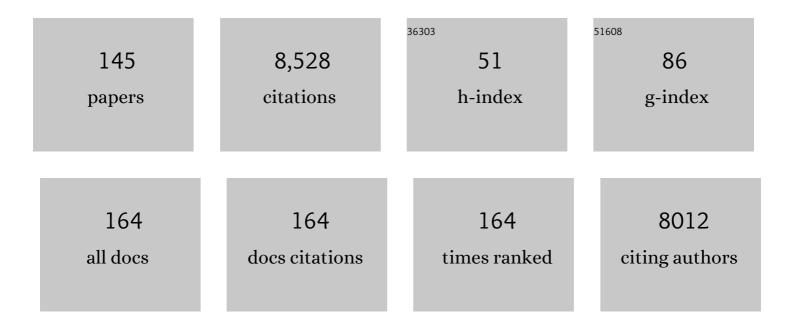
## Werner Solbach

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Long-Term Course of Humoral and Cellular Immune Responses in Outpatients After SARS-CoV-2 Infection. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 732787.	2.7	27
2	Antibody Profiling of COVID-19 Patients in an Urban Low-Incidence Region in Northern Germany. Frontiers in Public Health, 2020, 8, 570543.	2.7	16
3	Combined culture and metagenomic analyses reveal significant shifts in the composition of the cutaneous microbiome in psoriasis. British Journal of Dermatology, 2019, 181, 1254-1264.	1.5	57
4	The role of the microbiome in psoriasis: moving from disease description to treatment selection?. British Journal of Dermatology, 2018, 178, 1020-1027.	1.5	54
5	å¾®ç"ϔ物ç¾≇⁻1银屑病的作ç"∵从疾病æè¿°å^°æ²»ç–—预测?. British Journal of Dermatolog	y, <b>20</b> 18, 1	17 <b>&amp;</b> ) e379-e3
6	Type-1 interferons prolong the lifespan of neutrophils by interfering with members of the apoptotic cascade. Cytokine, 2018, 112, 21-26.	3.2	13
7	Lymphocyte Circadian Clocks Control Lymph Node Trafficking and Adaptive Immune Responses. Immunity, 2017, 46, 120-132.	14.3	324
8	"Life-like―assessment of antimicrobial surfaces by a new touch transfer assay displays strong superiority of a copper alloy compared to silver containing surfaces. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0187442.	2.5	27
9	IL-16 and MIF: messengers beyond neutrophil cell death. Cell Death and Disease, 2016, 7, e2049-e2049.	6.3	14
10	Dimethylfumarate Impairs Neutrophil Functions. Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 2016, 136, 117-126.	0.7	70
11	Hypertension and mild chronic kidney disease persist following severe haemolytic uraemic syndrome caused by Shiga toxin-producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> O104:H4 in adults. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2016, 31, 95-103.	0.7	19
12	Transcription regulates HIFâ€Iα expression in CD4 + T cells. Immunology and Cell Biology, 2016, 94, 109-113.	2.3	9
13	Secondary necrotic neutrophils release interleukin-16C and macrophage migration inhibitory factor from stores in the cytosol. Cell Death Discovery, 2015, 1, 15056.	4.7	41
14	Mechanisms of apoptosis inhibition in Chlamydia pneumoniae-infected neutrophils. International Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2015, 305, 493-500.	3.6	31
15	Production, crystallization and X-ray diffraction analysis of the protease CT441 from <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> . Acta Crystallographica Section F, Structural Biology Communications, 2015, 71, 1454-1458.	0.8	1
16	The role of endoplasmic reticulum-related BiP/GRP78 in interferon gamma-induced persistentChlamydia pneumoniaeinfection. Cellular Microbiology, 2015, 17, 923-934.	2.1	26
17	Structural Basis of the Proteolytic and Chaperone Activity of Chlamydia trachomatis CT441. Journal of Bacteriology, 2015, 197, 211-218.	2.2	9
18	Whole-Genome Sequencing for Risk Assessment of Long-term Shiga Toxin–producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> . Emerging Infectious Diseases, 2014, 20, 732-733.	4.3	4

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19	Recurrent Abscesses of the Neck. JAMA Dermatology, 2014, 150, 909.	4.1	6
20	Immobilized Immune Complexes Induce Neutrophil Extracellular Trap Release by Human Neutrophil Granulocytes via Fcl³RIIIB and Mac-1. Journal of Immunology, 2014, 193, 1954-1965.	0.8	210
21	HIF-1Â- and hypoxia-dependent immune responses in human CD4+CD25high T cells and T helper 17 cells. Journal of Leukocyte Biology, 2014, 96, 305-312.	3.3	27
22	Host metabolism promotes growth of Chlamydia pneumoniae in a low oxygen environment. International Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2013, 303, 239-246.	3.6	11
