Andrea Micheli

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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94433 60623 6,817 85 37 citations h-index papers

g-index 85 85 85 7848 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Out-of-pocket costs for cancer survivors between 5 and 10Âyears from diagnosis: an Italian population-based study. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2016, 24, 2225-2233.	2.2	17
2	Age and case mix-standardised survival for all cancer patients in Europe 1999–2007: Results of EUROCARE-5, a population-based study. European Journal of Cancer, 2015, 51, 2120-2129.	2.8	66
3	Cancer Rehabilitation Services: An Italian Population-based Cohort Study. Tumori, 2014, 100, 346-351.	1.1	2
4	Predictions of survival up to 10 years after diagnosis for European women with breast cancer in 2000–2002. International Journal of Cancer, 2013, 132, 2404-2412.	5.1	69
5	Cancer rehabilitation indicators for Europe. European Journal of Cancer, 2013, 49, 1356-1364.	2.8	28
6	A method for differentiating cancer prevalence according to health status, exemplified using a population-based sample of Italian colorectal cancer cases. Acta Oncol \tilde{A}^3 gica, 2013, 52, 294-302.	1.8	7
7	Recent trends of cancer mortality in Romanian adults. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2013, 22, 199-209.	1.3	7
8	Androgen receptors and serum testosterone levels identify different subsets of postmenopausal breast cancers. BMC Cancer, 2012, 12, 599.	2.6	16
9	Use of socio-economic factors and healthcare resources to estimate cancer survival in European countries with partial national cancer registration. Tumori, 2011, 97, 265-274.	1.1	8
10	Circulating Sex Hormones and Tumor Characteristics in Postmenopausal Breast Cancer Patients. A Cross-Sectional Study. International Journal of Biological Markers, 2011, 26, 241-246.	1.8	8
11	Circulating sex hormones and breast cancer risk factors in postmenopausal women: reanalysis of 13 studies. British Journal of Cancer, 2011, 105, 709-722.	6.4	320
12	Use of socio-economic factors and healthcare resources to estimate cancer survival in European countries with partial national cancer registration. Tumori, 2011, 97, 265-74.	1.1	5
13	Cancer research performance in the European Union: a study of published output from 2000 to 2008. Tumori, 2011, 97, 683-9.	1.1	5
14	Trends in Cervical Cancer Incidence and Mortality in Bulgaria, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Romania. Tumori, 2010, 96, 517-523.	1.1	25
15	Urinary 6-Sulphatoxymelatonin Levels and Risk of Breast Cancer in Premenopausal Women: The ORDET Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 729-737.	2.5	60
16	The 3rd International Cancer Control Congress: international collaboration in an era of cancer as a global concern. Tumori, 2009, 95, 565-567.	1.1	2
17	International collaborations in cancer control and the Third International Cancer Control Congress. Tumori, 2009, 95, 579-596.	1.1	11
18	Testosterone and Biological Characteristics of Breast Cancers in Postmenopausal Women. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 2942-2948.	2.5	21

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19	Plasma Retinol and Prognosis of Postmenopausal Breast Cancer Patients. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 42-48.	2.5	24
20	Comparative cancer survival information in Europe. European Journal of Cancer, 2009, 45, 901-908.	2.8	123
21	Sex Hormone Levels, Breast Cancer Risk, and Cancer Receptor Status in Postmenopausal Women: the ORDET Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 169-176.	2.5	111
22	Cancer survival in five continents: a worldwide population-based study (CONCORD). Lancet Oncology, The, 2008, 9, 730-756.	10.7	1,059
23	Urinary 6-Sulfatoxymelatonin Levels and Risk of Breast Cancer in Postmenopausal Women. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2008, 100, 898-905.	6.3	94
24	Patient survival for all cancers combined as indicator of cancer control in Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 2008, 18, 527-532.	0.3	39
25	Life Tables for World-Wide Comparison of Relative Survival for Cancer (CONCORD Study). Tumori, 2008, 94, 658-668.	1.1	36
26	Re: Endogenous Steroid Hormone Concentrations and Risk of Breast Cancer Among Premenopausal Women. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2007, 99, 408-409.	6.3	2
27	Dietary glycemic index, glycemic load, and the risk of breast cancer in an Italian prospective cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 86, 1160-1166.	4.7	81
28	Recent cancer survival in Europe: a 2000–02 period analysis of EUROCARE-4 data. Lancet Oncology, The, 2007, 8, 784-796.	10.7	819
29	Plasma Testosterone and Prognosis of Postmenopausal Breast Cancer Patients. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2007, 25, 2685-2690.	1.6	58
30	Regional Estimates of Stomach Cancer Burden in Italy. Tumori, 2007, 93, 367-373.	1.1	34
31	Regional Estimates of Prostate Cancer Burden in Italy. Tumori, 2007, 93, 380-386.	1.1	25
32	Cancer Prevalence Estimates in Italy from 1970 to 2010. Tumori, 2007, 93, 392-397.	1.1	23
33	Strategies for Cancer Control in Italy. Tumori, 2007, 93, 329-336.	1.1	14
34	A wide difference in cancer survival between middle aged and elderly patients in Europe. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 120, 2196-2201.	5.1	35
35	Salad vegetables dietary pattern protects against HER-2-positive breast cancer: A prospective Italian study. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 911-914.	5.1	65
36	Cancer survival in the elderly: Effects of socio-economic factors and health care system features (ELDCARE project). European Journal of Cancer, 2006, 42, 234-242.	2.8	77

