Mary Beth Terry

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

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349 papers	17,311 citations	17440 63 h-index	22166 113 g-index
357 all docs	357 docs citations	357 times ranked	21501 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Risks of Breast, Ovarian, and Contralateral Breast Cancer for BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 2402.	7.4	1,898
2	Association analysis identifies 65 new breast cancer risk loci. Nature, 2017, 551, 92-94.	27.8	1,099
3	Polygenic Risk Scores for Prediction of Breast Cancer and Breast Cancer Subtypes. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2019, 104, 21-34.	6.2	711
4	Pathology of Breast and Ovarian Cancers among BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers: Results from the Consortium of Investigators of Modifiers of BRCA1/2 (CIMBA). Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 134-147.	2.5	513
5	Association of Type and Location ofBRCA1andBRCA2Mutations With Risk of Breast and Ovarian Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2015, 313, 1347.	7.4	390
6	DNA methylation in white blood cells. Epigenetics, 2011, 6, 828-837.	2.7	304
7	Genome-Wide Association Study in BRCA1 Mutation Carriers Identifies Novel Loci Associated with Breast and Ovarian Cancer Risk. PLoS Genetics, 2013, 9, e1003212.	3.5	244
8	Association of Frequency and Duration of Aspirin Use and Hormone Receptor Status With Breast Cancer Risk. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2004, 291, 2433.	7.4	242
9	Evaluation of Polygenic Risk Scores for Breast and Ovarian Cancer Risk Prediction in BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2017, 109, .	6.3	242
10	Mutational spectrum in a worldwide study of 29,700 families withBRCA1orBRCA2mutations. Human Mutation, 2018, 39, 593-620.	2.5	224
11	Identification of six new susceptibility loci for invasive epithelial ovarian cancer. Nature Genetics, 2015, 47, 164-171.	21.4	221
12	The Long Island Breast Cancer Study Project: Description of a Multi-Institutional Collaboration to Identify Environmental Risk Factors for Breast Cancer. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2002, 74, 235-254.	2.5	191
13	A transcriptome-wide association study of 229,000 women identifies new candidate susceptibility genes for breast cancer. Nature Genetics, 2018, 50, 968-978.	21.4	184
14	Genomic DNA Methylation among Women in a Multiethnic New York City Birth Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 2306-2310.	2.5	157
15	One-Carbon Metabolism, MTHFR Polymorphisms, and Risk of Breast Cancer. Cancer Research, 2005, 65, 1606-1614.	0.9	156
16	The epidemiology of gastric cancer. Seminars in Radiation Oncology, 2002, 12, 111-127.	2.2	149
17	Environmental exposures during windows of susceptibility for breast cancer: a framework for prevention research. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 96.	5.0	143
18	Telomere length, oxidative damage, antioxidants and breast cancer risk. International Journal of Cancer, 2009, 124, 1637-1643.	5.1	135

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19	Short Telomere Length and Breast Cancer Risk: A Study in Sister Sets. Cancer Research, 2007, 67, 5538-5544.	0.9	133
20	Associations between Breast Cancer Risk and the Catalase Genotype, Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, and Supplement Use. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 162, 943-952.	3.4	132
21	Global methylation profiles in DNA from different blood cell types. Epigenetics, 2011, 6, 76-85.	2.7	128
22	3-Phosphoinositideâ€“Dependent Kinase 1 Potentiates Upstream Lesions on the Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase Pathway in Breast Carcinoma. Cancer Research, 2009, 69, 6299-6306.	0.9	126
23	Breast cancer risk variants at 6q25 display different phenotype associations and regulate ESR1, RMND1 and CCDC170. Nature Genetics, 2016, 48, 374-386.	21.4	125
24	Better preservation of immune function after laparoscopic-assisted vs. open bowel resection in a murine model. Diseases of the Colon and Rectum, 1996, 39, S67-S72.	1.3	124
25	Fine-mapping of 150 breast cancer risk regions identifies 191 likely target genes. Nature Genetics, 2020, 52, 56-73.	21.4	120
