Hidde P Van Der Ploeg

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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		26630	14208
185	18,441	56	128
papers	citations	h-index	g-index
191	191	191	17661
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	World Health Organization 2020 guidelines on physical activity and sedentary behaviour. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2020, 54, 1451-1462.	6.7	4,050
2	Sedentary Behavior Research Network (SBRN) – Terminology Consensus Project process and outcome. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2017, 14, 75.	4.6	2,147
3	Does physical activity attenuate, or even eliminate, the detrimental association of sitting time with mortality? A harmonised meta-analysis of data from more than 1 million men and women. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1302-1310.	13.7	1,783
4	Sitting Time and All-Cause Mortality Risk in 222Â497 Australian Adults. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2012, 172, 494.	3.8	693
5	Daily Sitting Time and All-Cause Mortality: A Meta-Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e80000.	2.5	635
6	Occupational Sitting and Health Risks. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2010, 39, 379-388.	3.0	423
7	A systematic review of correlates of sedentary behaviour in adults aged 18–65 years: a socio-ecological approach. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 163.	2.9	345
8	Sociodemographic Correlates of the Increasing Trend in Prevalence of Gestational Diabetes Mellitus in a Large Population of Women Between 1995 and 2005. Diabetes Care, 2008, 31, 2288-2293.	8.6	261
9	Interventions with potential to reduce sedentary time in adults: systematic review and meta-analysis. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2015, 49, 1056-1063.	6.7	254
10	A systematic literature review of reviews on techniques for physical activity measurement in adults: a DEDIPAC study. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2018, 15, 15.	4.6	230
11	Trends in Australian children traveling to school 1971–2003: Burning petrol or carbohydrates?. Preventive Medicine, 2008, 46, 60-62.	3.4	222
12	Are workplace interventions to reduce sitting effective? A systematic review. Preventive Medicine, 2010, 51, 352-356.	3.4	212
13	Is sedentary behaviour just physical inactivity by another name?. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2017, 14, 142.	4.6	205
14	Physical Activity for People with a Disability. Sports Medicine, 2004, 34, 639-649.	6.5	197
15	Cross-sectional associations between occupational and leisure-time sitting, physical activity and obesity in working adults. Preventive Medicine, 2012, 54, 195-200.	3.4	191
16	Participation of people living with disabilities in physical activity: a global perspective. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 443-455.	13.7	183
17	Traditional and Emerging Lifestyle Risk Behaviors and All-Cause Mortality in Middle-Aged and Older Adults: Evidence from a Large Population-Based Australian Cohort. PLoS Medicine, 2015, 12, e1001917.	8.4	180
18	Variations in accelerometry measured physical activity and sedentary time across Europe – harmonized analyses of 47,497 children and adolescents. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 38.	4.6	176

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19	Advancing the global physical activity agenda: recommendations for future research by the 2020 WHO physical activity and sedentary behavior guidelines development group. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 143.	4.6	166
20	Validity of the Occupational Sitting and Physical Activity Questionnaire. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2012, 44, 118-125.	0.4	164
21	A mobile health intervention for weight management among young adults: a pilot randomised controlled trial. Journal of Human Nutrition and Dietetics, 2014, 27, 322-332.	2.5	156
22	Validity and repeatability of the EPIC physical activity questionnaire: a validation study using accelerometers as an objective measure. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2008, 5, 33.	4.6	153
23	Are Self-report Measures Able to Define Individuals as Physically Active or Inactive?. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2016, 48, 235-244.	0.4	152
24	The prevalence and correlates of sitting in European adults - a comparison of 32 Eurobarometer-participating countries. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2013, 10, 107.	4.6	147
25	A tool for measuring workers' sitting time by domain: the Workforce Sitting Questionnaire. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2011, 45, 1216-1222.	6.7	139
26	Variation in population levels of physical activity in European children and adolescents according to cross-European studies: a systematic literature review within DEDIPAC. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2016, 13, 70.	4.6	133
27	Development of Smartphone Applications for Nutrition and Physical Activity Behavior Change. JMIR Research Protocols, 2012, 1, e9.	1.0	130
28	The 2017 Dutch Physical Activity Guidelines. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2018, 15, 58.	4.6	123
29	Prevalence and correlates of participation in fall prevention exercise/physical activity by older adults. Preventive Medicine, 2012, 55, 613-617.	3.4	121
30	Sedentary behaviour and risk of mortality from all-causes and cardiometabolic diseases in adults: evidence from the HUNT3 population cohort. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2015, 49, 737-742.	6.7	121
31	New global guidelines on sedentary behaviour and health for adults: broadening the behavioural targets. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 151.	4.6	121
32	Sedentary Time and Physical Activity Surveillance Through Accelerometer Pooling in Four European Countries. Sports Medicine, 2017, 47, 1421-1435.	6.5	117
33	The effectiveness of sit-stand workstations for changing office workers' sitting time: results from the Stand@Work randomized controlled trial pilot. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2014, 11, 127.	4.6	115
34	The Physical Activity Scale for Individuals with Physical Disabilities: Test-Retest Reliability and Comparison With an Accelerometer. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2007, 4, 96-100.	2.0	111
35	Physical Activity Promotion in the Physical Therapy Setting: Perspectives From Practitioners and Students. Physical Therapy, 2010, 90, 1311-1322.	2.4	107
36	Advances in Population Surveillance for Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior: Reliability and Validity of Time Use Surveys. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 172, 1199-1206.	3.4	106

