## Jian-Min Yuan

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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402 papers

23,300 citations

7096 78 h-index 128 g-index

406 all docs

406 docs citations

406 times ranked 30088 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Epidemiology of nasopharyngeal carcinoma. Seminars in Cancer Biology, 2002, 12, 421-429.	9.6	751
2	Association between Body-Mass Index and Risk of Death in More Than 1 Million Asians. New England Journal of Medicine, 2011, 364, 719-729.	27.0	730
3	Detectable clonal mosaicism and its relationship to aging and cancer. Nature Genetics, 2012, 44, 651-658.	21.4	519
4	A multi-stage genome-wide association study of bladder cancer identifies multiple susceptibility loci. Nature Genetics, 2010, 42, 978-984.	21.4	493
5	Large-scale association analysis identifies new lung cancer susceptibility loci and heterogeneity in genetic susceptibility across histological subtypes. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 1126-1132.	21.4	472
6	A shared susceptibility locus in PLCE1 at 10q23 for gastric adenocarcinoma and esophageal squamous cell carcinoma. Nature Genetics, 2010, 42, 764-767.	21.4	453
7	Isothiocyanates, glutathione S-transferase M1 and T1 polymorphisms, and lung-cancer risk: a prospective study of men in Shanghai, China. Lancet, The, 2000, 356, 724-729.	13.7	392
8	Environmental factors and risk for hepatocellular carcinoma. Gastroenterology, 2004, 127, S72-S78.	1.3	375
9	The power of genetic diversity in genome-wide association studies of lipids. Nature, 2021, 600, 675-679.	27.8	353
10	Impact of common genetic determinants of Hemoglobin A1c on type 2 diabetes risk and diagnosis in ancestrally diverse populations: A transethnic genome-wide meta-analysis. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002383.	8.4	341
11	ï‰-3 Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid Biomarkers and Coronary Heart Disease. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 1155.	5.1	326
12	Identification of type 2 diabetes loci in 433,540 East Asian individuals. Nature, 2020, 582, 240-245.	27.8	282
13	Synergism of alcohol, diabetes, and viral hepatitis on the risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in blacks and whites in the U.S Cancer, 2004, 101, 1009-1017.	4.1	262
14	Multi-ancestry genetic study of type 2 diabetes highlights the power of diverse populations for discovery and translation. Nature Genetics, 2022, 54, 560-572.	21.4	250
15	Association between body mass index and cardiovascular disease mortality in east Asians and south Asians: pooled analysis of prospective data from the Asia Cohort Consortium. BMJ, The, 2013, 347, f5446-f5446.	6.0	239
16	Gender- and Smoking-Related Bladder Cancer Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2001, 93, 538-545.	6.3	228
17	Green tea, black tea and breast cancer risk: a meta-analysis of epidemiological studies. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 1310-1315.	2.8	202
18	Biomarkers of Dietary Omega-6 Fatty Acids and Incident Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality. Circulation, 2019, 139, 2422-2436.	1.6	199

