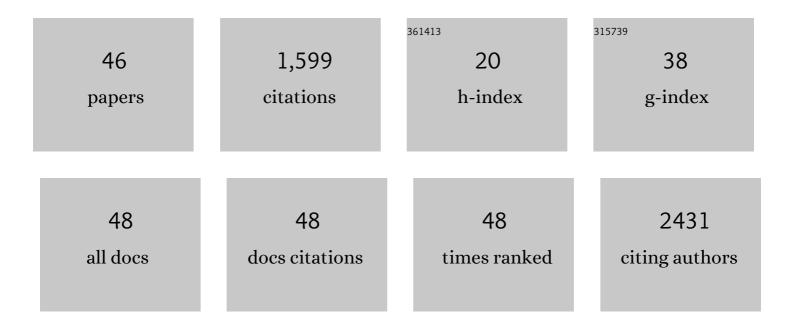
## **Calum** Davey

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4446493/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



CALLIM DAVEY

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Impacts of School Nutrition Interventions on the Nutritional Status of School-Aged Children in Asia: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 589.	4.1	7
2	A focus on disability is necessary to achieve HIV epidemic control. Lancet HIV,the, 2022, 9, e293-e298.	4.7	3
3	Mental health, physical impairment and violence among FSWS in North Karnataka, South India: a story of intersecting vulnerabilities. BJPsych Open, 2021, 7, S237-S238.	0.7	0
4	Disability-inclusive responses to COVID-19: Lessons learnt from research on social protection in low- and middle-income countries. World Development, 2021, 137, 105178.	4.9	57
5	Deaths involving COVID-19 by self-reported disability status during the first two waves of the COVID-19 pandemic in England: a retrospective, population-based cohort study. Lancet Public Health, The, 2021, 6, e817-e825.	10.0	40
6	Exploring the Association Between Mobility and Access to HIV Services Among Female Sex Workers in Zimbabwe. AIDS and Behavior, 2020, 24, 746-761.	2.7	6
7	Changes in Family-Level Attitudes and Norms and Association with Secondary School Completion and Child Marriage Among Adolescent Girls: Results from an Exploratory Study Nested Within a Cluster-Randomised Controlled Trial in India. Prevention Science, 2020, 21, 1065-1080.	2.6	3
8	Will it work here? A realist approach to local decisions about implementing interventions evaluated as effective elsewhere. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2020, 75, jech-2020-214287.	3.7	8
9	Three lessons for the COVID-19 response from pandemic HIV. Lancet HIV,the, 2020, 7, e309-e311.	4.7	84
10	Disability-inclusive COVID-19 response: What it is, why it is important and what we can learn from the United Kingdom's response. Wellcome Open Research, 2020, 5, 79.	1.8	114
11	Trials and Tribulations of Collecting Evidence on Effectiveness in Disability-Inclusive Development: A Narrative Review. Sustainability, 2020, 12, 7823.	3.2	9
12	The Samata intervention to increase secondary school completion and reduce child marriage among adolescent girls: results from a cluster-randomised control trial in India. Journal of Global Health, 2019, 9, 010430.	2.7	23
13	Strengthening the scaleâ€up and uptake of effective interventions for sex workers for population impact in Zimbabwe. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2019, 22, e25320.	3.0	25
14	Enhancing national prevention and treatment services for sex workers in Zimbabwe: a process evaluation of the SAPPH-IRe trial. Health Policy and Planning, 2019, 34, 337-345.	2.7	8
15	Effectiveness of a multilevel intervention to reduce violence and increase condom use in intimate partnerships among female sex workers: cluster randomised controlled trial in Karnataka, India. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001546.	4.7	9
16	Permutation tests for stepped-wedge cluster-randomized trials. The Stata Journal, 2019, 19, 803-819.	2.2	15
17	Mobility and sex work: why, where, when? A typology of female-sex-worker mobility in Zimbabwe. Social Science and Medicine, 2019, 220, 322-330.	3.8	18
18	Engagement in HIV Care Among Young Female Sex Workers in Zimbabwe. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2018, 79, 358-366.	2.1	23