23	Lessons Learned From Outbreaks of Shiga Toxin Producing Escherichia coli. Current Infectious Disease Reports, 2013, 15, 4-9.	3.0	33
24	Infection of neutrophil granulocytes with Leishmania major activates ERK 1/2 and modulates multiple apoptotic pathways to inhibit apoptosis. Medical Microbiology and Immunology, 2013, 202, 25-35.	4.8	49
25	Flavonoids and 5-Aminosalicylic Acid Inhibit the Formation of Neutrophil Extracellular Traps. Mediators of Inflammation, 2013, 2013, 1-14.	3.0	60
26	Methylprednisolone Blocks Autoantibody-Induced Tissue Damage in Experimental Models of Bullous Pemphigoid and Epidermolysis Bullosa Acquisita through Inhibition of Neutrophil Activation. Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 2013, 133, 2390-2399.	0.7	47
27	Duration of Fecal Shedding of Shiga Toxin–Producing Escherichia coli O104:H4 in Patients Infected During the 2011 Outbreak in Germany: A Multicenter Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2013, 56, 1132-1140.	5.8	41
28	Activities of First-Choice Antimicrobials against Gamma Interferon-Treated Chlamydia trachomatis Differ in Hypoxia. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2013, 57, 2828-2830.	3.2	16
29	The Impact of Various Reactive Oxygen Species on the Formation of Neutrophil Extracellular Traps. Mediators of Inflammation, 2012, 2012, 1-10.	3.0	194
30	Infection with Anaplasma phagocytophilum Activates the Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase/Akt and NF-κB Survival Pathways in Neutrophil Granulocytes. Infection and Immunity, 2012, 80, 1615-1623.	2.2	41
31	Association Between Azithromycin Therapy and Duration of Bacterial Shedding Among Patients With Shiga Toxin–Producing Enteroaggregative Escherichia coli O104:H4. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2012, 307, 1046.	7.4	138
32	Proinflammatory Stimuli Enhance Phagocytosis of Apoptotic Cells by Neutrophil Granulocytes. Scientific World Journal, The, 2011, 11, 2230-2236.	2.1	15
33	Impact of a Low-Oxygen Environment on the Efficacy of Antimicrobials against Intracellular Chlamydia trachomatis. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2011, 55, 2319-2324.	3.2	32
34	Fluorescence Lifetime Imaging Unravels C. trachomatis Metabolism and Its Crosstalk with the Host Cell. PLoS Pathogens, 2011, 7, e1002108.	4.7	43
35	Circadian Clocks in Mouse and Human CD4+ T Cells. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e29801.	2.5	156
36	The influence of regulatory T cells and diurnal hormone rhythms on T helper cell activity. Immunology, 2010, 131, 488-500.	4.4	45

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37	T Cells Are Required for the Production of Blister-Inducing Autoantibodies in Experimental Epidermolysis Bullosa Acquisita. Journal of Immunology, 2010, 184, 1596-1603.	0.8	54
38	Sleep, Immunity, and Circadian Clocks: A Mechanistic Model. Gerontology, 2010, 56, 574-580.	2.8	113
39	Impairment of Gamma Interferon Signaling in Human Neutrophils Infected with <i>Anaplasma phagocytophilum</i> . Infection and Immunity, 2010, 78, 358-363.	2.2	26
40	Phagocytosis of Apoptotic Cells by Neutrophil Granulocytes: Diminished Proinflammatory Neutrophil Functions in the Presence of Apoptotic Cells. Journal of Immunology, 2010, 184, 391-400.	0.8	95
41	Chlamydia pneumoniae Hides inside Apoptotic Neutrophils to Silently Infect and Propagate in Macrophages. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e6020.	2.5	60
42	Sleep-dependent activity of T cells and regulatory T cells. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 2009, 155, 231-238.	2.6	128
43	Neutrophil granulocytes as host cells and transport vehicles for intracellular pathogens: Apoptosis as infection-promoting factor. Immunobiology, 2008, 213, 183-191.	1.9	131
