Chris Salisbury

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4491991/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

274 papers 14,666 citations

28190 55 h-index 24179 110 g-index

285 all docs

285 docs citations

times ranked

285

16275 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Danish validation of the Multimorbidity Treatment Burden Questionnaire (MTBQ) and findings from a population health survey: a mixed-methods study. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e055276.	0.8	5
2	Perspectives of GPs working in or alongside emergency departments in England: qualitative findings from the GPs and Emergency Departments Study. British Journal of General Practice, 2022, 72, e764-e772.	0.7	2
3	Assessing the severity of cardiovascular disease in 213 088 patients with coronary heart disease: a retrospective cohort study. Open Heart, 2021, 8, e001498.	0.9	O
4	The contribution of depressive †disorder characteristics' to determinations of prognosis for adults with depression: an individual patient data meta-analysis. Psychological Medicine, 2021, 51, 1068-1081.	2.7	28
5	Changes in presentations with features potentially indicating cancer in primary care during the COVID-19 pandemic: a retrospective cohort study. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e050131.	0.8	6
6	Continuous, risk-based, consultation peer review in out-of-hours general practice: a qualitative interview study of the benefits and limitations. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, e797-e805.	0.7	3
7	Maintaining face-to-face contact during the COVID-19 pandemic: a longitudinal qualitative investigation in UK primary care. BJGP Open, 2021, 5, BJGPO.2021.0036.	0.9	24
8	The development and validation of a prognostic model to PREDICT Relapse of depression in adult patients in primary care: protocol for the PREDICTR study. Diagnostic and Prognostic Research, 2021, 5, 12.	0.8	3
9	Factors influencing streaming to General Practitioners in emergency departments: A qualitative study. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2021, 120, 103980.	2.5	3
10	Can we achieve better recruitment by providing better information? Meta-analysis of â€~studies within a trial' (SWATs) of optimised participant information sheets. BMC Medicine, 2021, 19, 218.	2.3	12
11	Implementation of remote consulting in UK primary care following the COVID-19 pandemic: a mixed-methods longitudinal study. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, e166-e177.	0.7	280
12	Measuring the complexity of general practice consultations: a Delphi and cross-sectional study in English primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, e423-e431.	0.7	12
13	Is continuity of primary care declining in England? Practice-level longitudinal study from 2012 to 2017. British Journal of General Practice, 2021, 71, e432-e440.	0.7	27
14	Potential impacts of general practitioners working in or alongside emergency departments in England: initial qualitative findings from a national mixed-methods evaluation. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e045453.	0.8	1
15	How do they measure up? Differences in stakeholder perceptions of quality measures used in English community nursing. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2020, 25, 142-150.	0.8	2
16	Workforce predictive risk modelling: development of a model to identify general practices at risk of a supplyârdemand imbalance. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e027934.	0.8	6
17	Relational continuity and patients' perception of GP trust and respect: a qualitative study. British Journal of General Practice, 2020, 70, e676-e683.	0.7	30
18	Cost-effectiveness of a patient-centred approach to managing multimorbidity in primary care: a pragmatic cluster randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e030110.	0.8	8

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Development and validation of the Dlabetes Severity SCOre (DISSCO) in 139 626 individuals with type 2 diabetes: a retrospective cohort study. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care, 2020, 8, e000962.	1.2	8
20	Development and validation of the Multimorbidity Treatment Burden Questionnaire (MTBQ). BMJ Open, 2020, 8, e019413.	0.8	103
21	The Impact of Digital-First Consultations on Workload in General Practice: Modeling Study. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2020, 22, e18203.	2.1	71
22	Private Video Consultation Services and the Future of Primary Care. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2020, 22, e19415.	2.1	30
23	DoesÂhealth and social care provision for the community dwelling older population help to reduce unplanned secondary care, support timely discharge and improve patient well-being? A mixed method meta-review of systematic reviews. F1000Research, 2020, 9, 857.	0.8	4
24	Raised inflammatory markers as a predictor of one-year mortality: a cohort study in primary care in the UK using electronic health record data. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e036027.	0.8	0
25	Raised inflammatory markers as a predictor of one-year mortality: a cohort study in primary care in the UK using electronic health record data. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e036027.	0.8	5
26	Implications of multimorbidity patterns on health care utilisation and quality of life in middle-income countries: cross-sectional analysis. Journal of Global Health, 2019, 9, 020413.	1.2	35
27	Directly Acting Oral Anticoagulants for the Prevention of Stroke in Atrial Fibrillation in England and Wales: Cost-Effectiveness Model and Value of Information Analysis. MDM Policy and Practice, 2019, 4, 238146831986682.	0.5	9
28	Identifying policies and strategies for general practitioner retention in direct patient care in the United Kingdom: a RAND/UCLA appropriateness method panel study. BMC Family Practice, 2019, 20, 130.	2.9	6
29	â€~Multimorbidity': an acceptable term for patients or time for a rebrand?. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, 372-373.	0.7	6
30	Designing health care for the people who need it: James Mackenzie Lecture 2018. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, 458-459.	0.7	3
31	Multimorbidity and patient-centred care in the 3D trial – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2019, 393, 129.	6.3	0
32	Assessing the severity of Type 2 diabetes using clinical dataâ€based measures: a systematic review. Diabetic Medicine, 2019, 36, 688-701.	1.2	9
33	Added value and cascade effects of inflammatory marker tests in UK primary care: a cohort study from the Clinical Practice Research Datalink. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e470-e478.	0.7	23
34	Use of multiple inflammatory marker tests in primary care: using Clinical Practice Research Datalink to evaluate accuracy. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e462-e469.	0.7	19
35	Is the future of general practice safe for patients?. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, 257-258.	0.7	1
36	Predictive value of inflammatory markers for cancer diagnosis in primary care: a prospective cohort study using electronic health records. British Journal of Cancer, 2019, 120, 1045-1051.	2.9	55