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	90-90-90 by 2020? Estimation and projection of the adult HIV epidemic and ART programme in Zimbabwe - 2017 to 2020. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2018, 21, e25205.	3.0	8
20	Trials and tribulations: cross-learning from the practices of epidemiologists and economists in the evaluation of public health interventions. Health Policy and Planning, 2018, 33, 702-706.	2.7	7
21	Changes in engagement in <scp>HIV</scp> prevention and care services among female sex workers during intensified community mobilization in 3 sites in Zimbabwe, 2011 to 2015. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2018, 21, e25138.	3.0	20
22	The effect of mobility on HIV-related healthcare access and use for female sex workers: A systematic review. Social Science and Medicine, 2018, 211, 261-273.	3.8	21
23	Targeted combination prevention to support female sex workers in Zimbabwe accessing and adhering to antiretrovirals for treatment and prevention of HIV (SAPPH-IRe): a cluster-randomised trial. Lancet HIV,the, 2018, 5, e417-e426.	4.7	78
24	Mental health inequalities among gay and bisexual men in England, Scotland and Wales: a large community-based cross-sectional survey. Journal of Public Health, 2017, 39, fdw021.	1.8	18
25	Physical health inequalities among gay and bisexual men in England: a large community-based cross-sectional survey. Journal of Public Health, 2017, 39, fdw029.	1.8	11
26	Bias and inference from misspecified mixedâ€effect models in stepped wedge trial analysis. Statistics in Medicine, 2017, 36, 3670-3682.	1.6	44
27	Correlates of school dropout and absenteeism among adolescent girls from marginalized community in north Karnataka, south India. Journal of Adolescence, 2017, 61, 64-76.	2.4	61
28	Implementation and Operational Research. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2016, 72, e1-e8.	2.1	43
29	Mental health inequalities among gay and bisexual men in England, Scotland and Wales: a large community-based cross-sectional survey. Journal of Public Health, 2016, 39, 645.	1.8	2
30	Reducing violence and increasing condom use in the intimate partnerships of female sex workers: study protocol for Samvedana Plus, a cluster randomised controlled trial in Karnataka state, south India. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 660.	2.9	17
31	Measuring implementation strength: lessons from the evaluation of public health strategies in low- and middle-income settings. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, 860-867.	2.7	36
32	Statistical design and analysis plan for an impact evaluation of an HIV treatment and prevention intervention for female sex workers in Zimbabwe: a study protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial. Trials, 2016, 17, 6.	1.6	23
33	Analysis and reporting of stepped wedge randomised controlled trials: synthesis and critical appraisal of published studies, 2010 to 2014. Trials, 2015, 16, 358.	1.6	79
34	Stepped wedge randomised controlled trials: systematic review of studies published between 2010 and 2014. Trials, 2015, 16, 353.	1.6	113
35	Five questions to consider before conducting a stepped wedge trial. Trials, 2015, 16, 350.	1.6	52
36	Designing a stepped wedge trial: three main designs, carry-over effects and randomisation approaches. Trials, 2015, 16, 352.	1.6	176

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Finger Prick Dried Blood Spots for HIV Viral Load Measurement in Field Conditions in Zimbabwe. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0126878.	2.5	20
38	Re-analysis of health and educational impacts of a school-based deworming programme in western Kenya: a pure replication. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 1572-1580.	1.9	100
39	Re-analysis of health and educational impacts of a school-based deworming programme in western Kenya: a statistical replication of a cluster quasi-randomized stepped-wedge trial. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 1581-1592.	1.9	66
40	Authors' Response to: Deworming externalities and school impacts in Kenya. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 44, 1596-1599.	1.9	5
41	Supporting adolescent girls to stay in school, reduce child marriage and reduce entry into sex work as HIV risk prevention in north Karnataka, India: protocol for a cluster randomised controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 292.	2.9	33
42	Competition is not necessarily a barrier to community mobilisation among sex workers: an intervention planning assessment from Zimbabwe. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 787.	2.9	6
43	Trends in Socioeconomic Inequalities in HIV Prevalence among Young People in Seven Countries in Eastern and Southern Africa. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0121775.	2.5	17
44	Changes in HIV prevalence among socioeconomic groups in eight African countries: analysis of sequential cross-sectional surveys. Lancet, The, 2013, 381, S57.	13.7	2
45	Does the â€~inverse equity hypothesis' explain how both poverty and wealth can be associated with HIV prevalence in sub-Saharan Africa?. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2013, 67, 526-529.	3.7	21
46	Engagement with HIV Prevention Treatment and Care among Female Sex Workers in Zimbabwe: a Respondent Driven Sampling Survey. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e77080.	2.5	67