26	MSH6 and PMS2 germ-line pathogenic variants implicated in Lynch syndrome are associated with breast cancer. Genetics in Medicine, 2018, 20, 1167-1174.	2.4	116
27	10-year performance of four models of breast cancer risk: a validation study. Lancet Oncology, The, 2019, 20, 504-517.	10.7	116
28	Association between Plasma 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Prevention Research, 2009, 2, 598-604.	1.5	114
29	Medical Advances and Racial/Ethnic Disparities in Cancer Survival. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 2701-2708.	2.5	109
30	Geneticâ€“epigenetic interactions in cis: a major focus in the post-GWAS era. Genome Biology, 2017, 18, 120.	8.8	109
31	Lifetime Alcohol Intake and Breast Cancer Risk. Annals of Epidemiology, 2006, 16, 230-240.	1.9	102
32	Aberrant promoter hypermethylation and genomic hypomethylation in tumor, adjacent normal tissues and blood from breast cancer patients. Anticancer Research, 2010, 30, 2489-96.	1.1	100
33	Allelic loss of chromosome 10q23 is associated with tumor progression in breast carcinomas. Oncogene, 1998, 17, 123-127.	5.9	99
34	Common variants in LSP1, 2q35 and 8q24 and breast cancer risk for BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Human Molecular Genetics, 2009, 18, 4442-4456.	2.9	99
35	Breast Cancer Risk Prediction Using Clinical Models and 77 Independent Risk-Associated SNPs for Women Aged Under 50 Years: Australian Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2016, 25, 359-365.	2.5	96
36	Global breast cancer incidence and mortality trends by region, age-groups, and fertility patterns. EClinicalMedicine, 2021, 38, 100985.	7.1	96

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37	The Impact of Socioeconomic Status across Early Life on Age at Menarche Among a Racially Diverse Population of Girls. Annals of Epidemiology, 2010, 20, 836-842.	1.9	94
38	Prenatal Smoke Exposure and Genomic DNA Methylation in a Multiethnic Birth Cohort. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2011, 20, 2518-2523.	2.5	94
39	Birth Weight, Postnatal Growth, and Age at Menarche. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 72-79.	3.4	93
40	Environmental toxins and breast cancer on Long Island. I. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon DNA adducts. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2002, 11, 677-85.	2.5	91
41	Genome-wide association and transcriptome studies identify target genes and risk loci for breast cancer. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 1741.	12.8	90
42	Cancer Risks Associated With BRCA1 and BRCA2 Pathogenic Variants. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, 40, 1529-1541.	1.6	90
43	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbonâ€“DNA Adducts and Breast Cancer: A Pooled Analysis. Archives of Environmental Health, 2004, 59, 640-649.	0.4	89
44	Polymorphisms in XRCC1 Modify the Association between Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon-DNA Adducts, Cigarette Smoking, Dietary Antioxidants, and Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2005, 14, 336-342.	2.5	88
45	Male breast cancer in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers: pathology data from the Consortium of Investigators of Modifiers of BRCA1/2. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 15.	5.0	88
46	Shared heritability and functional enrichment across six solid cancers. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 431.	12.8	88
47	Racial/Ethnic Differences in Hormonally-Active Hair Product Use: A Plausible Risk Factor for Health Disparities. Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health, 2012, 14, 506-511.	1.6	87
48	Phase IB Randomized, Double-Blinded, Placebo-Controlled, Dose Escalation Study of Polyphenon E in Women with Hormone Receptorâ€“Negative Breast Cancer. Cancer Prevention Research, 2012, 5, 1144-1154.	1.5	86
49	Common Genetic Variants and Modification of Penetrance of BRCA2-Associated Breast Cancer. PLoS Genetics, 2010, 6, e1001183.	3.5	85
50	Myeloperoxidase Genotype, Fruit and Vegetable Consumption, and Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Research, 2004, 64, 7634-7639.	0.9	84
51	DNA Repair Capacity of Lymphoblastoid Cell Lines From Sisters Discordant for Breast Cancer. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2005, 97, 127-132.	6.3	84