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37	Increasing physical activity in young primary school children — it's child's play: A cluster randomised controlled trial. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 56, 319-325.	3.4	105
38	Effectiveness of interventions using self-monitoring to reduce sedentary behavior in adults: a systematic review and meta-analysis. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2019, 16, 63.	4.6	100
39	Variation in population levels of sedentary time in European children and adolescents according to cross-European studies: a systematic literature review within DEDIPAC. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2016, 13, 69.	4.6	99
40	The First Global Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior Guidelines for People Living With Disability. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2021, 18, 86-93.	2.0	93
41	Test-Retest Repeatability and Relative Validity of the Global Physical Activity Questionnaire in a Developing Country Context. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2009, 6, S46-S53.	2.0	91
42	European Sitting Championship: Prevalence and Correlates of Self-Reported Sitting Time in the 28 European Union Member States. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0149320.	2.5	90
43	"Thinking on your feet― A qualitative evaluation of sit-stand desks in an Australian workplace. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 365.	2.9	88
44	Variation in population levels of physical activity in European adults according to cross-European studies: a systematic literature review within DEDIPAC. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2016, 13, 72.	4.6	88
45	Impact of physical activity on fatigue and quality of life in people with advanced lung cancer: a randomized controlled trial. Annals of Oncology, 2017, 28, 1889-1897.	1.2	81
46	Desk-based workers' perspectives on using sit-stand workstations: a qualitative analysis of the Stand@Work study. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 752.	2.9	76
47	Temporal trends in non-occupational sedentary behaviours from Australian Time Use Surveys 1992, 1997 and 2006. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2012, 9, 76.	4.6	74
48	Successfully Improving Physical Activity Behavior after Rehabilitation. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2007, 21, 153-159.	1.7	72
49	Beliefs, barriers, social support, and environmental influences related to diabetes risk behaviours among women with a history of gestational diabetes. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2010, 21, 130-137.	1.2	68
50	Implementing lifestyle change through phone-based motivational interviewing in rural-based women with previous gestational diabetes mellitus. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2012, 23, 5-9.	1.2	68
51	Towards the integration and development of a cross-European research network and infrastructure: the DEterminants of Dlet and Physical ACtivity (DEDIPAC) Knowledge Hub. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2014, 11, 143.	4.6	68
52	Variation in population levels of sedentary time in European adults according to cross-European studies: a systematic literature review within DEDIPAC. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2016, 13, 71.	4.6	65
53	Reliability and Validity of the International Physical Activity Questionnaire for Assessing Walking. Research Quarterly for Exercise and Sport, 2010, 81, 97-101.	1.4	64
54	Cross-sectional associations of total sitting and leisure screen time with cardiometabolic risk in adults. Results from the HUNT Study, Norway. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2014, 17, 78-84.	1.3	64

