

# Jennifer M Pocock

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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57  
papers

6,422  
citations

117625

34  
h-index

149698

56  
g-index

64  
all docs

64  
docs citations

64  
times ranked

9455  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	A genetic link between risk for Alzheimer's disease and severe COVID-19 outcomes via the <i>OAS1</i> gene. <i>Brain</i> , 2021, 144, 3727-3741.	7.6	65
2	The influence of the R47H triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 2 variant on microglial exosome profiles. <i>Brain Communications</i> , 2021, 3, fcab009.	3.3	7
3	Human Huntington's disease pluripotent stem cell-derived microglia develop normally but are abnormally hyper-reactive and release elevated levels of reactive oxygen species. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2021, 18, 94.	7.2	26
4	Microglial signaling pathway deficits associated with the patient derived R47H TREM2 variants linked to AD indicate inability to activate inflammasome. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021, 11, 13316.	3.3	34
5	Abrogation of LRRK2 dependent Rab10 phosphorylation with TLR4 activation and alterations in evoked cytokine release in immune cells. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2021, 147, 105070.	3.8	18
6	Differential Stimulation of Pluripotent Stem Cell-Derived Human Microglia Leads to Exosomal Proteomic Changes Affecting Neurons. <i>Cells</i> , 2021, 10, 2866.	4.1	6
7	A locked immunometabolic switch underlies TREM2 R47H loss of function in human iPSC-derived microglia. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2020, 34, 2436-2450.	0.5	82
8	<i>Trem2</i> promotes anti-inflammatory responses in microglia and is suppressed under pro-inflammatory conditions. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2020, 29, 3224-3248.	2.9	76
9	Amyloid precursor protein processing in human neurons with an allelic series of the PSEN1 intron 4 deletion mutation and total presenilin-1 knockout. <i>Brain Communications</i> , 2019, 1, fcz024.	3.3	13
10	Soluble Fibrinogen Triggers Non-cell Autonomous ER Stress-Mediated Microglial-Induced Neurotoxicity. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 12, 404.	3.7	13
11	The Trem2 R47H Alzheimer's risk variant impairs splicing and reduces Trem2 mRNA and protein in mice but not in humans. <i>Molecular Neurodegeneration</i> , 2018, 13, 49.	10.8	91
12	Human Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell-Derived Microglia-Like Cells Harboring TREM2 Missense Mutations Show Specific Deficits in Phagocytosis. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2018, 24, 2300-2311.	6.4	118
13	Modelling microglial function with induced pluripotent stem cells: an update. <i>Nature Reviews Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 19, 445-452.	10.2	41
14	Compromised astrocyte function and survival negatively impact neurons in infantile neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis. <i>Acta Neuropathologica Communications</i> , 2018, 6, 74.	5.2	42
15	Combined tissue and fluid proteomics with Tandem Mass Tags to identify low-abundance protein biomarkers of disease in peripheral body fluid: An Alzheimer's Disease case study. <i>Rapid Communications in Mass Spectrometry</i> , 2017, 31, 153-159.	1.5	35
16	Neuroprotection by safinamide in the 6-hydroxydopamine model of Parkinson's disease. <i>Neuropathology and Applied Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 42, 423-435.	3.2	36
17	P1003: Knockdown of Trem2 Expression in Microglia: Implications For Migration and Inflammation. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia</i> , 2016, 12, P397.	0.8	1
18	Microglial genes regulating neuroinflammation in the progression of Alzheimer's disease. <i>Current Opinion in Neurobiology</i> , 2016, 36, 74-81.	4.2	223

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19	Selective Depletion of Microglia from Cerebellar Granule Cell Cultures Using L-leucine Methyl Ester. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2015, , e52983.	0.3	10
20	O1-02-01: Microglial-derived proteins in CSF are candidate biomarkers for early diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease. , 2015, 11, P126-P126.		0
21	Glia: guardians, gluttons, or guides for the maintenance of neuronal connectivity?. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2015, 1351, 1-10.	3.8	34
22	Microglial p53 activation is detrimental to neuronal synapses during activation-induced inflammation: Implications for neurodegeneration. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2014, 583, 92-97.	2.1	37
23	P2-105: IDENTIFYING MARKERS OF MICROGLIA ACTIVATION IN CSF FROM PATIENTS WITH ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE USING A NOVEL MASS SPECTROMETRY APPROACH. , 2014, 10, P509-P509.		0
24	Insights into TREM2 biology by network analysis of human brain gene expression data. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2013, 34, 2699-2714.	3.1	145
25	<i>TREM2</i> Variants in Alzheimer's Disease. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2013, 368, 117-127.	27.0	2,385
26	Blockage of CR1 prevents activation of rodent microglia. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2013, 54, 139-149.	4.4	76
27	Safinamide and flecainide protect axons and reduce microglial activation in models of multiple sclerosis. <i>Brain</i> , 2013, 136, 1067-1082.	7.6	67
28	Complement receptor 1 (CR1) and Alzheimer's disease. <i>Immunobiology</i> , 2012, 217, 244-250.	1.9	107
29	Wnt3a induces exosome secretion from primary cultured rat microglia. <i>BMC Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 13, 144.	1.9	88
30	Microglial neurotransmitter receptors trigger superoxide production in microglia; consequences for microglialâ€“neuronal interactions. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2012, 121, 287-301.	3.9	68
31	Emerging roles of p53 in glial cell function in health and disease. <i>Glia</i> , 2012, 60, 515-525.	4.9	24
32	Positive allosteric modulation of metabotropic glutamate receptor 5 down-regulates fibrinogen-activated microglia providing neuronal protection. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2011, 505, 140-145.	2.1	33
33	Inhibiting p53 pathways in microglia attenuates microglialâ€“evoked neurotoxicity following exposure to Alzheimer peptides. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2010, 112, 552-563.	3.9	62
34	Scavenger receptor control of chromogranin Aâ€“induced microglial stress and neurotoxic cascades. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2009, 583, 3461-3466.	2.8	21
35	Differential effects of albumin on microglia and macrophages; implications for neurodegeneration following bloodâ€“brain barrier damage. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2009, 109, 694-705.	3.9	56
36	Glutamate induces release of glutathione from cultured rat astrocytes â€“ a possible neuroprotective mechanism?. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 105, 1144-1152.	3.9	33

