

Amanda G Henry

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

50
papers

4,101
citations

304743

22
h-index

214800

47
g-index

56
all docs

56
docs citations

56
times ranked

4890
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Understanding the microbial biogeography of ancient human dentitions to guide study design and interpretation. <i>FEMS Microbes</i> , 2022, 3, .	2.1	8
2	Synchrotron radiation-based phase-contrast microtomography of human dental calculus allows nondestructive analysis of inclusions: implications for archeological samples. <i>Journal of Medical Imaging</i> , 2022, 9, 031505.	1.5	2
3	An initial key of starch grains from edible plants of the Eastern Mediterranean for use in identifying archaeological starches. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2022, 42, 103396.	0.5	5
4	The evolution and changing ecology of the African hominid oral microbiome. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2021, 118, .	7.1	74
5	Dietary evidence from Central Asian Neanderthals: A combined isotope and plant microremains approach at Chagyrskaya Cave (Altai, Russia). <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2021, 156, 102985.	2.6	24
6	Starch grains from human teeth reveal the plant consumption of proto-Shang people (c. 2000â€“1600) Tj ETQq0 0,0rgBT /Oerlock 10	1.8	0
7	The Cost of Gathering Among the Baka Forager-Horticulturalists From Southeastern Cameroon. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 9, .	2.2	9
8	Comparing Apples and Pears: the Hidden Diversity of Central African Bush Mangoes (Irvingiaceae). <i>Economic Botany</i> , 2020, 74, 178-194.	1.7	10
9	From Bush Mangoes to Bouillon Cubes: Wild Plants and Diet among the Baka, Forager-Horticulturalists from Southeast Cameroon. <i>Economic Botany</i> , 2020, 74, 46-58.	1.7	19
10	Starch Granules as Markers of Diet and Behavior. <i>Interdisciplinary Contributions To Archaeology</i> , 2020, , 97-116.	0.3	5
11	Phytoliths can cause tooth wear. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , 2020, 17, 20200613.	3.4	15
12	Multi-contrast anatomical subcortical structures parcellation. <i>ELife</i> , 2020, 9, .	6.0	22
13	Other Microparticles: Volcanic Glass, Minerals, Insect Remains, Feathers, and Other Plant Parts. <i>Interdisciplinary Contributions To Archaeology</i> , 2020, , 289-295.	0.3	3
14	Seasonal and habitat effects on the nutritional properties of savanna vegetation: Potential implications for early hominin dietary ecology. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2019, 133, 99-107.	2.6	10
15	Phytoliths, parasites, fibers, and feathers from dental calculus and sediment from Iron Age Luistari cemetery, Finland. <i>Quaternary Science Reviews</i> , 2019, 222, 105888.	3.0	19
16	Influences on plant nutritional variation and their potential effects on hominin diet selection. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2019, 261, 18-30.	1.5	11
17	Grass leaves as potential hominin dietary resources. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2018, 117, 44-52.	2.6	21
18	European Society for the Study of Human Evolution 2017: old sites, new methods. <i>Evolutionary Anthropology</i> , 2018, 27, 5-6.	3.4	0