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55	The effect of a programme to improve men's sedentary time and physical activity: The European Fans in Training (EuroFIT) randomised controlled trial. PLoS Medicine, 2019, 16, e1002736.	8.4	61
56	Determinants of diet and physical activity (DEDIPAC): a summary of findings. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2017, 14, 150.	4.6	59
57	Public Health Perspectives on Household Travel Surveys. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2010, 39, 113-121.	3.0	57
58	Validity and responsiveness of four measures of occupational sitting and standing. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2015, 12, 144.	4.6	57
59	Counselling increases physical activity behaviour nine weeks after rehabilitation. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2006, 40, 223-229.	6.7	56
60	Association between physical activity and metabolic syndrome: a cross sectional survey in adolescents in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 141.	2.9	52
61	Educational differences in the validity of self-reported physical activity. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 1299.	2.9	51
62	Standing time and all-cause mortality in a large cohort of Australian adults. Preventive Medicine, 2014, 69, 187-191.	3.4	50
63	Sitting too much: A hierarchy of socio-demographic correlates. Preventive Medicine, 2017, 101, 77-83.	3.4	48
64	Prognosis of Physical Function Following Ankle Fracture: A Systematic Review With Meta-analysis. Journal of Orthopaedic and Sports Physical Therapy, 2014, 44, 841-851.	3.5	47
65	A pilot structured behavioural intervention trial to increase physical activity among women with recent gestational diabetes. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2011, 92, e27-e29.	2.8	43
66	Prolonged sitting in cars: Prevalence, socio-demographic variations, and trends. Preventive Medicine, 2012, 55, 315-318.	3.4	43
67	Non-Occupational Sedentary Behaviors. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2013, 44, 382-387.	3.0	41
68	Physical Activity in Non-Frail and Frail Older Adults. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0123168.	2.5	41
69	Three types of scientific evidence to inform physical activity policy: results from a comparative scoping review. International Journal of Public Health, 2016, 61, 553-563.	2.3	38
70	Longitudinal Sedentary Behavior Changes in Adolescents in Ho Chi Minh City. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2013, 44, 223-230.	3.0	37
71	General practitioners' perceptions and practices of physical activity counselling: changes over the past 10 years. British Journal of Sports Medicine, 2009, 43, 1149-1153.	6.7	36
72	A Validation Study of Assessing Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior in Children Aged 3 to 5 Years. Pediatric Exercise Science, 2010, 22, 408-420.	1.0	35

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73	Objectively Measured Total and Occupational Sedentary Time in Three Work Settings. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0149951.	2.5	35
74	Assessing pre- and postoperative activity levels with an accelerometer: a proof of concept study. BMC Surgery, 2017, 17, 56.	1.3	34
75	Predictors of initiating and maintaining active commuting to work using transport and public health perspectives in Australia. Preventive Medicine, 2008, 47, 342-346.	3.4	33
76	The impact of physical activity on fatigue and quality of life in lung cancer patients: a randomised controlled trial protocol. BMC Cancer, 2012, 12, 572.	2.6	31
77	Study protocol of European Fans in Training (EuroFIT): a four-country randomised controlled trial of a lifestyle program for men delivered in elite football clubs. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 598.	2.9	31
78	Self-reported Confidence in Recall as a Predictor of Validity and Repeatability of Physical Activity Questionnaire Data. Epidemiology, 2009, 20, 433-441.	2.7	29
79	Incidental and Planned Exercise Questionnaire for Seniors. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2014, 46, 947-954.	0.4	29
80	Temporal changes in occupational sitting time in the Danish workforce and associations with all-cause mortality: results from the Danish work environment cohort study. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2015, 12, 71.	4.6	29
81	Daily sedentary time and physical activity as assessed by accelerometry and their correlates in older adults. European Review of Aging and Physical Activity, 2019, 16, 3.	2.9	29
82	Invest in physical activity to protect and promote health: the 2020 WHO guidelines on physical activity and sedentary behaviour. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 145.	4.6	29
83	Older adults' time in sedentary, light and moderate intensity activities and correlates: Application of Australian Time Use Survey. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2015, 18, 161-166.	1.3	27
84	Walking behaviours from the 1965–2003 American Heritage Time Use Study (AHTUS). International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2007, 4, 45.	4.6	26
85	Sports participation in adolescents and young adults with myelomeningocele and its role in total physical activity behaviour and fitness. Journal of Rehabilitation Medicine, 2008, 40, 702-708.	1.1	26
86	The effects of a lifestyle intervention on leisure-time sedentary behaviors in adults at risk: The Hoorn Prevention Study, a randomized controlled trial. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 351-356.	3.4	26
87	Update on the Colon Health and Life-Long Exercise Change Trial: A Phase III Study of the Impact of an Exercise Program on Disease-Free Survival in Colon Cancer Survivors. Current Colorectal Cancer Reports, 2014, 10, 321-328.	0.5	26
88	Validity and reliability of a physical activity questionnaire for Vietnamese adolescents. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2012, 9, 93.	4.6	25
89	The association between daily steps and health, and the mediating role of body composition: a pedometer-based, cross-sectional study in an employed South African population. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 174.	2.9	25
90	Effect of affordable technology on physical activity levels and mobility outcomes in rehabilitation: a protocol for the Activity and MObility UsiNg Technology (AMOUNT) rehabilitation trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e012074.	1.9	25

