

# Laura C Bishop

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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45  
papers

2,302  
citations

236925

25  
h-index

265206

42  
g-index

45  
all docs

45  
docs citations

45  
times ranked

1507  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Meat on the menu: GIS spatial distribution analysis of bone surface damage indicates that Oldowan hominins at Kanjera South, Kenya had early access to carcasses. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2022, 277, 107314.	3.0	7
2	Old stonesâ€™ songâ€™second verse: use-wear analysis of rhyolite and fenetized andesite artifacts from the Oldowan lithic industry of Kanjera South, Kenya. <i>Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences</i> , 2019, 11, 4729-4754.	1.8	29
3	Bovoid mortality patterns from Kanjera South, Homa Peninsula, Kenya and FLK-Zinj, Olduvai Gorge, Tanzania: Evidence for habitat mediated variability in Oldowan hominin hunting and scavenging behavior. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2019, 131, 61-75.	2.6	20
4	Geochronology and physical context of Oldowan site formation at Kanjera South, Kenya. <i>Geological Magazine</i> , 2019, 156, 1190-1200.	1.5	14
5	Zooarchaeological reconstruction of newly excavated Middle Pleistocene deposits from Elandsfontein, South Africa. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2018, 17, 19-29.	0.5	8
6	Quaternary fossil fauna from the Luangwa Valley, Zambia. <i>Journal of Quaternary Science</i> , 2016, 31, 178-190.	2.1	9
7	Exploring morphological generality in the Old World monkey postcranium using an ecomorphological framework. <i>Journal of Anatomy</i> , 2016, 228, 534-560.	1.5	28
8	Stable isotopic composition of fossil mammal teeth and environmental change in southwestern South Africa during the Pliocene and Pleistocene. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 457, 396-408.	2.3	26
9	Stable isotope ecology of Cape dune mole-rats ( ) from Elandsfontein, South Africa: Implications for C4 vegetation and hominin paleobiology in the Cape Floral Region. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2016, 457, 409-421.	2.3	12
10	Analytical framework for reconstructing heterogeneous environmental variables from mammal community structure. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2015, 78, 1-11.	2.6	27
11	Bovoid ecomorphology and hominin paleoenvironments of the Shungura Formation, lower Omo River Valley, Ethiopia. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2015, 88, 108-126.	2.6	37
12	Old stones' song: Use-wear experiments and analysis of the Oldowan quartz and quartzite assemblage from Kanjera South (Kenya). <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2014, 72, 10-25.	2.6	132
13	Evolutionary Divergence and Convergence in Shape and Size Within African Antelope Proximal Phalanges. <i>Journal of Mammalian Evolution</i> , 2013, 20, 239-248.	1.8	34
14	Mid-Pleistocene Hominin occupation at Elandsfontein, Western Cape, South Africa. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2013, 82, 145-166.	3.0	58
15	Cats in the forest: predicting habitat adaptations from humerus morphometry in extant and fossil Felidae (Carnivora). <i>Paleobiology</i> , 2013, 39, 323-344.	2.0	52
16	Earliest Archaeological Evidence of Persistent Hominin Carnivory. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e62174.	2.5	159
17	Stable isotopes provide independent support for the use of mesowear variables for inferring diets in African antelopes. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2012, 279, 4441-4446.	2.6	29
18	Humeral epiphyseal shape in the felidae: The influence of phylogeny, allometry, and locomotion. <i>Journal of Morphology</i> , 2012, 273, 1424-1438.	1.2	43

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19	Ecology Needs a Paleontological Perspective. , 2012, , 23-38.		15
20	New perspectives on middle Pleistocene change in the large mammal faunas of East Africa: <i>Damaliscus hypsodon</i> sp. nov. (Mammalia, Artiodactyla) from Lainyamok, Kenya. <i>Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology</i> , 2012, 361-362, 84-93.	2.3	80
21	Mesowear as a means of determining diets in African antelopes. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2011, 38, 1485-1495.	2.4	41
22	Hominins without fellow travellers? First appearances and inferred dispersals of Afro-Eurasian large-mammals in the Plio-Pleistocene. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2011, 30, 1343-1352.	3.0	70
23	Mammal community structure correlates with arboreal heterogeneity in faunally and geographically diverse habitats: implications for community convergence. <i>Global Ecology and Biogeography</i> , 2011, 20, 717-729.	5.8	39
24	Paleoenvironments of Laetoli, Tanzania as Determined by Antelope Habitat Preferences. <i>Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology</i> , 2011, , 355-366.	0.5	7
25	Suidae. <i>Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology</i> , 2011, , 327-337.	0.5	4
26	Early hominin diet included diverse terrestrial and aquatic animals 1.95 Ma in East Turkana, Kenya. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 10002-10007.	7.1	229
27	Suoidea. , 2010, , 821-842.		14
28	Opening dialogue between the recent and the long ago. <i>Nature</i> , 2009, 462, 847-847.	27.8	4
29	Raw material quality and Oldowan hominin toolstone preferences: evidence from Kanjera South, Kenya. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2009, 36, 1605-1614.	2.4	160
30	The Environmental Context of Oldowan Hominin Activities at Kanjera South, Kenya. <i>Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology</i> , 2009, , 149-160.	0.5	30
31	Oldowan Technology and Raw Material Variability at Kanjera South. <i>Vertebrate Paleobiology and Paleoanthropology</i> , 2009, , 99-110.	0.5	24
32	Oldest Evidence of Toolmaking Hominins in a Grassland-Dominated Ecosystem. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e7199.	2.5	80
33	Oldowan behavior and raw material transport: perspectives from the Kanjera Formation. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2008, 35, 2329-2345.	2.4	124
34	Habitat preference of extant African bovids based on astragalus morphology: operationalizing ecomorphology for palaeoenvironmental reconstruction. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2008, 35, 3016-3027.	2.4	84
35	Palaeoecology of <i>Kolpochoerus heseloni</i> (= <i>K. limnetes</i> ): a multiproxy approach. <i>Transactions of the Royal Society of South Africa</i> , 2006, 61, 81-88.	1.1	22
36	Recent research into oldowan hominin activities at Kanjera South, Western Kenya. <i>African Archaeological Review</i> , 2006, 23, 31-40.	1.4	18

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37	Large mammal turnover in Africa and the Levant between 1.0 and 0.5 Ma. Geological Society Special Publication, 2005, 247, 231-249.	1.3	17
38	Partial cranium of <i>Cercopithecoides kimeui</i> Leakey, 1982 from Rawi Gully, southwestern Kenya. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2003, 122, 191-199.	2.1	20
39	Comparative context of Plio-Pleistocene hominin brain evolution. Journal of Human Evolution, 2001, 41, 1-27.	2.6	79
40	Current research on the Late Pliocene and Pleistocene deposits north of Homa Mountain, southwestern Kenya. Journal of Human Evolution, 1999, 36, 123-150.	2.6	59
41	Research on Late Pliocene Oldowan Sites at Kanjera South, Kenya. Journal of Human Evolution, 1999, 36, 151-170.	2.6	108
42	Fossil Suids from the Manonga Valley, Tanzania. Topics in Geobiology, 1997, , 191-217.	0.5	5
43	Variability in traces of Middle Pleistocene hominid behavior in the Kapthurin Formation, Baringo, Kenya. Journal of Human Evolution, 1996, 30, 563-580.	2.6	70
44	Hominid paleoecology at Olduvai Gorge, Tanzania as indicated by antelope remains. Journal of Human Evolution, 1994, 27, 47-75.	2.6	175
45	Postcranial Skeletal Morphology in Living and Fossil African Suidae. , 0, , 20-28.		0