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19	Dietary isothiocyanates, glutathione S-transferase polymorphisms and colorectal cancer risk in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Carcinogenesis, 2002, 23, 2055-2061.	2.8	195
20	Use of permanent hair dyes and bladder-cancer risk. International Journal of Cancer, 2001, 91, 575-579.	5.1	190
21	Follow up study of moderate alcohol intake and mortality among middle aged men in Shanghai, China. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1997, 314, 18-18.	2.3	173
22	Tea and cancer prevention: Epidemiological studies. Pharmacological Research, 2011, 64, 123-135.	7.1	168
23	Epidemiology of Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Canadian Journal of Gastroenterology & Hepatology, 2000, 14, 703-709.	1.7	163
24	Serum hormone levels in pre-menopausal Chinese women in Shanghai and white women in Los Angeles: results from two breast cancer case-control studies. Cancer Causes and Control, 1990, 1, 51-58.	1.8	154
25	Body Mass Index and Diabetes in Asia: A Cross-Sectional Pooled Analysis of 900,000 Individuals in the Asia Cohort Consortium. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e19930.	2.5	154
26	Green tea, black tea and colorectal cancer risk: a meta-analysis of epidemiologic studies. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 1301-1309.	2.8	153
27	Differential Effects of Black versus Green Tea on Risk of Parkinson's Disease in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 167, 553-560.	3.4	153
28	Lipid peroxidation: a novel and unifying concept of the etiology of renal cell carcinoma (United) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT	/Overlock	10 Tf 50 38
29	Joint analysis of three genome-wide association studies of esophageal squamous cell carcinoma in Chinese populations. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 1001-1006.	21.4	148
30	New loci and coding variants confer risk for age-related macular degeneration in East Asians. Nature Communications, 2015, 6, 6063.	12.8	147
31	Urinary Levels of Tobacco-Specific Nitrosamine Metabolites in Relation to Lung Cancer Development in Two Prospective Cohorts of Cigarette Smokers. Cancer Research, 2009, 69, 2990-2995.	0.9	144
32	Fish and Shellfish Consumption in Relation to Death from Myocardial Infarction among Men in Shanghai, China. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 154, 809-816.	3.4	142
33	Sleep Duration and Coronary Heart Disease Mortality Among Chinese Adults in Singapore: A Population-based Cohort Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 168, 1367-1373.	3.4	140
34	Genome-wide association study identifies multiple loci associated with bladder cancer risk. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 1387-1398.	2.9	137
35	Association analyses of East Asian individuals and trans-ancestry analyses with European individuals reveal new loci associated with cholesterol and triglyceride levels. Human Molecular Genetics, 2017, 26, 1770-1784.	2.9	135
36	Dietary factors and epithelial ovarian cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 1989, 59, 92-96.	6.4	134

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37	Genetic, dietary, and other lifestyle determinants of plasma homocysteine concentrations in middle-aged and older Chinese men and women in Singapore. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2001, 73, 232-239.	4.7	132
38	Association between type 2 diabetes and risk of cancer mortality: a pooled analysis of over 771,000 individuals in the Asia Cohort Consortium. Diabetologia, 2017, 60, 1022-1032.	6.3	132
39	Preserved foods in relation to risk of nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Shanghai, China. International Journal of Cancer, 2000, 85, 358-363.	5.1	130
40	Metabolic signatures and risk of type 2 diabetes in a Chinese population: an untargeted metabolomics study using both LC-MS and GC-MS. Diabetologia, 2016, 59, 2349-2359.	6.3	127
41	Western-Style Fast Food Intake and Cardiometabolic Risk in an Eastern Country. Circulation, 2012, 126, 182-188.	1.6	126
42	Reduced Aflatoxin Exposure Presages Decline in Liver Cancer Mortality in an Endemic Region of China. Cancer Prevention Research, 2013, 6, 1038-1045.	1.5	125
43	A Large-Scale Multi-ancestry Genome-wide Study Accounting for Smoking Behavior Identifies Multiple Significant Loci for Blood Pressure. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 102, 375-400.	6.2	123
44	Urinary tea polyphenols in relation to gastric and esophageal cancers: a prospective study of men in Shanghai, China. Carcinogenesis, 2002, 23, 1497-1503.	2.8	122
45	Alcohol, Tobacco, and Diet in Relation to Esophageal Cancer: The Shanghai Cohort Study. Nutrition and Cancer, 2008, 60, 354-363.	2.0	121
46	Isothiocyanates: Translating the Power of Plants to People. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2018, 62, e1700965.	3.3	116
47	Non-dietary risk factors for nasopharyngeal carcinoma in Shanghai, China. International Journal of Cancer, 2000, 85, 364-369.	5.1	115
48	Morbidity and Mortality in Relation to Cigarette Smoking in Shanghai, China. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 1996, 275, 1646.	7.4	113
49	Diabetes Mellitus and Risk of Colorectal Cancer in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2006, 98, 135-138.	6.3	112
50	Multi-ancestry genome-wide gene–smoking interaction study of 387,272 individuals identifies new loci associated with serum lipids. Nature Genetics, 2019, 51, 636-648.	21.4	112
51	Permanent hair dyes and bladder cancer: risk modification by cytochrome P4501A2 and N-acetyltransferases 1 and 2. Carcinogenesis, 2003, 24, 483-489.	2.8	111
52	Alcohol and Tobacco Use in Relation to Gastric Cancer: A Prospective Study of Men in Shanghai, China. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 2287-2297.	2.5	109
53	Modulation of the metabolism of airborne pollutants by glucoraphanin-rich and sulforaphane-rich broccoli sprout beverages in Qidong, China. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 101-107.	2.8	108
54	Polymorphisms in DNA Repair Genes, Smoking, and Bladder Cancer Risk: Findings from the International Consortium of Bladder Cancer. Cancer Research, 2009, 69, 6857-6864.	0.9	107

