

Steinar Krokstad

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

70
papers

2,837
citations

186265

28
h-index

182427

51
g-index

71
all docs

71
docs citations

71
times ranked

3934
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Socioeconomic inequalities in asthma and respiratory symptoms in a high-income country: changes from 1996 to 2016. <i>Journal of Asthma</i> , 2023, 60, 185-194.	1.7	3
2	Cohort Profile Update: The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2023, 52, e80-e91.	1.9	81
3	Trends in Disability-Free Life Expectancy (DFLE) from 1995 to 2017 in the older Norwegian population by sex and education: The HUNT Study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2022, 50, 542-551.	2.3	8
4	Occupation, socioeconomic status and chronic obstructive respiratory diseases – The EpiLung study in Finland, Estonia and Sweden. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2022, 191, 106403.	2.9	3
5	Trends in absolute and relative educational inequalities in health during times of labour market restructuring in coastal areas: The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2022, 292, 114541.	3.8	1
6	Divergent decennial trends in mental health according to age reveal poorer mental health for young people: repeated cross-sectional population-based surveys from the HUNT Study, Norway. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e057654.	1.9	31
7	Does urbanicity modify the relationship between a polygenic risk score for depression and mental health symptoms? Cross-sectional evidence from the observational HUNT Study in Norway. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2021, 75, 420-425.	3.7	4
8	Overview of retrospective data harmonisation in the MINDMAP project: process and results. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2021, 75, 433-441.	3.7	11
9	Gender, marital and educational inequalities in mid- to late-life depressive symptoms: cross-cohort variation and moderation by urbanicity degree. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2021, 75, 442-449.	3.7	6
10	How to evaluate the effect of seven years of the Norwegian School Fruit Scheme (2007–2014) on fruit, vegetable and snack consumption and weight status: A natural experiment. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2021, 49, 347-357.	2.3	2
11	Association of engagement in cultural activities with cause-specific mortality determined through an eight-year follow up: The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021, 16, e0248332.	2.5	6
12	Prevalence of mental disorders, suicidal ideation and suicides in the general population before and during the COVID-19 pandemic in Norway: A population-based repeated cross-sectional analysis. <i>Lancet Regional Health - Europe</i> , The, 2021, 4, 100071.	5.6	70
13	Public health in restructuring coastal communities: Generational trends in self-rated health following the decline in small-scale fishing. The HUNT study, Norway. <i>Journal of Rural Studies</i> , 2021, 88, 307-316.	4.7	2
14	Mattering as a Political, Scientific, and Professional Basis for Welfare Services. <i>Frontiers in Psychology</i> , 2021, 12, 734630.	2.1	1
15	Does Dog Ownership Really Prolong Survival?. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2020, 13, e006907.	2.2	5
16	Understanding coastal public health: Employment, behavioural and psychosocial factors associated with geographical inequalities. The HUNT study, Norway. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2020, 264, 113286.	3.8	8
17	Socioeconomic inequalities in the prevalence of complex multimorbidity in a Norwegian population: findings from the cross-sectional HUNT Study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e036851.	1.9	12
18	The diffusion of innovative diabetes technologies as a fundamental cause of social inequalities in health. The Nord-Trøndelag Health Study, Norway. <i>Sociology of Health and Illness</i> , 2020, 42, 1548-1565.	2.1	17