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37	Circulating enterolactone and risk of endometrial cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 119, 2376-2381.	5.1	25
38	Erythrocyte Membrane Phospholipid Composition as a Biomarker of Dietary Fat. Annals of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2006, 50, 95-102.	1.9	63
39	IGF-I, IGFBP-3 and breast cancer in young women: a pooled re-analysis of three prospective studies. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2005, 14, 493-496.	1.3	30
40	Socio-economic factors and health care system characteristics related to cancer survival in the elderly. Critical Reviews in Oncology/Hematology, 2005, 54, 117-128.	4.4	59
41	National Estimates of Cancer Patients Survival in Italy: A Model-Based Method. Tumori, 2005, 91, 109-115.	1.1	18
42	Comparison of Four Methods for Estimating Complete Life Tables from Abridged Life Tables Using Mortality Data Supplied to EUROCARE-3. Mathematical Population Studies, 2005, 12, 183-198.	2.2	23
43	Body mass index, circulating levels of sex-steroid hormones, IGF-I and IGF-binding protein-3: a cross-sectional study in healthy women. European Journal of Endocrinology, 2004, 150, 161-171.	3.7	266
44	Circulating levels of sex steroid hormones and risk of endometrial cancer in postmenopausal women. International Journal of Cancer, 2004, 108, 425-432.	5.1	209
45	Prediagnostic levels of C-peptide, IGF-I, IGFBP -1, -2 and -3 and risk of endometrial cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2004, 108, 262-268.	5.1	165
46	Endogenous sex hormones and subsequent breast cancer in premenopausal women. International Journal of Cancer, 2004, 112, 312-318.	5.1	128
47	Risk of ovarian cancer in relation to prediagnostic levels of C-peptide, insulin-like growth factor binding proteins-1 and -2 (USA, Sweden, Italy). Cancer Causes and Control, 2003, 14, 285-292.	1.8	26
48	Circulating soluble Fas levels and risk of ovarian cancer. BMC Cancer, 2003, 3, 33.	2.6	7
49	Circulating levels of sex steroid hormones and risk of ovarian cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2003, 104, 636-642.	5.1	75
50	Cancer prevalence in the UK: results from the EUROPREVAL study. Annals of Oncology, 2003, 14, 648-654.	1.2	65
51	Cancer control in Europe: A proposed set of European Cancer Health Indicators. European Journal of Public Health, 2003, 13, 116-119.	0.3	23
52	Cancer prevalence in European registry areas. Annals of Oncology, 2002, 13, 840-865.	1.2	164
53	Measuring cancer prevalence in Europe: the EUROPREVAL Project. Annals of Oncology, 2002, 13, 831-839.	1.2	88
54	Fat and Protein Intake and Subsequent Breast Cancer Risk in Postmenopausal Women. Nutrition and Cancer, 2002, 42, 10-17.	2.0	61