#	Article	IF	Citations
37	Patient consultation rate and clinical and NHS outcomes: a cross-sectional analysis of English primary care data from 2.7 million patients in 238 practices. BMC Health Services Research, 2019, 19, 219.	0.9	9
38	The impact of a named GP scheme on continuity of care and emergency hospital admission: a cohort study among older patients in England, 2012–2016. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e029103.	0.8	21
39	Can implementation failure or intervention failure explain the result of the 3D multimorbidity trial in general practice: mixed-methods process evaluation. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e031438.	0.8	22
40	Authors' response. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, 490.3-490.	0.7	0
41	Reorganisation of general practice: be careful what you wish for. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, 517-518.	0.7	7
42	A patient-centred intervention to improve the management of multimorbidity in general practice: the 3D RCT. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2019, 7, 1-238.	1.4	15
43	Policies and strategies to retain and support the return of experienced GPs in direct patient care: the ReGROUP mixed-methods study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2019, 7, 1-288.	1.4	11
44	Primary Care Outcomes Questionnaire: psychometric testing of a new instrument. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e433-e440.	0.7	12
45	Alternatives to the face-to-face consultation in general practice: focused ethnographic case study. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e293-e300.	0.7	74
46	Why do GPs leave direct patient care and what might help to retain them? A qualitative study of GPs in South West England. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019849.	0.8	28
47	Qualitative assessment of the primary care outcomes questionnaire: a cognitive interview study. BMC Health Services Research, 2018, 18, 79.	0.9	17
48	A Core Outcome Set for Multimorbidity Research (COSmm). Annals of Family Medicine, 2018, 16, 132-138.	0.9	105
49	Implementing online consultations in primary care: a mixed-method evaluation extending normalisation process theory through service co-production. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019966.	0.8	67
50	Use of an electronic consultation system in primary care: a qualitative interview study. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e1-e8.	0.7	76
51	Practice variation in the use of tests in UK primary care: a retrospective analysis of 16 million tests performed over 3.3 million patient years in 2015/16. BMC Medicine, 2018, 16, 229.	2.3	21
52	General practitioners and emergency departments (GPED)â€"efficient models of care: a mixed-methods study protocol. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e024012.	0.8	12
53	Understanding usual care for patients with multimorbidity: baseline data from a cluster-randomised trial of the 3D intervention in primary care. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019845.	0.8	15
54	Temporal trends in use of tests in UK primary care, 2000-15: retrospective analysis of 250 million tests. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 363, k4666.	2.4	91

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Patient understanding of two commonly used patient reported outcome measures for primary care: a cognitive interview study. BMC Family Practice, 2018, 19, 162.	2.9	5
56	Using electronic health records to quantify and stratify the severity of type 2 diabetes in primary care in England: rationale and cohort study design. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e020926.	0.8	14
57	Management of multimorbidity using a patient-centred care model: a pragmatic cluster-randomised trial of the 3D approach. Lancet, The, 2018, 392, 41-50.	6.3	254
58	Receptionists' role in new approaches to consultations in primary care: a focused ethnographic study. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e478-e486.	0.7	13
59	A computer template to enhance patient-centredness in multimorbidity reviews: a qualitative evaluation in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e495-e504.	0.7	11
60	Identification, description and appraisal of generic PROMs for primary care: a systematic review. BMC Family Practice, 2018, 19, 41.	2.9	24
61	Factors associated with consultation rates in general practice in England, 2013–2014: a cross-sectional study. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e370-e377.	0.7	34
62	Measuring quality in community nursing: a mixed-methods study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2018, 6, 1-132.	1.4	8
63	The potential of alternatives to face-to-face consultation in general practice, and the impact on different patient groups: a mixed-methods case study. Health Services and Delivery Research, 2018, 6, 1-200.	1.4	59
64	Continuity of primary care matters and should be protected. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 356, j373.	2.4	23
65	Identifying possible reasons why female street sex workers have poor drug treatment outcomes: a qualitative study. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e013018.	0.8	16
66	What do tests do for doctors? A qualitative study of blood testing in UK primary care. Family Practice, 2017, 34, 735-739.	0.8	17
67	The â€~One in a Million' study: creating a database of UK primary care consultations. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e345-e351.	0.7	48
68	Why do patients seek primary medical care in emergency departments? An ethnographic exploration of access to general practice. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e013816.	0.8	65
69	Quitting patient care and career break intentions among general practitioners in South West England: findings of a census survey of general practitioners. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e015853.	0.8	37
70	STEMS pilot trial: a pilot cluster randomised controlled trial to investigate the addition of patient direct access to physiotherapy to usual GP-led primary care for adults with musculoskeletal pain. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e012987.	0.8	27
71	Continuity of Primary Care and Emergency Hospital Admissions Among Older Patients in England. Annals of Family Medicine, 2017, 15, 515-522.	0.9	39
72	Patient-level and practice-level factors associated with consultation duration: a cross-sectional analysis of over one million consultations in English primary care. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e018261.	0.8	24

