

Liona C Poon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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257
papers

17,539
citations

15504

65
h-index

17105

122
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274
all docs

274
docs citations

274
times ranked

11277
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Aspirin versus Placebo in Pregnancies at High Risk for Preterm Preeclampsia. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 377, 613-622.	27.0	1,462
2	The International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics (<sc>FIGO</sc>) initiative on pre-eclampsia: A pragmatic guide for first-trimester screening and prevention. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2019, 145, 1-33.	2.3	550
3	Coronavirus disease 2019 in pregnant women: a report based on 116 cases. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 223, 111.e1-111.e14.	1.3	489
4	Competing Risks Model in Early Screening for Preeclampsia by Biophysical and Biochemical Markers. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2013, 33, 8-15.	1.4	464
5	Effect of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) on maternal, perinatal and neonatal outcome: systematic review. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 56, 15-27.	1.7	424
6	First-Trimester Prediction of Hypertensive Disorders in Pregnancy. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2009, 53, 812-818.	2.7	389
7	Competing risks model in screening for preeclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11-13 weeks gestation. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2016, 214, 103.e1-103.e12.	1.3	365
8	ISUOG Practice Guidelines: diagnosis and management of small-for-gestational-age fetus and fetal growth restriction. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 56, 298-312.	1.7	351
9	Fetal fraction in maternal plasma cell-free <sc>DNA</sc> at 11-13 weeks' gestation: relation to maternal and fetal characteristics. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 41, 26-32.	1.7	325
10	Competing risks model in screening for preeclampsia by maternal characteristics and medical history. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 213, 62.e1-62.e10.	1.3	280
11	Maternal risk factors for hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: a multivariate approach. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , 2010, 24, 104-110.	2.2	265
12	ASPRE trial: performance of screening for preterm pre-eclampsia. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 50, 492-495.	1.7	263
13	Multicenter screening for pre-eclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11-13 weeks' gestation: comparison with <sc>NICE</sc> guidelines and <sc>ACOG</sc> recommendations. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 49, 756-760.	1.7	251
14	Integrative single-cell and cell-free plasma RNA transcriptomics elucidates placental cellular dynamics. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E7786-E7795.	7.1	242
15	Screening for pre-eclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11-13 weeks' gestation. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 52, 186-195.	1.7	241
16	Maternal serum placental growth factor at 11 + 0 to 13 + 6 weeks of gestation in the prediction of pre-eclampsia. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 732-739.	1.7	222
17	Meta-analysis of second-trimester markers for trisomy 21. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2013, 41, 247-261.	1.7	220
18	Global interim guidance on coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) during pregnancy and puerperium from FIGO and allied partners: Information for healthcare professionals. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2020, 149, 273-286.	2.3	220

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19	Comparison of diagnostic accuracy of early screening for pre-eclampsia by NICE guidelines and a method combining maternal factors and biomarkers: results of SPREE. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 51, 743-750.	1.7	219
20	Protocol for Measurement of Mean Arterial Pressure at 11-13 Weeks' Gestation. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2012, 31, 42-48.	1.4	197
21	First-trimester maternal serum pregnancy-associated plasma protein-A and pre-eclampsia. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 33, 23-33.	1.7	196
22	The 2021 International Society for the Study of Hypertension in Pregnancy classification, diagnosis & management recommendations for international practice. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , 2022, 27, 148-169.	1.4	189
23	FIGO (International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics) initiative on fetal growth: Best practice advice for screening, diagnosis, and management of fetal growth restriction. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2021, 152, 3-57.	2.3	188
24	Early Prediction of Preeclampsia. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology International</i> , 2014, 2014, 1-11.	1.3	187
25	A Competing Risks Model in Early Screening for Preeclampsia. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2012, 32, 171-178.	1.4	182
26	Accuracy of competing risks model in screening for pre-eclampsia by maternal factors and biomarkers at 11-13 weeks' gestation. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 49, 751-755.	1.7	182
27	Combined Screening for Preeclampsia and Small for Gestational Age at 11-13 Weeks. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2013, 33, 16-27.	1.4	180
28	Maternal Plasma Cell-Free Fetal and Maternal DNA at 11-13 Weeks' Gestation: Relation to Fetal and Maternal Characteristics and Pregnancy Outcomes. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2013, 33, 215-223.	1.4	179
29	<scp>ISUOG</scp> Interim Guidance on 2019 novel coronavirus infection during pregnancy and puerperium: information for healthcare professionals. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 55, 700-708.	1.7	179
30	A Randomized Trial of a Cervical Pessary to Prevent Preterm Singleton Birth. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2016, 374, 1044-1052.	27.0	156
31	Uterine artery Doppler at 11 + 0 to 13 + 6 weeks and 21 + 0 to 24 + 6 weeks in the prediction of pre-eclampsia. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 32, 138-146.	1.7	152
32	Plasma DNA End-Motif Profiling as a Fragmentomic Marker in Cancer, Pregnancy, and Transplantation. <i>Cancer Discovery</i> , 2020, 10, 664-673.	9.4	152
33	Maternal sildenafil for severe fetal growth restriction (STRIDER): a multicentre, randomised, placebo-controlled, double-blind trial. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2018, 2, 93-102.	5.6	146
34	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by biophysical and biochemical markers at 11-13 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2010, 35, 662-670.	1.7	142
35	Prevention of preeclampsia with aspirin. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 226, S1108-S1119.	1.3	140
36	Aspirin for Evidence-Based Preeclampsia Prevention trial: effect of aspirin in prevention of preterm preeclampsia in subgroups of women according to their characteristics and medical and obstetrical history. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 217, 585.e1-585.e5.	1.3	136

