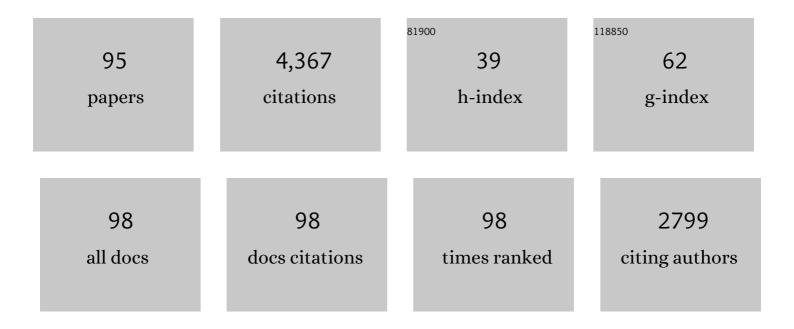
List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/3791616/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



Пленио Гі

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The rise of South–South trade and its effect on global CO2 emissions. Nature Communications, 2018, 9, 1871.	12.8	328
2	Global energy flows embodied in international trade: A combination of environmentally extended input–output analysis and complex network analysis. Applied Energy, 2018, 210, 98-107.	10.1	233
3	Renewable bio-jet fuel production for aviation: A review. Fuel, 2019, 254, 115599.	6.4	209
4	Three-scale input–output modeling for urban economy: Carbon emission by Beijing 2007. Communications in Nonlinear Science and Numerical Simulation, 2013, 18, 2493-2506.	3.3	156
5	Carbon emissions and their drivers for a typical urban economy from multiple perspectives: A case analysis for Beijing city. Applied Energy, 2018, 226, 1076-1086.	10.1	125
6	Decoupling analysis on energy consumption, embodied GHG emissions and economic growth — The case study of Macao. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2017, 67, 662-672.	16.4	103
7	Global land-water nexus: Agricultural land and freshwater use embodied in worldwide supply chains. Science of the Total Environment, 2018, 613-614, 931-943.	8.0	93
8	Inventory and input–output analysis of CO2 emissions by fossil fuel consumption in Beijing 2007. Ecological Informatics, 2012, 12, 93-100.	5.2	88
9	Embodied energy consumption of building construction engineering: Case study in E-town, Beijing. Energy and Buildings, 2013, 64, 62-72.	6.7	86
10	Energy implications of China's regional development: New insights from multi-regional input-output analysis. Applied Energy, 2017, 196, 118-131.	10.1	86
11	Optimal embodied energy abatement strategy for Beijing economy: Based on a three-scale input-output analysis. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2016, 53, 1602-1610.	16.4	84
12	Embodied greenhouse gas emissions from building China's large-scale power transmission infrastructure. Nature Sustainability, 2021, 4, 739-747.	23.7	84
13	Imbalance and drivers of carbon emissions embodied in trade along the Belt and Road Initiative. Applied Energy, 2020, 280, 115934.	10.1	83
14	A GIS-based high spatial resolution assessment of large-scale PV generation potential in China. Applied Energy, 2019, 247, 254-269.	10.1	79
15	Tracking mercury emission flows in the global supply chains: A multi-regional input-output analysis. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2017, 140, 1470-1492.	9.3	76
16	Critical Rare-Earth Elements Mismatch Global Wind-Power Ambitions. One Earth, 2020, 3, 116-125.	6.8	72
17	Emission behavior, environmental impact and priority-controlled pollutants assessment of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) during asphalt pavement construction based on laboratory experiment. Journal of Hazardous Materials, 2020, 398, 122904.	12.4	71
18	Energy and greenhouse gas emissions review for Macao. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2013, 22, 23-32.	16.4	68

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	How Green Transition of Energy System Impacts China's Mercury Emissions. Earth's Future, 2019, 7, 1407-1416.	6.3	68
20	Embodied greenhouse gas emission by Macao. Energy Policy, 2013, 59, 819-833.	8.8	67
21	Hybrid life-cycle assessment for energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions of a typical biomass gasification power plant in China. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2018, 205, 661-671.	9.3	67
22	An overview of mercury emissions by global fuel combustion: The impact of international trade. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2016, 65, 345-355.	16.4	64
23	China's energy-related mercury emissions: Characteristics, impact of trade and mitigation policies. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2017, 141, 1259-1266.	9.3	60
24	Methane emissions of energy activities in China 1980–2007. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2014, 29, 11-21.	16.4	58
25	Mercury emissions by Beijing׳s fossil energy consumption: Based on environmentally extended input–output analysis. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2015, 41, 1167-1175.	16.4	57
26	Ecological accounting for an integrated "pig–biogas–fish―system based on emergetic indicators. Ecological Indicators, 2014, 47, 189-197.	6.3	54
27	Embodied energy assessment for Macao׳s external trade. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2014, 34, 642-653.	16.4	53
28	Embodied water for urban economy: A three-scale input–output analysis for Beijing 2010. Ecological Modelling, 2015, 318, 19-25.	2.5	53
29	How external trade reshapes air pollutants emission profile of an urban economy: A case study of Macao. Ecological Indicators, 2018, 94, 74-82.	6.3	53
30	GHG emissions embodied in Macao's internal energy consumption and external trade: Driving forces via decomposition analysis. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2018, 82, 4100-4106.	16.4	52
31	Life cycle energy consumption by roads and associated interpretative analysis of sustainable policies. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2021, 141, 110823.	16.4	52
32	Renewable resource for agricultural ecosystem in China: Ecological benefit for biogas by-product for planting. Ecological Informatics, 2012, 12, 101-110.	5.2	50
33	Carbon emissions of urban power grid in Jing-Jin-Ji region: Characteristics and influential factors. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2017, 168, 428-440.	9.3	50
34	Comparative Assessment of Asphalt Volatile Organic Compounds Emission from field to laboratory. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2021, 278, 123479.	9.3	50
35	Virtual water accounting for building: case study for E-town, Beijing. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2014, 68, 7-15.	9.3	48
36	Impact of a Coal-Fired Power Plant Shutdown Campaign on Heavy Metal Emissions in China. Environmental Science & Technology, 2019, 53, 14063-14069.	10.0	48

