Gwenn Menvielle

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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122 papers 5,736 citations

147801 31 h-index 72 g-index

130 all docs

130 docs citations

130 times ranked 8027 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Socioeconomic Inequalities in Health in 22 European Countries. New England Journal of Medicine, 2008, 358, 2468-2481.	27.0	2,464
2	Changes in mortality inequalities over two decades: register based study of European countries. BMJ, The, 2016, 353, i1732.	6.0	204
3	Trends in health inequalities in 27 European countries. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2018, 115, 6440-6445.	7.1	161
4	Variations in the relation between education and cause-specific mortality in 19 European populations: A test of the "fundamental causes―theory of social inequalities in health. Social Science and Medicine, 2015, 127, 51-62.	3.8	160
5	Social Inequalities and Mortality in Europe – Results from a Large Multi-National Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e39013.	2.5	113
6	Estimating and explaining the effect of education and income on head and neck cancer risk: INHANCE consortium pooled analysis of 31 caseâ€control studies from 27 countries. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, 1125-1139.	5.1	112
7	Determinants of inequalities in life expectancy: an international comparative study of eight risk factors. Lancet Public Health, The, 2019, 4, e529-e537.	10.0	94
8	Determinants of the magnitude of socioeconomic inequalities in mortality: A study of 17 European countries. Health and Place, 2017, 47, 44-53.	3.3	90
9	The Role of Smoking and Diet in Explaining Educational Inequalities in Lung Cancer Incidence. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2009, 101, 321-330.	6.3	83
10	Educational differences in disability-free life expectancy: a comparative study of long-standing activity limitation in eight European countries. Social Science and Medicine, 2013, 94, 1-8.	3.8	83
11	Serum Detection of Nonadherence to Adjuvant Tamoxifen and Breast Cancer Recurrence Risk. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 2762-2772.	1.6	80
12	The reversed social gradient: Higher breast cancer mortality in the higher educated compared to lower educated. A comparison of 11 European populations during the 1990s. European Journal of Cancer, 2007, 43, 1200-1207.	2.8	77
13	Smoking, alcohol drinking, occupational exposures and social inequalities in hypopharyngeal and laryngeal cancer. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2004, 33, 799-806.	1.9	75
14	Tobacco smoking, alcohol drinking and risk of oral cavity cancer by subsite. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2013, 22, 268-276.	1.3	69
15	Impact of Breast Cancer Treatment on Employment: Results of a Multicenter Prospective Cohort Study (CANTO). Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2020, 38, 734-743.	1.6	69
16	How Can Inequalities in Mortality Be Reduced? A Quantitative Analysis of 6 Risk Factors in 21 European Populations. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e110952.	2.5	58
17	Trends In Inequalities In Mortality Amenable To Health Care In 17 European Countries. Health Affairs, 2017, 36, 1110-1118.	5 . 2	56
18	Progress against inequalities in mortality: register-based study of 15 European countries between 1990 and 2015. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 34, 1131-1142.	5.7	55