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19	Socioeconomic Position, Multimorbidity and Mortality in a Population Cohort: The HUNT Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020, 9, 2759.	2.4	8
20	Prevalence, clustering and combined effects of lifestyle behaviours and their association with health after retirement age in a prospective cohort study, the Nord-Trøndelag Health Study, Norway. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2020, 20, 900.	2.9	11
21	Associations between complex multimorbidity, activities of daily living and mortality among older Norwegians. A prospective cohort study: the HUNT Study, Norway. <i>BMC Geriatrics</i> , 2020, 20, 21.	2.7	43
22	Low socioeconomic status relates to asthma and wheeze, especially in women. <i>ERJ Open Research</i> , 2020, 6, 00258-2019.	2.6	15
23	29 recommendations to combat social inequalities in health. The Norwegian Council on Social Inequalities in Health. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2019, 47, 598-605.	2.3	21
24	Factors associated with alcohol consumption and prescribed drugs with addiction potential among older women and men – the Nord-Trøndelag health study (HUNT2 and HUNT3), Norway, a population-based longitudinal study. <i>BMC Geriatrics</i> , 2019, 19, 113.	2.7	13
25	Mortality in older adults with frequent alcohol consumption and use of drugs with addiction potential – The Nord Trøndelag Health Study 2006-2008 (HUNT3), Norway, a population-based study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0214813.	2.5	8
26	Factors associated with basic and instrumental activities of daily living in elderly participants of a population-based survey: the Nord-Trøndelag Health Study, Norway. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e018942.	1.9	69
27	Decennial trends and inequalities in healthy life expectancy: The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018, 46, 124-131.	2.3	16
28	Occupational and leisure-time physical activity and risk of disability pension: prospective data from the HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2018, 75, 23-28.	2.8	22
29	O2â€05â€05: MODERATEâ€TOâ€VIGOROUS PHYSICAL ACTIVITY, PSYCHOLOGICAL DISTRESS, AND DEMENTIA: THE HUNT STUDY AND THE HEALTH AND MEMORY STUDY IN NORDâ€TRÂˆNDELÂAG. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia</i> , 2018, 14, P628.	0.8	0
30	Midlife Physical Activity, Psychological Distress, and Dementia Risk: The HUNT Study. <i>Journal of Alzheimer's Disease</i> , 2018, 66, 825-833.	2.6	49
31	Can socioeconomic health differences be explained by physical activity at work and during leisure time? Rationale and protocol of the active worker individual participant meta-analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e023379.	1.9	11
32	Are Playing Instruments, Singing or Participating in Theatre Good for Population Health? Associations with Self-Rated Health and All-Cause Mortality in the HUNT3 Study (2006â€2008), Norway. , 2018, , 33-54.		5
33	Innovative technologies and social inequalities in health: A scoping review of the literature. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0195447.	2.5	148
34	MINDMAP: establishing an integrated database infrastructure for research in ageing, mental well-being, and the urban environment. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2018, 18, 158.	2.9	20
35	Prolonged sitting may increase diabetes risk in physically inactive individuals: an 11Âyear follow-up of the HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2017, 60, 830-835.	6.3	34
36	Cardiovascular mortality â€ Comparing risk factor associations within couples and in the total population â€ The HUNT Study. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 232, 127-133.	1.7	6

