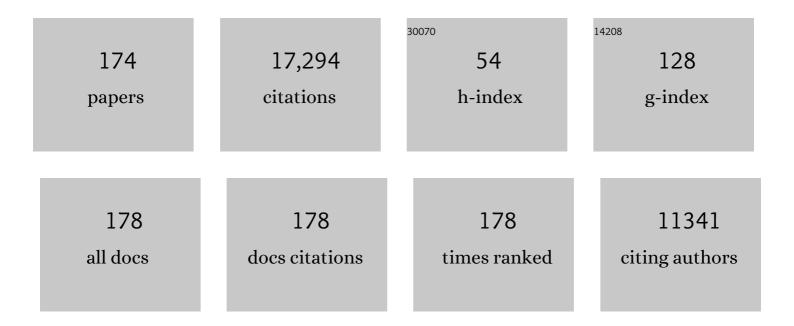
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Fetal Tachycardia in the Setting of Maternal Intrapartum Fever and Perinatal Morbidity. American Journal of Perinatology, 2024, 41, 160-166.	1.4	0
2	Evaluation of Hypoglycemia in Neonates of Women at Risk for Late Preterm Delivery: An Antenatal Late Preterm Steroids Trial Cohort Study. American Journal of Perinatology, 2023, 40, 532-538.	1.4	10
3	Benchmarking cesarean delivery rates using machine learningâ€derived optimal classification trees. Health Services Research, 2022, 57, 796-805.	2.0	1
4	Association of timing from steroid administration to delivery and neonatal outcomes in the late preterm period. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, , .	1.3	1
5	PREDICITION OF CEREBRAL PALSY OR DEATH AMONG PRETERM INFANTS WHO SURVIVE THE NEONATAL PERIOD. American Journal of Perinatology, 2022, , .	1.4	2
6	Attenuated early pregnancy weight gain by prenatal lifestyle interventions does not prevent gestational diabetes in the LIFE-Moms consortium. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 171, 108549.	2.8	5
7	The moderating role of the built environment in prenatal lifestyle interventions. International Journal of Obesity, 2021, 45, 1357-1361.	3.4	2
8	High-Dose Compared With Standard-Dose Oxytocin Regimens to Augment Labor in Nulliparous Women. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 137, 991-998.	2.4	13
9	In Reply. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 138, 309-309.	2.4	0
10	Oral Glucose Tolerance Test in Pregnancy and Subsequent Maternal Hypertension. American Journal of Perinatology, 2021, , .	1.4	0
11	Sex-Specific Genetic Susceptibility to Adverse Neurodevelopmental Outcome in Offspring of Pregnancies at Risk of Early Preterm Delivery. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 37, 281-290.	1.4	3
12	Effect of Treatment of Mild Gestational Diabetes on Long-Term Maternal Outcomes. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 37, 475-482.	1.4	21
13	Association Between Features of Spontaneous Late Preterm Labor and Late Preterm Birth. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 37, 357-364.	1.4	0
14	One-year postpartum anthropometric outcomes in mothers and children in the LIFE-Moms lifestyle intervention clinical trials. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 57-68.	3.4	25
15	Implementation of an antenatal late-preterm corticosteroid protocol at a high-volume tertiary care center. American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology MFM, 2020, 2, 100076.	2.6	7
16	Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 and Metabolic Dysfunction in Women with a Prior Glucose-Intolerant Pregnancy. American Journal of Perinatology, 2020, 38, 1380-1385.	1.4	3
17	Maternal Obstetric Complication Rates Remain High in Illinois: A Retrospective Study, 2010–2015. Joint Commission Journal on Quality and Patient Safety, 2019, 45, 24-30.	0.7	7
18	Pushing the bounds of second stage in term nulliparas with a predictive model. American Journal of Obstetrics & Gynecology MFM, 2019, 1, 100028.	2.6	2

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19	Association of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus With Neonatal Respiratory Morbidity. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 133, 349-353.	2.4	19
20	Cost-effectiveness of Antenatal Corticosteroid Therapy vs No Therapy in Women at Risk of Late Preterm Delivery. JAMA Pediatrics, 2019, 173, 462.	6.2	25
21	Cord Blood Haptoglobin, Cerebral Palsy and Death in Infants of Women at Risk for Preterm Birth: A Secondary Analysis of a Randomised Controlled Trial. EClinicalMedicine, 2019, 9, 11-18.	7.1	4
22	Occult Placenta Accreta: Risk Factors, Adverse Obstetrical Outcomes, and Recurrence in Subsequent Pregnancies. American Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 36, 472-475.	1.4	11
23	Risk of Ischemic Placental Disease in Relation to Family History of Preeclampsia. American Journal of Perinatology, 2019, 36, 624-631.	1.4	6
24	Maternal and neonatal outcomes in triplet gestations by trial of labor versus planned cesarean delivery. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 32, 1874-1879.	1.5	8
25	Pregnancy-Associated Hypertension and Offspring Cardiometabolic Health. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 131, 313-321.	2.4	20
26	Management of Diabetes in the Intrapartum and Postpartum Patient. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 1119-1126.	1.4	21
27	Genetic Variation, Magnesium Sulfate Exposure, and Adverse Neurodevelopmental Outcomes Following Preterm Birth. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 1012-1022.	1.4	11
