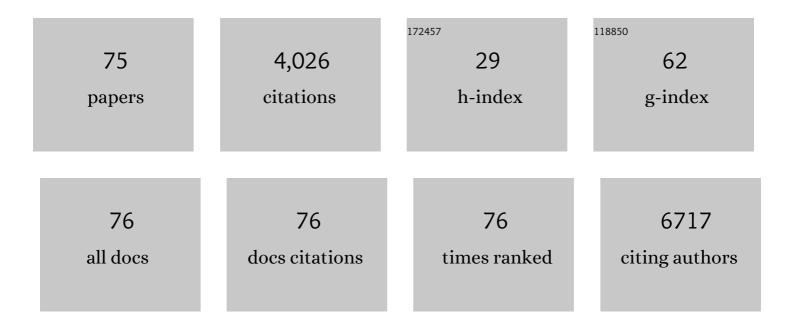
Liisa Byberg

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4512473/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



LUSA RVREDC

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Causal Relationship between Obesity and Vitamin D Status: Bi-Directional Mendelian Randomization Analysis of Multiple Cohorts. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001383.	8.4	753
2	Milk intake and risk of mortality and fractures in women and men: cohort studies. BMJ, The, 2014, 349, g6015-g6015.	6.0	286
3	Cardiovascular Diseases and Risk of Hip Fracture. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2009, 302, 1666.	7.4	280
4	Plasma vitamin D and mortality in older men: a community-based prospective cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 92, 841-848.	4.7	238
5	Long term calcium intake and rates of all cause and cardiovascular mortality: community based prospective longitudinal cohort study. BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f228-f228.	6.0	215
6	Total mortality after changes in leisure time physical activity in 50 year old men: 35 year follow-up of population based cohort. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 338, b688-b688.	2.3	209
7	Determining Vitamin D Status: A Comparison between Commercially Available Assays. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e11555.	2.5	184
8	Dietary calcium intake and risk of fracture and osteoporosis: prospective longitudinal cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2011, 342, d1473-d1473.	2.3	172
9	Birth weight and the insulin resistance syndrome: association of low birth weight with truncal obesity and raised plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 but not with abdominal obesity or plasma lipid disturbances. Diabetologia, 2000, 43, 54-60.	6.3	129
10	Changes in physical activity are associated with changes in metabolic cardiovascular risk factors. Diabetologia, 2001, 44, 2134-2139.	6.3	107
11	Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor-1 Activity Is Independently Related to Both Insulin Sensitivity and Serum Triglycerides in 70-Year-Old Men. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 1998, 18, 258-264.	2.4	94
12	Long-term Coffee Consumption in Relation to Fracture Risk and Bone Mineral Density in Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 898-909.	3.4	83
13	Vitamin D is not associated with incident dementia or cognitive impairment: an 18-y follow-up study in community-living old men. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 105, 936-943.	4.7	78
14	Fruit and Vegetable Intake and Risk of Hip Fracture: A Cohort Study of Swedish Men and Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2015, 30, 976-984.	2.8	64
15	Mediterranean Diet and Hip Fracture in Swedish Men and Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2016, 31, 2098-2105.	2.8	59
16	Intake and serum concentrations of α-tocopherol in relation to fractures in elderly women and men: 2 cohort studies. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 99, 107-114.	4.7	55
17	Lactose, glucose and galactose content in milk, fermented milk and lactose-free milk products. International Dairy Journal, 2017, 73, 151-154.	3.0	55
18	Total mortality after changes in leisure time physical activity in 50 year old men: 35 year follow-up of population based cohort. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2009, 43, 482.	6.7	53