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37	Predictive performance of the competing risk model in screening for preeclampsia. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2019, 220, 199.e1-199.e13.	1.3	136
38	First trimester preeclampsia screening and prediction. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2022, 226, S1071-S1097.e2.	1.3	135
39	Fetal Fraction in Maternal Plasma Cell-Free DNA at 11-13 Weeks Gestation: Effect of Maternal and Fetal Factors. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 31, 237-243.	1.4	132
40	Novel coronavirus infection and pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 435-437.	1.7	127
41	Clinical evaluation of a first trimester algorithm predicting the risk of hypertensive disease of pregnancy. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2013, 53, 532-539.	1.0	126
42	Pregnant women with SARS-CoV-2 infection are at higher risk of death and pneumonia: propensity score matched analysis of a nationwide prospective cohort (COV19Mx).	1.7	126
43	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: combined screening by uterine artery Doppler, blood pressure and serum PAPP-A at 11-13 weeks. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2010, 30, 216-223.	2.3	121
44	Cervical pessary placement for prevention of preterm birth in unselected twin pregnancies: a randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 214, 3.e1-3.e9.	1.3	120
45	First-trimester maternal factors and biomarker screening for preeclampsia. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2014, 34, 618-627.	2.3	113
46	Birthweight with Gestation and Maternal Characteristics in Live Births and Stillbirths. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 32, 156-165.	1.4	111
47	Clinical implementation of routine screening for fetal trisomies in the UK NHS: cell-free DNA test contingent on results from first-trimester combined test. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 45-52.	1.7	108
48	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by uterine artery Doppler at 11-13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 142-148.	1.7	107
49	First-trimester contingent screening for trisomy 21 by biomarkers and maternal blood cell-free DNA testing. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2013, 42, 41-50.	1.7	107
50	Hypertensive disorders in pregnancy: screening by uterine artery Doppler imaging and blood pressure at 11-13 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 34, 497-502.	1.7	106
51	Birth weight in live births and stillbirths. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 602-606.	1.7	106
52	Prediction of preeclampsia by a combination of maternal history, uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 877-883.	1.7	105
53	Mean Arterial Pressure at 11 ⁺⁰ to 13 ⁺⁶ Weeks in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. Hypertension, 2008, 51, 1027-1033.	2.7	104
54	Reference range of birth weight with gestation and first-trimester prediction of small-for-gestation neonates. Prenatal Diagnosis, 2011, 31, 58-65.	2.3	100

