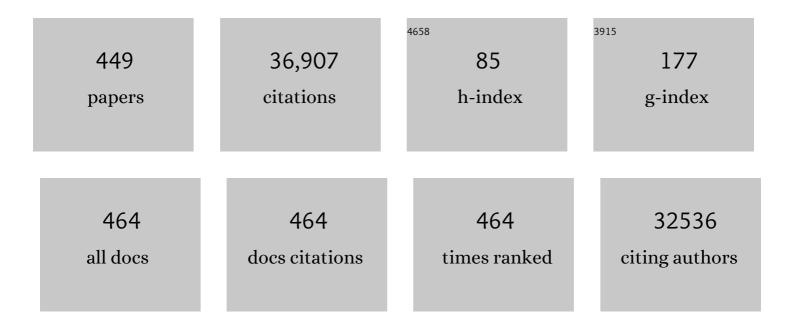
Miguel A MartÃ-nez-GonzÃ;lez

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease with a Mediterranean Diet. New England Journal of Medicine, 2013, 368, 1279-1290.	27.0	3,677
2	Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease with a Mediterranean Diet Supplemented with Extra-Virgin Olive Oil or Nuts. New England Journal of Medicine, 2018, 378, e34.	27.0	2,065
3	Effects of a Mediterranean-Style Diet on Cardiovascular Risk Factors. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2006, 145, 1.	3.9	1,430
4	A Short Screener Is Valid for Assessing Mediterranean Diet Adherence among Older Spanish Men and Women. Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 141, 1140-1145.	2.9	973
5	Reduction in the Incidence of Type 2 Diabetes With the Mediterranean Diet. Diabetes Care, 2011, 34, 14-19.	8.6	721
6	A 14-Item Mediterranean Diet Assessment Tool and Obesity Indexes among High-Risk Subjects: The PREDIMED Trial. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e43134.	2.5	704
7	Relative validity of a semi-quantitative food-frequency questionnaire in an elderly Mediterranean population of Spain. British Journal of Nutrition, 2010, 103, 1808-1816.	2.3	666
8	Mediterranean Diet and Age-Related Cognitive Decline. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 1094.	5.1	653
9	Metabolomics in Prediabetes and Diabetes: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 833-846.	8.6	642
10	Benefits of the Mediterranean Diet: Insights From the PREDIMED Study. Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases, 2015, 58, 50-60.	3.1	538
11	Mediterranean diet improves cognition: the PREDIMED-NAVARRA randomised trial. Journal of Neurology, Neurosurgery and Psychiatry, 2013, 84, 1318-1325.	1.9	534
12	Prevention of Diabetes With Mediterranean Diets. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2014, 160, 1-10.	3.9	533
13	Association of the Mediterranean Dietary Pattern With the Incidence of Depression. Archives of General Psychiatry, 2009, 66, 1090.	12.3	489
14	Cohort Profile: Design and methods of the PREDIMED study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 41, 377-385.	1.9	477
15	Validation of the Spanish version of the physical activity questionnaire used in the Nurses' Health Study and the Health Professionals' Follow-up Study. Public Health Nutrition, 2005, 8, 920-927.	2.2	470
16	Definitions and potential health benefits of the Mediterranean diet: views from experts around the world. BMC Medicine, 2014, 12, 112.	5.5	443
17	The Mediterranean Diet and Cardiovascular Health. Circulation Research, 2019, 124, 779-798.	4.5	441
18	Ultraprocessed food consumption and risk of overweight and obesity: the University of Navarra Follow-Up (SUN) cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 104, 1433-1440.	4.7	412

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19	Mediterranean Diet and Invasive Breast Cancer Risk Among Women at High Cardiovascular Risk in the PREDIMED Trial. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2015, 175, 1752.	5.1	391
20	Diet quality and depression risk: A systematic review and dose-response meta-analysis of prospective studies. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2018, 226, 346-354.	4.1	363
21	Food Consumption and its Impact on Cardiovascular Disease: Importance of Solutions Focused on the Globalized FoodÂSystem. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2015, 66, 1590-1614.	2.8	343
22	Reproducibility of an FFQ validated in Spain. Public Health Nutrition, 2010, 13, 1364-1372.	2.2	314
23	Association between consumption of ultra-processed foods and all cause mortality: SUN prospective cohort study. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2019, 365, 11949.	2.3	312
24	Clinical features, ventilatory management, and outcome of ARDS caused by COVID-19 are similar to other causes of ARDS. Intensive Care Medicine, 2020, 46, 2200-2211.	8.2	295
25	Mediterranean Diet and Cardiovascular Health: Teachings of the PREDIMED Study. Advances in Nutrition, 2014, 5, 330S-336S.	6.4	283
26	Olive oil intake and risk of cardiovascular disease and mortality in the PREDIMED Study. BMC Medicine, 2014, 12, 78.	5.5	267
27	Ultra-Processed Food Consumption and the Incidence of Hypertension in a Mediterranean Cohort: The Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra Project. American Journal of Hypertension, 2017, 30, 358-366.	2.0	263
