Alvaro Castillo-Carniglia

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3840305/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

42 papers

1,039 citations

430874 18 h-index 30 g-index

49 all docs 49 docs citations

49 times ranked

1293 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Treatment outcome and readmission risk among women in women-only versus mixed-gender drug treatment programs in Chile. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2022, 134, 108616.	2.8	2
2	The International Cannabis Toolkit (iCannToolkit): a multidisciplinary expert consensus on minimum standards for measuring cannabis use. Addiction, 2022, 117, 1510-1517.	3.3	44
3	Polydrug Use and Co-occurring Substance Use Disorders in a Respondent Driven Sampling of Cocaine Base Paste Users in Santiago, Chile. Journal of Psychoactive Drugs, 2022, 54, 348-357.	1.7	1
4	Effects of 2019's social protests on emergency health services utilization and case severity in Santiago, Chile: a time-series analysis. The Lancet Regional Health Americas, 2022, 5, 100082.	2.6	4
5	Trends in the sequence of initiation of alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana use among adolescents in Argentina and Chile from 2001 to 2017. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2022, 100, 103494.	3.3	1
6	The iCannToolkit: a tool to embrace measurement of medicinal and nonâ€medicinal cannabis use across licit, illicit and crossâ€cultural settings. Addiction, 2022, , .	3.3	3
7	Does recreational cannabis legalization change cannabis use patterns? Evidence from secondary school students in Uruguay. Addiction, 2022, 117, 2866-2877.	3.3	16
8	Crossâ€country differences in age trends in alcohol consumption among older adults: a crossâ€sectional study of individuals aged 50Âyears and older in 22 countries. Addiction, 2021, 116, 1399-1412.	3.3	22
9	Changes in opioid prescribing after implementation of mandatory registration and proactive reports within California's prescription drug monitoring program. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2021, 218, 108405.	3.2	20
10	Measuring Relationships Between Proactive Reporting State-level Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and County-level Fatal Prescription Opioid Overdoses. Epidemiology, 2020, 31, 32-42.	2.7	40
11	Association of Recreational Cannabis Laws in Colorado and Washington State With Changes in Traffic Fatalities, 2005-2017. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2020, 180, 1061.	5.1	47
12	The impact of cannabis legalization in Uruguay on adolescent cannabis use. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2020, 80, 102748.	3.3	36
13	Trends in marijuana use in two Latin American countries: an age, period and cohort study. Addiction, 2020, 115, 2089-2097.	3.3	18
14	Psychiatric comorbidities in alcohol use disorder. Lancet Psychiatry, the, 2019, 6, 1068-1080.	7.4	187
15	Prescription drug monitoring programs operational characteristics and fatal heroin poisoning. International Journal of Drug Policy, 2019, 74, 174-180.	3.3	44
16	Sex differences in nonmedical prescription tranquilizer and stimulant use trends among secondary school students in Argentina, Chile, and Uruguay. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 205, 107607.	3.2	2
17	Investigating how perceived risk and availability of marijuana relate to marijuana use among adolescents in Argentina, Chile, and Uruguay over time. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2019, 201, 115-126.	3.2	21
18	Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and Opioid Overdoses. Epidemiology, 2019, 30, 212-220.	2.7	28

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19	Effect on background checks of newly-enacted comprehensive background check policies in Oregon and Washington: a synthetic control approach. Injury Epidemiology, 2019, 6, 45.	1.8	8
20	California's comprehensive background check and misdemeanor violence prohibition policies and firearm mortality. Annals of Epidemiology, 2019, 30, 50-56.	1.9	24
21	Limiting Alcohol Outlet Density to Prevent Alcohol Use and Violence: Estimating Policy Interventions Through Agent-Based Modeling. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2019, 188, 694-702.	3.4	11
22	A typology of prescription drug monitoring programs: a latent transition analysis of the evolution of programs from 1999 to 2016. Addiction, 2019, 114, 248-258.	3.3	26
23	Repeal of Comprehensive Background Check Policies and Firearm Homicide and Suicide. Epidemiology, 2018, 29, 494-502.	2.7	37
24	Firearm mortality in California, 2000–2015: the epidemiologic importance of within-state variation. Annals of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 309-315.e2.	1.9	24
25	Firearms, alcohol and crime: convictions for driving under the influence (DUI) and other alcohol-related crimes and risk for future criminal activity among authorised purchasers of handguns. Injury Prevention, 2018, 24, 68-72.	2.4	25
26	Comprehensive background check policy and firearm background checks in three US states. Injury Prevention, 2018, 24, 431-436.	2.4	23
27	Attachment Styles and Personality Structure. Journal of Depression & Anxiety, 2018, 07, .	0.1	O
28	Association Between Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs and Nonfatal and Fatal Drug Overdoses. Annals of Internal Medicine, 2018, 168, 783-790.	3.9	170
29	A randomized controlled trial of a brief intervention for alcohol and drugs linked to the Alcohol, Smoking and Substance Involvement Screening Test (ASSIST) in primary health care in Chile. Addiction, 2017, 112, 1462-1469.	3.3	21
30	School collective occupation movements and substance use among adolescents: A school-level panel design. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 176, 21-27.	3.2	3
31	The effects of using answer sheets on reported drug use and data quality in a classroom survey: A cluster-randomized study. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2017, 178, 194-200.	3.2	5
32	Adaptation and Validation of the Instrument Treatment Outcomes Profile to the Chilean Population. Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment, 2015, 56, 39-47.	2.8	8
33	Large increase in adolescent marijuana use in Chile. Addiction, 2015, 110, 185-186.	3.3	13
34	Geographical distribution of alcohol-attributable mortality in Chile: A Bayesian spatial analysis. Addictive Behaviors, 2015, 42, 207-215.	3.0	7
35	Small area associations between social context and alcohol-attributable mortality in a middle income country. Drug and Alcohol Dependence, 2014, 137, 129-136.	3.2	6
36	Consumo de alcohol y autoinforme de eventos violentos en Chile. Revista De Psicologia De La Salud, 2014, 26, 46.	0.5	4

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37	Associations between social vulnerability, employment conditions and hazardous alcohol consumption in <scp>C</scp> hile. Drug and Alcohol Review, 2013, 32, 254-261.	2.1	13
38	Alcohol-Attributable Mortality and Years of Potential Life Lost in Chile in 2009. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2013, 48, 729-736.	1.6	13
39	Consumo y valoraci \tilde{A}^3 n social de la leche purita fortificada y cereal del Programa Nacional de Alimentaci \tilde{A}^3 n Complementaria (PNAC) en Chile. Revista Chilena De Nutricion, 2012, 39, 173-179.	0.3	4
40	Identifying Cultural Representations of Families and the Health Team to Improve the Management of Severe Malnutrition in Childhood. Qualitative Health Research, 2010, 20, 524-530.	2.1	10
41	¿ES EFECTIVA LA CONSEJERÃA PARA AUMENTAR EL CONSUMO DE FRUTAS Y VERDURAS Y DISMINUIR EL RIESGO CARDIOVASCULAR EN PREVENCIÓN SECUNDARIA?: UNA REVISIÓN. Revista Chilena De Nutricion, 2008, 35, .	0.3	2
42	The iCannTookit: A consensusâ€based, flexible framework for measuring contemporary cannabis use. Addiction, 0, , .	3.3	1