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55	Aspirin for Evidence-Based Preeclampsia Prevention trial: influence of compliance on beneficial effect of aspirin in prevention of preterm preeclampsia. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 217, 685.e1-685.e5.	1.3	100
56	Maternal serum placental growth factor (PIGF) in small for gestational age pregnancy at 11 ⁺⁰ to 13 ⁺⁶ weeks of gestation. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2008, 28, 1110-1115.	2.3	94
57	First-Trimester Screening for Spontaneous Preterm Delivery with Maternal Characteristics and Cervical Length. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2012, 31, 154-161.	1.4	93
58	Prediction and prevention of small-for-gestational-age neonates: evidence from SPREE and ASPRE. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 52, 52-59.	1.7	91
59	Association of placental perfusion, as assessed by magnetic resonance imaging and uterine artery Doppler ultrasound, and its relationship to pregnancy outcome. <i>Placenta</i> , 2013, 34, 885-891.	1.5	86
60	Umbilical and fetal middle cerebral artery Doppler at 35-37 weeks' gestation in the prediction of adverse perinatal outcome. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 46, 82-92.	1.7	85
61	Aspirin for Evidence-Based Preeclampsia Prevention trial: effect of aspirin on length of stay in the neonatal intensive care unit. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 218, 612.e1-612.e6.	1.3	84
62	Mean arterial pressure in the three trimesters of pregnancy: effects of maternal characteristics and medical history. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 45, 698-706.	1.7	83
63	ISUOG Interim Guidance on coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) during pregnancy and puerperium: information for healthcare professionals – an update. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 55, 848-862.	1.7	80
64	Normal Ranges of Embryonic Length, Embryonic Heart Rate, Gestational Sac Diameter and Yolk Sac Diameter at 6-10 Weeks. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2010, 28, 207-219.	1.4	76
65	Successful induction of labor: prediction by preinduction cervical length, angle of progression and cervical elastography. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2014, 44, 468-475.	1.7	74
66	Prospective evaluation of screening performance of first-trimester prediction models for preterm preeclampsia in an Asian population. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 221, 650.e1-650.e16.	1.3	73
67	The first-trimester of pregnancy – A window of opportunity for prediction and prevention of pregnancy complications and future life. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2018, 145, 20-30.	2.8	71
68	Risk factors for anxiety and depression among pregnant women during the COVID-19 pandemic. <i>Medicine (United States)</i> , 2020, 99, e21279.	1.0	69
69	Hypertensive Disorders in Pregnancy: Screening by Systolic Diastolic and Mean Arterial Pressure at 11-13 Weeks. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , 2011, 30, 93-107.	1.1	68
70	Tetralogy of Fallot in the fetus in the current era. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2007, 29, 625-627.	1.7	62
71	First-Trimester Maternal Serum a Disintegrin and Metalloprotease 12 (ADAM12) and Adverse Pregnancy Outcome. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2008, 112, 1082-1090.	2.4	62
72	Study protocol for the randomised controlled trial: combined multimarker screening and randomised patient treatment with Aspirin for evidence-based PREEclampsia prevention (ASPRE). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e011801.	1.9	62

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73	Intrauterine vertical transmission of SARS-CoV-2: what we know so far. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2020, 55, 724-725.	1.7	62
74	Optimal Method and Timing of Intrauterine Intervention in Twin Reversed Arterial Perfusion Sequence: Case Study and Meta-Analysis. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2014, 35, 267-279.	1.4	61
75	Umbilical and fetal middle cerebral artery Doppler at 30-34 weeks' gestation in the prediction of adverse perinatal outcome. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 45, 409-420.	1.7	61
76	Detection and characterization of jagged ends of double-stranded DNA in plasma. <i>Genome Research</i> , 2020, 30, 1144-1153.	5.5	61
77	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by fetal biometry at 30-34 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 45, 551-558.	1.7	60
78	Trichorionic and Dichorionic Triplet Pregnancies at 10-14 Weeks: Outcome after Embryo Reduction Compared to Expectant Management. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2013, 34, 199-205.	1.4	59
79	First-Trimester Prediction of Macrosomia. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2011, 29, 139-147.	1.4	57
80	Competing Risks Model in Screening for Preeclampsia by Serum Placental Growth Factor and Soluble fms-Like Tyrosine Kinase-1 at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2014, 35, 240-248.	1.4	56
81	The effect of gestational age and cervical length measurements in the prediction of spontaneous preterm birth in twin pregnancies: an individual patient level meta-analysis. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2016, 123, 877-884.	2.3	54
82	ASPRE trial: incidence of preterm preeclampsia in patients fulfilling ACOG and NICE criteria according to risk by FMF algorithm. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2018, 51, 738-742.	1.7	54
83	Single-cell RNA expression profiling of SARS-CoV-2-related ACE2 and TMPRSS2 in human trophoctoderm and placenta. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 57, 248-256.	1.7	54
84	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by biophysical and biochemical markers at 19-24 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 46, 437-445.	1.7	53
85	First-trimester maternal serum metalloproteinase-9 (MMP-9) and adverse pregnancy outcome. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2009, 29, 553-559.	2.3	52
86	Large loop excision of transformation zone and cervical length in the prediction of spontaneous preterm delivery. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2012, 119, 692-698.	2.3	52
87	Association of placental T2 relaxation times and uterine artery Doppler ultrasound measures of placental blood flow. <i>Placenta</i> , 2013, 34, 474-479.	1.5	52
88	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by fetal biometry at 35-37 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 45, 559-565.	1.7	52
89	First-Trimester Contingent Screening for Trisomies 21, 18 and 13 by Biomarkers and Maternal Blood Cell-Free DNA Testing. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2014, 35, 185-192.	1.4	51
90	The diagnosis and management of suspected fetal growth restriction: an evidence-based approach. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2022, 226, 366-378.	1.3	51