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Ultra-high voltage network induced energy cost and carbon emissions. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2018, 178, 276-292.	9.3	47
38	Energy-induced mercury emissions in global supply chain networks: Structural characteristics and policy implications. Science of the Total Environment, 2019, 670, 87-97.	8.0	43
39	Market impacts of environmental regulations on the production of rare earths: A computable general equilibrium analysis for China. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2017, 154, 614-620.	9.3	40
40	Urban economy's carbon flow through external trade: Spatial-temporal evolution for Macao. Energy Policy, 2017, 110, 69-78.	8.8	40
41	Embodied rare earths flow between industrial sectors in China: A complex network approach. Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 2017, 125, 363-374.	10.8	40
42	Global embodied rare earths flows and the outflow paths of China's embodied rare earths: Combining multi-regional input-output analysis with the complex network approach. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2019, 216, 435-445.	9.3	39
43	Energy and carbon emission review for Macao's gaming industry. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2014, 29, 744-753.	16.4	38
44	Water footprint assessment for service sector: A case study of gaming industry in water scarce Macao. Ecological Indicators, 2014, 47, 164-170.	6.3	37
45	China's retrofitting measures in coal-fired power plants bring significant mercury-related health benefits. One Earth, 2020, 3, 777-787.	6.8	37
46	Multi-regional input-output analysis for China's regional CH4 emissions. Frontiers of Earth Science, 2014, 8, 163-180.	2.1	34
47	Virtual water assessment for Macao, China: highlighting the role ofÂexternal trade. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2015, 93, 308-317.	9.3	34
48	A GIS-based assessment of large-scale PV potential in China. Energy Procedia, 2018, 152, 1079-1084.	1.8	33
49	Trend and driving forces of Beijing's black carbon emissions from sectoral perspectives. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2016, 112, 1272-1281.	9.3	32
50	Influence of torrefaction with Mg-based additives on the pyrolysis of cotton stalk. Bioresource Technology, 2018, 261, 62-69.	9.6	31
51	The impact of trade on fuel-related mercury emissions in Beijing—evidence from three-scale input-output analysis. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 2017, 75, 742-752.	16.4	30
52	Emergy-based hybrid evaluation for commercial construction engineering: A case study in BDA. Ecological Indicators, 2014, 47, 179-188.	6.3	28
53	The determinants of China's national and regional energy-related mercury emission changes. Journal of Environmental Management, 2019, 246, 505-513.	7.8	28
54	The co-benefits of clean air and low-carbon policies on heavy metal emission reductions from coal-fired power plants in china. Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 2022, 181, 106258.	10.8	28

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Interdependence between energy and metals in China: evidence from a nexus perspective. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2019, 214, 345-355.	9.3	26
56	China's Rare Earths Production Forecasting and Sustainable Development Policy Implications. Sustainability, 2017, 9, 1003.	3.2	25
57	A city-level inventory for atmospheric mercury emissions from coal combustion in China. Atmospheric Environment, 2020, 223, 117245.	4.1	25
58	Characteristics of VOCs generated during production and construction of an asphalt pavement. Transportation Research, Part D: Transport and Environment, 2020, 87, 102517.	6.8	24
59	Heterogeneity of consumption-based carbon emissions and driving forces in Indian states. Advances in Applied Energy, 2021, 4, 100039.	13.2	24
60	Decarbonizing university campuses through the production of biogas from food waste: An LCA analysis. Renewable Energy, 2021, 176, 565-578.	8.9	22
61	Looming challenge of photovoltaic waste under China's solar ambition: A spatial–temporal assessment. Applied Energy, 2022, 307, 118186.	10.1	22
62	Local-scale systems input-output analysis of embodied water for the Beijing economy in 2007. Frontiers of Earth Science, 2014, 8, 414-426.	2.1	21
63	Using Existing Infrastructure to Realize Low-Cost and Flexible Photovoltaic Power Generation in Areas with High-Power Demand in China. IScience, 2020, 23, 101867.	4.1	21
64	Indicators for environmental dispersion in a three-layer wetland: Extension of Taylor's classical analysis. Ecological Indicators, 2014, 47, 254-269.	6.3	20
65	The reallocation effect of China's provincial power transmission and trade on regional heavy metal emissions. IScience, 2021, 24, 102529.	4.1	20
66	Rapidly changing coal-related city-level atmospheric mercury emissions and their driving forces. Journal of Hazardous Materials, 2021, 411, 125060.	12.4	19
67	Mercury emissions embodied in Beijing economy. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2016, 129, 134-142.	9.3	18
68	A 2015 inventory of embodied carbon emissions for Chinese power transmission infrastructure projects. Scientific Data, 2020, 7, 318.	5.3	18
69	Energy regulation in China: Objective selection, potential assessment and responsibility sharing by partial frontier analysis. Energy Policy, 2014, 66, 292-302.	8.8	17
70	Impact of cellulose deoxidization temperature on the composition of liquid products obtained by subsequent pyrolysis. Fuel Processing Technology, 2019, 184, 73-79.	7.2	17
71	Life cycle assessment shows that retrofitting coal-fired power plants with fuel cells will substantially reduce greenhouse gas emissions. One Earth, 2022, 5, 392-402.	6.8	17
72	Life cycle water use of a biomass-based pyrolysis polygeneration system in China. Applied Energy, 2018, 224, 469-480.	10.1	16