28	Remnant Cholesterol, Not LDL Cholesterol, Is Associated With Incident Cardiovascular Disease. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2020, 76, 2712-2724.	2.8	240
29	Effect of a Lifestyle Intervention Program With Energy-Restricted Mediterranean Diet and Exercise on Weight Loss and Cardiovascular Risk Factors: One-Year Results of the PREDIMED-Plus Trial. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 777-788.	8.6	239
30	Financial Conflicts of Interest and Reporting Bias Regarding the Association between Sugar-Sweetened Beverages and Weight Gain: A Systematic Review of Systematic Reviews. PLoS Medicine, 2013, 10, e1001578.	8.4	236
31	Mediterranean diets and metabolic syndrome status in the PREDIMED randomized trial. Cmaj, 2014, 186, E649-E657.	2.0	235
32	Effect of the Mediterranean diet on blood pressure in the PREDIMED trial: results from a randomized controlled trial. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 207.	5.5	227
33	Plasma Ceramides, Mediterranean Diet, and Incident Cardiovascular Disease in the PREDIMED Trial (Prevención con Dieta Mediterránea). Circulation, 2017, 135, 2028-2040.	1.6	227
34	Sugar-sweetened beverages and risk of hypertension and CVD: a dose–response meta-analysis. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 113, 709-717.	2.3	220
35	Dietary fat intake and risk of cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in a population at high risk of cardiovascular disease. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 1563-1573.	4.7	219
36	Dietary patterns, Mediterranean diet, and cardiovascular disease. Current Opinion in Lipidology, 2014, 25, 20-26.	2.7	216

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37	A provegetarian food pattern and reduction in total mortality in the Prevención con Dieta Mediterránea (PREDIMED) study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 100, 320S-328S.	4.7	207
38	Plasma Branched-Chain Amino Acids and Incident Cardiovascular Disease in the PREDIMED Trial. Clinical Chemistry, 2016, 62, 582-592.	3.2	203
39	Cohort profile: The â€~Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra' (SUN) study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 1417-1422.	1.9	199
40	Transferability of the Mediterranean Diet to Non-Mediterranean Countries. What Is and What Is Not the Mediterranean Diet. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 1226.	4.1	195
41	Validity of a self-reported diagnosis of depression among participants in a cohort study using the Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV (SCID-I). BMC Psychiatry, 2008, 8, 43.	2.6	194
42	Extravirgin Olive Oil Consumption Reduces Risk of Atrial Fibrillation. Circulation, 2014, 130, 18-26.	1.6	194
43	Mediterranean Diet and Health Outcomes in the SUN Cohort. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 439.	4.1	189
44	Polyphenol intake from a Mediterranean diet decreases inflammatory biomarkers related to atherosclerosis: a substudy of the PREDIMED trial. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2017, 83, 114-128.	2.4	188
45	Cohort Profile: Design and methods of the PREDIMED-Plus randomized trial. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 48, 387-3880.	1.9	179
46	Metabolic Predictors of Incident Coronary Heart Disease in Women. Circulation, 2018, 137, 841-853.	1.6	177
47	A Large Randomized Individual and Group Intervention Conducted by Registered Dietitians Increased Adherence to Mediterranean-Type Diets: The PREDIMED Study. Journal of the American Dietetic Association, 2008, 108, 1134-1144.	1.1	172
48	Mediterranean Diet Improves High-Density Lipoprotein Function in High-Cardiovascular-Risk Individuals. Circulation, 2017, 135, 633-643.	1.6	171
49	Review: The emerging role of Mediterranean diets in cardiovascular epidemiology: Monounsaturated fats, olive oil, red wine or the whole pattern?. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 19, 9-13.	5.7	168
50	The Mediterranean diet improves the systemic lipid and DNA oxidative damage in metabolic syndrome individuals. A randomized, controlled, trial. Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 32, 172-178.	5.0	164
51	Mediterranean food pattern and the primary prevention of chronic disease: recent developments. Nutrition Reviews, 2009, 67, S111-S116.	5.8	158
