

# Yanqing Liu

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/4080975/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

21  
papers

1,113  
citations

471509

17  
h-index

713466

21  
g-index

22  
all docs

22  
docs citations

22  
times ranked

2079  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Dysregulation of the miR-16/WWP1 signalling pathway leads to colorectal tumorigenesis. <i>Clinical and Translational Medicine</i> , 2022, 12, e709.	4.0	3
2	miR-144 suppresses cell proliferation and migration in colorectal cancer by targeting NRAS. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2020, 121, 3871-3881.	2.6	8
3	miR-24-3p promotes colon cancer progression by targeting ING1. <i>Signal Transduction and Targeted Therapy</i> , 2020, 5, 171.	17.1	13
4	Circular RNA FAM114A2 suppresses progression of bladder cancer via regulating hTNP63 by sponging miR-762. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2020, 11, 47.	6.3	34
5	Knockdown long noncoding RNA nuclear paraspeckle assembly transcript 1 suppresses colorectal cancer through modulating miR-193a-3p/KRAS. <i>Cancer Medicine</i> , 2019, 8, 261-275.	2.8	26
6	miR-129-5p and miR-3p co-target WWP1 to suppress gastric cancer proliferation and migration. <i>Journal of Cellular Biochemistry</i> , 2019, 120, 7527-7538.	2.6	29
7	PTP1B markedly promotes breast cancer progression and is regulated by miR-193a-3p. <i>FEBS Journal</i> , 2019, 286, 1136-1153.	4.7	47
8	MicroRNA-181a promotes angiogenesis in colorectal cancer by targeting SRCIN1 to promote the SRC/VEGF signaling pathway. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2018, 9, 438.	6.3	78
9	The Jun/miR-22/HuR regulatory axis contributes to tumorigenesis in colorectal cancer. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , 2018, 17, 11.	19.2	96
10	miR-338-3p functions as a tumor suppressor in gastric cancer by targeting PTP1B. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2018, 9, 522.	6.3	73
11	miR-19a promotes colorectal cancer proliferation and migration by targeting TIA1. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , 2017, 16, 53.	19.2	148
12	MEG2 is regulated by miR-181a-5p and functions as a tumour suppressor gene to suppress the proliferation and migration of gastric cancer cells. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , 2017, 16, 133.	19.2	38
13	Diphthamide Biosynthesis 1 is a Novel Oncogene in Colorectal Cancer Cells and is Regulated by MiR-218-5p. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2017, 44, 505-514.	1.6	17
14	ING5 suppresses breast cancer progression and is regulated by miR-24. <i>Molecular Cancer</i> , 2017, 16, 89.	19.2	24
15	miR-96 promotes cell proliferation, migration and invasion by targeting PTPN9 in breast cancer. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 37421.	3.3	92
16	miR-181b functions as an oncomiR in colorectal cancer by targeting PDCD4. <i>Protein and Cell</i> , 2016, 7, 722-734.	11.0	58
17	Deregulation of the miR-16-KRAS axis promotes colorectal cancer. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 37459.	3.3	28
18	MiR-19b suppresses PTPRG to promote breast tumorigenesis. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 64100-64108.	1.8	25

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	BAP1 suppresses lung cancer progression and is inhibited by miR-31. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016, 7, 13742-13753.	1.8	35
20	Effective detection and quantification of dietetically absorbed plant microRNAs in human plasma. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2015, 26, 505-512.	4.2	137
21	MiR-143 and MiR-145 Regulate IGF1R to Suppress Cell Proliferation in Colorectal Cancer. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e114420.	2.5	104