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Energy-Dominated Local Carbon Emissions in Beijing 2007: Inventory and Input-Output Analysis. Scientific World Journal, The, 2012, 2012, 1-10.	2.1	15
74	Disparities in socio-economic drivers behind China's provincial energy-related mercury emission changes. Journal of Environmental Management, 2019, 251, 109613.	7.8	15
75	Increasing mercury risk of fly ash generated from coal-fired power plants in China. Journal of Hazardous Materials, 2022, 429, 128296.	12.4	15
76	The formation and transmission of upstream and downstream sectoral carbon emission responsibilities: Evidence from China. Sustainable Production and Consumption, 2021, 25, 563-576.	11.0	13
77	The Bioeconomy of Microalgal Biofuels. Green Energy and Technology, 2018, , 157-169.	0.6	12
78	Trade reshapes the regional energy related mercury emissions: A case study on Hubei Province based on a multi-scale input-output analysis. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2018, 185, 75-85.	9.3	12
79	The evolution of China's provincial shared producer and consumer responsibilities for energy-related mercury emissions. Journal of Cleaner Production, 2020, 245, 118678.	9.3	12
80	Greenhouse gas emissions embodied in the Mongolian economy and their driving forces. Science of the Total Environment, 2020, 714, 136378.	8.0	12
81	Comparison of greenhouse gas emission accounting for a constructed wetland wastewater treatment system. Ecological Informatics, 2012, 12, 85-92.	5.2	11
82	Embodied exergy-based assessment of energy and resource consumption of buildings. Frontiers of Earth Science, 2014, 8, 150-162.	2.1	10
83	Assessment of carbon dioxide emissions during production, construction and use stages of asphalt pavements. Transportation Research Interdisciplinary Perspectives, 2021, 11, 100436.	2.7	10
84	China's power transformation may drastically change employment patterns in the power sector and its upstream supply chains. Environmental Research Letters, 2022, 17, 065005.	5.2	10
85	Allocating environmental costs of China's rare earth production to global consumption. Science of the Total Environment, 2022, 831, 154934.	8.0	10
86	Low temperature deoxidization of biomass and its release characteristics of gas products. Industrial Crops and Products, 2018, 123, 142-153.	5.2	9
87	Supply chain effects of China's fast growing marine economy on greenhouse gas emissions. Environmental Research Letters, 2021, 16, 054061.	5.2	8
88	Role of Trade in India's Rising Atmospheric Mercury Emissions. Environmental Science & Technology, 2022, 56, 790-803.	10.0	8
89	Emission accounting and drivers in 2004 EU accession countries. Applied Energy, 2022, 314, 118964.	10.1	8
90	Stagnating CO2 emissions with in-depth socioeconomic transition in Beijing. Applied Energy, 2018, 228, 1714-1725.	10.1	7

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
91	Greenhouse Gas Emission Analysis of Biomass Moving-bed Pyrolytic Polygeneration Systems based on Aspen Plus and Hybrid LCA in China. Energy Procedia, 2019, 158, 3690-3695.	1.8	7
92	Transforming the coal and steel nexus for China's eco civilization: Interplay between rail and energy infrastructure. Journal of Industrial Ecology, 2020, 24, 1352-1363.	5.5	7
93	The effects of the Promoting the Big and Quashing the Small Policy on pollutants from a coal power supply chain perspective. Journal of Environmental Management, 2022, 313, 114960.	7.8	7
94	Inventory of CO2 emissions driven by energy consumption in Hubei Province: a time-series energy input-output analysis. Frontiers of Earth Science, 2016, 10, 717-730.	2.1	5
95	Steel stocks and flows of global merchant fleets as material base of international trade from 1980 to 2050. Global Environmental Change, 2022, 73, 102493.	7.8	4