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19	Extent and consequences of misclassified injury diagnoses in a national hospital discharge registry. Injury Prevention, 2011, 17, 108-113.	2.4	48
20	Coenzyme Q10 supplementation and exercise-induced oxidative stress in humans. Nutrition, 2012, 28, 403-417.	2.4	48
21	Useful tests of usefulness of new risk factors: Tools for assessing reclassification and discrimination. Scandinavian Journal of Public Health, 2011, 39, 439-441.	2.3	47
22	Leisure-Time Physical Activity and Risk of Fracture: A Cohort Study of 66,940 Men and Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2017, 32, 1599-1606.	2.8	41
23	A comparison between two healthy diet scores, the modified Mediterranean diet score and the Healthy Nordic Food Index, in relation to all-cause and cause-specific mortality. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 836-846.	2.3	39
24	Risk of Severe Knee and Hip Osteoarthritis in Relation to Level of Physical Exercise: A Prospective Cohort Study of Long-Distance Skiers in Sweden. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e18339.	2.5	38
25	Impact of Hip Fracture on Mortality: A Cohort Study in Hip Fracture Discordant Identical Twins. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2014, 29, 424-431.	2.8	37
26	The seasonal importance of serum 25â€hydroxyvitamin D for bone mineral density in older women. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2017, 281, 167-178.	6.0	37
27	When and where do hip fractures occur? A population-based study. Osteoporosis International, 2013, 24, 2387-2396.	3.1	32
28	Mediterranean diet and hip fracture incidence among older adults: the CHANCES project. Osteoporosis International, 2018, 29, 1591-1599.	3.1	32
29	Physical activity, obesity and risk of cardiovascular disease in middle-aged men during a median of 30 years of follow-up. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2016, 23, 359-365.	1.8	31
30	Intake of Milk or Fermented Milk Combined With Fruit and Vegetable Consumption in Relation to Hip Fracture Rates: A Cohort Study of Swedish Women. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2018, 33, 449-457.	2.8	31
31	Cancer death is related to high palmitoleic acid in serum and to polymorphisms in the SCD-1 gene in healthy Swedish men. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 99, 551-558.	4.7	30
32	Prediction of fracture risk in men: A cohort study. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2012, 27, 797-807.	2.8	29
33	Confirmed hypertension and plasma 25(OH)D concentrations amongst elderly men. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2011, 269, 211-218.	6.0	27
34	Milk, Fruit and Vegetable, and Total Antioxidant Intakes in Relation to Mortality Rates: Cohort Studies in Women and Men. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 185, 345-361.	3.4	26
35	Muscle morphology, self-reported physical activity and insulin resistance syndrome. Acta Physiologica Scandinavica, 2002, 175, 325-332.	2.2	24
36	Dog Ownership and Survival After a Major Cardiovascular Event. Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes, 2019, 12, e005342.	2.2	23

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37	Dietary Pattern Specific Protein Biomarkers for Cardiovascular Disease: A Cross ectional Study in 2 Independent Cohorts. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2019, 8, e011860.	3.7	23
38	The fall descriptions and health characteristics of older adults with hip fracture: a mixed methods study. BMC Geriatrics, 2015, 15, 40.	2.7	21
39	Type 2 Diabetes in Relation to Hip Bone Density, Area, and Bone Turnover in Swedish Men and Women: A Cross-Sectional Study. Calcified Tissue International, 2018, 103, 501-511.	3.1	21
40	The Impact of Disease and Drugs on Hip Fracture Risk. Calcified Tissue International, 2017, 100, 1-12.	3.1	18
41	Milk and Fermented Milk Intake and Parkinson's Disease: Cohort Study. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 2763.	4.1	18
42	Coffee Consumption and Risk of Fracture in the Cohort of Swedish Men (COSM). PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e97770.	2.5	16
43	Prior loss of body mass index, low body mass index, and central obesity independently contribute to higher rates of fractures in elderly women and men. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2020, 36, 1288-1299.	2.8	15
44	Predictors of Independent Aging and Survival: A 16‥ear Followâ€Up Report in Octogenarian Men. Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, 2017, 65, 1953-1960.	2.6	14
45	Combined associations of body mass index and adherence to a Mediterranean-like diet with all-cause and cardiovascular mortality: A cohort study. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003331.	8.4	14
46	The impact and causal directions for the associations between diagnosis of ADHD, socioeconomic status, and intelligence by use of a bi-directional two-sample Mendelian randomization design. BMC Medicine, 2022, 20, 106.	5.5	14
47	Fasting glucose, bone area and bone mineral density: a Mendelian randomisation study. Diabetologia, 2021, 64, 1348-1357.	6.3	13
48	Birth Weight Is Not Associated With Risk of Fracture: Results From Two Swedish Cohort Studies. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2014, 29, 2152-2160.	2.8	12
49	The shared risk of diabetes between dog and cat owners and their pets: register based cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 371, m4337.	6.0	12
50	Long-term a posteriori dietary patterns and risk of hip fractures in a cohort of women. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2017, 32, 605-616.	5.7	11
51	Physical activity is associated with a large number of cardiovascular-specific proteins: Cross-sectional analyses in two independent cohorts. European Journal of Preventive Cardiology, 2019, 26, 1865-1873.	1.8	10
52	Milk Consumption for the Prevention of Fragility Fractures. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 2720.	4.1	9
53	Decreased Hip, Lower Leg, and Humeral Fractures but Increased Forearm Fractures in Highly Active Individuals. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2018, 33, 1842-1850.	2.8	7
54	Is a Healthy Diet Also Suitable for the Prevention of Fragility Fractures?. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 2642.	4.1	7