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37	Temporal changes in health within 5 years before and after disability pension—the HUNT Study. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 27, 653-659.	0.3	2
38	Multiple lifestyle behaviours and mortality, findings from a large population-based Norwegian cohort study—The HUNT Study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2017, 17, 58.	2.9	83
39	Dog ownership and all-cause mortality in a population cohort in Norway: The HUNT study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0179832.	2.5	24
40	Use of alcohol and drugs with addiction potential among older women and men in a population-based study. The Nord-Trøndelag Health Study 2006-2008 (HUNT3). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0184428.	2.5	18
41	Mortality in persons with undetected and diagnosed hypertension, type 2 diabetes, and hypothyroidism, compared with persons without corresponding disease - a prospective cohort study; The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2017, 18, 98.	2.9	10
42	Factors associated with consumption of alcohol in older adults - a comparison between two cultures, China and Norway: the CLHLS and the HUNT-study. <i>BMC Geriatrics</i> , 2017, 17, 172.	2.7	34
43	How sociodemographic and hearing related factors were associated with use of hearing aid in a population-based study: The HUNT Study. <i>BMC Ear, Nose and Throat Disorders</i> , 2016, 16, 8.	2.6	12
44	Symptoms of depression and all-cause mortality in farmers, a cohort study: the HUNT study, Norway. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016, 6, e010783.	1.9	5
45	Gender differences and gender convergence in alcohol use over the past three decades (1984–2008), The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016, 16, 723.	2.9	67
46	Health and unemployment: 14 years of follow-up on job loss in the Norwegian HUNT Study. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016, 26, 312-317.	0.3	51
47	Anxiety and Depression Symptoms Among Farmers: The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Journal of Agromedicine</i> , 2016, 21, 24-33.	1.5	55
48	Protective Effect of Regular Physical Activity on Depression After Myocardial Infarction: The HUNT Study. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2016, 129, 82-88.e1.	1.5	32
49	Disability pension and symptoms of anxiety and depression: a prospective comparison of farmers and other occupational groups. The HUNT Study, Norway. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015, 5, e009114.	1.9	7
50	Mortality and work disability in a cohort of Norwegian couples—the HUNT study. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015, 25, 807-814.	0.3	3
51	Diagnostic labelling influences self-rated health. A prospective cohort study: the HUNT Study, Norway. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2015, 32, 492-499.	1.9	36
52	Cultural activity participation and associations with self-perceived health, life-satisfaction and mental health: the Young HUNT Study, Norway. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015, 15, 544.	2.9	27
53	Self Reported Childhood Difficulties, Adult Multimorbidity and Allostatic Load. A Cross-Sectional Analysis of the Norwegian HUNT Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0130591.	2.5	90
54	Is there an association between disease ignorance and self-rated health? The HUNT Study, a cross-sectional survey. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e004962.	1.9	22

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55	Cohort profile of the Young-HUNT Study, Norway: A population-based study of adolescents. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2014, 43, 536-544.	1.9	110
56	Social and spatial patterns of obesity diffusion over three decades in a Norwegian county population: the HUNT Study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2013, 13, 973.	2.9	23
57	Fallgruver for helsetjenesten. <i>Tidsskrift for Den Norske Laegeforening</i> , 2013, 133, 1608-1610.	0.2	1
58	Socioeconomic inequalities in dental services utilisation in a Norwegian county: The third Nord-Trøndelag Health Survey. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2012, 40, 648-655.	2.3	29
59	The welfare burden of adolescent anxiety and depression: a prospective study of 7500 young Norwegians and their families: the HUNT study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2012, 2, e001942.	1.9	29
60	Trends in absolute and relative educational inequalities in four modifiable ischaemic heart disease risk factors: repeated cross-sectional surveys from the Nord-Trøndelag Health Study (HUNT) 1984-2008. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 266.	2.9	105
61	Patterns of receptive and creative cultural activities and their association with perceived health, anxiety, depression and satisfaction with life among adults: the HUNT study, Norway. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2012, 66, 698-703.	3.7	173
62	The HUNT study: participation is associated with survival and depends on socioeconomic status, diseases and symptoms. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2012, 12, 143.	3.1	295
63	Cultural activities and public health: research in Norway and Sweden. An overview. <i>Arts and Health</i> , 2011, 3, 6-26.	1.6	34
64	Adolescents' health-related dietary patterns by parental socio-economic position, The Nord-Trøndelag Health Study (HUNT). <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2010, 20, 299-305.	0.3	61
65	Material, psychosocial, behavioural and biomedical factors in the explanation of relative socio-economic inequalities in mortality: evidence from the HUNT study. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 38, 1272-1284.	1.9	115
66	The Long-term Effect of Insomnia on Work Disability. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2006, 163, 1018-1024.	3.4	146
67	The importance of social characteristics of communities for the medically based disability pension. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2004, 14, 406-412.	0.3	31
68	Disability in society - medical and non-medical determinants for disability pension in a Norwegian total county population study. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2004, 58, 1837-1848.	3.8	83
69	Health inequalities by socioeconomic status among men in the Nord-Trøndelag Health Study, Norway. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2002, 30, 113-124.	2.3	35
70	Social determinants of disability pension: a 10-year follow-up of 62 000 people in a Norwegian county population. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2002, 31, 1183-1191.	1.9	198