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55	Angiotensin I-converting enzyme (ACE) gene polymorphism and breast cancer risk among Chinese women in Singapore. Cancer Research, 2003, 63, 573-8.	0.9	107
56	Urinary Levels of Cigarette Smoke Constituent Metabolites Are Prospectively Associated with Lung Cancer Development in Smokers. Cancer Research, 2011, 71, 6749-6757.	0.9	103
57	Association of Diabetes With All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in Asia. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e192696.	5.9	103
58	Tobacco Smoking and Mortality in Asia. JAMA Network Open, 2019, 2, e191474.	5.9	102
59	Dietary Patterns and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in Chinese Men and Women. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 880-885.	8.6	99
60	Genome-wide association study of gastric adenocarcinoma in Asia: a comparison of associations between cardia and non-cardia tumours. Gut, 2016, 65, 1611-1618.	12.1	99
61	Burden of Total and Cause-Specific Mortality Related to Tobacco Smoking among Adults Aged ≥45 Years in Asia: A Pooled Analysis of 21 Cohorts. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001631.	8.4	98
62	Effect of cytokine genotypes on the hepatitis B virus-hepatocellular carcinoma association. Cancer, 2005, 103, 740-748.	4.1	96
63	A vegetable-fruit-soy dietary pattern protects against breast cancer among postmenopausal Singapore Chinese women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 1013-1019.	4.7	96
64	Cancer prevention by green tea: evidence from epidemiologic studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 98, 1676S-1681S.	4.7	96
65	Dietary cryptoxanthin and reduced risk of lung cancer: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2003, 12, 890-8.	2.5	96
66	Novel genetic associations for blood pressure identified via gene-alcohol interaction in up to 570K individuals across multiple ancestries. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198166.	2.5	94
67	Combined Lifestyle Factors and Cardiovascular Disease Mortality in Chinese Men and Women. Circulation, 2011, 124, 2847-2854.	1.6	93
68	Diabetes and Risk of Hip Fracture in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Diabetes Care, 2010, 33, 1766-1770.	8.6	92
69	Cruciferous vegetables in relation to renal cell carcinoma. International Journal of Cancer, 1998, 77, 211-216.	5.1	91
70	Omega-3 fatty acids and incident type 2 diabetes: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 94, 520-526.	4.7	91
71	Gender-specific Associations Between Soy and Risk of Hip Fracture in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 901-909.	3.4	90
72	Imputation and subset-based association analysis across different cancer types identifies multiple independent risk loci in the TERT-CLPTM1L region on chromosome 5p15.33. Human Molecular Genetics, 2014, 23, 6616-6633.	2.9	90

