

Nathan Young

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

61
papers

2,184
citations

249298

26
h-index

286692

43
g-index

62
all docs

62
docs citations

62
times ranked

2650
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	“Two-Eyed Seeing”: An Indigenous framework to transform fisheries research and management. <i>Fish and Fisheries</i> , 2021, 22, 243-261.	2.7	237
2	Seeing climate change: the visual construction of global warming in Canadian national print media. <i>Cultural Geographies</i> , 2011, 18, 517-536.	1.2	118
3	Envisioning the Future of Aquatic Animal Tracking: Technology, Science, and Application. <i>BioScience</i> , 2017, 67, 884-896.	2.2	108
4	Using nudges to reduce waste? The case of Toronto's plastic bag levy. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2017, 188, 153-162.	3.8	104
5	Conducting and interpreting fish telemetry studies: considerations for researchers and resource managers. <i>Reviews in Fish Biology and Fisheries</i> , 2019, 29, 369-400.	2.4	92
6	A roadmap for knowledge exchange and mobilization research in conservation and natural resource management. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2017, 31, 789-798.	2.4	80
7	Considerations for effective science communication. <i>Facets</i> , 2017, 2, 233-248.	1.1	75
8	Government, Anti-Reflexivity, and the Construction of Public Ignorance about Climate Change: Australia and Canada Compared. <i>Global Environmental Politics</i> , 2013, 13, 89-108.	1.7	73
9	Knowledge co-production: A pathway to effective fisheries management, conservation, and governance. <i>Fisheries</i> , 2021, 46, 89-97.	0.6	66
10	Limitations to growth: Social-ecological challenges to aquaculture development in five wealthy nations. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2019, 104, 216-224.	1.5	65
11	Experts’ understanding of the public: knowledge control in a risk controversy. <i>Public Understanding of Science</i> , 2007, 16, 123-144.	1.6	58
12	Knowledge users’ perspectives and advice on how to improve knowledge exchange and mobilization in the case of a co-managed fishery. <i>Environmental Science and Policy</i> , 2016, 66, 170-178.	2.4	56
13	Representations of Climate Change in Canadian National Print Media: The Banalization of Global Warming. <i>Canadian Review of Sociology</i> , 2011, 48, 1-22.	0.6	48
14	How do potential knowledge users evaluate new claims about a contested resource? Problems of power and politics in knowledge exchange and mobilization. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2016, 184, 380-388.	3.8	48
15	To share or not to share in the emerging era of big data: perspectives from fish telemetry researchers on data sharing. <i>Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences</i> , 2017, 74, 1260-1274.	0.7	45
16	Social Capital, Labour Markets, and Job-Finding in Urban and Rural Regions: Comparing Paths to Employment in Prosperous Cities and Stressed Rural Communities in Canada. <i>Sociological Review</i> , 2009, 57, 306-330.	0.9	43
17	Mobilizing New Science into Management Practice: The Challenge of Biotelemetry for Fisheries Management, a Case Study of Canada's Fraser River. <i>Journal of International Wildlife Law and Policy</i> , 2013, 16, 331-351.	0.3	39
18	Troubling issues at the frontier of animal tracking for conservation and management. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2017, 31, 1205-1207.	2.4	39

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19	Distance as a hybrid actor in rural economies. <i>Journal of Rural Studies</i> , 2006, 22, 253-266.	2.1	37
20	To manage inland fisheries is to manage at the social-ecological watershed scale. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2016, 181, 312-325.	3.8	36
21	On “success” in applied environmental research: What is it, how can it be achieved, and how does one know when it has been achieved?. <i>Environmental Reviews</i> , 2020, 28, 357-372.	2.1	36
22	Business Networks, Collaboration and Embeddedness in Local and Extra-local Spaces: The Case of Port Hardy, Canada. <i>Sociologia Ruralis</i> , 2010, 50, 392-408.	1.8	34
23	The role of western-based scientific, Indigenous and local knowledge in wildlife management and conservation. <i>People and Nature</i> , 2021, 3, 610-626.	1.7	34
24	Contemporary authorship guidelines fail to recognize diverse contributions in conservation science research. <i>Ecological Solutions and Evidence</i> , 2021, 2, e12060.	0.8	34
25	What is “usable” knowledge? Perceived barriers for integrating new knowledge into management of an iconic Canadian fishery. <i>Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences</i> , 2019, 76, 463-474.	0.7	32
26	COVID-19 restrictions and recreational fisheries in Ontario, Canada: Preliminary insights from an online angler survey. <i>Fisheries Research</i> , 2021, 240, 105961.	0.9	32
27	Resource economies and neoliberal experimentation: the reform of industry and community in rural British Columbia. <i>Area</i> , 2007, 39, 176-185.	1.0	28
28	Bridging the knowledge-action gap: A case of research rapidly impacting recreational fisheries policy. <i>Marine Policy</i> , 2019, 104, 210-215.	1.5	27
29	A perspective on physiological studies supporting the provision of scientific advice for the management of Fraser River sockeye salmon (<i>Oncorhynchus nerka</i>). , 2016, 4, cow026.		26
30	Comparing Climate Change Coverage in Canadian English and French-Language Print Media: Environmental Values, Media Cultures, and the Narration of Global Warming. <i>Canadian Journal of Sociology</i> , 2012, 37, 25-54.	0.4	25
31	Working the fringes: The role of letters to the editor in advancing non-standard media narratives about climate change. <i>Public Understanding of Science</i> , 2013, 22, 443-459.	1.6	25
32	Collaboration and engagement produce more actionable science: quantitatively analyzing uptake of fish tracking studies. <i>Ecological Applications</i> , 2019, 29, e01943.	1.8	25
33	Globalization from the Edge: A Framework for Understanding How Small and Medium-Sized Firms in the Periphery “Go Global”. <i>Environment and Planning A</i> , 2010, 42, 838-855.	2.1	24
34	Closing the knowledge-action gap in conservation with open science. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2022, 36, .	2.4	24
35	A Novel Framework to Protect Animal Data in a World of Ecosurveillance. <i>BioScience</i> , 2020, 70, 468-476.	2.2	22
36	Getting past the blame game: Convergence and divergence in perceived threats to salmon resources among anglers and indigenous fishers in Canada’s lower Fraser River. <i>Ambio</i> , 2016, 45, 591-601.	2.8	21