28	Adverse Maternal and Neonatal Outcomes in Indicated Compared with Spontaneous Preterm Birth in Healthy Nulliparas: A Secondary Analysis of a Randomized Trial. American Journal of Perinatology, 2018, 35, 624-631.	1.4	6
29	Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension Diet and Activity to Limit Gestational Weight: Maternal Offspring Metabolics Family Intervention Trial, a Technology Enhanced Randomized Trial. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2018, 55, 603-614.	3.0	40
30	Lifestyle Interventions Limit Gestational Weight Gain in Women with Overweight or Obesity: LIFEâ€Moms Prospective Metaâ€Analysis. Obesity, 2018, 26, 1396-1404.	3.0	110
31	Pharmacokinetics of Hydroxyprogesterone Caproate and its Primary Metabolites during Pregnancy. AJP Reports, 2018, 08, e106-e112.	0.7	0
32	Cell-Free Total and Fetal DNA in First Trimester Maternal Serum and Subsequent Development of Preeclampsia. American Journal of Perinatology, 2017, 34, 191-198.	1.4	14
33	Treatment of Subclinical Hypothyroidism or Hypothyroxinemia in Pregnancy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2017, 376, 815-825.	27.0	363
34	Pregnancies After the Diagnosis of Mild Gestational Diabetes Mellitus and Risk of Cardiometabolic Disorders. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 129, 273-280.	2.4	24
35	The association among cytochrome P450 3A, progesterone receptor polymorphisms, plasma 17-alpha hydroxyprogesterone caproate concentrations, and spontaneous preterm birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 369.e1-369.e9.	1.3	9
36	Gestational weight gain. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 642-651.	1.3	246

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37	Evaluation of Trichorionic versus Dichorionic Triplet Gestations from 2005 to 2016 in a Large, Referral Maternity Center. American Journal of Perinatology, 2017, 34, 599-605.	1.4	7
38	Predictive Characteristics of Elevated 1-Hour Glucose Challenge Test Results for Gestational Diabetes. American Journal of Perinatology, 2017, 34, 1464-1469.	1.4	1
39	Role of early second-trimester uterine artery Doppler screening to predict small-for-gestational-age babies in nulliparous women. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2017, 217, 594.e1-594.e10.	1.3	45
40	Association of Cervical Effacement With the Rate of Cervical Change in Labor Among Nulliparous Women. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 489-495.	2.4	6
41	Pregnancy-Associated Hypertension in Glucose-Intolerant Pregnancy and Subsequent Metabolic Syndrome. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 771-779.	2.4	16
42	Carpenter-Coustan Compared With National Diabetes Data Group Criteria for Diagnosing Gestational Diabetes. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 893-898.	2.4	36
43	Is Mid-trimester Insulin Resistance Predictive of Subsequent Puerperal Infection? A Secondary Analysis of Randomized Trial Data. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 983-990.	1.4	1
44	Relationship of Early Pregnancy Waist-to-Hip Ratio versus Body Mass Index with Gestational Diabetes Mellitus and Insulin Resistance. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 114-122.	1.4	24
45	Racial/Ethnic Disparities in Measures of Self-reported Psychosocial States and Traits during Pregnancy. American Journal of Perinatology, 2016, 33, 1426-1432.	1.4	43
46	Ultrasound Measurement of the Fetal Adrenal Gland as a Predictor of Spontaneous Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 127, 726-734.	2.4	14
47	A description of the methods of the Nulliparous Pregnancy Outcomes Study: monitoring mothers-to-be (nuMoM2b). American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 212, 539.e1-539.e24.	1.3	160
48	Mild Gestational Diabetes Mellitus and Long-Term Child Health. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 445-452.	8.6	200
49	The Association of Cord Serum Cytokines with Neurodevelopmental Outcomes. American Journal of Perinatology, 2015, 30, 115-122.	1.4	26
50	A Randomized Trial of Intrapartum Fetal ECG ST-Segment Analysis. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 373, 632-641.	27.0	135
51	Is There a Threshold Oral Glucose Tolerance Test Value for Predicting Adverse Pregnancy Outcome?. American Journal of Perinatology, 2015, 32, 833-838.	1.4	6
52	Antenatal Magnesium and Cerebral Palsy in Preterm Infants. Journal of Pediatrics, 2015, 167, 834-839.e3.	1.8	37
53	Does Maternal Body Mass Index Influence Treatment Effect in Women with Mild Gestational Diabetes?. American Journal of Perinatology, 2014, 32, 093-100.	1.4	12