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73	Urinary biomarkers of tea polyphenols and risk of colorectal cancer in the Shanghai Cohort Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 1344-1350.	5.1	89
74	Applying Tobacco Carcinogen and Toxicant Biomarkers in Product Regulation and Cancer Prevention. Chemical Research in Toxicology, 2010, 23, 1001-1008.	3.3	89
75	Soy intake and risk of type 2 diabetes mellitus in Chinese Singaporeans. European Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 51, 1033-1040.	3.9	87
76	A cohort study of serum testosterone and hepatocellular carcinoma in Shanghai, China. International Journal of Cancer, 1995, 63, 491-493.	5.1	86
77	Antiviral Therapy for Adults With Chronic Hepatitis B: A Systematic Review for a National Institutes of Health Consensus Development Conference. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2009, 150, 111.	3.9	86
78	Effects of green tea catechin extract on serum lipids in postmenopausal women: a randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 104, 1671-1682.	4.7	85
79	Multiancestry Genome-Wide Association Study of Lipid Levels Incorporating Gene-Alcohol Interactions. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 1033-1054.	3.4	85
80	Green tea intake, ACE gene polymorphism and breast cancer risk among Chinese women in Singapore. Carcinogenesis, 2005, 26, 1389-1394.	2.8	84
81	Associations of autozygosity with a broad range of human phenotypes. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4957.	12.8	84
82	Prediagnostic Level of Serum Retinol in Relation to Reduced Risk of Hepatocellular Carcinoma. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2006, 98, 482-490.	6.3	83
83	Coffee consumption and reduced risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: findings from the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2011, 22, 503-510.	1.8	79
84	Obesity, metabolic factors and risk of different histological types of lung cancer: A Mendelian randomization study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0177875.	2.5	79
85	Mitochondrial Copy Number is Associated with Colorectal Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1574-1581.	2.5	78
86	Mitochondrial DNA Copy Number Is Associated with Breast Cancer Risk. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e65968.	2.5	78
87	DNA Repair Single-Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Colorectal Cancer and their Role as Modifiers of the Effect of Cigarette Smoking and Alcohol in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 2363-2372.	2.5	77
88	Urinary levels of the tobacco-specific carcinogen N'-nitrosonornicotine and its glucuronide are strongly associated with esophageal cancer risk in smokers. Carcinogenesis, 2011, 32, 1366-1371.	2.8	77
89	Genetic polymorphisms in themethylenetetrahydrofolate reductase andthymidylate synthase genes and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma. Hepatology, 2007, 46, 749-758.	<b>7.</b> 3	75
90	<i>LINEâ€1</i> hypomethylation is associated with bladder cancer risk among nonsmoking Chinese. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 130, 1151-1159.	5.1	75

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91	Interethnic analyses of blood pressure loci in populations of East Asian and European descent. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 5052.	12.8	75
92	Carotenoids/vitamin C and smoking-related bladder cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2004, 110, 417-423.	5.1	74
93	Diet-Quality Indexes Are Associated with a Lower Risk of Cardiovascular, Respiratory, and All-Cause Mortality among Chinese Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 148, 1323-1332.	2.9	74
94	Genetic and environmental predictors of serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentrations among middle-aged and elderly Chinese in Singapore. British Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 109, 493-502.	2.3	73
95	Pesticide exposure and liver cancer: a review. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 177-190.	1.8	72
96	A Randomized Controlled Trial of Green Tea Extract Supplementation and Mammographic Density in Postmenopausal Women at Increased Risk of Breast Cancer. Cancer Prevention Research, 2017, 10, 710-718.	1.5	72
97	Urinary Tobacco Smoke–Constituent Biomarkers for Assessing Risk of Lung Cancer. Cancer Research, 2014, 74, 401-411.	0.9	71
98	Green tea and black tea consumption in relation to colorectal cancer risk: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Carcinogenesis, 2007, 28, 2143-2148.	2.8	70
99	Soft Drink and Juice Consumption and Risk of Pancreatic Cancer: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 447-455.	2.5	70
100	An apparent lack of association betweenHelicobacter pylori infection and risk of gastric cancer in China. , 1996, 67, 603-607.		69
101	The safety of green tea extract supplementation in postmenopausal women at risk for breast cancer: results of the Minnesota Green TeaÂTrial. Food and Chemical Toxicology, 2015, 83, 26-35.	3.6	69
102	A prospective study of tobacco and alcohol use as risk factors for pharyngeal carcinomas in Singapore Chinese. Cancer, 2007, 109, 1183-1191.	4.1	68
103	Identification of new susceptibility loci for gastric non-cardia adenocarcinoma: pooled results from two Chinese genome-wide association studies. Gut, 2017, 66, 581-587.	12.1	68
104	Marine nâ€3 and saturated fatty acids in relation to risk of colorectal cancer in Singapore Chinese: A prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 124, 678-686.	5.1	67
105	Clinical Trial of 2-Phenethyl Isothiocyanate as an Inhibitor of Metabolic Activation of a Tobacco-Specific Lung Carcinogen in Cigarette Smokers. Cancer Prevention Research, 2016, 9, 396-405.	1.5	67
106	DNA Adduct Formation of 4-Aminobiphenyl and Heterocyclic Aromatic Amines in Human Hepatocytes. Chemical Research in Toxicology, 2011, 24, 913-925.	3.3	66
107	Multi-ancestry study of blood lipid levels identifies four loci interacting with physical activity. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 376.	12.8	64
108	Loci for human leukocyte telomere length in the Singaporean Chinese population and trans-ethnic genetic studies. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 2491.	12.8	64