44	Detection of Treponema pallidum in the vitreous by PCR. British Journal of Ophthalmology, 2007, 91, 592-595.	3.9	32
45	Variation in the mutation frequency determining quinolone resistance in Chlamydia trachomatis serovars L2 and D. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2007, 61, 91-94.	3.0	17
46	Apoptosis driven infection. Autoimmunity, 2007, 40, 349-352.	2.6	32
47	Chlamydia pneumoniaedirectly interferes with HIF-1α stabilization in human host cells. Cellular Microbiology, 2007, 9, 2181-2191.	2.1	89
48	Prevalence, genetic conservation and transmissibility of theChlamydia pneumoniaebacteriophage (ÆCpn1). FEMS Microbiology Letters, 2007, 273, 45-49.	1.8	7
49	Genetic diversity of the obligate intracellular bacterium Chlamydophila pneumoniae by genome-wide analysis of single nucleotide polymorphisms: evidence for highly clonal population structure. BMC Genomics, 2007, 8, 355.	2.8	23
50	Direct stimulatory effects of the TLR2/6 ligand bacterial lipopeptide MALP-2 on neutrophil granulocytes. Medical Microbiology and Immunology, 2007, 196, 61-71.	4.8	28
51	Beta-lactam antibiotic-induced release of lipoteichoic acid from Staphylococcus aureus leads to activation of neutrophil granulocytes. Annals of Clinical Microbiology and Antimicrobials, 2006, 5, 15.	3.8	23
52	Influence of a new surface modification of intraocular lenses with fluoroalkylsilan on the adherence of endophthalmitis-causing bacteria in vitro. Graefe's Archive for Clinical and Experimental Ophthalmology, 2006, 244, 1171-1177.	1.9	6
53	Evidence of direct interactions between the CC-chemokines CCL3, CCL4 and CCL5 and Leishmania promastigotes. Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology, 2006, 150, 374-377.	1.1	3
54	Leishmania disease development depends on the presence of apoptotic promastigotes in the virulent inoculum. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2006, 103, 13837-13842.	7.1	179

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55	Single-Nucleotide-Polymorphism-Specific PCR for Quantification and Discrimination of Chlamydia pneumoniae Genotypes by Use of a "Locked―Nucleic Acid. Applied and Environmental Microbiology, 2006, 72, 3785-3787.	3.1	14
56	Be Aware of the Possibility of False-Positive Results in Single-Locus PCR Assays for Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2006, 44, 2317-2317.	3.9	12
57	Transmission of <i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> infection from blood monocytes to vascular cells in a novel transendothelial migration model. FEMS Microbiology Letters, 2005, 242, 203-208.	1.8	20
58	Rapid manifestation of cervical vertebral osteomyelitis. Acta Neurochirurgica, 2005, 147, 671-673.	1.7	7
59	Growth Cycle-Dependent Pharmacodynamics of Antichlamydial Drugs. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2005, 49, 1852-1856.	3.2	17
60	Serine-to-Asparagine Substitution in the GyrA Gene Leads to Quinolone Resistance in Moxifloxacin-Exposed Chlamydia pneumoniae. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2005, 49, 406-407.	3.2	17
61	Phagocytes transmit Chlamydia pneumoniae from the lungs to the vasculature. European Respiratory Journal, 2004, 23, 506-510.	6.7	97
62	Highly purified lipoteichoic acid activates neutrophil granulocytes and delays their spontaneous apoptosis via CD14 and TLR2. Journal of Leukocyte Biology, 2004, 75, 467-477.	3.3	130
63	First-Choice Antibiotics at Subinhibitory Concentrations Induce Persistence of Chlamydia pneumoniae. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2004, 48, 1402-1405.	3.2	65
64	Cutting Edge: Neutrophil Granulocyte Serves as a Vector for <i>Leishmania</i> Entry into Macrophages. Journal of Immunology, 2004, 173, 6521-6525.	0.8	382