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19	To what extent is women's economic situation associated with cancer screening uptake when nationwide screening exists? A study of breast and cervical cancer screening in France in 2010. Cancer Causes and Control, 2014, 25, 977-983.	1.8	54
20	Socioeconomic inequalities in suicide in Europe: the widening gap. British Journal of Psychiatry, 2018, 212, 356-361.	2.8	52
21	Cancers related to lifestyle and environmental factors in France in 2015. European Journal of Cancer, 2018, 105, 103-113.	2.8	50
22	Occupational Class Inequalities in All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality among Middle-Aged Men in 14 European Populations during the Early 2000s. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e108072.	2.5	45
23	Socioeconomic inequalities in alcohol related cancer mortality among men: To what extent do they differ between Western European populations?. International Journal of Cancer, 2007, 121, 649-655.	5.1	43
24	The Contribution of Risk Factors to the Higher Incidence of Invasive and In Situ Breast Cancers in Women With Higher Levels of Education in the European Prospective Investigation Into Cancer and Nutrition. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 173, 26-37.	3.4	43
25	Occupational class, occupational mobility and cancer incidence among middle-aged men and women: a prospective study of the French GAZEL cohort*. Cancer Causes and Control, 2005, 16, 515-524.	1.8	42
26	Trends in educational inequalities in obesity in 15 European countries between 1990 and 2010. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2017, 14, 63.	4.6	42
27	Long-term trends of inequalities in mortality in 6 European countries. International Journal of Public Health, 2017, 62, 127-141.	2.3	42
28	Smoking and the potential for reduction of inequalities in mortality in Europe. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 28, 959-971.	5.7	40
29	Cervical and breast cancer screening participation for women with chronic conditions in France: results from a national health survey. BMC Cancer, 2016, 16, 255.	2.6	38
30	Mortality inequalities by occupational class among men in Japan, South Korea and eight European countries: a national register-based study, 1990–2015. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2019, 73, 750-758.	3.7	35
31	Educational Inequalities in Three Smoking-Related Causes of Death in 18 European Populations. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2014, 16, 507-518.	2.6	33
32	Occupational exposures contribute to educational inequalities in lung cancer incidence among men: Evidence from the EPIC prospective cohort study. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 126, 1928-1935.	5.1	32
33	Population attributable risks of oral cavity cancer to behavioral and medical risk factors in France: results of a large population-based case–control study, the ICARE study. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 827.	2.6	32
34	Joint effects of intensity and duration of cigarette smoking on the risk of head and neck cancer: A bivariate spline model approach. Oral Oncology, 2019, 94, 47-57.	1.5	32
35	Lessons learned from the INHANCE consortium: An overview of recent results on head and neck cancer. Oral Diseases, 2021, 27, 73-93.	3.0	31
36	Obesity and the potential reduction of social inequalities in mortality: evidence from 21 European populations. European Journal of Public Health, 2015, 25, 849-856.	0.3	29

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37	Tea and coffee consumption and risk of oral cavity cancer: Results of a large population-based case-control study, the ICARE study. Cancer Epidemiology, 2013, 37, 284-289.	1.9	27
38	Changes in Socioeconomic Inequalities in Cancer Mortality Rates Among French Men Between 1968 and 1996. American Journal of Public Health, 2007, 97, 2082-2087.	2.7	26
39	Diverging trends in educational inequalities in cancer mortality between men and women in the 2000s in France. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 823.	2.9	26
40	Body mass index, body mass change, and risk of oral cavity cancer: results of a large population-based case–control study, the ICARE study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 1437-1448.	1.8	26
41	The potential for reducing differences in life expectancy between educational groups in five European countries: the effects of obesity, physical inactivity and smoking. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2014, 68, 635-640.	3.7	25
42	Cancers attributable to tobacco smoking in France in 2015. European Journal of Public Health, 2018, 28, 707-712.	0.3	24
43	Family history of cancer, personal history of medical conditions and risk of oral cavity cancer in France: the ICARE study. BMC Cancer, 2013, 13, 560.	2.6	23
44	Development and Validation of a Predictive Model of Severe Fatigue After Breast Cancer Diagnosis: Toward a Personalized Framework in Survivorship Care. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, 40, 1111-1123.	1.6	23
45	Dynamics of Long-Term Patient-Reported Quality of Life and Health Behaviors After Adjuvant Breast Cancer Chemotherapy. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, 40, 3190-3204.	1.6	23
46	Occupational exposure to solvents and risk of head and neck cancer in women: a population-based case–control study in France. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e012833.	1.9	22
47	Multidimensional analysis of the effect of occupational exposure to organic solvents on lung cancer risk: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2016, 73, 368-377.	2.8	21
48	Risk of Lung Cancer Associated With Occupational Exposure to Mineral Wools. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 786-795.	1.7	19
49	What distinguishes successful from unsuccessful tobacco smoking cessation? Data from a study of young adults (TEMPO). Preventive Medicine Reports, 2015, 2, 679-685.	1.8	19
50	The Impact of Tobacco Control Policies on Smoking Among Socioeconomic Groups in Nine European Countries, 1990–2007. Nicotine and Tobacco Research, 2016, 19, ntw210.	2.6	19
51	Neighborhood deprivation and risk of head and neck cancer: A multilevel analysis from France. Oral Oncology, 2017, 71, 144-149.	1.5	19
52	Scenarios of future lung cancer incidence by educational level: Modelling study in Denmark. European Journal of Cancer, 2010, 46, 2625-2632.	2.8	18
53	Occupation and Head and Neck Cancer Risk in Men. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2013, 55, 1065-1073.	1.7	18
54	Disparities in cancer incidence by area-level socioeconomic status in the French West Indies. Cancer Causes and Control, 2017, 28, 1305-1312.	1.8	18