#	Article	IF	Citations
7 3	Agreeing the content of a patientâ€reported outcome measure for primary care: a Delphi consensus study. Health Expectations, 2017, 20, 335-348.	1.1	17
74	The Foundations Framework for Developing and Reporting New Models of Care for Multimorbidity. Annals of Family Medicine, 2017, 15, 570-577.	0.9	33
7 5	Use of a primary care online consultation system, by whom, when and why: evaluation of a pilot observational study in 36 general practices in South West England. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e016901.	0.8	84
76	Telephone first consultations in primary care. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 358, j4345.	2.4	5
77	Oral anticoagulants for prevention of stroke in atrial fibrillation: systematic review, network meta-analysis, and cost effectiveness analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 359, j5058.	2.4	373
78	Better value primary care is needed now more than ever. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2017, 359, j4944.	2.4	12
79	Conducting a team-based multi-sited focused ethnography in primary care. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2017, 17, 139.	1.4	38
80	Exploring the relationship between general practice characteristics and attendance at Walk-in Centres, Minor Injuries Units and Emergency Departments in England 2009/10–2012/2013: a longitudinal study. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 546.	0.9	7
81	Oral anticoagulants for primary prevention, treatment and secondary prevention of venous thromboembolic disease, and for prevention of stroke in atrial fibrillation: systematic review, network meta-analysis and cost-effectiveness analysis. Health Technology Assessment, 2017, 21, 1-386.	1.3	117
82	An evidence-based approach to the use of telehealth in long-term health conditions: development of an intervention and evaluation through pragmatic randomised controlled trials in patients with depression or raised cardiovascular risk. Programme Grants for Applied Research, 2017, 5, 1-468.	0.4	4
83	Development and Validation of a Questionnaire to Assess Multimorbidity in Primary Care: An Indian Experience. BioMed Research International, 2016, 2016, 1-9.	0.9	41
84	Improving the management of multimorbidity in general practice: protocol of a cluster randomised controlled trial (The 3D Study). BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011261.	0.8	29
85	Cost-effectiveness of telehealth for patients with depression: evidence from the Healthlines randomised controlled trial. BJPsych Open, 2016, 2, 262-269.	0.3	19
86	Can continuity of primary care decrease emergency care use? A nested case-control study. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, S13.	6.3	3
87	Clinical workload in UK primary care: a retrospective analysis of 100 million consultations in England, 2007–14. Lancet, The, 2016, 387, 2323-2330.	6.3	453
88	â€Tl'm fishing really' — inflammatory marker testing in primary care: a qualitative study. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e200-e206.	0.7	25
89	Telephone triage systems in UK general practice: analysis of consultation duration during the index day in a pragmatic randomised controlled trial. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e214-e218.	0.7	36
90	Building the House of Care for people with long-term conditions: the foundation of the House of Care framework. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e288-e290.	0.7	14