52	Association of Mediterranean Diet With Peripheral Artery Disease. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2014, 311, 415.	7.4	158
53	Mediterranean diet and life expectancy; beyond olive oil, fruits, and vegetables. Current Opinion in Clinical Nutrition and Metabolic Care, 2016, 19, 401-407.	2.5	153
54	Renal tubule Cpt1a overexpression protects from kidney fibrosis by restoring mitochondrial homeostasis. Journal of Clinical Investigation, 2021, 131, .	8.2	147

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55	Validation of self reported diagnosis of hypertension in a cohort of university graduates in Spain. BMC Public Health, 2005, 5, 94.	2.9	146
56	Plasma Lipidomic Profiling and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in the PREDIMED Trial. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 2617-2624.	8.6	138
57	The Mediterranean diet, plasma metabolome, and cardiovascular disease risk. European Heart Journal, 2020, 41, 2645-2656.	2.2	138
58	Frequency of nut consumption and mortality risk in the PREDIMED nutrition intervention trial. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 164.	5.5	135
59	The Mediterranean Diet and Incidence of Hypertension: The Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra (SUN) Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 169, 339-346.	3.4	132
60	Fruit and vegetable consumption is inversely associated with blood pressure in a Mediterranean population with a high vegetable-fat intake: the Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra (SUN) Study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2004, 92, 311-319.	2.3	130
61	The Role of Dietary Inflammatory Index in Cardiovascular Disease, Metabolic Syndrome and Mortality. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2016, 17, 1265.	4.1	128
62	Consumption of Yogurt, Low-Fat Milk, and Other Low-Fat Dairy Products Is Associated with Lower Risk of Metabolic Syndrome Incidence in an Elderly Mediterranean Population. Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 145, 2308-2316.	2.9	127
63	Dietary Inflammatory Index and Incidence of Cardiovascular Disease in the SUN Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0135221.	2.5	125
64	Coffee consumption and risk of all-cause, cardiovascular, and cancer mortality in smokers and non-smokers: a dose-response meta-analysis. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 31, 1191-1205.	5.7	125
65	Diet, a new target to prevent depression?. BMC Medicine, 2013, 11, 3.	5.5	123
66	Plasma fatty acid composition, estimated desaturase activities, and their relation with the metabolic syndrome in a population at high risk of cardiovascular disease. Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 33, 90-97.	5.0	123
67	Ultra-processed food consumption and the incidence of depression in a Mediterranean cohort: the SUN Project. European Journal of Nutrition, 2020, 59, 1093-1103.	3.9	123
68	Dairy product consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes in an elderly Spanish Mediterranean population at high cardiovascular risk. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 349-360.	3.9	122
69	Mediterranean diet, physical activity and their combined effect on all-cause mortality: The Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra (SUN) cohort. Preventive Medicine, 2018, 106, 45-52.	3.4	120
70	Dietary patterns and nutritional adequacy in a Mediterranean country. British Journal of Nutrition, 2009, 101, S21-S28.	2.3	116
71	Virgin Olive Oil and Health: Summary of the III International Conference on Virgin Olive Oil and Health Consensus Report, JAEN (Spain) 2018. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 2039.	4.1	116
72	Contribution of macronutrients to obesity: implications for precision nutrition. Nature Reviews Endocrinology, 2020, 16, 305-320.	9.6	113

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73	Comprehensive Metabolomic Profiling and Incident Cardiovascular Disease: A Systematic Review. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2017, 6, .	3.7	110
74	Intake of Total Polyphenols and Some Classes of Polyphenols Is Inversely Associated with Diabetes in Elderly People at High Cardiovascular Disease Risk. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 767-777.	2.9	108