52	Body Size Changes in Relation to Postmenopausal Breast Cancer among Women on Long Island, New York. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 162, 229-237.	3.4	83
53	Serum Antioxidant Nutrients, Vitamin A, and Mortality in U.S. Adults. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2013, 22, 2202-2211.	2.5	79
54	Hair product use, age at menarche and mammographic breast density in multiethnic urban women. Environmental Health, 2018, 17, 1.	4.0	79

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55	Polymorphisms in Nucleotide Excision Repair Genes, Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon-DNA Adducts, and Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 2033-2041.	2.5	78
56	Functional mechanisms underlying pleiotropic risk alleles at the 19p13.1 breastâ€“ovarian cancer susceptibility locus. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 12675.	12.8	78
57	Early life socioeconomic factors and genomic DNA methylation in mid-life. Epigenetics, 2013, 8, 23-27.	2.7	76
58	DDT and Breast Cancer: Prospective Study of Induction Time and Susceptibility Windows. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 803-810.	6.3	76
59	Exposure to polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) congeners measured shortly after giving birth and subsequent risk of maternal breast cancer before age 50. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 136, 267-275.	2.5	75
60	Alcohol Intake and Breast Cancer Risk: Weighing the Overall Evidence. Current Breast Cancer Reports, 2013, 5, 208-221.	1.0	75
61	Incidence Trends of Breast Cancer Molecular Subtypes by Age and Race/Ethnicity in the US From 2010 to 2016. JAMA Network Open, 2020, 3, e2013226.	5.9	75
62	Environmental toxins and breast cancer on Long Island. II. Organochlorine compound levels in blood. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2002, 11, 686-97.	2.5	74
63	Polymorphisms in Nucleotide Excision Repair Genes and DNA Repair Capacity Phenotype in Sisters Discordant for Breast Cancer. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1614-1619.	2.5	73
64	Genetic analysis identifies putative tumor suppressor sites at 2q35â€“q36.1 and 2q36.3â€“q37.1 involved in cervical cancer progression. Oncogene, 2003, 22, 3489-3499.	5.9	67
65	Dietary isoflavone intake and allâ€cause mortality in breast cancer survivors: The Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer, 2017, 123, 2070-2079.	4.1	67
66	Repetitive element DNA methylation levels in white blood cell DNA from sisters discordant for breast cancer from the New York site of the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Carcinogenesis, 2012, 33, 1946-1952.	2.8	66
67	Adult global DNA methylation in relation to pre-natal nutrition. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 41, 116-123.	1.9	64
68	Common mutations in BRCA1 and BRCA2 do not contribute to early prostate cancer in Jewish men. Prostate, 1999, 40, 172-177.	2.3	63
69	Reproductive factors and breast cancer risk among older women. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2007, 102, 365-374.	2.5	62
70	Are Global Breast Cancer Incidence and Mortality Patterns Related to Country-Specific Economic Development and Prevention Strategies?. Journal of Global Oncology, 2018, 4, 1-16.	0.5	62
71	HIN-1, an Inhibitor of Cell Growth, Invasion, and AKT Activation. Cancer Research, 2005, 65, 9659-9669.	0.9	61
72	Maternal, Birth, and Early-Life Influences on Adult Body Size in Women. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 166, 5-13.	3.4	61

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73	Maternal cigarette smoking during pregnancy and offspring DNA methylation in midlife. Epigenetics, 2018, 13, 129-134.	2.7	61
74	Vitamin D-related gene polymorphisms, plasma 25-hydroxyvitamin D, and breast cancer risk. Cancer Causes and Control, 2015, 26, 187-203.	1.8	60
75	ADH3 genotype, alcohol intake and breast cancer risk. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 840-847.	2.8	59
76	Associations between Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbonâ€"Related Exposures and p53 Mutations in Breast Tumors. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2010, 118, 511-518.	6.0	59