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55	Risk factors for salivary gland cancers in France: Results from a case-control study, the ICARE study. Oral Oncology, 2018, 80, 56-63.	1.5	18
56	Long-Term Longitudinal Patterns of Patient-Reported Fatigue After Breast Cancer: A Group-Based Trajectory Analysis. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2022, 40, 2148-2162.	1.6	18
57	Socioeconomic inequalities in cause specific mortality among older people in France. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 260.	2.9	17
58	Quantifying the mediating effects of smoking and occupational exposures in the relation between education and lung cancer: the ICARE study. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 31, 1213-1221.	5.7	17
59	Occupational exposure to endotoxins and lung cancer risk: results of the ICARE Study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2017, 74, 667-679.	2.8	17
60	Socioeconomic and healthcare use-related determinants of cervical, breast and colorectal cancer screening practice in the French West Indies. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 269-273.	1.3	17
61	The respective parts of incidence and lethality in socioeconomic differences in cancer mortality. An analysis of the French network Cancer registries (FRANCIM) data. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2019, 18, 189.	3.5	17
62	Why do apprentices smoke much more than high school students? Understanding educational disparities in smoking with a Oaxaca-blinder decomposition analysis. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 924.	2.9	17
63	Tobaccoâ€attributable burden of cancer according to socioeconomic position in France. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 143, 478-485.	5.1	16
64	Social inequalities in health and mental health in France. The results of a 2010 population-based survey in Paris Metropolitan Area. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0203676.	2.5	16
65	Assessing the potential impact of increased participation in higher education on mortality: Evidence from 21 European populations. Social Science and Medicine, 2014, 117, 142-149.	3.8	15
66	The impact of increasing income inequalities on educational inequalities in mortality - An analysis of six European countries. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2016, 15, 103.	3.5	15
67	Laryngeal Cancer Risks in Workers Exposed to Lung Carcinogens: Exposure–Effect Analyses Using a Quantitative Job Exposure Matrix. Epidemiology, 2020, 31, 145-154.	2.7	15
68	Exposure to chlorinated solvents and lung cancer: results of the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2014, 71, 681-689.	2.8	14
69	Social distribution of tobacco smoking, alcohol drinking and obesity in the French West Indies. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1424.	2.9	14
70	Occupations and the Risk of Head and Neck Cancer. Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 61, 397-404.	1.7	13
71	Occupational exposure to petroleum-based and oxygenated solvents and hypopharyngeal and laryngeal cancer in France: the ICARE study. BMC Cancer, 2018, 18, 388.	2.6	12
72	Disengagement of general practitioners in cervical cancer screening. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2016, 25, 547-555.	1.3	11