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109	Mortality due to coronary heart disease and kidney disease among middle-aged and elderly men and women with gout in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2012, 71, 924-928.	0.9	63
110	Dietary sources of Nâ€nitroso compounds and bladder cancer risk: Findings from the Los Angeles bladder cancer study. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 134, 125-135.	5.1	63
111	Sleep Duration and Risk of Stroke Mortality Among Chinese Adults. Stroke, 2014, 45, 1620-1625.	2.0	63
112	Isothiocyanates, glutathione <i>S</i> À€transferase M1 and T1 polymorphisms and gastric cancer risk: A prospective study of men in Shanghai, China. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 125, 2652-2659.	5.1	62
113	Beverage Habits and Mortality in Chinese Adults ,. Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 145, 595-604.	2.9	62
114	Diet Quality Indices and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 187, 2651-2661.	3.4	62
115	Impact of Postdiagnosis Smoking on Long-term Survival of Cancer Patients: The Shanghai Cohort Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 2404-2411.	2.5	61
116	Prospective Evaluation of Hepatitis B 1762T/1764A Mutations on Hepatocellular Carcinoma Development in Shanghai, China. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 590-594.	<b>2.</b> 5	60
117	Smoking, Alcohol, and Biliary Tract Cancer Risk: A Pooling Project of 26 Prospective Studies. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 1263-1278.	6.3	60
118	Middle-Aged and Older Chinese Men and Women in Singapore Who Smoke Have Less Healthy Diets and Lifestyles than Nonsmokers. Journal of Nutrition, 2005, 135, 2473-2477.	2.9	59
119	Environmental Tobacco Smoke and Bladder Cancer Risk in Never Smokers of Los Angeles County. Cancer Research, 2007, 67, 7540-7545.	0.9	59
120	Calcium Intake Increases Risk of Prostate Cancer among Singapore Chinese. Cancer Research, 2010, 70, 4941-4948.	0.9	59
121	Protective Effects of Dietary Carotenoids on Risk of Hip Fracture in Men: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2014, 29, 408-417.	2.8	59
122	Genotypic variants at 2q33 and risk of esophageal squamous cell carcinoma in China: a meta-analysis of genome-wide association studies. Human Molecular Genetics, 2012, 21, 2132-2141.	2.9	58
123	Is high vitamin B12 status a cause of lung cancer?. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 145, 1499-1503.	5.1	58
124	Association of Sleep Duration With All- and Major-Cause Mortality Among Adults in Japan, China, Singapore, and Korea. JAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2122837.	5.9	58
125	Clinical outcomes in adults with chronic hepatitis B in association with patient and viral characteristics: A systematic review of evidence. Hepatology, 2009, 49, S85-S95.	7.3	57
126	Bone turnover biomarkers and risk of osteoporotic hip fracture in an Asian population. Bone, 2016, 83, 171-177.	2.9	57