54	Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes among Women with Prior Spontaneous or Induced Abortions. American Journal of Perinatology, 2014, 31, 765-772.	1.4	39

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55	Umbilical Cord Serum Interleukin-6, C-Reactive Protein, and Myeloperoxidase Concentrations at Birth and Association with Neonatal Morbidities and Long-Term Neurodevelopmental Outcomes. American Journal of Perinatology, 2014, 31, 717-726.	1.4	30
56	Length of Latency with Preterm Premature Rupture of Membranes before 32 Weeks' Gestation. American Journal of Perinatology, 2014, 32, 057-062.	1.4	29
57	Adverse pregnancy outcomes and subsequent risk of cardiovascular disease in women with systemic lupus erythematosus. Lupus Science and Medicine, 2014, 1, e000024.	2.7	12
58	Haptoglobin phenotype and abnormal uterine artery Doppler in a racially diverse cohort. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2014, 27, 1728-1733.	1.5	1
59	Accuracy of Sonographic Chorionicity Classification in Twin Gestations. Journal of Ultrasound in Medicine, 2014, 33, 2187-2192.	1.7	37
60	Laboratory Abnormalities in Pregnancy-Associated Hypertension. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 124, 933-940.	2.4	13
61	Association of cord blood digitalis-like factor and necrotizing enterocolitis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 210, 328.e1-328.e5.	1.3	1
62	Inadequate weight gain in overweight and obese pregnant women: what is the effect on fetal growth?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 211, 137.e1-137.e7.	1.3	132
63	Antiphospholipid Antibodies in Stillbirth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 123, 184.	2.4	1
64	Advanced lipoprotein measures and recurrent preterm birth. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 209, 342.e1-342.e7.	1.3	8
65	Placental villous hypermaturation is associated with idiopathic preterm birth. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2013, 26, 647-653.	1.5	63
66	Gestational age–specific risks vs benefits of multicourse antenatal corticosteroids for preterm labor. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 209, 330.e1-330.e7.	1.3	20
67	Relationship Between 1-Hour Glucose Challenge Test Results and Perinatal Outcomes. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 121, 1241-1247.	2.4	21
68	Maternal 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and Preterm Birth in Twin Gestations. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 122, 91-98.	2.4	40
69	Population versus Customized Fetal Growth Norms and Adverse Outcomes in an Intrapartum Cohort. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 335-342.	1.4	16
70	Customized versus Population Approach for Evaluation of Fetal Overgrowth. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 565-572.	1.4	14
71	The Obstetric and Neonatal Implications of a Low Value on the 50-g Glucose Screening Test. American Journal of Perinatology, 2013, 30, 715-722.	1.4	7
72	Change in Mononuclear Leukocyte Responsiveness in Midpregnancy and Subsequent Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 121, 805-811.	2.4	21

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73	Pregnancy Outcomes With Weight Gain Above or Below the 2009 Institute of Medicine Guidelines. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 121, 969-975.	2.4	208
74	Haptoglobin Phenotype, Preeclampsia Risk and the Efficacy of Vitamin C and E Supplementation to Prevent Preeclampsia in a Racially Diverse Population. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e60479.	2.5	17
75	Effect of Antenatal Corticosteroids on Respiratory Morbidity in Singletons After Late-Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 119, 555-559.	2.4	31
76	Excessive Early Gestational Weight Gain and Risk of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus in Nulliparous Women. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 119, 1227-1233.	2.4	121
77	Pregnancy Outcomes in Women After Bariatric Surgery Compared With Obese and Morbidly Obese Controls. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 119, 547-554.	2.4	105
78	Risk of Uterine Rupture and Placenta Accreta With Prior Uterine Surgery Outside of the Lower Segment. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 120, 1332-1337.	2.4	92
79	Association of Polymorphisms in Neuroprotection and Oxidative Stress Genes and Neurodevelopmental Outcomes After Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 120, 542-550.	2.4	19
80	Relationship between 17-hydroxyprogesterone caproate concentrations and gestational age at delivery in twin gestation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 207, 396.e1-396.e8.	1.3	36