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91	The association of the neighbourhood built environment with objectively measured physical activity in older adults with and without lower limb osteoarthritis. BMC Public Health, 2016, 16, 710.	2.9	25
92	A Validation Study of the Fitbit One in Daily Life Using Different Time Intervals. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2017, 49, 1270-1279.	0.4	25
93	Effectiveness of the multi-component dynamic work intervention to reduce sitting time in office workers – Results from a pragmatic cluster randomised controlled trial. Applied Ergonomics, 2020, 84, 103027.	3.1	24
94	Striking the Right Balance: Evidence to Inform Combined Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior Recommendations. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2021, 18, 631-637.	2.0	24
95	The role of pre-pregnancy physical activity and sedentary behaviour in the development of gestational diabetes mellitus. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2011, 14, 149-152.	1.3	23
96	The intervention process in the European Fans in Training (EuroFIT) trial: a mixed method protocol for evaluation. Trials, 2017, 18, 356.	1.6	23
97	Digitally enabled aged care and neurological rehabilitation to enhance outcomes with Activity and MObility UsiNg Technology (AMOUNT) in Australia: A randomised controlled trial. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003029.	8.4	23
98	A 30-month worksite-based lifestyle program to promote cardiovascular health in middle-aged bank employees: Design of the TANSNIP-PESA randomized controlled trial. American Heart Journal, 2017, 184, 121-132.	2.7	22
99	Investigation of Methodological Factors Potentially Underlying the Apparently Paradoxical Findings on Body Mass Index and All-Cause Mortality. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e88641.	2.5	21
100	Assessing physical activity in people with posttraumatic stress disorder: feasibility and concurrent validity of the International Physical Activity Questionnaire– short form and actigraph accelerometers. BMC Research Notes, 2014, 7, 576.	1.4	21
101	Physical workload and obesity have a synergistic effect on work ability among construction workers. International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health, 2019, 92, 855-864.	2.3	21
102	The hazards of watching football — are Australians at risk?. Medical Journal of Australia, 2006, 185, 684-686.	1.7	20
103	Longitudinal Physical Activity Changes in Adolescents. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2012, 44, 1481-1489.	0.4	20
104	Inventory of surveillance systems assessing dietary, physical activity and sedentary behaviours in Europe: a DEDIPAC study. European Journal of Public Health, 2017, 27, 747-755.	0.3	20
105	Correlates of occupational, leisure and total sitting time in working adults: results from the Singapore multi-ethnic cohort. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2017, 14, 169.	4.6	20
106	Engagement, Acceptability, Usability, and Preliminary Efficacy of a Self-Monitoring Mobile Health Intervention to Reduce Sedentary Behavior in Belgian Older Adults: Mixed Methods Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2020, 8, e18653.	3.7	20
107	Physical activity promotion–are GPs getting the message?. Australian Family Physician, 2007, 36, 871-4.	0.5	20
108	Exercise augmentation compared to usual care for Post Traumatic Stress Disorder: A Randomised Controlled Trial (The REAP study: Randomised Exercise Augmentation for PTSD). BMC Psychiatry, 2011, 11, 115.	2.6	19

