

Ivan N Shatsky

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

38
papers

2,589
citations

257450

24
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330143

37
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39
all docs

39
docs citations

39
times ranked

2554
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Translation of 5' leaders is pervasive in genes resistant to eIF2 repression. <i>ELife</i> , 2015, 4, e03971.	6.0	294
2	Specific Interaction of Eukaryotic Translation Initiation Factor 3 with the 5' Nontranslated Regions of Hepatitis C Virus and Classical Swine Fever Virus RNAs. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 1998, 72, 4775-4782.	3.4	266
3	Eukaryotic translation initiation machinery can operate in a bacterial-like mode without eIF2. <i>Nature Structural and Molecular Biology</i> , 2008, 15, 836-841.	8.2	163
4	GTP-independent tRNA Delivery to the Ribosomal P-site by a Novel Eukaryotic Translation Factor. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2010, 285, 26779-26787.	3.4	144
5	Insights into the mechanisms of eukaryotic translation gained with ribosome profiling. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2017, 45, 513-526.	14.5	124
6	Efficient Translation Initiation Directed by the 900-Nucleotide-Long and GC-Rich 5' Untranslated Region of the Human Retrotransposon LINE-1 mRNA Is Strictly Cap Dependent Rather than Internal Ribosome Entry Site Mediated. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2007, 27, 4685-4697.	2.3	111
7	Oxygen and glucose deprivation induces widespread alterations in mRNA translation within 20 minutes. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2015, 16, 90.	8.8	110
8	Cap- and IRES-Independent Scanning Mechanism of Translation Initiation as an Alternative to the Concept of Cellular IRESs. <i>Molecules and Cells</i> , 2010, 30, 285-294.	2.6	103
9	Functional and Structural Similarities between the Internal Ribosome Entry Sites of Hepatitis C Virus and Porcine Teschovirus, a Picornavirus. <i>Journal of Virology</i> , 2004, 78, 4487-4497.	3.4	102
10	Assembly of 48S Translation Initiation Complexes from Purified Components with mRNAs That Have Some Base Pairing within Their 5' Untranslated Regions. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2003, 23, 8925-8933.	2.3	82
11	Differential contribution of the m7G-cap to the 5' end-dependent translation initiation of mammalian mRNAs. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2009, 37, 6135-6147.	14.5	79
12	Cap-Independent Translation: What's in a Name?. <i>Trends in Biochemical Sciences</i> , 2018, 43, 882-895.	7.5	77
13	A Cross-Kingdom Internal Ribosome Entry Site Reveals a Simplified Mode of Internal Ribosome Entry. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2005, 25, 7879-7888.	2.3	75
14	Unidirectional constant rate motion of the ribosomal scanning particle during eukaryotic translation initiation. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2011, 39, 5555-5567.	14.5	71
15	A researcher's guide to the galaxy of IRESs. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2017, 74, 1431-1455.	5.4	68
16	Unusual ribosome binding properties of mRNA encoding bacteriophage λ repressor. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 1992, 20, 563-571.	14.5	62
17	Conversion of 48S translation preinitiation complexes into 80S initiation complexes as revealed by toeprinting. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2003, 533, 99-104.	2.8	62
18	Tma64/eIF2D, Tma20/MCT-1, and Tma22/DENR Recycle Post-termination 40S Subunits In Vivo. <i>Molecular Cell</i> , 2018, 71, 761-774.e5.	9.7	62

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19	A Leaderless mRNA Can Bind to Mammalian 80S Ribosomes and Direct Polypeptide Synthesis in the Absence of Translation Initiation Factors. <i>Molecular and Cellular Biology</i> , 2006, 26, 3164-3169.	2.3	60
20	A novel mechanism of eukaryotic translation initiation that is neither m7G-cap-, nor IRES-dependent. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2013, 41, 1807-1816.	14.5	57
21	Glycyl-tRNA synthetase specifically binds to the poliovirus IRES to activate translation initiation. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2012, 40, 5602-5614.	14.5	54
22	Transcriptome-wide studies uncover the diversity of modes of mRNA recruitment to eukaryotic ribosomes. <i>Critical Reviews in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology</i> , 2014, 49, 164-177.	5.2	52
23	Four translation initiation pathways employed by the leaderless mRNA in eukaryotes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 37905.	3.3	40
24	Sliding of a 43S ribosomal complex from the recognized AUG codon triggered by a delay in eIF2-bound GTP hydrolysis. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2016, 44, 1882-1893.	14.5	31
25	Unusually efficient CUG initiation of an overlapping reading frame in <i>POLG</i> mRNA yields novel protein POLGARF. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2020, 117, 24936-24946.	7.1	30
26	The 5' untranslated region of <i>Apaf1</i> mRNA directs translation under apoptosis conditions via a 5' end-dependent scanning mechanism. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2012, 586, 4139-4143.	2.8	25
27	Eukaryotic translation elongation factor 2 (eEF2) catalyzes reverse translocation of the eukaryotic ribosome. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2018, 293, 5220-5229.	3.4	25
28	Non-AUG translation initiation in mammals. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2022, 23, 111.	8.8	25
29	Ribosomal leaky scanning through a translated uORF requires eIF4G2. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2022, 50, 1111-1127.	14.5	21
30	Pros and cons of pDNA and mRNA transfection to study mRNA translation in mammalian cells. <i>Gene</i> , 2016, 578, 1-6.	2.2	20
31	Does HIV-1 mRNA 5'-untranslated region bear an internal ribosome entry site?. <i>Biochimie</i> , 2016, 121, 228-237.	2.6	18
32	Translation control of mRNAs encoding mammalian translation initiation factors. <i>Gene</i> , 2018, 651, 174-182.	2.2	16
33	Archaeal Translation Initiation Factor aIF2 Can Substitute for Eukaryotic eIF2 in Ribosomal Scanning during Mammalian 48S Complex Formation. <i>Journal of Molecular Biology</i> , 2011, 413, 106-114.	4.2	14
34	eIF4G2 balances its own mRNA translation via a PCBP2-based feedback loop. <i>Rna</i> , 2019, 25, 757-767.	3.5	14
35	Translatome and transcriptome analysis of TMA20 (MCT-1) and TMA64 (eIF2D) knockout yeast strains. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2019, 23, 103701.	1.0	14
36	A novel uORF-based regulatory mechanism controls translation of the human MDM2 and eIF2D mRNAs during stress. <i>Biochimie</i> , 2019, 157, 92-101.	2.6	12

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Ribosome Pausing at Inefficient Codons at the End of the Replicase Coding Region Is Important for Hepatitis C Virus Genome Replication. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2020, 21, 6955.	4.1	3
38	Modifications of Ribosome Profiling that Provide New Data on the Translation Regulation. <i>Biochemistry (Moscow)</i> , 2021, 86, 1095-1106.	1.5	2