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19	Dental calculus indicates widespread plant use within the stable Neanderthal dietary niche. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2018, 119, 27-41.	2.6	71
20	Towards an understanding of the costs of fire. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2018, 493, 96-105.	1.5	22
21	Exaggerated expectations in ancient starch research and the need for new taphonomic and authenticity criteria. <i>Facets</i> , 2018, 3, 777-798.	2.4	54
22	Neanderthal Cooking and the Costs of Fire. <i>Current Anthropology</i> , 2017, 58, S329-S336.	1.6	38
23	Archaeological implications of the digestion of starches by soil bacteria: Interaction among starches leads to differential preservation. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2017, 15, 95-108.	0.5	21
24	Tooth wear: A response to "Scratching the surface: A critique of Lucas et al. (2013)'s conclusion that phytoliths do not abrade enamel" [J. Hum. Evol. 74 (2014) 130-133]. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2017, 102, 75-77.	2.6	10
25	Enterocyte-Associated Microbiome of the Hadza Hunter-Gatherers. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2016, 7, 865.	3.5	17
26	Impact of Brief Roasting on Starch Gelatinization in Whole Foods and Implications for Plant Food Nutritional Ecology in Human Evolution. <i>Ethnoarchaeology</i> , 2016, 8, 30-56.	1.4	14
27	Methods to isolate and quantify damaged and gelatinized starch grains. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2016, 10, 142-146.	0.5	9
28	Fecal metabolome of the Hadza hunter-gatherers: a host-microbiome integrative view. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 32826.	3.3	88
29	Earliest evidence of dental caries manipulation in the Late Upper Palaeolithic. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 12150.	3.3	43
30	Dental calculus evidence of Taï Forest Chimpanzee plant consumption and life history transitions. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2015, 5, 15161.	3.3	57
31	Assessing digestibility of Hadza tubers using a dynamic <i>in vitro</i> model. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2015, 158, 371-385.	2.1	23
32	To meat or not to meat? New perspectives on Neanderthal ecology. <i>American Journal of Physical Anthropology</i> , 2015, 156, 43-71.	2.1	79
33	Microremains from El Mirón Cave human dental calculus suggest a mixed plant-animal subsistence economy during the Magdalenian in Northern Iberia. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2015, 60, 39-46.	2.4	74
34	Plant microremains in dental calculus as a record of plant consumption: A test with Tve forager-horticulturalists. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2015, 2, 449-457.	0.5	39
35	Metagenome Sequencing of the Hadza Hunter-Gatherer Gut Microbiota. <i>Current Biology</i> , 2015, 25, 1682-1693.	3.9	342
36	Formation and Taphonomic Processes Affecting Starch Granules. , 2015, , 35-50.		4

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37	Gut microbiome of the Hadza hunter-gatherers. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2014, 5, 3654.	12.8	1,067
38	Dental calculus is not equivalent to bone collagen for isotope analysis: a comparison between carbon and nitrogen stable isotope analysis of bulk dental calculus, bone and dentine collagen from same individuals from the Medieval site of El Raval (Alicante, Spain). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2014, 47, 70-77.	2.4	56
39	Plant foods and the dietary ecology of Neanderthals and early modern humans. <i>Journal of Human Evolution</i> , 2014, 69, 44-54.	2.6	194
40	The Role of Dust, Grit and Phytoliths in Tooth Wear. <i>Annales Zoologici Fennici</i> , 2014, 51, 143-152.	0.6	108
41	Assessing use and suitability of scanning electron microscopy in the analysis of micro remains in dental calculus. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2014, 49, 160-169.	2.4	59
42	Neanderthal diets in central and southeastern Mediterranean Iberia. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2013, 318, 3-18.	1.5	115
43	Mechanisms and causes of wear in tooth enamel: implications for hominin diets. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , 2013, 10, 20120923.	3.4	231
44	7. L'impact de l'alimentation végétale dans la préhistoire humaine. , 2013, , 103-112.		0
45	The diet of <i>Australopithecus sediba</i> . <i>Nature</i> , 2012, 487, 90-93.	27.8	165
46	Recovering Dietary Information from Extant and Extinct Primates Using Plant Microremains. <i>International Journal of Primatology</i> , 2012, 33, 702-715.	1.9	21
47	Microfossils in calculus demonstrate consumption of plants and cooked foods in Neanderthal diets (Shanidar III, Iraq; Spy I and II, Belgium). <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2011, 108, 486-491.	7.1	415
48	Changes in starch grain morphologies from cooking. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2009, 36, 915-922.	2.4	218
49	Using plant microfossils from dental calculus to recover human diet: a case study from Tell al-Raqā'i, Syria. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science</i> , 2008, 35, 1943-1950.	2.4	173
50	Investigating Biases Associated With Dietary Starch Incorporation and Retention With an Oral Biofilm Model. <i>Frontiers in Earth Science</i> , 0, 10, .	1.8	3