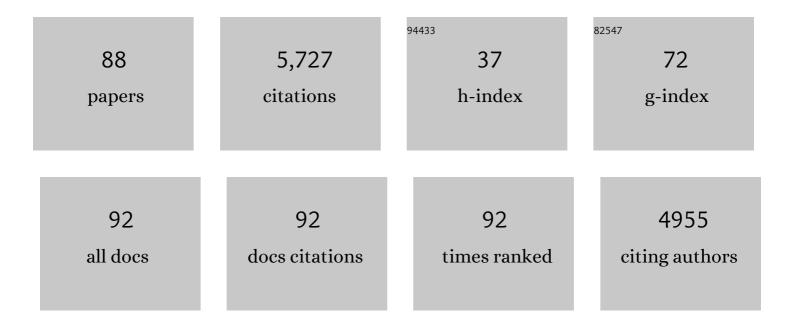
## Marwan Hariz

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/445366/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Distribution of electric field in patients with obsessive compulsive disorder treated with deep brain stimulation of the bed nucleus of stria terminalis. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2022, 164, 193-202.	1.7	6
2	Deep Brain Stimulation for Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder: A Review of the Experimental and Clinical Literature. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2022, 100, 143-155.	1.5	9
3	Pallidotomy: A "Phoenix the Bird―of Surgery for Parkinson's Disease?. Movement Disorders Clinical Practice, 2022, 9, 170-172.	1.5	2
4	Stereotactic Ablative Surgery in Autism: A Cocktail of Lesioned Brain Targets?. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2022, , 1-2.	1.5	0
5	Judith Balkányi-Lepintre (1912–1982): first woman neurosurgeon, first woman war neurosurgeon, and first woman pediatric neurosurgeon in France. Journal of Neurosurgery, 2022, 136, 1465-1469.	1.6	1
6	Leksell's Posteroventral Pallidotomy 1992–2022: Quo Vadis?. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2022, 100, 259-263.	1.5	5
7	Deep Brain Stimulation: Emerging Tools for Simulation, Data Analysis, and Visualization. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 2022, 16, 834026.	2.8	7
8	Deep Brain Stimulation of the Nucleus Basalis of Meynert for Parkinson's Disease Dementia: A 36 Months Follow Up Study. Movement Disorders Clinical Practice, 2022, 9, 765-774.	1.5	3
9	Deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. Journal of Internal Medicine, 2022, 292, 764-778.	6.0	30
10	Basal Ganglia Pathways Associated With Therapeutic Pallidal Deep Brain Stimulation for Tourette Syndrome. Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging, 2021, 6, 961-972.	1.5	12
11	Deep brain stimulation for refractory obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD): emerging or established therapy?. Molecular Psychiatry, 2021, 26, 60-65.	7.9	54
12	Longevity of Deep Brain Stimulation Batteries; a Global Survey of Neurosurgeons and Neurologists. Movement Disorders, 2021, 36, 1273-1274.	3.9	1
13	Pallidotomy for Dystonia: A Neglected Procedure?. Movement Disorders, 2021, 36, 533-534.	3.9	1
14	Paul Bejjani In Memoriam. Movement Disorders, 2021, 36, 1058-1060.	3.9	1
15	Deep Brain Stimulation in the Bed Nucleus of Stria Terminalis in Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder—1-Year Follow-up. World Neurosurgery, 2021, 149, e794-e802.	1.3	16
16	Oh, Georges! What Have They Done to Your Beautiful Name?. Movement Disorders, 2021, 36, 2441-2442.	3.9	0
17	Renaissance for anterior capsulotomy for obsessive–compulsive disorder?. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2021, , jnnp-2021-328121.	1.9	1
18	Structural connectivity predicts clinical outcomes of deep brain stimulation for Tourette syndrome. Brain, 2020, 143, 2607-2623.	7.6	50