75	Validation of the English Version of the 14-Item Mediterranean Diet Adherence Screener of the PREDIMED Study, in People at High Cardiovascular Risk in the UK. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 138.	4.1	106
76	Mediterranean Diet, Retinopathy, Nephropathy, and Microvascular Diabetes Complications: A Post Hoc Analysis of a Randomized Trial. Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 2134-2141.	8.6	104
77	Dietary inflammatory index and telomere length in subjects with a high cardiovascular disease risk from the PREDIMED-NAVARRA study: cross-sectional and longitudinal analyses over 5 y. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 897-904.	4.7	104
78	Cross-Sectional Assessment of Nut Consumption and Obesity, Metabolic Syndrome and Other Cardiometabolic Risk Factors: The PREDIMED Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e57367.	2.5	102
79	Mediterranean diet and quality of life: Baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-PLUS trial. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198974.	2.5	100
80	Effect of a Nutritional and Behavioral Intervention on Energy-Reduced Mediterranean Diet Adherence Among Patients With Metabolic Syndrome. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 322, 1486.	7.4	100
81	Host and gut microbial tryptophan metabolism and type 2 diabetes: an integrative analysis of host genetics, diet, gut microbiome and circulating metabolites in cohort studies. Gut, 2022, 71, 1095-1105.	12.1	98
82	Parental Factors, Mass Media Influences, and the Onset of Eating Disorders in a Prospective Population-Based Cohort. Pediatrics, 2003, 111, 315-320.	2.1	96
83	Olive oil consumption and risk of CHD and/or stroke: a meta-analysis of case–control, cohort and intervention studies. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 112, 248-259.	2.3	95
84	Plasma Metabolites From Choline Pathway and Risk of Cardiovascular Disease in the PREDIMED (Prevention With Mediterranean Diet) Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2017, 6, .	3.7	95
85	Dietary Marine ω-3 Fatty Acids and Incident Sight-Threatening Retinopathy in Middle-Aged and Older Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes. JAMA Ophthalmology, 2016, 134, 1142.	2.5	92
86	Resveratrol metabolites in urine as a biomarker of wine intake in free-living subjects: The PREDIMED Study. Free Radical Biology and Medicine, 2009, 46, 1562-1566.	2.9	90
87	Effect of a high-fat Mediterranean diet on bodyweight and waist circumference: a prespecified secondary outcomes analysis of the PREDIMED randomised controlled trial. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2019, 7, e6-e17.	11.4	90
88	Plasma branched chain/aromatic amino acids, enriched Mediterranean diet and risk of type 2 diabetes: case-cohort study within the PREDIMED Trial. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 1560-1571.	6.3	89
89	Obesity Risk Is Associated with Carbohydrate Intake in Women Carrying the Gln27Glu β2-Adrenoceptor Polymorphism. Journal of Nutrition, 2003, 133, 2549-2554.	2.9	88
90	FTO genotype and weight loss: systematic review and meta-analysis of 9563 individual participant data from eight randomised controlled trials. BMJ, The, 2016, 354, i4707.	6.0	88

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91	Dietary inflammatory index and all-cause mortality in large cohorts: The SUN and PREDIMED studies. Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 38, 1221-1231.	5.0	87
92	Inflammatory potential of diet, weight gain, and incidence of overweight/obesity: The SUN cohort. Obesity, 2017, 25, 997-1005.	3.0	85
93	Olive oil consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes in US women. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 102, 479-486.	4.7	84
94	Association between Body Mass Index, Waist-to-Height Ratio and Adiposity in Children: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 512.	4.1	84
95	Olive Oil Consumption and Cardiovascular Risk in U.S. Adults. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2020, 75, 1729-1739.	2.8	84
96	Dietary indexes, food patterns and incidence of metabolic syndrome in a Mediterranean cohort: The SUN project. Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 34, 508-514.	5.0	83
97	Plasma lipidomic profiles and cardiovascular events in a randomized intervention trial with the Mediterranean diet. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 106, 973-983.	4.7	79