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Effectiveness of an integrated telehealth service for patients with depression: a pragmatic randomised controlled trial of a complex intervention. Lancet Psychiatry, the, 2016, 3, 515-525.	3.7	73
92	Using alternatives to face-to-face consultations: a survey of prevalence and attitudes in general practice. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e460-e466.	0.7	100
93	Cost-effectiveness of telehealth for patients with raised cardiovascular disease risk: evidence from the Healthlines randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e012352.	0.8	25
94	Telehealth for patients at high risk of cardiovascular disease: pragmatic randomised controlled trial. BMJ, The, 2016, 353, i2647.	3.0	50
95	Cost-effectiveness modelling of telehealth for patients with raised cardiovascular disease risk: evidence from a cohort simulation conducted alongside the Healthlines randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e012355.	0.8	14
96	Exploring the relationship between general practice characteristics, and attendance at walk-in centres, minor injuries units and EDs in England 2012/2013: a cross-sectional study. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2016, 33, 702-708.	0.4	13
97	Protocol for a process evaluation of a cluster randomised controlled trial to improve management of multimorbidity in general practice: the 3D study. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011260.	0.8	27
98	Increasing follow-up questionnaire response rates in a randomized controlled trial of telehealth for depression: three embedded controlled studies. Trials, 2016, 17, 107.	0.7	10
99	The acceptability to patients of PhysioDirect telephone assessment and advice services; a qualitative interview study. BMC Health Services Research, 2016, 16, 104.	0.9	26
100	Proliferation of private online healthcare companies. BMJ, The, 2016, 352, i1076.	3.0	6
101	Being Human: A Qualitative Interview Study Exploring Why a Telehealth Intervention for Management of Chronic Conditions Had a Modest Effect. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2016, 18, e163.	2.1	24
102	Prevalence, Correlates, and Outcomes of Multimorbidity Among Patients Attending Primary Care in Odisha, India. Annals of Family Medicine, 2015, 13, 446-450.	0.9	64
103	RCGP Research Paper of the Year 2014: partnership with patients is an important theme in primary care research. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, 595-595.	0.7	1
104	Prevalence and outcomes of multimorbidity in South Asia: a systematic review. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e007235.	0.8	129
105	Systematic review of interventions to reduce illicit drug use in female drug-dependent street sex workers. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e009238-e009238.	0.8	18
106	Exploring demographic and lifestyle associations with patient experience following telephone triage by a primary care doctor or nurse: secondary analyses from a cluster randomised controlled trial. BMJ Quality and Safety, 2015, 24, 572-582.	1.8	10
107	Patient–doctor continuity and diagnosis of cancer: electronic medical records study in general practice. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e305-e311.	0.7	24
108	Improving recruitment to a study of telehealth management for long-term conditions in primary care: two embedded, randomised controlled trials of optimised patient information materials. Trials, 2015, 16, 309.	0.7	35

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
109	Assessing the implementability of telehealth interventions for self-management support: a realist review. Implementation Science, 2015, 10, 59.	2.5	101
110	Who does not participate in telehealth trials and why? A cross-sectional survey. Trials, 2015, 16, 258.	0.7	44
111	A pilot cluster randomised controlled trial to investigate the addition of direct access to physiotherapy to usual GP-led primary care for adults with musculoskeletal pain: the STEMS pilot trial protocol (ISRCTN23378642). Pilot and Feasibility Studies, 2015, 1, 26.	0.5	4
112	Advance telephone notification of follow-up in the healthlines study: a nested study of patients with depression. Trials, 2015 , 16 , .	0.7	0
113	Testing the effectiveness of user-tested patient information on recruitment rates across multiple trials: meta-analysis of data from the start programme. Trials, 2015, 16, .	0.7	0
114	TElehealth in CHronic disease: mixed-methods study to develop the TECH conceptual model for intervention design and evaluation. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e006448-e006448.	0.8	66
115	Research into practice: accessing primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e864-e868.	0.7	8
116	Managing patients with multimorbidity in primary care. BMJ, The, 2015, 350, h176-h176.	3.0	475
117	Patient perspectives on telephone triage in general practice – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2015, 385, 688.	6.3	5
118	Implementing telephone triage in general practice: a process evaluation of a cluster randomised controlled trial. BMC Family Practice, 2015, 16, 47.	2.9	20
119	Patient and practitioners' views on the most important outcomes arising from primary care consultations: a qualitative study. BMC Family Practice, 2015, 16, 108.	2.9	14
120	Depth of the patient–doctor relationship and content of general practice consultations: cross-sectional study. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e545-e551.	0.7	23
121	The clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of telephone triage for managing same-day consultation requests in general practice: a cluster randomised controlled trial comparing general practitioner-led and nurse-led management systems with usual care (the ESTEEM trial). Health Technology Assessment. 2015. 19. 1-212.	1.3	50
122	Can the outcome of primary care be measured by a Patient Reported Outcome Measure?. British Journal of General Practice, 2014, 64, 647-648.	0.7	13
123	Prevalence, Determinants and Patterns of Multimorbidity in Primary Care: A Systematic Review of Observational Studies. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e102149.	1.1	755
124	Telephone triage for management of same-day consultation requests in general practice (the ESTEEM) Tj ETQq0 (0 0 rgBT /0 6.3	Overlock 10 ⁻ 156
125	Systematic techniques for assisting recruitment to trials (START): study protocol for embedded, randomized controlled trials. Trials, 2014, 15, 407.	0.7	61
126	Which features of primary care affect unscheduled secondary care use? A systematic review. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e004746.	0.8	158

