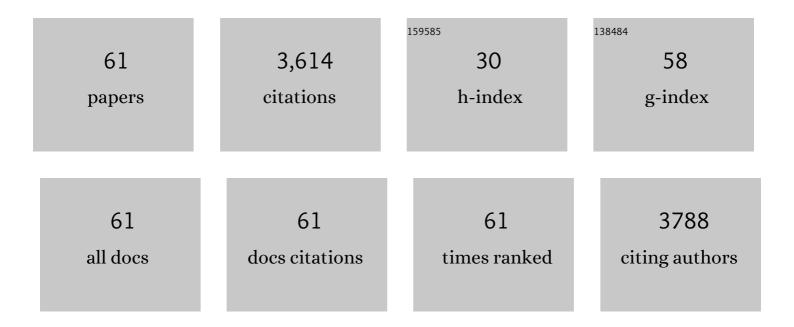
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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LALIDA M CLVNN

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Prenatal Exposure to Maternal Depression and Cortisol Influences Infant Temperament. Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2007, 46, 737-746.	0.5	532
2	Pattern of perceived stress and anxiety in pregnancy predicts preterm birth Health Psychology, 2008, 27, 43-51.	1.6	270
3	The Role of Rumination in Recovery from Reactivity: Cardiovascular Consequences of Emotional States. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2002, 64, 714-726.	2.0	217
4	New insights into the role of perinatal HPA-axis dysregulation in postpartum depression. Neuropeptides, 2013, 47, 363-370.	2.2	170
5	Risk of Postpartum Depressive Symptoms With Elevated Corticotropin-Releasing Hormone in Human Pregnancy. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2009, 66, 162.	12.3	151
6	Exposure to unpredictable maternal sensory signals influences cognitive development across species. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 10390-10395.	7.1	131
7	Pregnancy affects appraisal of negative life events. Journal of Psychosomatic Research, 2004, 56, 47-52.	2.6	104
8	Developmental origins of the human hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis. Expert Review of Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2017, 12, 321-339.	2.4	104
9	A predictable home environment may protect child mental health during the COVID-19 pandemic. Neurobiology of Stress, 2021, 14, 100291.	4.0	98
10	Pregnancy anxiety and prenatal cortisol trajectories. Biological Psychology, 2014, 100, 13-19.	2.2	96
11	Giving birth to a new brain: Hormone exposures of pregnancy influence human memory. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2010, 35, 1148-1155.	2.7	94
12	Prenatal maternal mood patterns predict child temperament and adolescent mental health. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 228, 83-90.	4.1	87
13	Ethnic differences in adrenocorticotropic hormone, cortisol and corticotropin-releasing hormone during pregnancy. Peptides, 2007, 28, 1155-1161.	2.4	84
14	Temperament factors and dimensional, latent bifactor models of child psychopathology: Transdiagnostic and specific associations in two youth samples. Psychiatry Research, 2017, 252, 139-146.	3.3	84
15	The influence of unpredictable, fragmented parental signals on the developing brain. Frontiers in Neuroendocrinology, 2019, 53, 100736.	5.2	79
16	Postnatal maternal cortisol levels predict temperament in healthy breastfed infants. Early Human Development, 2007, 83, 675-681.	1.8	73
17	Evaluation of the Association Between Placental Corticotrophin-Releasing Hormone and Postpartum Depressive Symptoms. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2014, 76, 355-362.	2.0	67
18	On the reliable assessment of cardiovascular recovery: An application of curve-fitting techniques. Psychophysiology, 2000, 37, 543-550.	2.4	62

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19	Fetal programming of children's obesity risk. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2015, 53, 29-39.	2.7	62
20	Recreating cardiovascular responses with rumination: The effects of a delay between harassment and its recall. International Journal of Psychophysiology, 2007, 66, 135-140.	1.0	58
21	Sex moderates associations between prenatal glucocorticoid exposure and human fetal neurological development. Developmental Science, 2012, 15, 601-610.	2.4	57
22	Cortisol in human milk predicts child BMI. Obesity, 2016, 24, 2471-2474.	3.0	54
23	Cortical Thinning and Neuropsychiatric Outcomes in Children Exposed to Prenatal Adversity: A Role for Placental CRH?. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 175, 471-479.	7.2	53
24	Measuring novel antecedents of mental illness: the Questionnaire of Unpredictability in Childhood. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2019, 44, 876-882.	5.4	52
25	Corticotrophinâ€releasing Hormone and Fetal Responses in Human Pregnancy. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1999, 897, 66-75.	3.8	50
26	Longer Gestation among Children Born Full Term Influences Cognitive and Motor Development. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113758.	2.5	46
27	Women's Pregnancy Life History and Alzheimer's Risk: Can Immunoregulation Explain the Link?. American Journal of Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementias, 2018, 33, 516-526.	1.9	44
28	Validation of Minimally-Invasive Sample Collection Methods for Measurement of Telomere Length. Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience, 2017, 9, 397.	3.4	43
29	Exposure to traumatic events in childhood predicts cortisol production among high risk pregnant women. Biological Psychology, 2018, 139, 186-192.	2.2	39
30	Fetal exposure to placental corticotropin-releasing hormone is associated with child self-reported internalizing symptoms. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2016, 67, 10-17.	2.7	37
31	Childhood poverty and the organization of structural brain connectome. NeuroImage, 2019, 184, 409-416.	4.2	37
32	Across continents and demographics, unpredictable maternal signals are associated with children's cognitive function. EBioMedicine, 2019, 46, 256-263.	6.1	36
33	The acute and persisting impact of COVID-19 on trajectories of adolescent depression: Sex differences and social connectedness. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2022, 299, 246-255.	4.1	34
34	Increasing Parity Is Associated with Cumulative Effects on Memory. Journal of Women's Health, 2012, 21, 1038-1045.	3.3	32
35	Aberrant Maturation of the Uncinate Fasciculus Follows Exposure to Unpredictable Patterns of Maternal Signals. Journal of Neuroscience, 2021, 41, 1242-1250.	3.6	31
36	Abnormal dendritic maturation of developing cortical neurons exposed to corticotropin releasing hormone (CRH): Insights into effects of prenatal adversity?. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0180311.	2.5	30