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55	A comparative analysis of cancer prevalence in cancer registry areas of France, Italy and Spain. Annals of Oncology, 2002, 13, 1128-1139.	1.2	30
56	Body mass index in relation to ovarian cancer: A multi-centre nested case-control study. International Journal of Cancer, 2002, 99, 603-608.	5.1	65
57	Circulating levels of insulinâ€like growth factorâ€l and risk of ovarian cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2002, 101, 549-554.	5.1	129
58	Contrasts in cancer prevalence in Connecticut, Iowa, and Utah. Cancer, 2002, 95, 430-439.	4.1	8
59	Projecting SEER cancer survival rates to the US: an ecological regression approach. Cancer Causes and Control, 2002, 13, 101-111.	1.8	67
60	Erythrocyte Membrane Fatty Acids and Subsequent Breast Cancer: a Prospective Italian Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2001, 93, 1088-1095.	6.3	180
61	Toward a comparison of survival in American and European cancer patients. Cancer, 2000, 89, 893-900.	4.1	129
62	Markers of insulin resistance and sex steroid hormone activity in relation to breast cancer risk: a prospective analysis of abdominal adiposity, sebum production, and hirsutism (Italy). Cancer Causes and Control, 2000, 11, 721-730.	1.8	38
63	Estrogen Metabolism and Risk of Breast Cancer: A Prospective Study of the 2:16α-Hydroxyestrone Ratio in Premenopausal and Postmenopausal Women. Epidemiology, 2000, 11, 635-640.	2.7	239
64	The Prevalence of Cancer: A Review of the Available Data. Tumori, 1999, 85, 408-413.	1.1	4
65	Cancer Prevalence in Italian Regions with Local Cancer Registries. Tumori, 1999, 85, 400-407.	1.1	12
66	Variations in survival for invasive cervical cancer among European women, 1978-89. EUROCARE Working Group. Cancer Causes and Control, 1999, 10, 575-581.	1.8	21
67	The cure for colon cancer: Results from the EUROCARE study. International Journal of Cancer, 1998, 77, 322-329.	5.1	79
68	Survival of women with breast cancer in Europe: Variation with age, year of diagnosis and country. , 1998, 77, 679-683.		80
69	Estimation and projections of colorectal cancer trends in Italy. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1997, 26, 924-932.	1.9	29
70	Studying Survival of Cancer Patients in Different Populations: Its Potential and Role. Tumori, 1997, 83, 3-8.	1.1	20
71	Breast Cancer Prevalence Measured by the Lombardy Cancer Registry. Tumori, 1997, 83, 875-879.	1.1	7
72	Cancer Patient Survival in the Elderly in Italy. Tumori, 1997, 83, 490-496.	1.1	23

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73	Interpreting Survival Differences and Trends. Tumori, 1997, 83, 9-16.	1.1	32
74	Survival in Adult Italian Cancer Patients, 1978–1989. Tumori, 1997, 83, 39-425.	1.1	28
75	Body fat distribution, peripheral indicators of androgenic activity, and blood pressure in women. Annals of Epidemiology, 1996, 6, 181-187.	1.9	6
76	Incidence, Mortality and Prevalence of Stomach Cancer in Italian Regions. Tumori, 1996, 82, 314-320.	1.1	12
77	Serum Sex Hormone Levels After Menopause and Subsequent Breast Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 1996, 88, 291-297.	6.3	310
78	Comparisons of colon–cancer survival among european countries: The eurocare study. International Journal of Cancer, 1995, 63, 43-48.	5.1	64
79	Estimation and projections of stomach cancer trends in Italy. Cancer Causes and Control, 1995, 6, 339-346.	1.8	23
80	Time trends of lung and larynx cancers in Italy. International Journal of Cancer, 1994, 57, 154-161.	5.1	32
81	Estimated Incidence and Prevalence of Female Breast Cancer in Italian Regions. Tumori, 1992, 78, 13-21.	1.1	25
82	Clinical and pathologic prognostic indicators in colorectal cancer. A population-based study. Cancer, 1992, 69, 626-635.	4.1	101
83	Repeated serum and urinary androgen measurements in premenopausal and postmenopausal women. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 1991, 44, 1055-1061.	5.0	33
84	Survival and age at diagnosis of breast cancer in a population-based cancer registry. European Journal of Cancer & Clinical Oncology, 1991, 27, 981-984.	0.7	55
85	Breast cancer incidence and prevalence estimated from survival and mortality. Cancer Causes and Control, 1990, 1, 23-29.	1.8	45