77	Risk factors for advanced colorectal adenomas: a pooled analysis. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2002, 11, 622-9.	2.5	59
78	IGF1 CA repeat polymorphisms, lifestyle factors and breast cancer risk in the Long Island Breast Cancer Study Project. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 758-765.	2.8	57
79	Dependence of cancer risk from environmental exposures on underlying genetic susceptibility: an illustration with polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and breast cancer. British Journal of Cancer, 2017, 116, 1229-1233.	6.4	54
80	Polymorphism in the DNA repair gene XPD, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon-DNA adducts, cigarette smoking, and breast cancer risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2004, 13, 2053-8.	2.5	54
81	Plasma protein carbonyl levels and breast cancer risk. Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine, 2007, 11, 1138-1148.	3.6	53
82	Breast cancer risk prediction using a polygenic risk score in the familial setting: a prospective study from the Breast Cancer Family Registry and kConFab. Genetics in Medicine, 2017, 19, 30-35.	2.4	53
83	BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers in the Breast Cancer Family Registry: an open resource for collaborative research. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2009, 116, 379-386.	2.5	52
84	Childhood Hair Product Use and Earlier Age at Menarche in a Racially Diverse Study Population: A Pilot Study. Annals of Epidemiology, 2011, 21, 461-465.	1.9	52
85	Sources of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons are associated with gene-specific promoter methylation in women with breast cancer. Environmental Research, 2016, 145, 93-100.	7.5	52
86	Genome-wide association study of germline variants and breast cancer-specific mortality. British Journal of Cancer, 2019, 120, 647-657.	6.4	52
87	MGMT genotype modulates the associations between cigarette smoking, dietary antioxidants and breast cancer risk. Carcinogenesis, 2005, 26, 2131-2137.	2.8	51
88	Age-specific breast cancer risk by body mass index and familial risk: prospective family study cohort (ProF-SC). Breast Cancer Research, 2018, 20, 132.	5.0	51
89	Genetic polymorphisms in the apoptosis-associated genes FAS and FASL and breast cancer risk. Carcinogenesis, 2007, 28, 2548-2551.	2.8	49
90	An International Case-Control Study of Adult Diet and Brain Tumor Risk: A Histology-Specific Analysis by Food Group. Annals of Epidemiology, 2009, 19, 161-171.	1.9	49

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91	Prenatal Exposure to the Pesticide DDT and Hypertension Diagnosed in Women before Age 50: A Longitudinal Birth Cohort Study. Environmental Health Perspectives, 2013, 121, 594-599.	6.0	49
92	40 Years of Change in Age- and Stage-Specific Cancer Incidence Rates in US Women and Men. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2019, 3, pkz038.	2.9	49
93	Cohort Profile: The Breast Cancer Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 683-692.	1.9	48
94	Characterization of the Cancer Spectrum in Men With GermlineBRCA1andBRCA2Pathogenic Variants. JAMA Oncology, 2020, 6, 1218.	7.1	48
95	Multiple Genetic Variants in Telomere Pathway Genes and Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 219-228.	2.5	47
96	Regular use of aspirin and other non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and breast cancer risk for women at familial or genetic risk: a cohort study. Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 52.	5.0	44
97	MnSOD Val-9Ala Genotype, Pro- and Anti-oxidant Environmental Modifiers, and Breast Cancer Among Women on Long Island, New York. Cancer Causes and Control, 2005, 16, 1225-1234.	1.8	42
98	No Increased Risk of Breast Cancer Associated with Alcohol Consumption among Carriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutations Ages <50 Years. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1565-1567.	2.5	42
99	Age and Menopausal Effects of Hormonal Birth Control and Hormone Replacement Therapy in Relation to Breast Cancer Risk. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 165, 1187-1198.	3.4	42
100	Life course exposure to smoke and early menopause and menopausal transition. Menopause, 2015, 22, 1076-1083.	2.0	42