81	Identification, Assessment and Management of Fetal Compromise. Clinics in Perinatology, 2012, 39, 753-768.	2.1	19
82	First-Trimester Prediction of Preeclampsia in Nulliparous Women at Low Risk. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 119, 1234-1242.	2.4	172
83	Fetal male gender and the benefits of treatment of mild gestational diabetes mellitus. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 206, 422.e1-422.e5.	1.3	22
84	Maternal BMI, glucose tolerance, and adverse pregnancy outcomes. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 207, 62.e1-62.e7.	1.3	62
85	Association of Cord Blood Magnesium Concentration and Neonatal Resuscitation. Journal of Pediatrics, 2012, 160, 573-577.e1.	1.8	29
86	Perinatal Outcomes in Hispanic and Non-Hispanic White Women With Mild Gestational Diabetes. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2012, 120, 1099-1104.	2.4	13
87	Umbilical cord blood biomarkers of neurologic injury and the risk of cerebral palsy or infant death. International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience, 2011, 29, 917-922.	1.6	29
88	Timing of Elective Repeat Cesarean Delivery at Term and Maternal Perioperative Outcomes. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 280-286.	2.4	74
89	Admixture Mapping to Identify Spontaneous Preterm Birth Susceptibility Loci in African Americans. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 1078-1084.	2.4	20
90	The Effect of Plurality and Obesity on Betamethasone Concentrations in Women at Risk for Preterm Delivery. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2011, 66, 1-2.	0.4	2

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91	The Relationship Between Maternal Glycemia and Perinatal Outcome. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 218-224.	2.4	132
92	Influenza-Like Illness in Hospitalized Pregnant and Postpartum Women During the 2009–2010 H1N1 Pandemic. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 118, 593-600.	2.4	32
93	Placental endothelial nitric oxide synthase in multiple and single dose betamethasone exposed pregnancies. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 204, 545.e11-545.e16.	1.3	3
94	Maternal insulin resistance and preeclampsia. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 204, 327.e1-327.e6.	1.3	90
95	Repeated course antenatal steroids, inflammation gene polymorphisms, and neurodevelopmental outcomes at age 2. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 79.e1-79.e5.	1.3	2
96	Pharmacokinetics of 17-hydroxyprogesterone caproate in multifetal gestation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 205, 40.e1-40.e8.	1.3	40
97	Fish Consumption, Erythrocyte Fatty Acids, and Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 117, 1071-1077.	2.4	44
98	An evidence-based approach to determining route of delivery for twin gestations. Reviews in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2011, 4, 109-16.	0.7	13
99	Vitamin C and E Supplementation to Prevent Spontaneous Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 116, 653-658.	2.4	54
100	White's Classification of Maternal Diabetes and Vaginal Birth After Cesarean Delivery Success in Women Undergoing a Trial of Labor. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 115, 60-64.	2.4	20
101	Omega-3 Fatty Acid Supplementation to Prevent Recurrent Preterm Birth. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 115, 234-242.	2.4	96
102	A Multicenter, Randomized Trial of Treatment for Mild Gestational Diabetes. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2010, 65, 69-70.	0.4	1
103	Repeated courses of antenatal corticosteroids: Are there effects on the infant's auditory brainstem responses?. Neurotoxicology and Teratology, 2010, 32, 605-610.	2.4	12
104	The effect of maternal body mass index on neonatal outcome in women receiving a single course of antenatal corticosteroids. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 202, 263.e1-263.e5.	1.3	20
105	Association of fetal inflammation and coagulation pathway gene polymorphisms with neurodevelopmental delay at age 2 years. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 203, 83.e1-83.e10.	1.3	24
106	The effect of plurality and obesity on betamethasone concentrations in women at risk for preterm delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 203, 219.e1-219.e5.	1.3	47
107	Absence of Mitochondrial Progesterone Receptor Polymorphisms in Women With Spontaneous Preterm Birth. Reproductive Sciences, 2010, 17, 913-916.	2.5	4