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91	<sc>FIGO</sc> (International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics) Postpregnancy Initiative: Long-term Maternal Implications of Pregnancy Complications' Follow-up Considerations. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 147, 1-31.	2.3	50
92	Is high fetal nuchal translucency associated with submicroscopic chromosomal abnormalities on array <sc>CGH</sc>?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 620-624.	1.7	49
93	Reproductive outcomes after surgical treatment of asherman syndrome: A systematic review. Best Practice and Research in Clinical Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2019, 59, 98-114.	2.8	46
94	Maternal plasma cell-free DNA in the prediction of pre-eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 106-111.	1.7	45
95	Risk of preterm birth following surgical treatment for cervical disease: executive summary of a recent symposium. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2016, 123, 1426-1429.	2.3	44
96	Second-Trimester Uterine Artery Doppler in the Prediction of Stillbirths. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 28-35.	1.4	43
97	STRIDER (Sildenafil TheRapy in dismal prognosis early onset fetal growth restriction): an international consortium of randomised placebo-controlled trials. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2017, 17, 440.	2.4	43
98	Single-molecule sequencing reveals a large population of long cell-free DNA molecules in maternal plasma. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	43
99	Cervical cerclage for preterm birth prevention in twin gestation with short cervix: a retrospective cohort study. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 48, 752-756.	1.7	42
100	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure at 35-37 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 715-721.	1.7	41
101	Cervical length and maternal factors in expectantly managed prolonged pregnancy: prediction of onset of labor and mode of delivery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2008, 32, 646-651.	1.7	40
102	Maternal serum placental growth factor at 11-13 weeks in chromosomally abnormal pregnancies. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 382-386.	1.7	40
103	Prediction of large-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by maternal factors and biomarkers in the three trimesters of pregnancy. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2016, 47, 332-339.	1.7	40
104	Maternal hemodynamics, fetal biometry and Doppler indices in pregnancies followed up for suspected fetal growth restriction. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2018, 52, 507-514.	1.7	40
105	Does low-dose aspirin initiated before 11 weeks TM gestation reduce the rate of preeclampsia?. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 222, 437-450.	1.3	40
106	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by biophysical and biochemical markers at 30-34 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 446-451.	1.7	39
107	ISUOG Safety Committee Position Statement on safe performance of obstetric and gynecological scans and equipment cleaning in context of COVID-19. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 709-712.	1.7	39
108	First-Trimester Screening for Neural Tube Defects Using Alpha-Fetoprotein. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2012, 31, 109-114.	1.4	38