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19	Psychosurgery in the History of Stereotactic Functional Neurosurgery. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2020, 98, 241-247.	1.5	9
20	Anterior capsulotomy for obsessive-compulsive disorder: a review of old and new literature. Journal of Neurosurgery, 2020, 133, 1595-1604.	1.6	19
21	Globus pallidal deep brain stimulation for Tourette syndrome: Effects on cognitive function. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2019, 69, 14-18.	2.2	5
22	Battery obsolescence, industry profit and deep brain stimulation. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2019, 161, 2047-2048.	1.7	6
23	A Randomized Trial Directly Comparing Ventral Capsule and Anteromedial Subthalamic Nucleus Stimulation in Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder: Clinical and Imaging Evidence for Dissociable Effects. Biological Psychiatry, 2019, 85, 726-734.	1.3	152
24	Deep brain stimulation has state-dependent effects on motor connectivity in Parkinson's disease. Brain, 2019, 142, 2417-2431.	7.6	33
25	Exploring every ethical avenue. Commentary: The Moral Obligation to Prioritize Research Into Deep Brain Stimulation Over Brain Lesioning Procedures for Severe Enduring Anorexia Nervosa. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2019, 10, 326.	2.6	6
26	"New and improved―DBS batteries?. Brain Stimulation, 2019, 12, 833-834.	1.6	6
27	Connectivity derived thalamic segmentation: Separating myth from reality. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2019, 22, 101758.	2.7	11
28	The Origins of Human Functional Stereotaxis: A Reappraisal. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2019, 97, 49-54.	1.5	15
29	Closed loop stimulation for tremor was invented in 1980. Brain Stimulation, 2019, 12, 1072-1073.	1.6	1
30	Effect of Low versus High Frequency Subthalamic Deep Brain Stimulation on Speech Intelligibility and Verbal Fluency in Parkinson's Disease: A Double-Blind Study. Journal of Parkinson's Disease, 2019, 9, 141-151.	2.8	22
31	Connectivity derived thalamic segmentation in deep brain stimulation for tremor. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2018, 18, 130-142.	2.7	154
32	Bilateral Deep Brain Stimulation of the Nucleus Basalis of Meynert for Parkinson Disease Dementia. JAMA Neurology, 2018, 75, 169.	9.0	112
33	The Pioneering and Unknown Stereotactic Approach of Roeder and Orthner from Göttingen. Part II: Long-Term Outcome and Postmortem Analysis of Bilateral Pallidotomy in the Pre-Levodopa Era. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2018, 96, 353-363.	1.5	1
34	Parkinsonian signs in patients with cervical dystonia treated with pallidal deep brain stimulation. Brain, 2018, 141, 3023-3034.	7.6	33
35	Impact of Subthalamic Deep Brain Stimulation Frequency on Upper Limb Motor Function in Parkinson's Disease. Journal of Parkinson's Disease, 2018, 8, 267-271.	2.8	10
36	Gilles de la Tourette syndrome. Nature Reviews Disease Primers, 2017, 3, 16097.	30.5	257

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37	<scp>l</scp> -Dopa responsiveness is associated with distinctive connectivity patterns in advanced Parkinson's disease. Movement Disorders, 2017, 32, 874-883.	3.9	37
38	Stereotactic ablative surgery does not just mean "adding another lesion― Movement Disorders, 2017, 32, 1112-1113.	3.9	0
39	Pyramidal tract activation due to subthalamic deep brain stimulation in Parkinson's disease. Movement Disorders, 2017, 32, 1174-1182.	3.9	52
40	Seventy years of pallidotomy for movement disorders. Movement Disorders, 2017, 32, 972-982.	3.9	43
41	Subthalamic nucleus beta and gamma activity is modulated depending on the level of imagined grip force. Experimental Neurology, 2017, 293, 53-61.	4.1	31
42	My 25 Stimulating Years with DBS in Parkinson's Disease. Journal of Parkinson's Disease, 2017, 7, S33-S41.	2.8	39
43	Stimulating at the right time: phase-specific deep brain stimulation. Brain, 2017, 140, 132-145.	7.6	213
44	Gamma Knife subcaudate tractotomy for treatment-resistant depression and target characteristics. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2017, 159, 121-121.	1.7	1
45	To sleep or not to sleep during deep brain stimulation surgery for Parkinson disease?. Neurology, 2017, 89, 1938-1939.	1.1	11
46	Optimal deep brain stimulation site and target connectivity for chronic cluster headache. Neurology, 2017, 89, 2083-2091.	1.1	55
47	GBA-Associated Parkinson's Disease: Progression in a Deep Brain Stimulation Cohort. Journal of Parkinson's Disease, 2017, 7, 635-644.	2.8	44
48	Deep brain stimulation for disorders of consciousness: Systematic review of cases and ethics. Brain Stimulation, 2017, 10, 1013-1023.	1.6	43
49	Uncovering the underlying mechanisms and whole-brain dynamics of deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 9882.	3.3	79
50	16â€A randomised controlled trial of deep brain stimulation in obsessive compulsive disorder: a comparison of ventral capsule/ventral striatum and subthalamic nucleus targets. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2017, 88, A8.2-A9.	1.9	3
51	Subthalamic deep brain stimulation sweet spots and hyperdirect cortical connectivity in Parkinson's disease. Neurolmage, 2017, 158, 332-345.	4.2	197
52	Oscillatory Beta Power Correlates With Akinesiaâ€Rigidity in the Parkinsonian Subthalamic Nucleus. Movement Disorders, 2017, 32, 174-175.	3.9	52
53	Once <scp>STN DBS</scp> , Always <scp>STN DBS</scp> ?—Clinical, Ethical, and Financial Reflections on Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson's Disease. Movement Disorders Clinical Practice, 2016, 3, 285-287.	1.5	18
54	Adaptive deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease demonstrates reduced speech side effects compared to conventional stimulation in the acute setting. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2016, 87, 1388-1389.	1.9	199