108	Vitamins C and E to Prevent Complications of Pregnancy-Associated Hypertension. New England Journal of Medicine, 2010, 362, 1282-1291.	27.0	344

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109	Neonatal Outcomes and Operative Vaginal Delivery Versus Cesarean Delivery. American Journal of Perinatology, 2010, 27, 493-499.	1.4	27
110	Neonatal Outcomes in Twin Pregnancies Delivered Moderately Preterm, Late Preterm, and Term. American Journal of Perinatology, 2010, 27, 537-542.	1.4	70
111	Maternal Serum Interleukin-6, C-Reactive Protein, and Matrix Metalloproteinase-9 Concentrations as Risk Factors for Preterm Birth <32 Weeks and Adverse Neonatal Outcomes. American Journal of Perinatology, 2010, 27, 631-640.	1.4	139
112	Maternal and Neonatal Outcomes of Repeat Cesarean Delivery in Women with a Prior Classical versus Low Transverse Uterine Incision. American Journal of Perinatology, 2010, 27, 791-796.	1.4	27
113	Mode of Delivery in Women with Antepartum Fetal Death and Prior Cesarean Delivery. American Journal of Perinatology, 2010, 27, 825-830.	1.4	26
114	Second trimester cervical length and risk of preterm birth in women with twin gestations treated with 17-1± hydroxyprogesterone caproate. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2010, 23, 1360-1364.	1.5	57
115	Bone Metabolism in Fetuses of Pregnant Women Exposed to Single and Multiple Courses of Corticosteroids. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 114, 38-44.	2.4	12
116	Prevention of Preterm Birth in Triplets Using 17 Alpha-Hydroxyprogesterone Caproate. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 113, 285-292.	2.4	116
117	Infant morbidity and mortality associated with vaginal delivery in twin gestations. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 200, 462.e1-462.e6.	1.3	28
118	The effect of 17-alpha hydroxyprogesterone caproate on the risk of gestational diabetes in singleton or twin pregnancies. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 201, 392.e1-392.e5.	1.3	39
119	Second-stage labor duration in nulliparous women: relationship to maternal and perinatal outcomes. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 201, 357.e1-357.e7.	1.3	211
120	Timing of Elective Repeat Cesarean Delivery at Term and Neonatal Outcomes. New England Journal of Medicine, 2009, 360, 111-120.	27.0	749
121	A Multicenter, Randomized Trial of Treatment for Mild Gestational Diabetes. New England Journal of Medicine, 2009, 361, 1339-1348.	27.0	1,791
122	A Randomized, Controlled Trial of Magnesium Sulfate for the Prevention of Cerebral Palsy. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2009, 64, 15-17.	0.4	14
123	Salivary progesterone and estriol among pregnant women treated with 17-α-hydroxyprogesterone caproate or placebo. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 199, 506.e1-506.e7.	1.3	25
124	A Randomized, Controlled Trial of Magnesium Sulfate for the Prevention of Cerebral Palsy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2008, 359, 895-905.	27.0	664
125	Labor Outcomes With Increasing Number of Prior Vaginal Births After Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 111, 285-291.	2.4	90
126	Previous Preterm Cesarean Delivery and Risk of Subsequent Uterine Rupture. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 111, 648-653.	2.4	100

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127	Bone Metabolism in Pregnant Women Exposed to Single Compared With Multiple Courses of Corticosteroids. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 111, 1352-1358.	2.4	5
128	Perioperative Morbidity and Mortality Among Human Immunodeficiency Virus–Infected Women Undergoing Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 110, 385-390.	2.4	45
129	Risk of Uterine Rupture and Adverse Perinatal Outcome at Term After Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 110, 801-807.	2.4	116
130	Fetal Pulse Oximetry and Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2007, 62, 227-228.	0.4	1
131	Trial of Labor After One Previous Cesarean Delivery for Multifetal Gestation. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 110, 814-819.	2.4	77
132	Long-Term Outcomes after Repeat Doses of Antenatal Corticosteroids. New England Journal of Medicine, 2007, 357, 1190-1198.	27.0	287
133	A Trial of 17 Alpha-Hydroxyprogesterone Caproate to Prevent Prematurity in Twins. New England Journal of Medicine, 2007, 357, 454-461.	27.0	354
134	The National Institute of Child Health and Human Development Maternal-Fetal Medicine Units Network Beneficial Effects of Antenatal Repeated Steroids study: impact of repeated doses of antenatal corticosteroids on placental growth and histologic findings. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2007, 197, 281.e1-281.e8.	1.3	31