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37	(Mis)managing a risk controversy: the Canadian salmon aquaculture industry's responses to organized and local opposition. <i>Journal of Risk Research</i> , 2010, 13, 1043-1065.	1.4	20
38	Applying a knowledge-action framework for navigating barriers to incorporating telemetry science into fisheries management and conservation: a qualitative study. <i>Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences</i> , 2018, 75, 1733-1743.	0.7	20
39	On the theory-practice gap in the environmental realm: perspectives from and for diverse environmental professionals. <i>Socio-Ecological Practice Research</i> , 2021, 3, 243-255.	0.9	20
40	“Consulted to death”: Personal stress as a major barrier to environmental co-management. <i>Journal of Environmental Management</i> , 2020, 254, 109820.	3.8	16
41	Conservation genomics from a practitioner lens: Evaluating the research-implementation gap in a managed freshwater fishery. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2020, 241, 108350.	1.9	16
42	Shifting baselines and social license to operate: Challenges in communicating sea lamprey control. <i>Journal of Great Lakes Research</i> , 2021, 47, S800-S808.	0.8	16
43	Radical Neoliberalism in British Columbia: Remaking Rural Geographies. <i>Canadian Journal of Sociology</i> , 2008, 33, .	0.4	14
44	An optimistic outlook on the use of evidence syntheses to inform environmental decision-making. <i>Conservation Science and Practice</i> , 2021, 3, e426.	0.9	14
45	Is the Anthropause a useful symbol and metaphor for raising environmental awareness and promoting reform?. <i>Environmental Conservation</i> , 2021, 48, 274-277.	0.7	13
46	Putting on the moves. <i>Demographic Research</i> , 0, 29, 767-796.	2.0	13
47	Embracing Disruptive New Science? Biotelemetry Meets Co-management in Canada's Fraser River. <i>Fisheries</i> , 2018, 43, 51-60.	0.6	12
48	Historical, contemporary, and future perspectives on a coupled social-ecological system in a changing world: Canada's historic Rideau Canal. <i>Environmental Reviews</i> , 0, , .	2.1	11
49	Action research to improve water quality in Canada's Rideau Canal: how do local groups reshape environmental governance?. <i>Local Environment</i> , 2021, 26, 575-594.	1.1	10
50	Collaborative knowledge mapping to inform environmental policy-making: The case of Canada's Rideau Canal National Historic Site. <i>Environmental Science and Policy</i> , 2022, 128, 299-309.	2.4	10
51	Social-ecological systems approaches are essential for understanding and responding to the complex impacts of COVID-19 on people and the environment. , 2022, 1, e0000006.		10
52	Learning from Indigenous knowledge holders on the state and future of wild Pacific salmon. <i>Facets</i> , 2022, 7, 718-740.	1.1	10
53	Overcoming barriers to transfer of scientific knowledge: integrating biotelemetry into fisheries management in the Laurentian Great Lakes. <i>Socio-Ecological Practice Research</i> , 2021, 3, 17-36.	0.9	7
54	Perceptions and Actions of Commercial Fishers in Response to Conservation Measures in Canadian Pacific Salmon Fisheries. <i>Transactions of the American Fisheries Society</i> , 2018, 147, 906-918.	0.6	6

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55	Supporting Actionable Science for Environmental Policy: Advice for Funding Agencies From Decision Makers. <i>Frontiers in Conservation Science</i> , 2021, 2, .	0.9	6
56	Promises and pitfalls of digital knowledge exchange resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. <i>Socio-Ecological Practice Research</i> , 2021, 3, 427-439.	0.9	6
57	Natural Resource Managers Use and Value Western-Based Science, but Barriers to Access Persist. <i>Environmental Management</i> , 2022, 69, 17-30.	1.2	4
58	Ethical ecosurveillance: Mitigating the potential impacts on humans of widespread environmental monitoring. <i>People and Nature</i> , 2022, 4, 830-840.	1.7	4
59	Science transformed? A comparative analysis of "societal relevance"™ rhetoric and practices in 14 Canadian Networks of Centres of Excellence. <i>Prometheus</i> , 2016, 34, .	0.2	3
60	Do environmental systematic reviews impact policy and practice? Author perspectives on the application of their work. <i>Environmental Science and Policy</i> , 2022, 129, 159-167.	2.4	3
61	The Future Is Co-Managed: Promises and Problems of Collaborative Governance of Natural Resources. , 2020, , 360-374.		2