98	Prospective study of changes in sugar-sweetened beverage consumption and the incidence of the metabolic syndrome and its components: the SUN cohort. British Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 110, 1722-1731.	2.3	77
99	Lifestyles and Risk Factors Associated with Adherence to the Mediterranean Diet: A Baseline Assessment of the PREDIMED Trial. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e60166.	2.5	77
100	Mediterranean alcohol-drinking pattern and mortality in the SUN (Seguimiento Universidad de) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT	- /Oyerlock	2 10 Tf 50 38
101	Association of Tryptophan Metabolites with Incident Type 2 Diabetes in the PREDIMED Trial: A Case–Cohort Study. Clinical Chemistry, 2018, 64, 1211-1220.	3.2	76
102	White Blood Cell Counts as Risk Markers of Developing Metabolic Syndrome and Its Components in the Predimed Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e58354.	2.5	76
103	Dietary total antioxidant capacity is associated with leukocyte telomere length in a children and adolescent population. Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 34, 694-699.	5.0	75
104	Mediterranean diet and telomere length in high cardiovascular risk subjects from the PREDIMED-NAVARRA study. Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 35, 1399-1405.	5.0	75
105	Impact of Consuming Extra-Virgin Olive Oil or Nuts within a Mediterranean Diet on DNA Methylation in Peripheral White Blood Cells within the PREDIMED-Navarra Randomized Controlled Trial: A Role for Dietary Lipids. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 15.	4.1	75
106	Legume consumption and risk of all-cause, cardiovascular, and cancer mortality in the PREDIMED study. Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 38, 348-356.	5.0	74
107	Telomere Length as a Biomarker for Adiposity Changes after a Multidisciplinary Intervention in Overweight/Obese Adolescents: The EVASYON Study. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e89828.	2.5	74
108	Metabolites of Glutamate Metabolism Are Associated With Incident Cardiovascular Events in the PREDIMED PREvención con Dleta MEDiterránea (PREDIMED) Trial. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2016, 5, .	3.7	73

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109	Food patterns and the prevention of depression. Proceedings of the Nutrition Society, 2016, 75, 139-146.	1.0	71
110	Mediterranean diet and risk of heart failure: results from the PREDIMED randomized controlled trial. European Journal of Heart Failure, 2017, 19, 1179-1185.	7.1	71
111	The SUN cohort study (Seguimiento University of Navarra). Public Health Nutrition, 2006, 9, 127-131.	2.2	70
112	The major European dietary patterns and metabolic syndrome. Reviews in Endocrine and Metabolic Disorders, 2013, 14, 265-271.	5.7	70
113	Association between dietary carbohydrate intake quality and micronutrient intake adequacy in a Mediterranean cohort: the SUN (Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra) Project. British Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 111, 2000-2009.	2.3	68
114	Television Viewing, Computer Use, Time Driving and All ause Mortality: The SUN Cohort. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2014, 3, e000864.	3.7	67
115	The Mediterranean Diet Is Associated with a Reduction in Premature Mortality among Middle-Aged Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 142, 1672-1678.	2.9	66
116	Healthy Lifestyle and Incidence of Metabolic Syndrome in the SUN Cohort. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 65.	4.1	63
117	Long-Term Coffee Consumption Is Associated with Decreased Incidence of New-Onset Hypertension: A Dose–Response Meta-Analysis. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 890.	4.1	62
118	Added sugars and sugar-sweetened beverage consumption, dietary carbohydrate index and depression risk in the Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra (SUN) Project. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 119, 211-221.	2.3	61
119	Association between Sleeping Hours and Siesta and the Risk of Obesity: The SUN Mediterranean Cohort. Obesity Facts, 2013, 6, 337-347.	3.4	60
120	Dietary αâ€Linolenic Acid, Marine ωâ€3 Fatty Acids, and Mortality in a Population With High Fish Consumption: Findings From the PREvención con Dleta MEDiterránea (PREDIMED) Study. Journal of the American Heart Association, 2016, 5, .	3.7	60