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109	Barriers and Enablers to Physical Activity Among Older Australians Who Want to Increase Their Physical Activity Levels. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2014, 11, 1420-1429.	2.0	18
110	The Relation between Occupational Sitting and Mental, Cardiometabolic, and Musculoskeletal Health over a Period of 15 Years – The Doetinchem Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0146639.	2.5	18
111	Investigation of a lifestyle change strategy for high-risk women with a history of gestational diabetes. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2014, 106, e60-e63.	2.8	17
112	Validation of a Novel Device to Measure and Provide Feedback on Sedentary Behavior. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2018, 50, 525-532.	0.4	17
113	Measuring Workplace Travel Behaviour: Validity and Reliability of Survey Questions. Journal of Environmental and Public Health, 2013, 2013, 1-6.	0.9	16
114	Underlying mechanisms of improving physical activity behavior after rehabilitation. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2008, 15, 101-108.	1.7	15
115	The Reliability, Validity, and Feasibility of Physical Activity Measurement in Adults With Traumatic Brain Injury. Journal of Head Trauma Rehabilitation, 2015, 30, E55-E61.	1.7	15
116	Time trends between 2002 and 2017 in correlates of self-reported sitting time in European adults. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0225228.	2.5	15
117	Embedding sustainable physical activities into the everyday lives of adults with intellectual disabilities: a randomised controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 1038.	2.9	14
118	The Employer Perspective on Sustainable Employability in the Construction Industry. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 59, 85-91.	1.7	14
119	A longitudinal study on the relationship between eating style and gestational weight gain. Appetite, 2014, 83, 304-308.	3.7	13
120	Feasibility of a real-time self-monitoring device for sitting less and moving more: a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine, 2017, 3, e000285.	2.9	13
121	Changing psychosocial determinants of physical activity and diet in women with a history of gestational diabetes mellitus. Diabetes/Metabolism Research and Reviews, 2018, 34, e2942.	4.0	12
122	Recent trends in population levels and correlates of occupational and leisure sitting time in full-time employed Australian adults. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0195177.	2.5	12
123	Long-Term Access to Sit-Stand Workstations in a Large Office Population: User Profiles Reveal Differences in Sitting Time and Perceptions. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 2019.	2.6	12
124	Are general practitioners ready and willing to tackle obesity management?. Obesity Research and Clinical Practice, 2008, 2, 189-194.	1.8	11
125	Physical activity and dietary intake in BMI discordant identical twins. Obesity, 2016, 24, 1349-1355.	3.0	11
126	Road map towards a harmonized pan-European surveillance of obesity-related lifestyle behaviours and their determinants in children and adolescents. International Journal of Public Health, 2019, 64, 615-623.	2.3	11

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127	Cost-Effectiveness and Return-on-Investment of the Dynamic Work Intervention Compared With Usual Practice to Reduce Sedentary Behavior. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 62, e449-e456.	1.7	11
128	Encouraging physical activityfive steps for GPs. Australian Family Physician, 2008, 37, 24-8.	0.5	11
129	The implementation of a pilot playground markings project in four Australian primary schools. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2012, 23, 183-187.	1.2	10
130	Factors Associated with Higher Sitting Time in General, Chronic Disease, and Psychologically-Distressed, Adult Populations: Findings from the 45 & Up Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0127689.	2.5	10
131	Identifying and sharing data for secondary data analysis of physical activity, sedentary behaviour and their determinants across the life course in Europe: general principles and an example from DEDIPAC. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e017489.	1.9	10
132	Prevalence and correlates of domain-specific sedentary time of adults in the Netherlands: findings from the 2006 Dutch time use survey. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 538.	2.9	10
133	The Dynamic Work study: study protocol of a cluster randomized controlled trial of an occupational health intervention aimed at reducing sitting time in office workers. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 188.	2.9	9
134	The effectiveness of physical activity interventions using activity trackers during or after inpatient care: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2022, 19, .	4.6	9
135	Data on Determinants Are Needed to Curb the Sedentary Epidemic in Europe. Lessons Learnt from the DEDIPAC European Knowledge Hub. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2018, 15, 1406.	2.6	8
136	Implementing Individually Tailored Prescription of Physical Activity in Routine Clinical Care: Protocol of the Physicians Implement Exercise = Medicine (PIE=M) Development and Implementation Project. JMIR Research Protocols, 2020, 9, e19397.	1.0	8
137	Individual and environmental correlates of objectively measured sedentary time in Dutch and Belgian adults. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0186538.	2.5	7
138	Strategies of employees in the construction industry to increase their sustainable employability. Work, 2018, 59, 249-258.	1.1	7
139	The user and non-user perspective: Experiences of office workers with long-term access to sit-stand workstations. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0236582.	2.5	7
140	Efficacy, characteristics, behavioural models and behaviour change strategies, of non-workplace interventions specifically targeting sedentary behaviour; a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomised control trials in healthy ambulatory adults. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0256828.	2.5	7
141	Is Sitting Too Much Bad for Your Health?. Ergonomics in Design, 2015, 23, 4-8.	0.7	6
142	Natural Patterns of Sitting, Standing and Stepping During and Outside Work—Differences between Habitual Users and Non-Users of Sit–Stand Workstations. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 4075.	2.6	6
143	Heritability of objectively assessed and selfâ€reported sedentary behavior. Scandinavian Journal of Medicine and Science in Sports, 2020, 30, 1237-1247.	2.9	6
144	Facilitators and barriers for the implementation of exercise are medicine in routine clinical care in Dutch university medical centres: a mixed methodology study on clinicians' perceptions. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e052920.	1.9	6