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73	Associations of cause-specific mortality with area level deprivation and travel time to health care in France from 1990 to 2007, a multilevel analysis. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 86.	2.9	11
74	Occupational Exposure to Diesel Motor Exhaust and Lung Cancer: A Dose-Response Relationship Hidden by Asbestos Exposure Adjustment? The ICARE Study. Journal of Cancer Epidemiology, 2015, 2015, 1-10.	1.1	10
75	A qualitative evaluation of the use of interventions to treat fatigue among cancer survivors: A healthcare provider's view. European Journal of Cancer Care, 2021, 30, e13370.	1.5	10
76	Time trends in educational differences in lung and upper aero digestive tract cancer mortality in France between 1990 and 2007. Cancer Epidemiology, 2012, 36, 329-334.	1.9	9
77	The role of three lifestyle risk factors in reducing educational differences in ischaemic heart disease mortality in Europe. European Journal of Public Health, 2017, 27, 203-210.	0.3	9
78	Prediction of Breast Cancer Treatment–Induced Fatigue by Machine Learning UsingÂGenome-Wide Association Data. JNCI Cancer Spectrum, 2020, 4, pkaa039.	2.9	9
79	Body weight and return to work among survivors of early-stage breast cancer. ESMO Open, 2020, 5, e000908.	4.5	9
80	Social inequalities in participation in cancer screening: does the mode of data collection matter? The CONSTANCES cohort. European Journal of Public Health, 2021, 31, 602-608.	0.3	9
81	Determinants of use of oral complementary-alternative medicine among women with early breast cancer:Âa focus on cancer-related fatigue. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2021, 190, 517-529.	2.5	9
82	Risk factors for head and neck cancer in more and less developed countries: Analysis from the INHANCE consortium. Oral Diseases, 2023, 29, 1565-1578.	3.0	9
83	Characterization of Depressive Symptoms Trajectories After Breast Cancer Diagnosis in Women in France. JAMA Network Open, 2022, 5, e225118.	5.9	9
84	Occupational exposure to wood dust and risk of lung cancer: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2019, 76, 901-907.	2.8	8
85	Occupational exposure to petroleum-based and oxygenated solvents and oral and oropharyngeal cancer risk in men: A population-based case-control study in France. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 59, 22-28.	1.9	8
86	Role of obesity in differences in cervical cancer screening rates by migration history. The CONSTANCES survey. Cancer Epidemiology, 2019, 58, 98-103.	1.9	8
87	Occupational exposure to textile dust and lung cancer risk: Results from the ICARE Study. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2018, 61, 216-228.	2.1	7
88	Head and neck cancer and occupational exposure to leather dust: results from the ICARE study, a French case-control study. Environmental Health, 2019, 18, 27.	4.0	7
89	Determinants of inequalities in years with disability: an international-comparative study. European Journal of Public Health, 2021, 31, 527-533.	0.3	7
90	The Challenge of Return to Work after Breast Cancer: The Role of Family Situation, CANTO Cohort. Current Oncology, 2021, 28, 3866-3875.	2.2	7