101	Inheritance of deleterious mutations at both BRCA1 and BRCA2 in an international sample of 32,295 women. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 112.	5.0	42
102	Effects of glutathione S-transferase A1 (GSTA1) genotype and potential modifiers on breast cancer risk. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 1876-1882.	2.8	41
103	Risk-reducing salpingo-oophorectomy, natural menopause, and breast cancer risk: an international prospective cohort of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers. Breast Cancer Research, 2020, 22, 8.	5.0	41
104	Prevalence and predictors of antioxidant supplement use during breast cancer treatment. Cancer, 2009, 115, 3271-3282.	4.1	40
105	Genetic Variation at 9p22.2 and Ovarian Cancer Risk for BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2011, 103, 105-116.	6.3	40
106	Global DNA methylation levels in white blood cell DNA from sisters discordant for breast cancer from the New York site of the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Epigenetics, 2012, 7, 868-874.	2.7	40
107	Alcohol intake over the life course and mammographic density. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2009, 117, 643-651.	2.5	39
108	Changes in mammographic density over time in breast cancer cases and women at high risk for breast cancer. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 135, 1740-1744.	5.1	39

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109	Breast Cancer Polygenic Risk Score and Contralateral Breast Cancer Risk. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2020, 107, 837-848.	6.2	39
110	Preeclampsia, Pregnancy-related Hypertension, and Breast Cancer Risk. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 165, 1007-1014.	3.4	38
111	Mutations in p53, p53 protein overexpression and breast cancer survival. Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine, 2009, 13, 3847-3857.	3.6	38
112	Prenatal and childhood environmental tobacco smoke exposure and age at menarche. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2010, 24, 515-523.	1.7	38
113	Genetic polymorphisms in telomere pathway genes, telomere length, and breast cancer survival. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2012, 134, 393-400.	2.5	38
114	Recreational Physical Activity Is Associated with Reduced Breast Cancer Risk in Adult Women at High Risk for Breast Cancer: A Cohort Study of Women Selected for Familial and Genetic Risk. Cancer Research, 2020, 80, 116-125.	0.9	37
115	Comparison of Clinical, Maternal, and Self Pubertal Assessments: Implications for Health Studies. Pediatrics, 2016, 138, .	2.1	36
116	Double-strand breaks repair in lymphoblastoid cell lines from sisters discordant for breast cancer from the New York site of the BCFR. Carcinogenesis, 2008, 29, 1367-1372.	2.8	35
117	Cigarette smoking, body mass index, gastro-esophageal reflux disease, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug use and risk of subtypes of esophageal and gastric cancers by P53 overexpression. Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 361-368.	1.8	35
118	Ovarian cancer susceptibility alleles and risk of ovarian cancer inBRCA1andBRCA2mutation carriers. Human Mutation, 2012, 33, 690-702.	2.5	34
119	Breast Cancer Chemoprevention among High-risk Women and those with Ductal Carcinoma In Situ. Breast Journal, 2015, 21, 377-386.	1.0	34
120	Assessing Associations between the AURKA-HMMR-TPX2-TUBG1 Functional Module and Breast Cancer Risk in BRCA1/2 Mutation Carriers. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0120020.	2.5	34
121	Practical Problems With Clinical Guidelines for Breast Cancer Prevention Based on Remaining Lifetime Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2015, 107, djv124-djv124.	6.3	34
122	Epigenetic Biomarkers of Breast Cancer Risk: Across the Breast Cancer Prevention Continuum. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 2016, 882, 33-68.	1.6	34
123	Oral contraceptive use and ovarian cancer risk for BRCA1/2 mutation carriers: an international cohort study. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 225, 51.e1-51.e17.	1.3	34
124	Genetic polymorphisms in alcohol metabolism, alcohol intake and the risk of stomach cancer in Warsaw, Poland. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 2060-2064.	5.1	33