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55	Letter to the Editor: A paradigm shift toward MRI-guided and MRI-verified DBS surgery. Journal of Neurosurgery, 2016, 124, 1135-1138.	1.6	16
56	Ventral tegmental area deep brain stimulation for refractory chronic cluster headache. Neurology, 2016, 86, 1676-1682.	1.1	82
57	Ventral tegmental area deep brain stimulation in refractory short-lasting unilateral neuralgiform headache attacks. Brain, 2016, 139, 2631-2640.	7.6	40
58	Bilateral adaptive deep brain stimulation is effective in Parkinson's disease. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2016, 87, 717-721.	1.9	269
59	Deep brain stimulation modulates synchrony within spatially and spectrally distinct resting state networks in Parkinson's disease. Brain, 2016, 139, 1482-1496.	7.6	213
60	Rescue pallidotomy for dystonia through implanted deep brain stimulation electrode. , 2016, 7, 815.		14
61	Decoding gripping force based on local field potentials recorded from subthalamic nucleus in humans. ELife, 2016, 5, .	6.0	41
62	Deep brain stimulation versus anterior capsulotomy for obsessive-compulsive disorder: a review of the literature. Journal of Neurosurgery, 2015, 122, 1028-1037.	1.6	80
63	Tremor Reduction by Deep Brain Stimulation Is Associated With Gamma Power Suppression in Parkinson's Disease. Neuromodulation, 2015, 18, 349-354.	0.8	60
64	Bilateral globus pallidus stimulation for severe Tourette's syndrome: a double-blind, randomised crossover trial. Lancet Neurology, The, 2015, 14, 595-605.	10.2	155
65	There is no credible rational for deep brain stimulation in very early Parkinson's disease!. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2015, 21, 345-346.	2.2	15
66	The Safety of Using Body-Transmit MRI in Patients with Implanted Deep Brain Stimulation Devices. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0129077.	2.5	46
67	The nature of tremor circuits in parkinsonian and essential tremor. Brain, 2014, 137, 3223-3234.	7.6	90
68	Comment on "Appropriate MRI sequences are required to accurately determine lead location after deep brain stimulation surgery― Journal of Clinical Neuroscience, 2014, 21, 2257-2258.	1.5	2
69	One Swallow Does Not a Summer Make. Brain Stimulation, 2014, 7, 918-919.	1.6	0
70	Midline Frontal Cortex Low-Frequency Activity Drives Subthalamic Nucleus Oscillations during Conflict. Journal of Neuroscience, 2014, 34, 7322-7333.	3.6	133
71	Fulfillment of Patients' Expectations Is the Ultimate Goal of Deep Brain Stimulation for Parkinson Disease. World Neurosurgery, 2014, 82, 1037-1039.	1.3	5
72	Women pioneers in basal ganglia surgery. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2014, 20, 137-141.	2.2	8

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Deep brain stimulation: new techniques. Parkinsonism and Related Disorders, 2014, 20, S192-S196.	2.2	69
74	Long-term outcome of subthalamic nucleus deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease using an MRI-guided and MRI-verified approach. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2014, 85, 1419-1425.	1.9	151
75	Consensus on guidelines for stereotactic neurosurgery for psychiatric disorders. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2014, 85, 1003-1008.	1.9	150
76	Controlling Parkinson's Disease With Adaptive Deep Brain Stimulation. Journal of Visualized Experiments, 2014, , .	0.3	19
77	Adaptive deep brain stimulation in advanced Parkinson disease. Annals of Neurology, 2013, 74, 449-457.	5.3	1,046
78	Future of brain stimulation: New targets, new indications, new technology. Movement Disorders, 2013, 28, 1784-1792.	3.9	111
79	Early surgery for Parkinson's disease? Maybe, but not just yet. Lancet Neurology, The, 2013, 12, 938-939.	10.2	14
80	The Risk of Hardware Infection in Deep Brain Stimulation Surgery Is Greater at Impulse Generator Replacement than at the Primary Procedure. Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery, 2013, 91, 56-65.	1.5	129
81	Focused ultrasound thalamotomy improves essential tremor. Movement Disorders, 2013, 28, 1803-1803.	3.9	6
82	Genotype and phenotype in Parkinson's disease: Lessons in heterogeneity from deep brain stimulation. Movement Disorders, 2013, 28, 1370-1375.	3.9	77
83	The surgical anatomy of the pedunculopontine nucleus cannot be disputed, buried or exhumed. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2012, 154, 1531-1533.	1.7	0
84	Confirmation of functional zones within the human subthalamic nucleus: Patterns of connectivity and sub-parcellation using diffusion weighted imaging. NeuroImage, 2012, 60, 83-94.	4.2	294
85	Twentyâ€five years of deep brain stimulation: Celebrations and apprehensions. Movement Disorders, 2012, 27, 930-933.	3.9	73
86	Uncertainty, misunderstanding and the pedunculopontine nucleus. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2012, 154, 839-841.	1.7	5
87	Therapeutic Subthalamic Nucleus Deep Brain Stimulation Reverses Cortico-Thalamic Coupling during Voluntary Movements in Parkinson's Disease. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e50270.	2.5	66
88	Deep brain stimulation of the subthalamic nucleus: A two-edged sword. Current Biology, 2006, 16, R952-R953.	3.9	75