#	Article	IF	Citations
127	Managing multimorbidity in primary care. InnovAiT, 2014, 7, 691-700.	0.0	3
128	Effectiveness of PhysioDirect telephone assessment and advice services for patients with musculoskeletal problems:. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2014, 48, 1391-1391.	3.1	3
129	Do depressed and anxious men do groups? What works and what are the barriers to help seeking?. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2014, 15, 287-301.	0.5	18
130	Health services changes: is a run-in period necessary before evaluation in randomised clinical trials?. Trials, 2014, 15, 41.	0.7	4
131	Effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a telehealth intervention to support the management of long-term conditions: study protocol for two linked randomized controlled trials. Trials, 2014, 15, 36.	0.7	33
132	The risk of cancer in primary care patients with hypercalcaemia: a cohort study using electronic records. British Journal of Cancer, 2014, 111, 1410-1412.	2.9	22
133	Complex consultations in primary care: a tool for assessing the range of health problems and issues addressed in general practice consultations. BMC Family Practice, 2014, 15, 105.	2.9	12
134	Telehealth interventions for primary prevention of cardiovascular disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Preventive Medicine, 2014, 64, 88-95.	1.6	38
135	Keep it simple? Predicting primary health care costs with clinical morbidity measures. Journal of Health Economics, 2014, 35, 109-122.	1.3	45
136	RCGP Research Paper of the Year 2013. British Journal of General Practice, 2014, 64, 584-584.	0.7	4
137	Can paramedics use FRAX (the WHO Fracture Risk Assessment Tool) to help GPs improve future fracture risk in patients who fall? Protocol for a randomised controlled feasibility study. BMJ Open, 2014, 4, e005744-e005744.	0.8	1
138	Are People With Chronic Diseases Interested in Using Telehealth? A Cross-Sectional Postal Survey. Journal of Medical Internet Research, 2014, 16, e123.	2.1	103
139	The effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of telephone triage of patients requesting same day consultations in general practice: study protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial comparing nurse-led and GP-led management systems (ESTEEM). Trials, 2013, 14, 4.	0.7	17
140	Socio-economic position and childhood multimorbidity: a study using linkage between the Avon Longitudinal study of parents and children and the general practice research database. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2013, 12, 66.	1.5	16
141	Comparing sensitivity to change of two patient-reported outcome measures in a randomised trial of patients referred for physiotherapy services. Trials, 2013, 14, O50.	0.7	3
142	A multimedia intervention to enhance recruitment to clinical trials in primary care and community settings: process of development and evaluation. Trials, 2013, 14, .	0.7	4
143	A pragmatic randomised controlled trial of †PhysioDirect' telephone assessment and advice services for patients with musculoskeletal problems: economic evaluation. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e003406.	0.8	14
144	Comparing measures of multimorbidity to predict outcomes in primary care: a cross sectional study. Family Practice, 2013, 30, 172-178.	0.8	134