125	C-Reactive Protein and Colorectal Cancer Mortality in U.S. Adults. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2014, 23, 1609-1618.	2.5	33
126	Oral Contraceptive Use and Breast Cancer Risk: Retrospective and Prospective Analyses From a BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carrier Cohort Study. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2018, 2, pky023.	2.9	33

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127	Validity of Self-reported Birth Weight by Adult Women: Sociodemographic Influences and Implications for Life-Course Studies. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2009, 170, 910-917.	3.4	32
128	Common variants of the BRCA1 wild-type allele modify the risk of breast cancer in BRCA1 mutation carriers. Human Molecular Genetics, 2011, 20, 4732-4747.	2.9	32
129	Correlation of DNA methylation levels in blood and saliva DNA in young girls of the LEGACY Girls study. Epigenetics, 2014, 9, 929-933.	2.7	32
130	Transcriptomeâ€wide association study of breast cancer risk by estrogenâ€receptor status. Genetic Epidemiology, 2020, 44, 442-468.	1.3	32
131	Global DNA methylation levels in girls with and without a family history of breast cancer. Epigenetics, 2011, 6, 29-33.	2.7	31
132	Identification of independent association signals and putative functional variants for breast cancer risk through fine-scale mapping of the 12p11 locus. Breast Cancer Research, 2016, 18, 64.	5.0	31
133	Risk-Reducing Oophorectomy and Breast Cancer Risk Across the Spectrum of Familial Risk. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 331-334.	6.3	31
134	Generalizability of Polygenic Risk Scores for Breast Cancer Among Women With European, African, and Latinx Ancestry. JAMA Network Open, 2021, 4, e2119084.	5.9	31
135	Leisure and occupational physical activity and risk of colorectal adenomatous polyps. , 1996, 68, 744-748.		30
136	Plasma Protein Carbonyls and Breast Cancer Risk in Sisters Discordant for Breast Cancer from the New York Site of the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Research, 2009, 69, 2966-2972.	0.9	30
137	Use of Self-Care and Practitioner-Based Forms of Complementary and Alternative Medicine before and after a Diagnosis of Breast Cancer. Evidence-based Complementary and Alternative Medicine, 2013, 2013, 1-16.	1.2	30
138	Height and Body Mass Index as Modifiers of Breast Cancer Risk in BRCA1/2 Mutation Carriers: A Mendelian Randomization Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 350-364.	6.3	30
139	A network analysis to identify mediators of germline-driven differences in breast cancer prognosis. Nature Communications, 2020, 11, 312.	12.8	30
140	Life course socioeconomic conditions, passive tobacco exposures and cigarette smoking in a multiethnic birth cohort of U.S. women. Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 867-876.	1.8	28
141	Dietary intake of fish, polyunsaturated fatty acids, and survival after breast cancer: A populationâ€based followâ€up study on Long Island, New York. Cancer, 2015, 121, 2244-2252.	4.1	28
142	The FANCM:p.Arg658* truncating variant is associated with risk of triple-negative breast cancer. Npj Breast Cancer, 2019, 5, 38.	5.2	28
143	Environmental exposures and breast cancer risk in the context of underlying susceptibility: A systematic review of the epidemiological literature. Environmental Research, 2020, 187, 109346.	7.5	28
144	Commentary: The impact of fetal and infant exposures along the life course. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2001, 30, 95-96.	1.9	27

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145	Aberrant Methylation of RASSF1A in Plasma DNA Before Breast Cancer Diagnosis in the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 2723-2725.	2.5	27
146	Reproductive and menstrual factors and mammographic density in African American, Caribbean, and white women. Cancer Causes and Control, 2011, 22, 599-610.	1.8	27
147	Alcohol consumption, cigarette smoking, and familial breast cancer risk: findings from the Prospective Family Study Cohort (ProF-SC). Breast Cancer Research, 2019, 21, 128.	5.0	27
148	Alcohol dehydrogenase 3 and risk of esophageal and gastric adenocarcinomas. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 1039-1046.	1.8	26