65	CD14 promoter polymorphism â~'159C>T is associated with susceptibility to chronic Chlamydia pneumoniae infection in peripheral blood monocytes. Genes and Immunity, 2004, 5, 435-438.	4.1	36
66	Sepsis with Bullous Necrotizing Skin Lesions due to Vibrio vulnificus Acquired Through Recreational Activities in the Baltic Sea. European Journal of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, 2004, 23, 49-52.	2.9	14
67	Different patterns of the L-histidine decarboxylase (HDC) gene expression in mice resistant and susceptible to experimental cutaneous leishmaniasis. Inflammation Research, 2004, 53, 38-43.	4.0	10
68	Alveolar epithelial cells type II are major target cells forC. pneumoniaein chronic but not in acute respiratory infection. FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology, 2004, 41, 197-203.	2.7	30
69	<i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> Multiply in Neutrophil Granulocytes and Delay Their Spontaneous Apoptosis. Journal of Immunology, 2004, 172, 1768-1776.	0.8	131
70	THE OTHER SIDE OF THE MEDAL: INFECTED GRANULOCYTES AS SILENT INVADERS OF MACROPHAGES. Shock, 2004, 21, 7.	2.1	0
71	Alterations in the phenotype of CMV-specific and total CD8+ T-cell populations in Wegener's granulomatosis. Cellular Immunology, 2003, 224, 1-7.	3.0	14
72	Neutrophil granulocytes – Trojan horses for Leishmania major and other intracellular microbes?. Trends in Microbiology, 2003, 11, 210-214.	7.7	213

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73	Rituximab induces remission in refractory HCV associated cryoglobulinaemic vasculitis. Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases, 2003, 62, 1230-1233.	0.9	119
74	Differential Production of Macrophage Inflammatory Protein 1γ (MIP-1γ), Lymphotactin, and MIP-2 by CD4 + Th Subsets Polarized In Vitro and In Vivo. Infection and Immunity, 2003, 71, 6178-6183.	2.2	26
75	Polarized Expression of Tamm-Horsfall Protein by Renal Tubular Epithelial Cells Activates Human Granulocytes. Infection and Immunity, 2002, 70, 2650-2656.	2.2	57
76	Intracellular Survival of Leishmania major in Neutrophil Granulocytes after Uptake in the Absence of Heat-Labile Serum Factors. Infection and Immunity, 2002, 70, 826-835.	2.2	149
77	Inhibition of the Spontaneous Apoptosis of Neutrophil Granulocytes by the Intracellular Parasite <i>Leishmania major</i> . Journal of Immunology, 2002, 169, 898-905.	0.8	247
78	Leishmania Promastigotes Release a Granulocyte Chemotactic Factor and Induce Interleukin-8 Release but Inhibit Gamma Interferon-Inducible Protein 10 Production by Neutrophil Granulocytes. Infection and Immunity, 2002, 70, 4177-4184.	2.2	126
79	The AMOR study: a randomized, double-blinded trial of omeprazole versus ranitidine together with amoxycillin and metronidazole for eradication of Helicobacter pylori. European Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, 2001, 13, 685-691.	1.6	14
80	Chemokines, natural killer cells and granulocytes in the early course of Leishmania major infection in mice. Medical Microbiology and Immunology, 2001, 190, 73-76.	4.8	138
81	Presence ofChlamydia pneumoniae DNA in the cerebral spinal fluid is a common phenomenon in a variety of neurological diseases and not restricted to multiple sclerosis. Annals of Neurology, 2001, 49, 585-589.	5.3	65
82	In vitro susceptibility and eradication of Chlamydia pneumoniae cardiovascular strains from coronary artery endothelium and smooth muscle cells. Cardiovascular Drugs and Therapy, 2001, 15, 259-262.	2.6	14
83	Novel multi-probe RNase protection assay (RPA) sets for the detection of murine chemokine gene expression. Journal of Immunological Methods, 2001, 249, 155-165.	1.4	18
84	<i>Chlamydia pneumoniae</i> Infection in Circulating Human Monocytes Is Refractory to Antibiotic Treatment. Circulation, 2001, 103, 351-356.	1.6	241