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91	Does the pattern of educational inequalities in smoking in Western Europe depend on the choice of survey?. International Journal of Public Health, 2014, 59, 587-597.	2.3	6
92	The determinants of cervical cancer screening uptake in women with obesity: application of the Andersen's behavioral model to the CONSTANCES survey. Cancer Causes and Control, 2020, 31, 51-62.	1.8	6
93	Smoking and inequalities in mortality in 11 European countries: a birth cohort analysis. Population Health Metrics, 2021, 19, 3.	2.7	6
94	Women with obesity in cervical cancer screening. The double penalty: Underscreening and income inequalities. Obesity Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 15, 212-215.	1.8	6
95	Contextual determinants of participation in cervical cancer screening in France, 2010. Cancer Epidemiology, 2017, 48, 117-123.	1.9	5
96	To smoke or not to smoke? A qualitative study among young adults. Preventive Medicine Reports, 2019, 15, 100927.	1.8	5
97	General practitioners who never perform Pap smear: the medical offer and the socio-economic context around their office could limit their involvement in cervical cancer screening. BMC Family Practice, 2019, 20, 114.	2.9	5
98	Welding and the risk of head and neck cancer: the ICARE study. Occupational and Environmental Medicine, 2020, 77, 293-300.	2.8	5
99	Occupational socioeconomic risk associations for head and neck cancer in Europe and South America: individual participant data analysis of pooled case–control studies within the INHANCE Consortium. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2021, 75, 779-787.	3.7	5
100	Do socioeconomic disparities in stroke and its consequences decrease in older age?. European Journal of Public Health, 2016, 26, 799-804.	0.3	4
101	Occupational exposure to flour dust and the risk of head and neck cancer. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, 2018, 61, 869-873.	2.1	4
102	Informing the development of multidisciplinary interventions to help breast cancer patients return to work: a qualitative study. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2022, 30, 8287-8299.	2.2	4
103	Education and Lung Cancer Among Never Smokers. Epidemiology, 2014, 25, 934-935.	2.7	3
104	QualFatigue study: which factors influence the use of specific interventions for breast cancer survivors with fatigue? A cross-sectional exploratory study. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2021, 29, 4827-4834.	2.2	3
105	Factors associated with participation in the organized cervical cancer screening program in the greater Paris area (France): An analysis among more than 200,000 women. Preventive Medicine, 2021, 153, 106831.	3.4	3
106	Uptake of Recommendations for Posttreatment Cancer-Related Fatigue Among Breast Cancer Survivors. Journal of the National Comprehensive Cancer Network: JNCCN, 2021, 19, 98-110.	4.9	3
107	Change in the value of work after breast cancer: evidence from a prospective cohort. Journal of Cancer Survivorship, 2023, 17, 694-705.	2.9	3
108	Occupational prestige trajectory and the risk of lung and head and neck cancer among men and women in France. International Journal of Public Health, 2018, 63, 833-845.	2.3	2

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109	Patterns of gynaecological check-up and their association with body mass index within the CONSTANCES cohort. Journal of Medical Screening, 2021, 28, 10-17.	2.3	2
110	Return to work after breast cancer: Comprehensive longitudinal analyses of its determinants Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 37, 11564-11564.	1.6	2
111	Abstract P3-12-12: ATTITUDE: Understanding and reducing ATTrition in longiTUDinal studiEs of cancer survivors. Cancer Research, 2022, 82, P3-12-12-P3-12-12.	0.9	1
112	P330â€Quantifying mediating effects of smoking and occupational exposures in the relation between education and lung cancer. , 2016, , .		0
113	0385â€Occupational exposure to diesel motor exhaust and the risk of cancer of the oral cavity, pharynx and larynx: the icare study. , 2017, , .		0
114	Long-Term Longitudinal Patterns of Patient-Reported Fatigue After Breast Cancer: A Group-Based Trajectory Analysis. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	0
115	Occupational Factors in the Social Gradients in Cancer Incidence., 2021,, 205-219.		0
116	Behavioural Factors in the Social Gradients in Cancer Incidence., 2021,, 189-203.		0
117	Assessing the risk of severe post-treatment (tx) cancer-related fatigue (CRF) among breast cancer survivors (BCS) in the CANcer TOxicity (CANTO) cohort Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2021, 39, 12022-12022.	1.6	0
118	Impact of overweight, obesity, and post-treatment weight changes on occupational reintegration of breast cancer (BC) survivors Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2019, 37, 11562-11562.	1.6	0
119	Combined Effect of Health Status and Primary Care Use on Participation in Cancer Screening: The CONSTANCES Cohort. Women S Health Reports, 2020, 1, 511-520.	0.8	0
120	Abstract P4-09-05: Focus on non-adherence: A qualitative exploration of perceptions associated to adjuvant endocrine therapy (ET) in premenopausal patients with breast cancer and their health care providers (HCP). Cancer Research, 2022, 82, P4-09-05-P4-09-05.	0.9	0
121	Abstract P4-11-27: A multimodal and personalized digital companion to help survivors of breast cancer (BC) manage side effects of adjuvant endocrine therapy (ET): A qualitative exploration. Cancer Research, 2022, 82, P4-11-27-P4-11-27.	0.9	0
122	Social Inequalities in Participation in Cervical Cancer Screening in a Metropolitan Area Implementing a Pilot Organised Screening Programme (Paris Region, France). International Journal of Public Health, 0, 67, .	2.3	0