#	Article	IF	Citations
145	Effectiveness of PhysioDirect telephone assessment and advice services for patients with musculoskeletal problems: pragmatic randomised controlled trial. BMJ, The, 2013, 346, f43-f43.	3.0	56
146	Protecting the health of sex workers: will the real agenda please stand up. Postgraduate Medical Journal, 2013, 89, 369-370.	0.9	4
147	Roles and identities in transition: boundaries of work and inter-professional relationships at the interface between telehealth and primary care. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2013, 21, n/a-n/a.	0.7	51
148	The content of general practice consultations: cross-sectional study based on video recordings. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e751-e759.	0.7	84
149	Multimorbidity: time for action rather than words. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, 64-65.	0.7	30
150	Implications of comorbidity for primary care costs in the UK: a retrospective observational study. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e274-e282.	0.7	68
151	How to Design and Evaluate Interventions to Improve Outcomes for Patients with Multimorbidity. Journal of Comorbidity, 2013, 3, 10-17.	3.9	46
152	Royal College of General Practitioners Research Paper of the Year 2012. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, 426-427.	0.7	1
153	A pragmatic randomised controlled trial of the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of  PhysioDirect' telephone assessment and advice services for physiotherapy. Health Technology Assessment, 2013, 17, 1-157.	1.3	52
154	Parents' views and experiences of childhood obesity management in primary care: a qualitative study. Family Practice, 2012, 29, 476-481.	0.8	51
155	Measures of Multimorbidity and Morbidity Burden for Use in Primary Care and Community Settings: A Systematic Review and Guide. Annals of Family Medicine, 2012, 10, 134-141.	0.9	480
156	Reconfiguring the emergency and urgent care workforce: Mixed methods study of skills and the everyday work of non-clinical call-handlers in the NHS. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2012, 17, 233-240.	0.8	19
157	Group psychological therapies for depression in the community: systematic review and meta-analysis. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2012, 200, 184-190.	1.7	105
158	Detection of patient psychological distress and longitudinal patient–doctor relationships: a cross-sectional study. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, e167-e173.	0.7	6
159	Multimorbidity: redesigning health care for people who use it. Lancet, The, 2012, 380, 7-9.	6.3	243
160	Acceptability and implementation of PhysioDirect telephone advice and treatment services: a multi-perspective. International Journal of Integrated Care, 2012, 12, .	0.1	0
161	Emergency admissions for coronary heart disease: A cross-sectional study of general practice, population and hospital factors in England. Public Health, 2011, 125, 46-54.	1.4	42
162	Lessons from evaluation of the NHS white paper Our Health, Our Care, Our Say. British Journal of General Practice, 2011, 61, e766-e771.	0.7	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
163	Effect of Financial Incentives on Incentivized and Nonincentivized Clinical Activities: Longitudinal Analysis of Data From the UK Quality and Outcomes Framework. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2011, 66, 677-679.	0.2	1
164	The evidence for and against â€~PhysioDirect' telephone assessment and advice services. Physiotherapy, 2011, 97, 78-82.	0.2	26
165	Group cognitive behavioural therapy for women with depression: pilot and feasibility study for a randomised controlled trial using mixed methods. BMC Psychiatry, 2011, 11, 82.	1.1	40
166	Effect of financial incentives on incentivised and non-incentivised clinical activities: longitudinal analysis of data from the UK Quality and Outcomes Framework. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2011, 342, d3590-d3590.	2.4	208
167	Patient-Doctor Depth-of-Relationship Scale: Development and Validation. Annals of Family Medicine, 2011, 9, 538-545.	0.9	48
168	The Society for Academic Primary Care: Position Statement April 2011. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2011, 12, 183-184.	0.5	2
169	Emergency Respiratory Admissions: Influence of Practice, Population and Hospital Factors. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2011, 16, 133-140.	0.8	40
170	Making the most of evaluation: A mixed methods study in the English NHS. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2011, 16, 218-225.	0.8	3
171	Policy makers' perceptions on the use of evidence from evaluations. Evidence and Policy, 2011, 7, 429-447.	0.5	31
172	Epidemiology and impact of multimorbidity in primary care: a retrospective cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2011, 61, e12-e21.	0.7	647
173	Widening the role of NHS direct to support long-term health: integrating results from an evidence synthesis, qualitative research and patient survey. International Journal of Integrated Care, $2011, 11, \ldots$	0.1	0
174	Does a general practitioner support unit reduce admissions following medical referrals from general practitioners?. Quality in Primary Care, 2011, 19, 23-33.	0.8	2
175	Developing quality indicators for community services: the case of district nursing. Quality in Primary Care, 2011, 19, 155-66.	0.8	14
176	The impact of Advanced Access on antibiotic prescribing: a controlled before and after study. Family Practice, 2010, 27, 554-555.	0.8	2
177	Access to urgent health care. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2010, 27, 186-188.	0.4	5
178	Urgent care and the patient. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2010, 27, 181-182.	0.4	5
179	Patients' experience and satisfaction in primary care: secondary analysis using multilevel modelling. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2010, 341, c5004-c5004.	2.4	125
180	Prioritizing ambulatory care sensitive hospital admissions in England for research and intervention: a Delphi exercise. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2010, 11, 41.	0.5	23

#	Article	IF	Citations
181	Validation of an improved area-based method of calculating general practice–level deprivation. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2010, 63, 746-751.	2.4	8
182	User satisfaction with commuter walk-in centres. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, e390-e393.	0.7	8
183	Do walk-in centres for commuters work? A mixed methods evaluation. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, e383-e389.	0.7	9
184	Real-Time Quantitative PCR To Determine Chlamydial Load in Men and Women in a Community Setting. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2009, 47, 1824-1829.	1.8	30
185	The patient–doctor relationship: a synthesis of the qualitative literature on patients' perspectives. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, e116-e133.	0.7	247
186	Defining Comorbidity: Implications for Understanding Health and Health Services. Annals of Family Medicine, 2009, 7, 357-363.	0.9	1,183
187	Under one roof? A population-based survey of patient use and preference for sexual health services. Primary Health Care Research and Development, 2009, 10, 223.	0.5	5
188	'PhysioDirect' telephone assessment and advice services for physiotherapy: protocol for a pragmatic randomised controlled trial. BMC Health Services Research, 2009, 9, 136.	0.9	17
189	Ambulatory care sensitive conditions: terminology and disease coding need to be more specific to aid policy makers and clinicians. Public Health, 2009, 123, 169-173.	1.4	316
190	Practitioners' views on managing childhood obesity in primary care: a qualitative study. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, 856-862.	0.7	49
191	How should continuity of care in primary health care be assessed?. British Journal of General Practice, 2009, 59, e134-e141.	0.7	85
192	Using patient experience within pay for performance programmes. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2009, 339, b4224-b4224.	2.4	10
193	Predictors of complementary therapy use among asthma patients: results of a primary care survey. Health and Social Care in the Community, 2008, 16, 155-164.	0.7	36
194	Improving access to primary care: Eight case studies of introducing Advanced Access in England. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2008, 13, 33-39.	0.8	24
195	The involvement of private companies in NHS general practice. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 336, 400-401.	2.4	8
196	The multiplicity and interdependency of factors influencing the health of street-based sex workers: a qualitative study. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2008, 84, 381-385.	0.8	36
197	Is Fast Access to General Practice all that Should Matter? A Discrete Choice Experiment of Patients' Preferences. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2008, 13, 3-10.	0.8	84
198	Patients' preferences within randomised trials: systematic review and patient level meta-analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2008, 337, a1864-a1864.	2.4	243