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145	â€~The End of Sitting' in a public space: observations of spontaneous visitors. BMC Public Health, 2017, 17, 937.	2.9	5
146	Feasibility, Validity, and Responsiveness of Selfâ€Report and Objective Measures of Physical Activity in Patients With Chronic Pain. PM and R, 2019, 11, 858-867.	1.6	5
147	Five-year cost-effectiveness analysis of the European Fans in Training (EuroFIT) physical activity intervention for men versus no intervention. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2020, 17, 30.	4.6	5
148	Response to "Commentary on: The First Global Physical Activity and Sedentary Behavior Guidelines for People Living With Disability― Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2021, 18, 350-351.	2.0	5
149	Objectively measured sedentary time among five ethnic groups in Amsterdam: The HELIUS study. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0182077.	2.5	5
150	Process Evaluation of the Nationwide Implementation of a Lifestyle Intervention in the Construction Industry. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 58, e6-e14.	1.7	4
151	Reliability and Validity of Measures for Investigating the Determinants of Health Behaviors Among Women With a History of Gestational Diabetes. Health Education and Behavior, 2018, 45, 43-51.	2.5	4
152	The acceptability and effect of a culturally-tailored dance intervention to promote physical activity in women of South Asian origin at risk of diabetes in the Netherlands—A mixed-methods feasibility study. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0264191.	2.5	4
153	Capacity building in physical activity and non-communicable disease prevention: a low-cost online training course can reach isolated practitioners. Global Health Promotion, 2017, 24, 27-33.	1.3	3
154	Open science for nutrition and physical activity research: a new challenge and lots of opportunities for IJBNPA. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2018, 15, 105.	4.6	3
155	The evolution of time use approaches for understanding activities of daily living in a public health context. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 451.	2.9	3
156	Contributions of changes in physical activity, sedentary time, diet and body weight to changes in cardiometabolic risk. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2021, 18, 166.	4.6	3
157	The impact of physical activity on fatigue and quality of life in lung cancer patients: A randomised controlled trial (RCT) Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2015, 33, 9507-9507.	1.6	2
158	Is Sitting Harmful to Health? It Is Too Early to Say—Reply. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2012, 172, 1272.	3.8	1
159	Does as Little as Two Hours a Day of Television Viewing Increase the Risk of Young-Onset Colorectal Cancer?. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2018, 2, pky074.	2.9	1
160	Enabling physical activity for people living with disabilities – Authors' reply. Lancet, The, 2021, 398, 2074.	13.7	1
161	A phase III study of the impact of a physical activity program on disease-free survival in patients with high-risk stage II or stage III colon cancer: A randomized controlled trial (NCIC CTG CO.21) Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, TPS3647-TPS3647.	1.6	0
162	The association between well-being and a large variation of accelerometer-assessed physical activity and sedentary behavior measures. Mental Health and Physical Activity, 2022, , 100446.	1.8	0

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163	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
164	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
165	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
166	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
167	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
168	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
169	Title is missing!. , 2020, 17, e1003029.		0
170	Time trends between 2002 and 2017 in correlates of self-reported sitting time in European adults. , 2019, 14, e0225228.		0
171	Time trends between 2002 and 2017 in correlates of self-reported sitting time in European adults. , 2019, 14, e0225228.		0
172	Time trends between 2002 and 2017 in correlates of self-reported sitting time in European adults. , 2019, 14, e0225228.		0
173	Time trends between 2002 and 2017 in correlates of self-reported sitting time in European adults. , 2019, 14, e0225228.		0
174	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0236582.		0
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180	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0236582.		0

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
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