Elizabeth A Shephard

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4124376/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

687363 794594 21 672 13 citations h-index papers

g-index 21 21 21 816 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

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#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Intra-abdominal cancer risk with abdominal pain: a prospective cohort primary care study. British Journal of General Practice, 2022, 72, e361-e368.	1.4	3
2	Diagnoses after newly recorded abdominal pain in primary care: observational cohort study. British Journal of General Practice, 2022, 72, e564-e570.	1.4	5
3	Quantifying the impact of pre-existing conditions on the stage of oesophagogastric cancer at diagnosis: a primary care cohort study using electronic medical records. Family Practice, 2021, 38, 425-431.	1.9	O
4	Recognizing sinonasal cancer in primary care: a matched case–control study using electronic records. Family Practice, 2021, , .	1.9	0
5	Microcytosis as a risk marker of cancer in primary care: a cohort study using electronic patient records. British Journal of General Practice, 2020, 70, e457-e462.	1.4	11
6	Effect of pre-existing conditions on bladder cancer stage at diagnosis: a cohort study using electronic primary care records in the UK. British Journal of General Practice, 2020, 70, e629-e635.	1.4	7
7	Recognising laryngeal cancer in primary care: a large case–control study using electronic records. British Journal of General Practice, 2019, 69, e127-e133.	1.4	14
8	Selection of men for investigation of possible testicular cancer in primary care: a large case–control study using electronic patient records. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e559-e565.	1.4	6
9	Early detection of multiple myeloma in primary care using blood tests: a case–control study in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2018, 68, e586-e593.	1.4	42
10	Clinical relevance of thrombocytosis in primary care: a prospective cohort study of cancer incidence using English electronic medical records and cancer registry data. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e405-e413.	1.4	92
11	Clinical features of bowel disease in patients aged <50 years in primary care: a large case-control study. British Journal of General Practice, 2017, 67, e336-e344.	1.4	32
12	How useful is thrombocytosis in predicting an underlying cancer in primary care? a systematic review. Family Practice, 2017, 34, 4-10.	1.9	54
13	Is omission of free text records a possible source of data loss and bias in Clinical Practice Research Datalink studies? A case–control study. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011664.	1.9	70
14	Symptoms of adult chronic and acute leukaemia before diagnosis: large primary care case-control studies using electronic records. British Journal of General Practice, 2016, 66, e182-e188.	1.4	24
15	Quantifying the risk of Hodgkin lymphoma in symptomatic primary care patients aged ≥40 years: a case–control study using electronic records. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e289-e294.	1.4	23
16	Quantifying the risk of non-Hodgkin lymphoma in symptomatic primary care patients aged ≥40 years: a large case–control study using electronic records. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e281-e288.	1.4	25
17	Quantifying the risk of multiple myeloma from symptoms reported in primary care patients: a large case–control study using electronic records. British Journal of General Practice, 2015, 65, e106-e113.	1.4	48
18	Non-visible versus visible haematuria and bladder cancer risk: a study of electronic records in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2014, 64, e584-e589.	1.4	48

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Clinical features of kidney cancer in primary care: a case-control study using primary care records. British Journal of General Practice, 2013, 63, e250-e255.	1.4	46
20	Clinical features of bladder cancer in primary care. British Journal of General Practice, 2012, 62, e598-e604.	1.4	79
21	The use of electronic databases in primary care research. Family Practice, 2011, 28, 352-354.	1.9	43