121	Plasma Acylcarnitines and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in a Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2019, 104, 1508-1519.	3.6	60
122	Effects of 1-Year Intervention with a Mediterranean Diet on Plasma Fatty Acid Composition and Metabolic Syndrome in a Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e85202.	2.5	59
123	Genotype patterns at CLU, CR1, PICALM and APOE, cognition and Mediterranean diet: the PREDIMED-NAVARRA trial. Genes and Nutrition, 2014, 9, 393.	2.5	58
124	Effects of Polyphenol, Measured by a Biomarker of Total Polyphenols in Urine, on Cardiovascular Risk Factors After a Long-Term Follow-Up in the PREDIMED Study. Oxidative Medicine and Cellular Longevity, 2016, 2016, 1-11.	4.0	58
125	Associations between Yogurt Consumption and Weight Gain and Risk of Obesity and Metabolic Syndrome: A Systematic Review. Advances in Nutrition, 2017, 8, 146S-154S.	6.4	58
126	High plasma glutamate and low glutamine-to-glutamate ratio are associated with type 2 diabetes: Case-cohort study within the PREDIMED trial. Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases, 2019, 29, 1040-1049.	2.6	58

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127	High urinary levels of resveratrol metabolites are associated with a reduction in the prevalence of cardiovascular risk factors in high-risk patients. Pharmacological Research, 2012, 65, 615-620.	7.1	57
128	Global sustainability (health, environment and monetary costs) of three dietary patterns: results from a Spanish cohort (the SUN project). BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e021541.	1.9	57
129	Validity of the energy-restricted Mediterranean Diet Adherence Screener. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 4971-4979.	5.0	57
130	The Mediterranean Diet decreases LDL atherogenicity in high cardiovascular risk individuals: a randomized controlled trial. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2017, 61, 1601015.	3.3	56
131	Glycolysis/gluconeogenesis- and tricarboxylic acid cycle–related metabolites, Mediterranean diet, and type 2 diabetes. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 835-844.	4.7	56
132	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet is inversely associated with visceral abdominal tissue in Caucasian subjects. Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 34, 1266-1272.	5.0	54
133	A Provegetarian Food Pattern Emphasizing Preference for Healthy Plant-Derived Foods Reduces the Risk of Overweight/Obesity in the SUN Cohort. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 1553.	4.1	54
134	Dysfunctional High-Density Lipoproteins Are Associated With a Greater Incidence of Acute Coronary Syndrome in a Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. Circulation, 2020, 141, 444-453.	1.6	54
135	Consumption of Olive Oil and Risk of Total and Cause-Specific Mortality Among U.S. Adults. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2022, 79, 101-112.	2.8	54
136	Replacing red meat and processed red meat for white meat, fish, legumes or eggs is associated with lower risk of incidence of metabolic syndrome. Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 35, 1442-1449.	5.0	53
137	Association between yogurt consumption and the risk of Metabolic Syndrome over 6Âyears in the SUN study. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 170.	2.9	52
138	Nut consumption in relation to all-cause and cause-specific mortality: a meta-analysis 18 prospective studies. Food and Function, 2017, 8, 3893-3905.	4.6	52
139	Smoking and incidence of glaucoma. Medicine (United States), 2017, 96, e5761.	1.0	52
140	Plasma lipidome patterns associated with cardiovascular risk in the PREDIMED trial: A case-cohort study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 253, 126-132.	1.7	52
141	Mediterranean diet and the risk of COVID-19 in the â€~Seguimiento Universidad de Navarra' cohort. Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 41, 3061-3068.	5.0	52
142	Quality of Dietary Fat Intake and Body Weight and Obesity in a Mediterranean Population: Secondary Analyses within the PREDIMED Trial. Nutrients, 2018, 10, 2011.	4.1	51
143	Nut consumption and incidence of metabolic syndrome after 6-year follow-up: the SUN (Seguimiento) Tj ETQq1 22064-2072.	1 0.784314 2.2	rgBT /Overi 50