#	Article	IF	Citations
199	Impact of same-day appointments on patient satisfaction with general practice appointment systems. British Journal of General Practice, 2008, 58, 641-643.	0.7	22
200	Evaluating Open Access: Problems with the Program or the Studies?. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2008, 149, 910.	2.0	3
201	Providing care closer to home. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2007, 335, 838-838.	2.4	4
202	The impact of co-located NHS walk-in centres on emergency departments. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2007, 24, 265-269.	0.4	56
203	Comparing care at walk-in centres and at accident and emergency departments: an exploration of patient choice, preference and satisfaction. Emergency Medicine Journal, 2007, 24, 260-264.	0.4	28
204	Definitions of Chronic Health Conditions in Childhood. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 298, 1636.	3.8	2
205	NHS walk-in centres. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2007, 334, 808-809.	2.4	4
206	Health needs and service use of parlour-based prostitutes compared with street-based prostitutes: a cross-sectional survey. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2007, 114, 875-881.	1.1	77
207	Epidemiological, social, diagnostic and economic evaluation of population screening for genital chlamydial infection. Health Technology Assessment, 2007, 11, iii-iv, ix-xii, 1-165.	1.3	125
208	Impact of Advanced Access on access, workload, and continuity: controlled before-and-after and simulated-patient study. British Journal of General Practice, 2007, 57, 608-14.	0.7	36
209	Does Advanced Access improve access to primary health care? Questionnaire survey of patients. British Journal of General Practice, 2007, 57, 615-21.	0.7	40
210	Maximising Responses to Discrete Choice Experiments. Applied Health Economics and Health Policy, 2006, 5, 249-260.	1.0	27
211	'Taking off the suit': engaging the community in primary health care decision-making. Health Expectations, 2006, 9, 70-80.	1.1	35
212	Preferences for aspects of a dermatology consultation. British Journal of Dermatology, 2006, 155, 387-392.	1.4	49
213	Overcoming clinical inertia in the management of hypertension. Cmaj, 2006, 174, 1285-1286.	0.9	13
214	Partner notification of chlamydia infection in primary care: randomised controlled trial and analysis of resource use. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2006, 332, 14-19.	2.4	58
215	'Two sides of the coin'the value of personal continuity to GPs: a qualitative interview study. Family Practice, 2006, 23, 461-468.	0.8	60
216	Vulvovaginal-Swab or First-Catch Urine Specimen To Detect Chlamydia trachomatis in Women in a Community Setting?. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2006, 44, 4389-4394.	1.8	42

#	Article	IF	Citations
217	One stop shop versus collaborative integration: what is the best way of delivering sexual health services?. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2006, 82, 202-206.	0.8	26
218	Opportunistic and systematic screening for chlamydia: a study of consultations by young adults in general practice. British Journal of General Practice, 2006, 56, 99-103.	0.7	36
219	Comparing the cost of nurse practitioners and GPs in primary care: modelling economic data from randomised trials. British Journal of General Practice, 2006, 56, 530-5.	0.7	84
220	Implementation of Advanced Access in general practice: postal survey of practices. British Journal of General Practice, 2006, 56, 918-23.	0.7	20
221	Evaluation of a general practitioner with special interest service for dermatology: randomised controlled trial. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 331, 1441-1446.	2.4	63
222	Developing a standard short questionnaire for the assessment of patient satisfaction with out-of-hours primary care. Family Practice, 2005, 22, 560-569.	0.8	42
223	Enhanced Enzyme Immunoassay with Negative-Gray-Zone Testing Compared to a Single Nucleic Acid Amplification Technique for Community-Based Chlamydial Screening of Men. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2005, 43, 2065-2069.	1.8	9
224	Coverage and uptake of systematic postal screening for genital Chlamydia trachomatis and prevalence of infection in the United Kingdom general population: cross sectional study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 330, 940.	2.4	116
225	Economic evaluation of a general practitioner with special interests led dermatology service in primary care. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2005, 331, 1444-1449.	2.4	60
226	Screening for chlamydia. Lancet, The, 2005, 365, 1539-1540.	6.3	1
227	What do other local providers think of NHS walk-in centres? Results of a postal survey. Public Health, 2005, 119, 39-44.	1.4	13
228	A health needs assessment of street-based prostitutes: cross-sectional survey. Journal of Public Health, 2004, 26, 147-151.	1.0	66
229	Perceptions of patient expectation for an antibiotic: a comparison of walk-in centre nurses and GPs. Family Practice, 2004, 21, 492-499.	0.8	21
230	The chlamydia screening studies: rationale and design. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2004, 80, 342-348.	0.8	40
231	Does advanced access work for patients and practices?. British Journal of General Practice, 2004, 54, 330-1.	0.7	19
232	Self-reported experiences of health services among female street-based prostitutes: a cross-sectional survey. British Journal of General Practice, 2004, 54, 515-9.	0.7	53
233	Bias in chlamydia prevalence surveys. Lancet, The, 2003, 362, 1157-1158.	6.3	3
234	The provision of 'same-day' care in general practice: an observational study. Family Practice, 2003, 20, 41-47.	0.8	16