85	Presence of Chlamydia pneumoniae DNA in the cerebral spinal fluid is a common phenomenon in a variety of neurological diseases and not restricted to multiple sclerosis. Annals of Neurology, 2001, 49, 585-9.	5.3	21
86	Prolyl isomerases in a minimal cell. FEBS Journal, 2000, 267, 3270-3280.	0.2	33
87	Atherogenetically Relevant Cells Support Continuous Growth of Chlamydia Pneumoniae. Herz, 2000, 25, 68-72.	1.1	12
88	Detection ofChlamydia pneumoniaewithin Peripheral Blood Monocytes of Patients with Unstable Angina or Myocardial Infarction. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2000, 181, S449-S451.	4.0	58
89	Cardiovascular Infection byChlamydia pneumoniaels Not Related to Apolipoprotein E Genotype. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2000, 31, 1515-1516.	5.8	1
90	A randomized, placebo-controlled trial of omeprazole vs. ranitidine together with amoxicillin and metronidazole for eradication of Helicobacter pylori. Gastroenterology, 2000, 118, A1231.	1.3	0

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91	Failure To Detect Chlamydia pneumoniae in Brain Sections of Alzheimer's Disease Patients. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2000, 38, 881-882.	3.9	81
92	Systemic Infection of an Immunocompromised Patient with Methylobacterium zatmanii. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 1999, 37, 248-250.	3.9	39
93	Year 2000 guidelines for the use of antimicrobial agents in adult and pediatric neutropenic patients with unexplained fever from the Universities of Lübeck and Kiel. Journal of Oncology Pharmacy Practice, 1999, 5, 135-138.	0.9	1
94	Reduced bacterial dissemination and liver injury in CD14-deficient mice following a chronic abscess-forming peritonitis induced by Bacteroides fragilis. Medical Microbiology and Immunology, 1999, 187, 149-156.	4.8	9
95	The Host Response to Leishmania Infection. Advances in Immunology, 1999, 74, 275-317.	2.2	162
96	Early Gene Expression of NK Cell-Activating Chemokines in Mice Resistant to <i>Leishmania major</i> . Infection and Immunity, 1999, 67, 3155-3159.	2.2	68
97	Year 2000 guidelines for the use of antimicrobial agents in adult and pediatric neutropenic patients with unexplained fever from the Universities of Lübeck and Kiel. Journal of Oncology Pharmacy Practice, 1999, 5, 135-138.	0.9	0
98	Poor correlation between microimmunofluorescence serology and polymerase chain reaction for detection of vascular Chlamydia pneumoniae infection in coronary artery disease patients. Medical Microbiology and Immunology, 1998, 187, 103-106.	4.8	61
99	Leishmania major parasites express cyclophilin isoforms with an unusual interaction with calcineurin. Biochemical Journal, 1998, 334, 659-667.	3.7	30
100	In Vitro Susceptibilities of Chlamydia pneumoniae Strains Recovered from Atherosclerotic Coronary Arteries. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 1998, 42, 2762-2764.	3.2	46
101	Coiling Phagocytosis of Trypanosomatids and Fungal Cells. Infection and Immunity, 1998, 66, 4331-4339.	2.2	59
102	Systemic Infection with <i>Mycobacterium genavense</i> Following Immunosuppressive Therapy in a Patient Who Was Seronegative for Human Immunodeficiency Virus. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 1997, 24, 1245-1247.	5.8	33
103	Improved technique for cannulation of the murine thoracic duct: a valuable tool for the dissection of immune responses. Journal of Immunological Methods, 1997, 202, 35-40.	1.4	18
104	In vivo blocking of l-selectin rescues BALB/c mice from fatal Leishmania major infection. Immunology Letters, 1997, 57, 89-91.	2.5	2
105	Hostâ€cell cyclophilin is important for the intracellular replication of Leishmania major. Molecular Microbiology, 1997, 24, 421-429.	2.5	19