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109	Prediction of Preeclampsia by Mean Arterial Pressure at 11-13 and 20-24 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 36, 28-37.	1.4	38
110	ISUOG Consensus Statement on organization of routine and specialist obstetric ultrasound services in context of COVID-19. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 863-870.	1.7	38
111	Uterine Artery Doppler at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 156-163.	1.4	37
112	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by maternal serum biochemical markers at 19-24 weeks. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 46, 341-349.	1.7	37
113	UK NHS pilot study on cell-free DNA testing in screening for fetal trisomies: factors affecting uptake. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 67-73.	1.7	36
114	Maternal serum retinol-binding protein-4 at 11-13 weeks' gestation in normal and pathological pregnancies. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2013, 62, 814-819.	3.4	35
115	Metabolomic determination of pathogenesis of late-onset preeclampsia. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2017, 30, 658-664.	1.5	35
116	ISUOG Safety Committee Position Statement on use of personal protective equipment and hazard mitigation in relation to SARS-CoV-2 for practitioners undertaking obstetric and gynecological ultrasound. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 55, 886-891.	1.7	35
117	Fetal fraction of cell-free $\langle scp \rangle \text{DNA} \langle /scp \rangle$ in maternal plasma in the prediction of spontaneous preterm delivery. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2015, 45, 101-105.	1.7	34
118	A literature review and best practice advice for second and third trimester risk stratification, monitoring, and management of pre-eclampsia. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 154, 3-31.	2.3	34
119	Integrated Proteomic and Metabolomic prediction of Term Preeclampsia. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 16189.	3.3	33
120	Maternal Serum Placental Growth Factor, Pregnancy-Associated Plasma Protein-A and Free β -Human Chorionic Gonadotrophin at 30-33 Weeks in the Prediction of Pre-Eclampsia. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 33, 164-172.	1.4	32
121	Competing Risks Model in Screening for Preeclampsia by Biophysical and Biochemical Markers at 30-33 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2014, 36, 9-17.	1.4	32
122	Good clinical practice advice: Management of twin pregnancy. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2019, 144, 330-337.	2.3	32
123	First-trimester maternal serum tumor necrosis factor receptor-1 and pre-eclampsia. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2009, 33, 135-141.	1.7	31
124	Prediction of Preeclampsia by Uterine Artery Doppler at 20-24 Weeks' Gestation. Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy, 2013, 34, 241-247.	1.4	31
125	Urine albumin concentration and albumin-to-creatinine ratio at 11 ⁺⁰ to 13 ⁺⁶ weeks in the prediction of pre-eclampsia. BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2008, 115, 866-873.	2.3	30
126	How feasible is expectant management of interstitial ectopic pregnancy?. Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2014, 43, 317-321.	1.7	30

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127	Interarm blood pressure differences in pregnant women. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2008, 115, 1122-1130.	2.3	29
128	Maternal serum resistin at 11 to 13 weeks' gestation in normal and pathological pregnancies. <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2012, 61, 699-705.	3.4	29
129	Maternal Serum Placental Growth Factor (PIGF) Isoforms 1 and 2 at 11-13 Weeks' Gestation in Normal and Pathological Pregnancies. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2014, 36, 106-116.	1.4	29
130	Good clinical practice advice: Antenatal corticosteroids for fetal lung maturation. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2019, 144, 352-355.	2.3	29
131	Increased Sylvian fissure angle as early sonographic sign of malformation of cortical development. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 54, 199-206.	1.7	29
132	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by fetal biometry at 19-24 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 46, 198-207.	1.7	28
133	Labor progress determined by ultrasound is different in women requiring cesarean delivery from those who experience a vaginal delivery following induction of labor. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 221, 335.e1-335.e18.	1.3	28
134	Good clinical practice advice: Iron deficiency anemia in pregnancy. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , 2019, 144, 322-324.	2.3	28
135	Transvaginal three-dimensional ultrasound assessment of Sylvian fissures at 18-30 weeks' gestation. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2019, 54, 190-198.	1.7	28
136	Maternal serum ADAM12 (A disintegrin and metalloprotease) in chromosomally abnormal pregnancy at 11-13 weeks. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2009, 200, 508.e1-508.e6.	1.3	27
137	First trimester urinary placental growth factor and development of pre-eclampsia. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2009, 116, 643-647.	2.3	27
138	Systolic, Diastolic and Mean Arterial Pressure at 30-33 Weeks in the Prediction of Preeclampsia. <i>Fetal Diagnosis and Therapy</i> , 2013, 33, 173-181.	1.4	26
139	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by placental growth factor and soluble fms-like tyrosine kinase-1 at 35-37 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 46, 191-197.	1.7	25
140	Prediction of small-for-gestational-age neonates: screening by uterine artery Doppler and mean arterial pressure at 30-34 weeks. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2015, 45, 707-714.	1.7	25
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147	Protocol for measurement of mean arterial pressure at 10-40 weeks gestation. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , 2017, 10, 155-160.	1.4	23
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156	Prediction of labor outcome using serial transperineal ultrasound in the first stage of labor. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , 2019, 32, 31-37.	1.5	18
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159	Maternal cardiac function at 35-37 weeks' gestation: relationship with birth weight. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2017, 49, 67-72.	1.7	17
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