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
235	Patient group directions for antibiotic supply in Walk-in Centres: how legal are they?. British Journal of Community Nursing, 2003, 8, 209-213.	0.2	7
236	Impact of NHS walk-in centres on the workload of other local healthcare providers: time series analysis. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2003, 326, 532-532.	2.4	57
237	Walk-in centres in primary care: a review of the international literature. British Journal of General Practice, 2003, 53, 53-9.	0.7	36
238	Do children with non-malignant life-threatening conditions receive effective palliative care? A pragmatic evaluation of a local service. Palliative Medicine, 2002, 16, 410-416.	1.3	12
239	Systematic review of whether nurse practitioners working in primary care can provide equivalent care to doctors. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2002, 324, 819-823.	2.4	934
240	What is the role of walk-in centres in the NHS?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2002, 324, 399-402.	2.4	51
241	An observational study comparing quality of care in walk-in centres with general practice and NHS Direct using standardised patients. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2002, 324, 1556-1556.	2.4	49
242	Questionnaire survey of users of NHS walk-in centres: observational study. British Journal of General Practice, 2002, 52, 554-60.	0.7	35
243	Peer led programme for asthma education in adolescents. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2001, 323, 110-110.	2.4	1
244	Demand for and supply of out of hours care from general practitioners in England and Scotland: observational study based on routinely collected data. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 618-621.	2.4	58
245	The demand for out-of-hours care from GPs: a review. Family Practice, 2000, 17, 340-347.	0.8	42
246	The level of need for palliative care: a systematic review of the literature. Palliative Medicine, 2000, 14, 93-104.	1.3	126
247	Assessing palliative care is difficult. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2000, 320, 942-942.	2.4	13
248	The impact of different models of specialist palliative care on patients' quality of life: a systematic literature review. Palliative Medicine, 1999, 13, 3-17.	1.3	85
249	Original Paper: Barriers and facilitators to the implementation of evidence-based medicine in general practice: a qualitative study. European Journal of General Practice, 1999, 5, 66-70.	0.9	10
250	Patient and carer preference for, and satisfaction with, specialist models of palliative care: a systematic literature review. Palliative Medicine, 1999, 13, 197-216.	1.3	63
251	Patterns of use of service. , 1999, , 33-42.		1
252	Impact on quality of life. , 1999, , 131-162.		2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
253	Palliative care in hospital., 1999, , 173-191.		O
254	Need for palliative care., 1999,, 43-56.		0
255	Wider implications. , 1999, , 163-172.		0
256	Implications of the findings for the health services. , 1999, , 211-216.		0
257	Models of palliative care., 1999,, 57-68.		0
258	Conduct of the review., 1999,, 13-21.		0
259	Patient and carer satisfaction. , 1999, , 97-130.		0
260	Problems of conducting research in palliative care., 1999,, 22-30.		0
261	Care for patients with cancer or other conditions. , 1999, , 192-208.		0
262	Costs and benefits. , 1999, , 69-78.		0
263	Aims and objectives. , 1999, , 11-12.		0
264	Contemporary models for palliative care nursing. , 1999, , 79-96.		0
265	Healthy living centres. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1999, 319, 1384-1385.	2.4	0
266	Observational study of a general practice out of hours cooperative: measures of activity. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1997, 314, 182-182.	2.4	31
267	Evaluation of a general practice out of hours cooperative: a questionnaire survey of general practitioners. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1997, 314, 1598-1598.	2.4	29
268	Continued prescribing of inappropriate drugs in general practice. Journal of Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics, 1995, 20, 199-205.	0.7	27
269	How do people choose their doctor?. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 1989, 299, 608-610.	2.4	73
270	Evaluation of a general practitioner with special interest service for dermatology: randomised controlled trial. , 0, .		1

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
271	24-Hour Primary Care., 0,,.		0
272	The person-based development and realist evaluation of a pre-consultation form for GP consultations. NIHR Open Research, 0, 2, 19.	0.0	1
273	The person-based development and realist evaluation of a summary report for GP consultations. NIHR Open Research, 0, 2, 20.	0.0	1
274	The consultation open and close study: A feasibility study of a complex intervention. NIHR Open Research, 0, 2, 29.	0.0	3