2014, 25, 155-156.	1.2	5
126	Comparative analysis of the Cancer Council of Victoria and the online Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation FFQ. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 114, 1683-1693.	1.2	5

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127	Sodium and potassium excretion are related to bone mineral density in women with coeliac disease. Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 34, 265-268.	2.3	5
128	Weight loss maintenance in women 3 years after following a 12-week structured weight loss program. Obesity Research and Clinical Practice, 2007, 1, 195-211.	0.8	4
129	Women's Barriers to Weight Loss, Perception of Future Diabetes Risk and Opinions of Diet Strategies Following Gestational Diabetes: An Online Survey. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 9180.	1.2	4
130	Iodine Excretion and Intake in Women of Reproductive Age in South Australia Eating Plant-Based and Omnivore Diets: A Pilot Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 3547.	1.2	4
131	Weight Loss Barriers and Dietary Quality of Intermittent and Continuous Dieters in Women with a History of Cestational Diabetes. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 10243.	1.2	4
132	Evaluation of the Swedish adjustable gastric band VC (SAGB-VC) in an Australian population: early results. Canadian Journal of Surgery, 2013, 56, 15-20.	0.5	3
133	Salt Restriction in Diabetes. Current Diabetes Reports, 2015, 15, 58.	1.7	3
134	No Difference in Weight Loss, Glucose, Lipids and Vitamin D of Eggs for Breakfast Compared with Cereal for Breakfast during Energy Restriction. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 8827.	1.2	3
135	Developing and implementing a new methodology to test the affordability of currently popular weight loss diet meal plans and healthy eating principles. BMC Public Health, 2022, 22, 23.	1.2	3
136	Role of dietary advanced glycation end products. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2017, 28, 514-515.	1.2	2
137	Obesity and type 2 diabetes mellitus. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2007, 64, S156.	0.9	1
138	Reply to: "Effect of weight loss induced by energy restriction on measures of arterial compliance: A systematic review and meta-analysis― Atherosclerosis, 2016, 252, 203-204.	0.4	1
139	Development and Validation of an Online Survey to Assess Perception of Diabetes Risk and Barriers and Facilitators to Weight Loss Following Gestational Diabetes. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 480.	1.2	1
140	The Acute Effect of Magnesium Supplementation on Endothelial Function: A Randomized Cross-Over Pilot Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 5303.	1.2	1
141	Dietary Patterns Associated with Alzheimer?s Disease and Related Chronic Disease Risk: A Review. , 2012, 01, .		1
142	Clinical and dietary predictors of common carotid artery intima media thickness in a population with type 1 and type 2 diabetes: A cross-sectional study. World Journal of Diabetes, 2017, 8, 18.	1.3	1
143	Controversies in nutrition. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2011, 22, 426-427.	1.2	0
144	Nutrition and metabolism. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2012, 23, 256-257.	1.2	0

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145	Vitamin D and cardiovascular health. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2013, 24, 183-184.	1.2	0
146	Nutrition and metabolism. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2014, 25, 469-470.	1.2	0
147	Response to the comment by Kuipers and Pruiboom. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2016, 65, e5.	1.5	0
148	Dairy foods and the risk of type 2 diabetes. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2016, 27, 539-540.	1.2	0
149	Women's Barriers to Weight Loss, Knowledge of Future Diabetes Risk and Opinions of Diet Strategies Following Gestational Diabetes: An Online Survey (OR08-01-19). Current Developments in Nutrition, 2019, 3, nzz050.OR08-01-19.	0.1	0
150	The Effect of Magnesium Supplementation on Endothelial Function: A Randomised Cross-Over Pilot Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 8169.	1.2	0
151	Weight Loss and Adhesion Molecules. , 2010, , 217-226.		0
152	Effect of a moderate dose of fructose in solid foods on TAG, glucose and uric acid before and after a 1-month moderate sugar-feeding period. British Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 126, 837-843.	1.2	0