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127	Meat, Dietary Heme Iron, and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 186, 824-833.	3.4	57
128	Genetic polymorphisms in the cytokine genes and risk of hepatocellular carcinoma in low-risk non-Asians of USA. Carcinogenesis, 2009, 30, 758-762.	2.8	56
129	Polymorphisms in angiotensin II type 1 receptor and angiotensin I-converting enzyme genes and breast cancer risk among Chinese women in Singapore. Carcinogenesis, 2004, 26, 459-464.	2.8	55
130	Urinary metabolites of a polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon and volatile organic compounds in relation to lung cancer development in lifelong never smokers in the Shanghai Cohort Study. Carcinogenesis, 2014, 35, 339-345.	2.8	55
131	Amount, type, and sources of carbohydrates in relation to ischemic heart disease mortality in a Chinese population: a prospective cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 53-64.	4.7	55
132	Incense use and respiratory tract carcinomas. Cancer, 2008, 113, 1676-1684.	4.1	54
133	Cigarette smoking and subtypes of bladder cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2012, 130, 896-901.	5.1	53
134	A genome-wide association study of n-3 and n-6 plasma fatty acids in a Singaporean Chinese population. Genes and Nutrition, 2015, 10, 53.	2.5	53
135	Genetic determinants in the metabolism of bladder carcinogens in relation to risk of bladder cancer. Carcinogenesis, 2008, 29, 1386-1393.	2.8	52
136	Green tea and prevention of esophageal and lung cancers. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2011, 55, 886-904.	3.3	52
137	Genetic variations on chromosomes 5p15 and 15q25 and bladder cancer risk: findings from the Los Angeles–Shanghai bladder case–control study. Carcinogenesis, 2011, 32, 197-202.	2.8	52
138	Age at menarche and cardiovascular disease mortality in Singaporean Chinese women: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2012, 22, 717-722.	1.9	52
139	Alcohol, cofactors and the genetics of hepatocellular carcinoma. Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (Australia), 2008, 23, S92-7.	2.8	51
140	Coffee, alcohol and other beverages in relation to cirrhosis mortality: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Hepatology, 2014, 60, 661-669.	7.3	51
141	CYP2A6 genetic polymorphisms and biomarkers of tobacco smoke constituents in relation to risk of lung cancer in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Carcinogenesis, 2017, 38, 411-418.	2.8	51
142	Genome-wide interaction study of smoking and bladder cancer risk. Carcinogenesis, 2014, 35, 1737-1744.	2.8	50
143	Pesticide exposure and hepatocellular carcinoma risk: A case-control study using a geographic information system (GIS) to link SEER-Medicare and California pesticide data. Environmental Research, 2015, 143, 68-82.	<b>7.</b> 5	50
144	Urinary levels of volatile organic carcinogen and toxicant biomarkers in relation to lung cancer development in smokers. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 804-809.	2.8	48