106	Control of Leishmania major infection in BALB/c mice by inhibition of early lymphocyte entry into peripheral lymph nodes. Journal of Immunology, 1997, 158, 1246-53.	0.8	23
107	B-Cell Outgrowth and Ligand-Specific Production of IL-10 Correlate with Th2 Dominance in Certain Parasitic Diseases. Experimental Parasitology, 1996, 84, 168-177.	1.2	97
108	Invasion, control and persistence of Leishmania parasites. Current Opinion in Immunology, 1996, 8, 517-525.	5.5	175

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109	IL-4-deficient Balb/c mice resist infection with Leishmania major Journal of Experimental Medicine, 1996, 184, 1127-1136.	8.5	255
110	Co-transfer of B cells converts resistance into susceptibility in T cell-reconstituted, Leishmania major-resistant C.B-17 scid mice by a non-congnate mechanism. International Immunology, 1996, 8, 1569-1575.	4.0	26
111	Early parasite containment is decisive for resistance toLeishmania major infection. European Journal of Immunology, 1995, 25, 2220-2227.	2.9	140
112	Protective effect of leflunomide on the natural course of Leishmania major-induced disease in genetically susceptible BALB/c mice. International Journal of Immunopharmacology, 1995, 17, 481-488.	1.1	4
113	Detection of cutaneous Leishmania infection in paraffin-embedded skin biopsies using the polymerase chain reaction. Transactions of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 1995, 89, 273-275.	1.8	74
114	Leishmania major infection: the overture. Parasitology Today, 1995, 11, 394-397.	3.0	8
115	Effect of IL-7 treatment on Leishmania major-infected BALB.Xid mice: enhanced lymphopoiesis with sustained lack of B1 cells and clinical aggravation of disease. International Immunology, 1995, 7, 1879-84.	4.0	19
116	The Xid defect determines an improved clinical course of murine leishmaniasis in susceptible mice. International Immunology, 1994, 6, 1117-1124.	4.0	71
117	Leishmania major parasites share an epitope with the murine CD3-T cell receptor complex. European Journal of Immunology, 1994, 24, 503-507.	2.9	4
118	Natural killer cells participate in the early defense against Leishmania major infection in mice. European Journal of Immunology, 1993, 23, 2237-2241.	2.9	99
119	Immunoblotting as a valuable tool to differentiate human visceral leishmaniasis from lymphoproliferative disorders and other clinically similar diseases. Research in Immunology, 1992, 143, 375-383.	0.9	14
120	Interferon- $\hat{1}^3$ Inhibits the Efficacy of Interleukin 1 to Generate a Th2-Cell Biased Immune Response Induced by Leishmania major. Immunobiology, 1991, 182, 292-306.	1.9	16
121	Lymphocytes play the music but the macrophage calls the tune. Trends in Immunology, 1991, 12, 4-6.	7.5	75
122	Cytokine interactions in experimental cutaneous leishmaniasis. Interleukin 4 synergizes with interferon-γ to activate murine macrophages for killing ofLeishmania major amastigotes. European Journal of Immunology, 1991, 21, 327-333.	2.9	88
123	Cytokine interactions in experimental cutaneous leishmaniasis. II. Endogenous tumor necrosis factor-α production by macrophages is induced by the synergistic action of interferon (IFN)-γ and interleukin (IL) 4 and accounts for the antiparasitic effect mediated by IFN-γ and IL 4. European Journal of Immunology, 1991, 21, 1669-1675.	2.9	60
124	T cell proliferation induced byBorrelia burgdorferi in patients with lyme borreliosis. Autologous serum required for optimum stimulation. Arthritis and Rheumatism, 1991, 34, 393-402.	6.7	80
125	Tumor necrosis factor-α in combination with interferon-γ, but not with interleukin 4 activates murine macrophages for elimination ofLeishmania major amastigotes. European Journal of Immunology, 1990, 20, 1131-1135.	2.9	185
