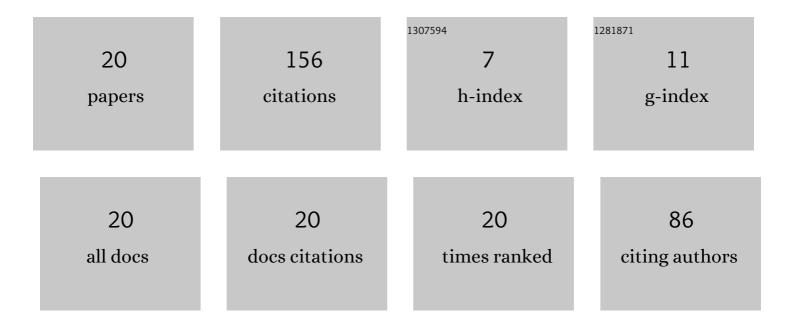
## Edward W Lannon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4237948/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Assessing peripheral fibers, pain sensitivity, central sensitization, and descending inhibition in Native Americans: main findings from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Pain, 2020, 161, 388-404.	4.2	26
2	Sensory, Affective, and Catastrophizing Reactions to Multiple Stimulus Modalities: Results from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Journal of Pain, 2019, 20, 965-979.	1.4	13
3	Race/Ethnicity Does Not Moderate the Relationship Between Adverse Life Experiences and Temporal Summation of the Nociceptive Flexion Reflex and Pain: Results From the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Journal of Pain, 2019, 20, 941-955.	1.4	13
4	The Effect of Pain Catastrophizing on Endogenous Inhibition of Pain and Spinal Nociception in Native Americans: Results From the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2020, 54, 575-594.	2.9	11
5	Emotional Modulation of Pain and Spinal Nociception in Sexual Assault Survivors. Psychosomatic Medicine, 2018, 80, 861-868.	2.0	10
6	The Relationship Between Adverse Life Events and Endogenous Inhibition of Pain and Spinal Nociception: Findings From the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk (OK-SNAP). Journal of Pain, 2021, 22, 1097-1110.	1.4	10
7	Pain-related anxiety promotes pronociceptive processes in Native Americans: bootstrapped mediation analyses from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Pain Reports, 2020, 5, e808.	2.7	9
8	Anger Inhibition and Pain Modulation. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2019, 53, 1055-1068.	2.9	8
9	Conditioned Pain Modulation in Sexual Assault Survivors. Journal of Pain, 2019, 20, 1027-1039.	1.4	8
10	Dynamics and determinants of cortisol and alpha-amylase responses to repeated stressors in recent interpersonal trauma survivors. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2020, 122, 104899.	2.7	8
11	<p>Examining Configural, Metric, and Scalar Invariance of the Pain Catastrophizing Scale in Native American and Non-Hispanic White Adults in the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk (OK-SNAP)</p> . Journal of Pain Research, 2020, Volume 13, 961-969.	2.0	8
12	A qualitative analysis of pain meaning: results from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk (OK-SNAP). Ethnicity and Health, 2022, 27, 721-732.	2.5	6
13	Does Threat Enlarge Nociceptive Reflex Receptive Fields?. Journal of Pain, 2021, 22, 487-497.	1.4	5
14	The Association Between Adverse Life Events, Psychological Stress, and Pain-Promoting Affect and Cognitions in Native Americans: Results from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Journal of Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities, 2022, 9, 215-226.	3.2	5
15	Are cardiometabolic markers of allostatic load associated with pronociceptive processes in Native Americans?: A structural equation modeling analysis from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Journal of Pain, 2021, 22, 1429-1451.	1.4	4
16	Predicting pain among female survivors of recent interpersonal violence: A proof-of-concept machine-learning approach. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0255277.	2.5	4
17	The Relationship Between Experienced Discrimination and Pronociceptive Processes in Native Americans: Results From the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Journal of Pain, 2022, , .	1.4	4
18	Is anger management style associated with descending modulation of spinal nociception?. Journal of Applied Biobehavioral Research, 2017, 22, e12090.	2.0	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Sleep Buffers the Effect of Discrimination on Cardiometabolic Allostatic Load in Native Americans: Results from the Oklahoma Study of Native American Pain Risk. Journal of Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities, 2021, , 1.	3.2	2
20	Exploration of the trait-activation model of pain catastrophizing in Native Americans: results from the Oklahoma Study of Native American pain risk (OK-SNAP). Scandinavian Journal of Pain, 2022, 22, 587-596.	1.3	0