135	Blood Transfusion and Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 108, 891-897.	2.4	118
136	Maternal Morbidity Associated With Multiple Repeat Cesarean Deliveries. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 107, 1226-1232.	2.4	1,385
137	Risk of Uterine Rupture With a Trial of Labor in Women With Multiple and Single Prior Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 108, 12-20.	2.4	191
138	Single versus weekly courses of antenatal corticosteroids: Evaluation of safety and efficacy. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 195, 633-642.	1.3	271
139	The MFMU Cesarean Registry: Impact of fetal size on trialÂof labor success for patients with previous cesareanÂfor dystocia. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 195, 1127-1131.	1.3	51
140	The Maternal-Fetal Medicine Units Cesarean Registry: Safety and efficacy of a trial of labor in preterm pregnancy after aÂprior cesarean delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 195, 1119-1126.	1.3	90
141	Trial of Labor or Repeat Cesarean Delivery in Women With Morbid Obesity and Previous Cesarean Delivery. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2006, 108, 125-133.	2.4	167
142	Fetal Pulse Oximetry and Cesarean Delivery. New England Journal of Medicine, 2006, 355, 2195-2202.	27.0	143
143	The Maternal-Fetal Medicine Unit cesarean registry: Trial of labor with a twin gestation. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 193, 135-140.	1.3	57
144	The MFMU Cesarean Registry: Factors affecting the success of trial of labor after previous cesarean delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 193, 1016-1023.	1.3	410

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145	Progesterone for prevention of recurrent preterm birth: Impact of gestational age at previous delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 193, 1127-1131.	1.3	88
146	Plasma CRH measurement at 16 to 20 weeks' gestation does not predict preterm delivery in women at high-risk for preterm delivery. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 193, 1181-1186.	1.3	34
147	The interval between a single course of antenatal steroids and delivery and its association with neonatal outcomes. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 193, 1165-1169.	1.3	80
148	The Risk of Cesarean Delivery with Neuraxial Analgesia Given Early versus Late in Labor. New England Journal of Medicine, 2005, 352, 655-665.	27.0	351
149	Does Progesterone Treatment Influence Risk Factors for Recurrent Preterm Delivery?. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2005, 106, 557-561.	2.4	33
150	The incidence of Sheehan's syndrome after obstetric hemorrhage. Fertility and Sterility, 2005, 84, 975-979.	1.0	62
151	Maternal and Perinatal Outcomes Associated with a Trial of Labor after Prior Cesarean Delivery. New England Journal of Medicine, 2004, 351, 2581-2589.	27.0	1,166
152	Biological Markers of Preterm Delivery. , 2004, , 35-54.		0
153	Management of the second stage of labor in nulliparas with continuous epidural analgesia. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2003, 102, 109-114.	2.4	27
154	Prevention of Recurrent Preterm Delivery by 17 Alpha-Hydroxyprogesterone Caproate. New England Journal of Medicine, 2003, 348, 2379-2385.	27.0	1,472
155	Risk-Adjustment of Cesarean Delivery Rates: A Practical Method for Use in Quality Improvement. American Journal of Medical Quality, 2002, 17, 113-117.	0.5	6
156	Prematurity in multiple gestations: Identification of patients who are at low risk. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2002, 186, 1137-1141.	1.3	26
157	Cost-effectiveness of elective cesarean delivery after one prior low transverse cesarean. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2000, 95, 745-751.	2.4	59
158	Vaginal birth after cesarean: an appraisal of fetal risk. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1999, 93, 674-679.	2.4	23
159	ACTIVE MANAGEMENT OF LABOR. Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinics of North America, 1999, 26, 287-294.	1.9	5
160	Neonatal outcomes in triplet gestations after a trial of labor. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1998, 179, 942-945.	1.3	29
161	Maternal Hospital Charges Associated with Trial of Labor Versus Elective Repeat Cesarean Section. Birth, 1998, 25, 81-84.	2.2	21
162	Risk factors for cesarean delivery in twin gestations near term. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 1998, 92, 940-944.	2.4	7

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