126	Immunization of susceptible hosts with a soluble antigen fraction fromLeishmania major leads to aggravation of murine leishmaniasis mediated by CD4+ T cells. European Journal of Immunology, 1990, 20, 2533-2540.	2.9	28

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127	Detection of Potentially Diagnostic Leishmanial Antigens by Western Blot Analysis of Sera from Patients with Kala-Azar or Multilesional Cutaneous Leishmaniasis. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 1990, 162, 1417-1418.	4.0	27
128	Production of tumour necrosis factor during murine cutaneous leishmaniasis. Parasite Immunology, 1990, 12, 483-494.	1.5	27
129	Evasion strategies of Leishmania parasites. Parasitology Today, 1990, 6, 183-187.	3.0	32
130	Coexistence of Antigen-Specific TH1 and TH2 Cells in Genetically Susceptible BALB/c Mice Infected with Leishmania major. Immunobiology, 1989, 179, 412-421.	1.9	38
131	Cyclosporin A enhances elimination of intracellular L. major parasites by murine macrophages. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 1989, 75, 141-6.	2.6	17
132	Application of recombinant granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor has a detrimental effect in experimental murine leishmaniasis. European Journal of Immunology, 1988, 18, 1527-1534.	2.9	60
133	Anti-infectious responses in Leishmania major-infected BALB/c mice injected with recombinant granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor. Annales De L'Institut Pasteur Immunologie, 1987, 138, 759-762.	0.8	19
134	Kinetics of cell-mediated immunity developing during the course of Leishmania major infection in 'healer' and 'non-healer' mice: progressive impairment of response to and generation of interleukin-2. Immunology, 1987, 62, 485-92.	4.4	25
135	Effect of T-lymphocyte suppression on the parasite burden in Leishmania major-infected, genetically susceptible BALB/c mice. Infection and Immunity, 1986, 54, 909-912.	2.2	39
136	Suppressive effect of cyclosporin A on the development of Leishmania tropica-induced lesions in genetically susceptible BALB/c mice. Journal of Immunology, 1986, 137, 702-7.	0.8	122
137	On the partial suppression of IL-2 receptor expression and the prevention of lectin-induced lymphoblast formation by cyclosporine A. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 1985, 60, 501-8.	2.6	10
138	Dissociation of helper/inducer T-cell functions: Immunodeficiency associated with mycobacterial histiocytosis. Clinical Immunology and Immunopathology, 1984, 30, 279-289.	2.0	8
139	FREQUENCY ANALYSIS OF CYCLOSPORINE-SENSITIVE CYTOTOXIC T LYMPHOCYTE PRECURSORS. Transplantation, 1984, 38, 532-535.	1.0	22
140	Tumor-promoting phorbol esters selectively abrogate the expression of the T4 differentiation antigen expressed on normal and malignant (Sézary) T helper lymphocytes Journal of Experimental Medicine, 1982, 156, 1250-1255.	8.5	66
141	Interactions of human T cell subsets during the induction of cytotoxic T lymphocytes: the role of interleukins. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 1982, 49, 167-75.	2.6	37
142	Murine T cell subsets and interleukins: relationships between cytotoxic T cells, helper T cells and accessory cells. Clinics in Haematology, 1982, 11, 607-30.	2.3	9
143	MLs-locus-dependent mixed lymphocyte reactions result in the production of interleukin 2 activity. Immunology Letters, 1981, 2, 245-249.	2.5	4
144	T-T Cell Interactions during Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte (CTL) Responses: T Cell Derived Helper Factor (Interleukin 2) as a Probe to Analyze CTL Responsiveness and Thymic Maturation of CTL Progenitors. Immunological Reviews, 1980, 51, 215-255.	6.0	224

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145	Effect of niridazole in cellular immunity in vivo and in vitro. Clinical and Experimental Immunology, 1978, 32, 411-8.	2.6	8