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Associations between exploratory dietary patterns and incident type 2 diabetes: a federated meta-analysis of individual participant data from 25 cohort studies. European Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 61, 3649-3667.	3.9	6
56	Type 2 Diabetes and Change in Total Hip Bone Area and Bone Mineral Density in Swedish Men and Women Older Than 55 Years. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 106, 2840-2854.	3.6	5
57	Changes in leisure-time physical activity during the adult life span and relations to cardiovascular risk factors—Results from multiple Swedish studies. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0256476.	2.5	5
58	Fracture risk across a wide range of physical activity levels, from sedentary individuals to elite athletes. Bone, 2021, 153, 116128.	2.9	4
59	Milk and Fermented Milk Consumption and Risk of Stroke: Longitudinal Study. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 1070.	4.1	4
60	Combinations of dietary calcium intake and mediterranean-style diet on risk of hip fracture: A longitudinal cohort study of 82,000 women and men. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 4161-4170.	5.0	3
61	A posteriori dietary patterns in 71-year-old Swedish men and the prevalence of sarcopenia 16 years later. British Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 128, 909-920.	2.3	3
62	Is the effect of Mediterranean diet on hip fracture mediated through type 2 diabetes mellitus and body mass index?. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, 50, 234-244.	1.9	2
63	Self-reported physical activity and different cardiovascular diseases—Results from updated measurements over 40 years. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0269402.	2.5	2
64	Reply to Y Mao and H Yu. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 106, 698.2-699.	4.7	1
65	Comments on Feskanich et al.: Milk and other dairy foods and risk of hip fracture in men and women. Osteoporosis International, 2018, 29, 1221-1222.	3.1	1
66	What CVD risk factors predict self-perceived risk of having a myocardial infarction? A cross-sectional study. International Journal of Cardiology Cardiovascular Risk and Prevention, 2022, 12, 200125.	1.1	1
67	Reply to WB Grant. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 106, 700-701.	4.7	0
68	Associations Between Data Driven Dietary Patterns at Age 71 and the Prevalence of Sarcopenia 16 Years Later: A Cohort Study. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2021, 5, 421.	0.3	0
69	Milk and Fermented Milk Consumption and Risk of Total Stroke: A Population Based Cohort of Swedish Women and Men. Current Developments in Nutrition, 2021, 5, 1073.	0.3	0
70	Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D is associated with fracture risk only during periods of seasonally high levels in women with a high body mass index. Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, 2020, 36, 1957-1966.	2.8	0
71	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003331.		0

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73	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003331.		0
74	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003331.		0
75	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003331.		0