144	Prevalencia de obesidad y diabetes en adultos españoles, 1987-2012. Medicina ClÃnica, 2017, 148, 250-256.	0.6	50

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145	Carbohydrate quality changes and concurrent changes in cardiovascular risk factors: a longitudinal analysis in the PREDIMED-Plus randomized trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 291-306.	4.7	50
146	Ultra-processed foods and type-2 diabetes risk in the SUN project: A prospective cohort study. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2817-2824.	5.0	50
147	Nutritional adequacy according to carbohydrates and fat quality. European Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 55, 93-106.	3.9	49
148	Impact of sugars and sugar taxation on body weight control: A comprehensive literature review. Obesity, 2016, 24, 1410-1426.	3.0	48
149	Polyphenol Levels Are Inversely Correlated with Body Weight and Obesity in an Elderly Population after 5 Years of Follow Up (The Randomised PREDIMED Study). Nutrients, 2017, 9, 452.	4.1	48
150	Leisure-time physical activity, sedentary behaviors, sleep, and cardiometabolic risk factors at baseline in the PREDIMED-PLUS intervention trial: A cross-sectional analysis. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0172253.	2.5	48
151	The Association Between the Mediterranean Lifestyle and Depression. Clinical Psychological Science, 2016, 4, 1085-1093.	4.0	47
152	Physical fitness and physical activity association with cognitive function and quality of life: baseline cross-sectional analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus trial. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 3472.	3.3	47
153	Contribution of ultra-processed foods in visceral fat deposition and other adiposity indicators: Prospective analysis nested in the PREDIMED-Plus trial. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 4290-4300.	5.0	47
154	Type of alcoholic beverage and incidence of overweight/obesity in a Mediterranean cohort: The SUN project. Nutrition, 2011, 27, 802-808.	2.4	46
155	Low consumption of fruit and vegetables and risk of chronic disease: a review of the epidemiological evidence and temporal trends among Spanish graduates. Public Health Nutrition, 2011, 14, 2309-2315.	2.2	46
156	Effect of a Mediterranean Diet Intervention on Dietary Glycemic Load and Dietary Glycemic Index: The PREDIMED Study. Journal of Nutrition and Metabolism, 2014, 2014, 1-10.	1.8	46
157	Use of Different Food Classification Systems to Assess the Association between Ultra-Processed Food Consumption and Cardiometabolic Health in an Elderly Population with Metabolic Syndrome (PREDIMED-Plus Cohort). Nutrients, 2021, 13, 2471.	4.1	46
158	Pro12Ala Polymorphism of the <i>PPARγ2</i> Gene Interacts With a Mediterranean Diet to Prevent Telomere Shortening in the PREDIMED-NAVARRA Randomized Trial. Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics, 2015, 8, 91-99.	5.1	43
159	Does cooking with vegetable oils increase the risk of chronic diseases?: a systematic review. British Journal of Nutrition, 2015, 113, S36-S48.	2.3	42
160	Intervention Trials with the Mediterranean Diet in Cardiovascular Prevention: Understanding Potential Mechanisms through Metabolomic Profiling. Journal of Nutrition, 2016, 146, 913S-919S.	2.9	42
161	The impact of computer use in myopia progression: A cohort study in Spain. Preventive Medicine, 2015, 71, 67-71.	3.4	42
162	Relationship between adherence to Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH) diet indices and incidence of depression during up to 8 years of follow-up. Public Health Nutrition, 2017, 20, 2383-2392.	2.2	42

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163	Relación entre un Ãndice de estilo de vida saludable y el riesgo de enfermedad cardiovascular en la cohorte SUN. Revista Espanola De Cardiologia, 2018, 71, 1001-1009.	1.2	42
164	Adherence to the Mediterranean diet and risk of stroke and stroke subtypes. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 337-349.	5.7	42
165	Predictors of adherence to a Mediterranean-type diet in the PREDIMED trial. European Journal of Nutrition, 2010, 49, 91-99.	3.9	41
166	Empirically Derived Dietary Patterns and Health-Related Quality of Life in the SUN Project. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e61490.	2.5	41
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