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37	Gestational hormone profiles predict human maternal behavior at 1-year postpartum. Hormones and Behavior, 2016, 85, 19-25.	2.1	29
38	Does Anhedonia Presage Increased Risk of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder?. Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences, 2018, 38, 249-265.	1.7	25
39	Prenatal maternal psychological distress and fetal developmental trajectories: associations with infant temperament. Development and Psychopathology, 2020, 32, 1685-1695.	2.3	24
40	Unpredictable maternal behavior is associated with a blunted infant cortisol response. Developmental Psychobiology, 2020, 62, 882-888.	1.6	23
41	Perceived neighborhood cohesion buffers COVID-19 impacts on mental health in a United States sample. Social Science and Medicine, 2021, 285, 114269.	3.8	20
42	Network specialization during adolescence: Hippocampal effective connectivity in boys and girls. Neurolmage, 2018, 175, 402-412.	4.2	18
43	Maternal prenatal cortisol programs the infant hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenal axis. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2021, 125, 105106.	2.7	18
44	Contribution of earlyâ€life unpredictability to neuropsychiatric symptom patterns in adulthood. Depression and Anxiety, 2022, 39, 706-717.	4.1	18
45	A longitudinal study of women's depression symptom profiles during and after the postpartum phase. Depression and Anxiety, 2018, 35, 292-304.	4.1	17
46	Prenatal maternal mood entropy is associated with child neurodevelopment Emotion, 2021, 21, 489-498.	1.8	17
47	Maternal Depressive Symptoms Predict General Liability in Child Psychopathology. Journal of Clinical Child and Adolescent Psychology, 2022, 51, 85-96.	3.4	16
48	Prenatal Risk for Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD): Fetal Cortisol Exposure Predicts Child ASD Symptoms. Clinical Psychological Science, 2019, 7, 349-361.	4.0	13
49	Cesarean delivery and infant cortisol regulation. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 122, 104862.	2.7	12
50	Development of the infant gut microbiome predicts temperament across the first year of life. Development and Psychopathology, 2022, 34, 1914-1925.	2.3	10
51	Patterns of Maternal Distress from Pregnancy Through Childhood Predict Psychopathology During Early Adolescence. Child Psychiatry and Human Development, 2023, 54, 470-480.	1.9	10
52	Can Placental Corticotropin-Releasing Hormone Inform Timing of Antenatal Corticosteroid Administration?. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2019, 104, 443-450.	3.6	9
53	Maternal caregiving ameliorates the consequences of prenatal maternal psychological distress on child development. Development and Psychopathology, 2022, 34, 1376-1385.	2.3	8
54	Prenatal exposure to maternal psychological distress and telomere length in childhood. Developmental Psychobiology, 2022, 64, e22238.	1.6	8

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	The contribution of racism-related stress and adversity to disparities in birth outcomes: evidence and research recommendations. F&S Reports, 2022, 3, 5-13.	0.7	6
56	Intergenerational risk and resilience pathways from discrimination and acculturative stress to infant mental health. Development and Psychopathology, 2023, 35, 899-911.	2.3	6
57	Intra-Individual Consistency in Endocrine Profiles Across Successive Pregnancies. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2015, 100, 4637-4647.	3.6	4
58	Prenatal stress and stress physiology influences human fetal and infant development. , 2005, , 183-201.		2
59	Letter to the Editor: Demonstration of Elevated Cerebrospinal Fluid CRH Levels During Pregnancy Provides Support for (Not Against) the Link Between CRH and Postpartum Depression. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2016, 101, L5-L6.	3.6	2
60	The Authors Reply. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2015, 77, 242-243.	2.0	1
61	Real-time feedback of air quality in children's bedrooms reduces exposure to secondhand smoke. Tobacco Prevention and Cessation, 2022, 8, 1-5.	0.4	0