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37	Myelin-induced microglial neurotoxicity can be controlled by microglial metabotropic glutamate receptors. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 106, 442-454.	3.9	63
38	Neurotransmitter receptors on microglia. <i>Trends in Neurosciences</i> , 2007, 30, 527-535.	8.6	548
39	Chromogranin A activates diverse pathways mediating inducible nitric oxide expression and apoptosis in primary microglia. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2007, 413, 227-232.	2.1	22
40	Neuronal surface glycolytic enzymes are autoantigen targets in post-streptococcal autoimmune CNS disease. <i>Journal of Neuroimmunology</i> , 2006, 172, 187-197.	2.3	118
41	Pure albumin is a potent trigger of calcium signalling and proliferation in microglia but not macrophages or astrocytes. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2005, 92, 1363-1376.	3.9	63
42	Stimulation of Microglial Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor mGlu2 Triggers Tumor Necrosis Factor $\alpha$ -Induced Neurotoxicity in Concert with Microglial-Derived Fas Ligand. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 25, 2952-2964.	3.6	288
43	Microglia release activators of neuronal proliferation mediated by activation of mitogen-activated protein kinase, phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase/Akt and delta-Notch signalling cascades. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2004, 90, 89-101.	3.9	146
44	Cannabinoids inhibit neurodegeneration in models of multiple sclerosis. <i>Brain</i> , 2003, 126, 2191-2202.	7.6	330
45	Activation of Microglial Group III Metabotropic Glutamate Receptors Protects Neurons against Microglial Neurotoxicity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 2150-2160.	3.6	195
46	A Role for Caspase-1 and -3 in the Pathology of Experimental Allergic Encephalomyelitis. <i>American Journal of Pathology</i> , 2002, 161, 1577-1586.	3.8	57
47	Microglial Apoptosis Induced by Chromogranin A Is Mediated by Mitochondrial Depolarisation and the Permeability Transition but Not by Cytochrome c Release. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2002, 74, 1452-1462.	3.9	64
48	Microglial signalling cascades in neurodegenerative disease. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2001, 132, 555-565.	1.4	76
49	Modulation of neurotransmitter release by dihydropyridine-sensitive calcium channels involves tyrosine phosphorylation. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1999, 11, 279-292.	2.6	42
50	Endothelin-1 inhibits voltage-sensitive Ca <sup>2+</sup> channels in cultured rat cerebellar granule neurones via the ET-A receptor. <i>Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology</i> , 1998, 436, 766-775.	2.8	19
51	42 Nitric oxide (NO <sup>•</sup> ) and the nitrosonium cation (NO <sup>+</sup> ) reduce mitochondrial membrane potential and trigger apoptosis in neuronal PC12 cells. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 1998, 26, S340-S340.	3.4	9
52	43 Maple syrup urine disease metabolites induce apoptosis in neural cells without cytochrome c release or changes in mitochondrial membrane potential. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 1998, 26, S341-S341.	3.4	9
53	Exocytotic and Nonexocytotic Modes of Glutamate Release from Cultured Cerebellar Granule Cells During Chemical Ischaemia. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 1998, 70, 806-813.	3.9	48
54	Phosphorylation of synapsin I and MARCKS in nerve terminals is mediated by Ca <sup>2+</sup> -entry via an Agc-Gl sensitive Ca <sup>2+</sup> -channel which is coupled to glutamate exocytosis. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1994, 353, 264-268.	2.8	31

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55	Energetics of cultured neurones and ischaemia. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 1994, 22, 970-973.	3.4	1
56	A toxin (Aga-GI) from the venom of the spider <i>Agelenopsis aperta</i> inhibits the mammalian presynaptic Ca <sup>2+</sup> channel coupled to glutamate exocytosis. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1992, 226, 343-350.	2.6	46
57	Kainic Acid Inhibits the Synaptosomal Plasma Membrane Glutamate Carrier and Allows Glutamate Leakage from the Cytoplasm but Does Not Affect Glutamate Exocytosis. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 1988, 50, 745-751.	3.9	65