149	XRCC1 polymorphisms and breast cancer risk from the New York Site of the Breast Cancer Family Registry: A family-based case-control study. Journal of Carcinogenesis, 2010, 9, 4.	2.5	26
150	Genetic variants associated with breast cancer risk for Ashkenazi Jewish women with strong family histories but no identifiable BRCA1/2 mutation. Human Genetics, 2013, 132, 523-536.	3.8	26
151	An original phylogenetic approach identified mitochondrial haplogroup T1a1 as inversely associated with breast cancer risk in BRCA2 mutation carriers. Breast Cancer Research, 2015, 17, 61.	5.0	26
152	Polyunsaturated fatty acid interactions and breast cancer incidence: a population-based case-control study on Long Island, New York. Annals of Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 929-935.	1.9	26
153	microRNA Expression in Prospectively Collected Blood as a Potential Biomarker of Breast Cancer Risk in the BCFR. Anticancer Research, 2015, 35, 3969-77.	1.1	26
154	Immunohistochemical analysis of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon-DNA adducts in breast tumor tissue. Cancer Letters, 2000, 154, 143-149.	7.2	25
155	Second primary breast cancer in BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation carriers: 10-year cumulative incidence in the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2015, 151, 653-660.	2.5	25
156	The association of alcohol consumption with mammographic density in a multiethnic urban population. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 1094.	2.6	25
157	Alcohol metabolism, alcohol intake, and breast cancer risk: a sister-set analysis using the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2007, 106, 281-288.	2.5	24
158	Estrogen-biosynthesis gene CYP17 and its interactions with reproductive, hormonal and lifestyle factors in breast cancer risk: results from the Long Island Breast Cancer Study Project. Carcinogenesis, 2008, 29, 766-771.	2.8	24
159	The role of birth cohorts in studies of adult health: the New York women's birth cohort. Paediatric and Perinatal Epidemiology, 2009, 23, 431-445.	1.7	24
160	Genomic Methylation Changes Over Time in Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cell DNA: Differences by Assay Type and Baseline Values. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1314-1318.	2.5	24
161	No effect of weight loss on LINEâ€1 methylation levels in peripheral blood leukocytes from postmenopausal overweight women. Obesity, 2014, 22, 2091-2096.	3.0	24
162	Polymorphisms in DNA repair genes, recreational physical activity and breast cancer risk. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 134, 654-663.	5.1	24

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163	The LEGACY Girls Study. Epidemiology, 2016, 27, 438-448.	2.7	24
164	Alcohol Consumption, Cigarette Smoking, and Risk of Breast Cancer for BRCA1 and BRCA2 Mutation Carriers: Results from The BRCA1 and BRCA2 Cohort Consortium. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 368-378.	2.5	24
165	Discordant attitudes and beliefs about cancer clinical trial participation between physicians, research staff, and cancer patients. Clinical Trials, 2020, 17, 184-194.	1.6	24
166	Mismatch Repair Polymorphisms as Markers of Breast Cancer Prevalence in the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Anticancer Research, 2016, 36, 4437-4442.	1.1	24
167	Does Stage of Change Modify the Effectiveness of an Educational Intervention to Improve Diet among Family Members of Hospitalized Cardiovascular Disease Patients?. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2010, 110, 1027-1035.	1.1	23
168	A Nonsynonymous Polymorphism in IRS1 Modifies Risk of Developing Breast and Ovarian Cancers in BRCA1 and Ovarian Cancer in BRCA2 Mutation Carriers. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2012, 21, 1362-1370.	2.5	23
169	Differences in DNA methylation by extent of breast cancer family history in unaffected women. Epigenetics, 2014, 9, 243-248.	2.7	23
170	Mutation screening of PALB2 in clinically ascertained families from the Breast Cancer Family Registry. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2015, 149, 547-554.	2.5	23
171	Trends in Parity and Breast Cancer Incidence in US Women Younger Than 40 Years From 1935 to 2015. JAMA Network Open, 2020, 3, e200929.	5.9	23
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