

Mary M Jenkins

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

18
papers

413
citations

933447

10
h-index

888059

17
g-index

18
all docs

18
docs citations

18
times ranked

550
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Exome sequencing identifies variants in infants with sacral agenesis. <i>Birth Defects Research</i> , 2022, 114, 215-227.	1.5	2
2	A genome-wide association study of obstructive heart defects among participants in the National Birth Defects Prevention Study. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2022, 188, 2303-2314.	1.2	3
3	Exome sequencing identifies genetic variants in anophthalmia and microphthalmia. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2022, 188, 2376-2388.	1.2	2
4	Paternal genetic variants and risk of obstructive heart defects: A parent-of-origin approach. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2021, 17, e1009413.	3.5	2
5	Exome sequencing of child-parent trios with bladder exstrophy: Findings in 26 children. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2021, 185, 3028-3041.	1.2	4
6	A genome-wide association study implicates the BMP7 locus as a risk factor for nonsyndromic metopic craniosynostosis. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 2020, 139, 1077-1090.	3.8	24
7	Exome sequencing of family trios from the National Birth Defects Prevention Study: Tapping into a rich resource of genetic and environmental data. <i>Birth Defects Research</i> , 2019, 111, 1618-1632.	1.5	9
8	Genome-wide association studies of structural birth defects: A review and commentary. <i>Birth Defects Research</i> , 2019, 111, 1329-1342.	1.5	34
9	Impact of sample collection participation on the validity of estimated measures of association in the National Birth Defects Prevention Study when assessing gene-environment interactions. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2017, 41, 834-843.	1.3	1
10	The national birth defects prevention study: A review of the methods. <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , 2015, 103, 656-669.	1.6	188
11	Challenges in Studying Modifiable Risk Factors for Birth Defects. <i>Current Epidemiology Reports</i> , 2015, 2, 23-30.	2.4	31
12	Maternal smoking, xenobiotic metabolizing enzyme gene variants, and gastroschisis risk. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2014, 164, 1454-1463.	1.2	23
13	Qualitative assessment of study materials and communication strategies used in studies that include DNA collection. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2011, 155, 2721-2731.	1.2	10
14	Evaluation of mailed pediatric buccal cytobrushes for use in a case-control study of birth defects. <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , 2011, 91, 642-648.	1.6	14
15	Maternal attitudes toward DNA collection for gene-environment studies: A qualitative research study. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2009, 149A, 2378-2386.	1.2	21
16	Ethical issues raised by incorporation of genetics into the National Birth Defects Prevention Study. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part C: Seminars in Medical Genetics</i> , 2008, 148C, 40-46.	1.6	14
17	A novel stop codon mutation (X417L) of the ferrochelatase gene in bovine protoporphyria, a natural animal model of the human disease. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 1998, 1408, 18-24.	3.8	15
18	A high-frequency polymorphism of NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase in African-Americans. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 1997, 99, 248-250.	3.8	16