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145	Aflatoxin Regulations and Global Pistachio Trade: Insights from Social Network Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e92149.	2.5	47
146	Dietary Soy Intake Is Not Associated with Risk of Cardiovascular Disease Mortality in Singapore Chinese Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 921-928.	2.9	47
147	Decreased Luteinizing Hormone Receptor mRNA Expression in Human Ovarian Epithelial Cancer. Gynecologic Oncology, 2000, 79, 158-168.	1.4	46
148	Dietary patterns and mortality in a Chinese population , ,. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 877-883.	4.7	46
149	Adherence to a Vegetable-Fruit-Soy Dietary Pattern or the Alternative Healthy Eating Index Is Associated with Lower Hip Fracture Risk among Singapore Chinese. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 511-518.	2.9	46
150	Sleep duration, spot urinary 6â€sulfatoxymelatonin levels and risk of breast cancer among Chinese women in Singapore. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 132, 891-896.	5.1	45
151	Tobacco-specific <i>N</i> -nitrosamine exposures and cancer risk in the Shanghai cohort study: Remarkable coherence with rat tumor sites. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 134, 2278-2283.	5.1	45
152	Effect of Green Tea Supplements on Liver Enzyme Elevation: Results from a Randomized Intervention Study in the United States. Cancer Prevention Research, 2017, 10, 571-579.	1.5	45
153	The association between dietary omega-3 fatty acids and cardiovascular death: the Singapore Chinese Health Study. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2015, 22, 364-372.	1.8	44
154	Incense Use and Cardiovascular Mortality among Chinese in Singapore: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2014, 122, 1279-1284.	6.0	43
155	Disparity in liver cancer incidence and chronic liver disease mortality by nativity in <pre><scp>H</scp>ispanics: The <scp>M</scp></pre> /scp>ultiethnic <scp>C</scp> ohort. Cancer, 2016, 122, 1444-1452.	4.1	43
156	Associations of Body Mass Index, Smoking, and Alcohol Consumption With Prostate Cancer Mortality in the Asia Cohort Consortium. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 182, 381-389.	3.4	42
157	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet and risk of stroke and stroke subtypes. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 337-349.	5.7	42
158	Prospective Evaluation of Dietary and Other Predictors of Fatal Stroke in Shanghai, China. Circulation, 1997, 96, 50-55.	1.6	42
159	DNA adducts of 2-amino-1-methyl-6-phenylimidazo[4,5- b] pyridine and 4-aminobiphenyl are infrequently detected in human mammary tissue by liquid chromatography/tandem mass spectrometry. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 124-130.	2.8	41
160	Association between liver enzymes and incident type 2 diabetes in Singapore Chinese men and women. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2016, 4, e000296.	2.8	40
161	ABO blood type and the risk of cancer – Findings from the Shanghai Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0184295.	2.5	40
162	Dairy intake and risk of type 2 diabetes. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 712-718.	5.0	40

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163	Circulating Folate, Vitamin B6, and Methionine in Relation to Lung Cancer Risk in the Lung Cancer Cohort Consortium (LC3). Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2018, 110, 57-67.	6.3	40
164	Serum Amino Acids in Association with Prevalent and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in A Chinese Population. Metabolites, 2019, 9, 14.	2.9	40
165	Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids, DNA Repair Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms and Colorectal Cancer in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Journal of Nutrigenetics and Nutrigenomics, 2009, 2, 273-279.	1.3	39
166	Glutathione S-transferase (GST) gene polymorphisms, cigarette smoking and colorectal cancer risk among Chinese in Singapore. Carcinogenesis, 2011, 32, 1507-1511.	2.8	39
167	The Minnesota Green Tea Trial (MGTT), a randomized controlled trial of the efficacy of green tea extract on biomarkers of breast cancer risk: study rationale, design, methods, and participant characteristics. Cancer Causes and Control, 2015, 26, 1405-1419.	1.8	38
168	Dietary Cholesterol Increases the Risk whereas PUFAs Reduce the Risk of Active Tuberculosis in Singapore Chinese. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 1093-1100.	2.9	38
169	Genetic determinants of cytochrome P450 2A6 activity and biomarkers of tobacco smoke exposure in relation to risk of lung cancer development in the Shanghai cohort study. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 2161-2171.	5.1	38
170	Identification of a novel susceptibility locus at 13q34 and refinement of the 20p12.2 region as a multi-signal locus associated with bladder cancer risk in individuals of European ancestry. Human Molecular Genetics, 2016, 25, 1203-1214.	2.9	38
171	Maternal Obesity, Birth Size, and Risk of Childhood Cancer Development. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 1503-1511.	3.4	38
172	Genetic risk, adherence to a healthy lifestyle, and type 2 diabetes risk among 550,000 Chinese adults: results from 2 independent Asian cohorts. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 698-707.	4.7	38
173	Food Sources of Protein and Risk of Incident Gout in the Singapore Chinese Health Study. Arthritis and Rheumatology, 2015, 67, 1933-1942.	5.6	37
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